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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Mansfield Richland County 30 North Diamond Street Mansfield, Ohio 44902

To the City Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mansfield, Richland County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2010 in where we noted the City is experiencing certain financial difficulties. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that material financial statement misstatements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs that we consider significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. We consider findings 2009-001 and 2009-004 to be significant deficiencies. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

City of Mansfield Richland County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Report and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2009-001 and 2009-002.

We also noted certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the City's management in a separate letter dated June 25, 2010.

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the City's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, City Council, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the City. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

June 25, 2010



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

City of Mansfield Richland County 30 North Diamond Street Mansfield, Ohio 44902

To the City Council:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Mansfield, Richland County, Ohio, (the City) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2009. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs identifies the City's major federal programs. The City's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Mansfield, Richland County, Ohio, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2009. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements that, while not affecting our opinion on compliance, OMB Circular A-133 requires us to report. The accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs lists this instance as Finding 2009-005.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

101 Central Plaza South / 700 Chase Tower / Canton, OH 44702-1509 Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001 City of Mansfield Richland County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2009-005. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a federal program compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mansfield, Richland County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2010 in where we noted the City is experiencing certain financial difficulties. Our audit was performed to form opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule provides additional information as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The City's response to the finding we identified is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the City's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We also noted matters involving federal compliance or internal control over federal compliance not requiring inclusion this report, that we reported to the City's management in a separate letter dated June 25, 2010.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, City Council, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

June 25, 2010

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal Receipts	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$32,123	\$24,633
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture/National School Lunch Program		N/A	9,246 41,369	13,258 37,891
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Program:				
Community Development Block Grants Cluster:				
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grant	14.218	CB-02-MC-39-0017	395	395
		CB-03-MC-39-0017 CB-04-MC-39-0017	30,375 3,960	30,375 3,960
		CB-05-MC-39-0017	136,522	152,570
		CB-06-MC-39-0017	75,680	105,519
		CB-07-MC-39-0017	46,697	49,502
		CB-08-MC-39-0017 CB-09-MC-39-0017	367,019 425,486	342,282 436,468
Total Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grant		CB-09-MC-39-0017	1,086,134	1,121,071
ARRA - Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.253	CB-08-MC-39-0017	2,862	3,276
Total Community Development Block Grants Cluster			1,088,996	1,124,347
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program	14.228	A-Z-08-288-1	45,802	59,510
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-03-MC-39-0221 M-04-MC-39-0221	205,518 83,786	208,716 90,572
		M-05-MC-39-0221	85,061	14,717
		M-06-MC-39-0221	55,985	868
		M-07-MC-39-0221	182,097	130,149
		M-08-MC-39-0221 M-09-MC-39-0221	79,478	251,703
Total HOME Investment Partnerships Program		W-09-WC-39-022 I	15,503 707,428	19,778 716,503
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			1,842,226	1,900,360
U.S. Department of Justice				
Direct Program: Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program	16.592	2006-DJ-BX-0743	0	7,525
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	2004BUBX04024705	10,380	0
Bulletploor vest l'altitership i rogiani	10.007	2007BUBX07039001	215	350
Total Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program			10,595	350
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	2009RKWX0687	100,000	75,174
Criminal and Juvenile Justice Mental Health Collaboration Program	16.745	2006MOBX0024	33,888	14,994
Passed through the Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services:				
ARRA - Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	2009-AR-VA2-1262	22,690	29,042
Community Prosecution and Project Safe Neighborhoods	16.609	2003-PS-PSN-397	8,899	8,899
Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Program	16.742	2008-PC-NFS-7809	7,191	8,061
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Cluster:				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	04-JG-A01-6404	44,750	94,595
		08-JG-A01-6404 08-JG-A02-6651	46,245 17,035	72,303 22,147
Total Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program		00 00 7.02 0001	108,030	189,045
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program/Grants to				
Units of Local Government	16.804	2009-SC-B9-0091	0	25,378
		2009-SB-B9-0112	78,109	3,927
Total ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program/Grants to Units of Local Government			78,109	29,305
Total Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Cluster			186,139	218,350
·			100,100	210,000
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program/Grants to States and Territories	16.803	2009-RA-C01-2046	0	28,269
States and Torritorio	10.000	2009-RA-A01-2067	55,330	14,472
		2009-RA-A02-2314	116,152	109,329
Total ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program/Grants to States and Territories			171,482	152,070
to otates and remitories			171,402	152,070

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal Receipts	Federal Expenditures
Passed through the Ohio Bureau of Criminal Identification & Investigation, Office				
of the Attorney General:	16.564	2000 DN BY K000	E0 0E4	25.000
DNA Index System Backlog Reduction	16.564	2006-DN-BX-K066	53,251 11,899	35,666
		2007-DN-BX-K045 2008-DN-BX-K099	52,616	1,014 88,916
		2006-DN-BX-K160	,	00,910
Total DNA Index System Backlog Reduction		2000-DN-BA-K100	33,419 151,185	125,596
Description of the Olive Manage Control of the Office				
Passed through the Ohio Attorney General's Office:	40.575	00001/4.051/5040	00.000	00.000
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2009VAGENE019	30,306	33,996
		2009SAGENE019	4,661	4,661
		2010VAGENE019	11,511	13,953
Total Caissa Minting Assistance		2010SAGENE019	4,181 50.659	581 53.191
Total Crime Victim Assistance			50,659	53,191
Passed through the Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services:				
Passed through the City of Cleveland:				
Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance Discretionary Grants Program	16.580	N/A	139,425	74,563
Total U.S. Department of Justice			882,153	767,815
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Direct Program:	00.400	0.00.0040.0400	00.707	
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-39-0049-2106	69,737	0
		3-39-0049-2207	28,205	0
		3-39-0049-2308	146,282	155,752
Total Airport Improvement Program		3-39-0049-2409	44,015 288.239	44,015 199,767
rotal All port improvement Frogram			200,239	199,707
Passed through the Ohio Department of Transportation:				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	84243-15636	21,910	12,971
		77986-14680	411,346	411,346
Total Highway Planning and Construction			433,256	424,317
Passed through the Ohio Department of Public Safety - The Governor's Highway				
Safety Office:				
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants	20.601	2010-70-00-00-00292-00	0	2,476
T. () () () () () () () () () (2009-70-00-00-00431-00	20,716	17,395
Total Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants			20,716	19,871
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			742,211	643,955
Total			\$3,507,959	\$3,350,021

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the City of Mansfield's (the City's) federal award programs' receipts and expenditures. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - SUBRECIPIENTS

The City passes certain federal awards received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note A describes, the City reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a subrecipient, the City has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE C - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The City commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the City assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE D - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CDBG) REVOLVING LOAN PROGRAMS

The City has a revolving loan fund (RLF) program to provide low-interest loans to businesses to create jobs for low to moderate income persons and also to lend money to eligible persons to rehabilitate homes. The federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants money for these loans to the City. The Schedule reports loans made and administrative costs as disbursements on the Schedule. Subsequent loans are subject to the same compliance requirements imposed by HUD as the initial loans.

These loans are collateralized by mortgages on the property.

Activity in the CDBG revolving loan fund during 2009 is as follows:

Beginning loans receivable balance as of January 1, 2009	\$2,545,011
Loans made	62,000
Loan principal repaid	353,847
Ending loans receivable balance as of December 31, 2009	\$2,253,164
Cash balance on hand in the revolving loan fund as of December 31, 2009	\$320,479
Administrative costs expended during 2009	\$12

The table above reports gross loans receivable. Of the loans receivable as of December 31, 2009, the City estimates \$881,586 to be uncollectible.

NOTE E - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the City to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The City has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 DECEMBER 31, 2009

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	Yes
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	Yes
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #14.218 and #14.253 – Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants CFDA #14.239 – HOME Investment Partnerships Program CFDA #20.205 – Highway Planning and Construction
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2009-001

Significant Deficiency/Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10(H) indicates money paid into any fund shall be used only for the purposes for which such fund is established.

In 2009, the City paid \$191,370 and \$32,059, of park department employees' payroll expenses from the Water Fund and Sewer Fund, respectively, rather than the General Fund. These amounts were adjusted in the financial statements and the City's accounting records. In addition, at December 31, 2009, the General fund had a negative cash fund balance of \$2,164,866.

Negative cash fund balances are an indication revenues from other sources were used to pay obligations of these funds. Additionally, money spent for purposes other than specified in grant agreements could result in the loss of future grant awards.

For reporting purposes, the deficit cash balances were reported as part of the "Interfund payable" liability, and the funds with positive cash balances offsetting these deficits reported a "Interfund receivable" asset. Since the City's cash is pooled, there was no method to determine which funds' cash was used to offset the deficit balances and consequently the "Interfund receivable" amounts related to the deficit cash balances were assigned using certain assumptions.

The City should ensure its fund appropriations and expenditures are consistent with the purposes for which the funds were established. The City should consult with its Law Director when questions arise regarding a fund's intended use and if certain employees are being paid from appropriate. Additionally, the City should monitor its cash fund balances, expenditures, and appropriations and attempt to reduce existing, and avoid future, fund deficits.

Officials' Response: The City is currently restoring the Parks Department to the General Fund. Expenses originally paid from the water and sewer funds were returned to the General Fund prior to releasing the 2009 financial statements.

The Safety Services Fund, Miller Park Fund and Airport Fund did not earn enough revenue to sustain themselves in 2009. End of the year loans to these funds caused the General Fund to fall to a negative fund balance of \$2,164,866. Revenue sources in the Miller Park and Airport Funds should be sufficient for 2010; however, the Safety-Services Fund is projected to finish with a negative cash balance once again. Union contracts, upheld by arbitration, have made cost-cutting efforts difficult. As tax revenues continue to decrease, it becomes increasingly challenging to maintain adequate fund balances in funds supported by taxes.

FINDING NUMBER 2009-002

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B) requires no subdivision or taxing unit is to expend money unless it has been appropriated.

At December 31, 2009, fund level expenditures of \$22,261,810 exceeded appropriations of \$20,232,050 by \$2,029,760 in the Safety Services Fund.

FINDING NUMBER 2009-002 (continued)

The City should frequently compare actual expenditures to appropriations at the fund level to avoid overspending.

Officials' Response: The city does frequently compare actual expenditures to appropriations to avoid overspending. Unfortunately the budget was originally passed without enough funds to maintain anticipated expenditures. The integrity of the budget will continue to diminish if this practice continues. In the future, the City must make difficult decisions until additional revenues are realized.

FINDING NUMBER 2009-003

Significant Deficiency

GAAP Issues

Our GAAP basis financial statement testing revealed the following:

- The City did not include three vouchers for services received in 2009 totaling \$94,137 in the General Fund and \$26,733 in the Internal Service-Garage Operating Fund as accounts payable, resulting in the accounts payable liability being understated. These amounts were reported to management as unadjusted items.
- The City calculated short term the compensated absences liability based on the leave amount used during January 2010 rather than using actual severance payments made in 2010 for individuals who retired on or before December 31, 2009. This resulted in the short term compensated absences liability being overstated by \$43,598 in the General Fund, \$2,293 in the Community Development Fund, \$38,515 in the Safety Services Fund, \$1,668 in the Grant Fund, and \$13,046 in the Other Governmental Funds. These amounts were reported to management as unadjusted items.
- The City did not correctly allocate certain intergovernmental receivables between intergovernmental revenue and deferred revenue. As a result, intergovernmental revenue was overstated and deferred revenue was understated \$234,999 in the General Fund, \$23,569 in the Safety Services Fund, \$89,534 in the Grant Fund, and \$58,290 in the Street Construction Maintenance and Repair Fund. These amounts were reported to management as unadjusted items.

The City should exercise due care when compiling and posting GAAP transactions to help ensure the GAAP financial statements are accurate. Management should review the draft GAAP journal entries and financial statements to help ensure they are supported by sufficient documentation, reconciled to the trial balances, free of obvious errors and omissions, and consistent with their financial expectations. These procedures should help avoid GAAP financial statement errors and help ensure more accurate financial reporting.

Officials' Response: All paid vouchers are reviewed by hand to calculate accounts payable. Unfortunately a few of these Vouchers were mistakenly missed. The calculation of accounts payable will be greatly improved by the implementation of new software. The new software is scheduled to go live on January 3, 2011.

The calculation of the short term compensated absences liability will be corrected in 2010.

The estate tax and homestead/rollback tax were mistakenly classified as intergovernmental revenue instead of deferred revenue. These items will be properly classified in the future.

FINDING NUMBER 2009-004

Significant Deficiency

Program Change Controls

Well-documented procedures for maintenance of computer application systems is vital to help ensure modified computer applications perform accurately, efficiently, and meet management's requirements. The procedures typically cover such areas as request guidelines, naming conventions, approval procedures for users, approval procedures for IT management, and testing standards and approvals. The procedures are also used to communicate and define a proper segregation of duties within the application change process, including placing them into production.

The City of Mansfield IT department does not have formal written procedures to track, monitor, remediate, test, implement, and document program changes. A request form was in place, although it was not used consistently to document approval from the IT department or the programs affected by the change request.

Also, the mainframe administrator, responsible for all program changes, had the access authorities to modify the application code, complete the testing of the changes, and also migrate the changed program(s) into the production environment.

Without program change control procedures, critical data processing applications could be improperly modified, resulting in erroneous and unauthorized transaction processing. The lack of segregation of duties or strict monitoring of programs placed into production may result in key programs or data being changed without the knowledge and/or consent of management or the user departments.

Finally, no testing documentation or evidence of end user acceptance of testing performed was maintained for program changes. Without following standardized procedures for performing and documenting tests of program changes, the risk increases that requested changes are incomplete, unapproved, or do not meet users' expectations. Also, without maintaining adequate testing documentation, it may be impossible to duplicate or evaluate testing scenarios in the event that problems arise later that require subsequent review of the program change.

The City of Mansfield IT Department should develop, formalize, and approve standards for the entire life cycle of the program change request process. These standards should include, but not be limited to, procedures for maintaining test documentation to reasonably ensure all key documentation of the testing performed for all program changes is maintained and available. In addition, user acceptance should be obtained for all pertinent changes to help ensure the applications are operating as intended. Each phase of the life cycle should be monitored to comply with the developed standards, be adequately documented, and have appropriate approvals.

Segregation of duties should also be implemented by upgrading the logical access controls of all the IT Department personnel who have access to the financial program and data housed on the mainframe. The migration of the programs into the production environment should be performed by someone without program modification capabilities whenever possible. If the segregation of duties is not possible due to staffing shortages, an independent and timely review of the migration activity should occur to help ensure only authorized changes were migrated into production.

FINDING NUMBER 2009-004 (continued)

Officials' Response: This process has been modified significantly. In February 2010 we implemented an electronic work order system that required users to request system changes/modifications through their supervisor/manager. All requests must come through this system; and all major system changes must be approved verbally by the IT Manager. Further work to implement a formalized standard will be delayed until after the new software is completely installed in the latter part of 2010.

Segregation of duties has been completed.

Audits have been completed and many accounts have been disabled and/or reduced in authority levels. This will become a normal recurring process.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Finding Number	2009-005		
CFDA Title and Number	Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants CFDA # 14.218		
Federal Award Number / Year	CB-02-MC-39-0017 - 2002 CB-03-MC-39-0017 - 2003 CB-04-MC-39-0017 - 2004 CB-05-MC-39-0017 - 2005 CB-06-MC-39-0017 - 2006 CB-07-MC-39-0017 - 2007 CB-08-MC-39-0017 - 2008 CB-09-MC-39-0017 - 2009		
Federal Agency	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		
Pass-Through Agency	N/A – Direct Program		

Questioned Cost/Significant Deficiency

2 C.F.R. part 225, App. B 8.g(2) indicates, in part, severance payments (but not accruals) associated with normal turnover are allowable. Such payments shall be allocated to all activities of the governmental unit as an indirect cost.

In 2009, a \$14,215 severance payment to a Community Development Department employee was charged as a direct cost to the Community Development Block Grant instead of an indirect cost. This resulted in administrative expenses which were unallowable and, therefore, a questioned cost of \$14,215.

The City should ensure severance payments from the Community Development Department using CDBG money are charged as indirect costs and allocated to all activities of the governmental unit rather than charging the payment as a direct cost.

FINDING NUMBER 2009-005 (continued)

Officials' Response/Corrective Action Plan:

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2009-005	In the future, any severance payments charged to grants within the Community Development Department will be allocated among all of the grants of the department.	Immediately	Cindy Baker

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2009

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
Finding 2008- Mansfield-01	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.36(A)(4) - Reduced amended certificates were not obtained for certain funds in which the deficiency of estimated receipts over actual receipts reduce available resources below the current level of appropriation.	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid.



City of Mansfield, Ohio Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Prepared By Department of Finance

Kelly G. Blankenship Director of Finance

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CITY OF MANSFIELD, OHIO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

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City of Mansfield, Ohio

KELLY BLANKENSHIP, FINANCE DIRECTOR

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June 25, 2010,

Citizens of Mansfield Mayor Donald Culliver Members of Council City of Mansfield, Ohio

As the Finance Director for the City of Mansfield (the "City"), I am pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Mansfield, Ohio for the year ended December 31, 2009. The report has been prepared for the citizens of Mansfield, the elected officials, bondholders, the investment community, rating agencies, and all persons interested in the financial affairs of the City. This report includes the City's implementation of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources, and the guidelines set by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA). GASB No. 14 was used in evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations which have a significant relationship with the City that by excluding them would cause the financial statements to be misleading. Note 2A further discusses the reporting entity.

Responsibility for the accuracy of all data presented its completeness and fairness of presentation rests with the Finance Director. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City of Mansfield.

OVERVIEW AND INTRODUCTION TO THE CITY

The City of Mansfield is located in Richland County in north central Ohio, approximately 65 miles northeast of the City of Columbus and 75 miles southwest of the City of Cleveland. It has a population of 51,600, is the county seat, and is the county's largest city. The City is an important industrial and marketing center located strategically between Cleveland and Columbus. It is the largest populated city between the two cities off Interstate 71 making it a desirable crossroads for business.

The Miss Ohio Pageant is held in Mansfield each June. The pageant is a source of community wide support and pride, from the Miss Ohio festival, parade, and to the crowning of Miss Ohio at the historic grand Renaissance Theater, a 1920's grand baroque theater.

The downtown Richland Carousel Park provides entertainment for children and adults. Other local entertainment options include theatrical productions at the Mansfield Playhouse, shows at the Mansfield Art Center, and classes at the Richland Academy of Arts and Sciences. The Mansfield Motorsports Speedway, north of town, is a fast half-mile asphalt racetrack where fans can enjoy great racing. Mansfield has 33 parks covering 435 acres. Those looking for exercise can try bicycling or in-line skating on the 18 mile B&O Bike Trail, which begins at North Lake Park in the City, running south through Lexington. Mansfield is also home to North Central State College and a branch campus of The Ohio State University. The two schools share the campus in Mansfield.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Staying with an aggressive economic development position, Mansfield again focused efforts in 2009 to development possibilities. The City was able to assist five companies in 2009. The involvement of the City of Mansfield was crucial to ensure that the companies not only stayed in business through tough economic times, but

were able to take advantage of opportunities for growth. Revolving loan funds totaling \$72,000 were granted which have leveraged approximately \$250,000 in additional investments in existing projects creating 30 new jobs over the next three years.

The Enterprise Zone program was utilized to assist one company during 2009. Investment in the project is estimated to be approximately \$2,900,000. The project company will create 20 new jobs due to the investment.

The Gorman Rupp Company completed construction of the second phase of their Rupp Road facility and relocated their main plant operations and corporate headquarters to the new building during the 4th quarter of 2009. The project consists of a 460,000 square foot addition. The total investment in the project was approximately \$52,500,000.

Eilenfeld Industries completed construction of an 11,000 square foot building at the corner of Harrington-Memorial Road and Sawyer Parkway. The Fastenal Company is leasing one half of the new building and expects to add two new employees.

Phase II of the Reid Industrial Park project was completed in 2009 bringing water and sewer west along Crall Road to the future entrance of Reid Industrial Park. Phase II also included the reconstruction of Crall Road from Bowman Street to the Industrial Park entrance. The third and final phase is expected to be completed in 2010.

The military broke ground in 2009 on the first two buildings at the Reid Industrial Park expansion site. They estimate a total investment in the site between \$45,000,000 and \$50,000,000. The site will be the home of approximately 450 military personnel.

Citation Corporation donated the former Mansfield Foundry property to the City of Mansfield in May of 2003. An Ohio Department of Development grant from the Clean Ohio Assistance Fund was used to complete phase one and two environmental assessments to Voluntary Action Program standards for the site. The environmental assessments were completed in May of 2008. Plans to begin environmental remediation in 2010 or 2011 are dependant on reaching a settlement with our environmental insurance company, and approval of additional grant funds for the project. Ohio Machine Tool and D.A. Holt, Inc. currently occupy portions of the site.

Two environmental cleanup projects funded through the Mansfield Cleanup Revolving Loan Fund (MCRLF) totaling \$480,000 were completed during 2009. The projects included the environmental remediation of the former Empire and Woodville school properties. Developers plan to demolish the former Empire School building and construct a housing development on the 10 acre site. Developers plan to renovate the existing Woodville School building into a small strip mall for retail shops and food service companies. The developers of the two sites project a total investment of \$6,700,000 over the next two years.

Other 2009 project highlights are as follows:

- 1) Hyundai Ideal Electric completed construction of a 20,000 square foot addition for the purpose of expanding their manufacturing capacity. The project will create 20 new full-time jobs. The total project investment is \$6,500,000.
- 2) Jones Investments (Jones Potato Chips) purchased and renovated the former FKI building on Bowman Street to expand their manufacturing capacity. The project will create approximately eight to ten new jobs. The total project investment is \$1,200,000.
- 3) Energy Technologies was awarded their third grant from the Ohio Department of Development to further their research and development of a new fuel cell product. The company expects to break ground during 2010 on a 20,000 square foot manufacturing facility for the new product. The company will invest approximately \$5,000,000 in the new facility. The project is expected to create 150 jobs over the next two to three years.

4) Warren Rupp completed renovations to their North Main Street facility to accommodate the consolidation of a small operation from the Pittsburgh area to Mansfield. The project will create 40 jobs. The total project investment is \$500,000.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The revitalization of downtown will continue in 2010 through the City's participation in the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP). The City intends to allocate NSP funds to address abandoned and foreclosed properties through a program of demolition, rehabilitation and redevelopment. The City has approximately 60 to 80 uninhabitable properties identified for demolition. An additional 12 properties will be redeveloped and sold at a lower cost to the general public.

The City continues to rejuvenate an area adjacent to downtown known as the Chamber District by building new homes and developing a new park. In conjunction with a local non-profit, the City is building single family housing units in an effort to bring homeowners back to the downtown area with a mixture of low-to-moderate to upper income families.

North Central State College announced their plans to offer college courses and services in downtown Mansfield. The new Urban Higher Education Center will be housed in the main floors of 134 through 140 North Main Street in the Carrousel District. The \$1.2 million, 7,700 square foot downtown center, funded primarily by donors, will make higher education and career job training more accessible and attainable for many more in the community.

The City is currently utilizing funds made available from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 for improvement and enhancement of the downtown streetscape. The project includes 1.35 miles of downtown streetscape repair measured along the roadway curb line. Replacement of park benches, trees, street signs and lighting will have a dramatic impact on the appearance of the downtown area.

The City is currently extending Mansfield Lahm Airport Industrial Park West with funds made available from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. The \$1.3 million dollar project should encourage further industrial and commercial development in the area.

The City recently authorized the Service-Safety Director to execute a standard software license and services agreement with New World Systems Corporation to acquire an integrated public sector enterprise application suite software package. The new system will provide extensive self-service capabilities and online access to local government employees, citizens, vendors, and customers. The investment in a more efficient software system will provide significant cost savings to the City for the next several years.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Basis of Accounting

Except for budgetary purposes, the basis of accounting used by the City conforms to GAAP as applicable to governmental units and is consistent with GASB Cod. Sec. 1600, *Basis of Accounting*. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources-current asset and current liabilities-measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is utilized for governmental funds. Revenues are recognized when they are susceptible to accrual (both measurable and available). Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt which is recorded when due.

The measurement focus on the City's proprietary funds is on the flow of total economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The accrual basis of accounting (revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred) is utilized by the City in its proprietary and agency funds.

The City's basis of accounting for budgetary purposes differs from GAAP in that revenues are recognized when received, rather than when susceptible to accrual (measurable and available for governmental funds), and encumbrances are included as expenditures in the budgetary statements.

The City complies with GASB Statement Number 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*. The government-wide financial statements, including governmental activities, in order to comply with GASB Statement Number 34, are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. As part of this reporting model, management is responsible for preparing a management's discussion and analysis. This discussion follows the independent accountants' report, providing an assessment of the City's finances for 2009. Accounting polices are further explained in Note 2 to the basic financial statements.

Internal Controls

Development of the City's accounting system included consideration of the internal control structure. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or deposition and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from its implementation and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Controls

Budgetary control is maintained by the encumbrance of purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Purchase orders are not issued when insufficient appropriations preclude the encumbrance of the amount of the purchase. Each department manager is furnished a monthly report showing the status of the budget account for which he/she is responsible. The report details monthly transactions and summarizes the budget balance available to be spent for goods and services.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

An audit team from Auditor of State Mary Taylor's office has performed the City's 2009 audit. The results of their audit are disclosed in the Independent Accountants' Report included in the Financial Section. The Auditor of State has expressed an unqualified opinion on the Basic Financial Statements. The City also had a "single audit", which includes all federally funded programs administered by the City, performed for 2009 by the Auditor of State. Congressional legislation made the "single audit" program mandatory for most local governments, including the City of Mansfield. This mandate began in 1985 and was amended in 1996 as a requirement for federal funding eligibility. Information related to this audit, including the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards and the combined report on internal control and compliance, are published in a separate report package.

<u>AWARDS</u>

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Mansfield, Ohio, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended December 31, 2008. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The contents of this report must conform to program standards and must satisfy both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. The City of Mansfield has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty-four years (years ended 1985-2008). We believe our current report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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I would like to give a special thank you to Scott Arnett who prepared the CAFR for 2009. I would also like to thank all of the Finance and Income Tax office staff whose dedicated effort makes this report possible.

Finally, I would like to send my appreciation to the City administration, department heads, and employees who have contributed in the effort to achieve excellence in financial reporting.

Kelly Blankenship Finance Director

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Mansfield Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2008

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

ME OFFICE OF THE STATE OF THE S

President

Executive Director

CITY OF MANSFIELD, OHIO

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2009

ELECTED OFFICIALS

EXECUTIVE:

Mayor Director of Finance Director of Law Municipal Court Judge Municipal Court Judge Clerk of Court LEGISLATIVE:	Kelly G. Blankenship David L. Remy Jeff Payton Jerry E. Ault		
ELGISERTI E.			
President of Council	Phillip E. Scott		
Council Members	•		
Ward 1	Michael N. Hill		
Ward 2	Jeffrey W. Rock		
Ward 3			
Ward 4			
Ward 5	, , ,		
Ward 6			
At Large			
At Large	Douglas P. Versaw		
APPOINTED OFFICIALS			
Director of Service Safety.	Ronald S. Kreuter		
Director of Public Works			
Director of Human Resources	Donald R. Bartlett		
Director of Industrial Development	Timothy R. Bowersock		
Director of Community Development.	Cynthia Baker		
Director of Regional Community Advancement			
Chief of Police	•		
Chief of Fire.	John C. Harsch		

The present terms of the executive branch and the President of Council will expire November 30, 2011. The present terms of the legislative branch will expire November 30, 2011, or November 30, 2013. All members of Council serve a four year term. All appointed officials serve at the pleasure of the Mayor.

XII



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

City of Mansfield Richland County 30 North Diamond Street Mansfield, Ohio 44902

To the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mansfield, Richland County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mansfield, Richland County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Community Development, Safety Services and Grant funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 22 to the basic financial statements, the City is experiencing certain financial difficulties. Note 22 describes management's plans to address these matters. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2010, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

City of Mansfield Richland County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund statements and schedules, and statistical tables provide additional information and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the combining nonmajor fund statements and schedules to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. We did not subject the introductory section and statistical tables to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

June 25, 2010

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of the City of Mansfield's (the "City") financial statements provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, the basic financial statements, and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2009 are as follows:

- The total net assets of the City decreased \$2,490,233. Net assets of governmental activities decreased \$1,426,023 or 2.38% from 2008 and net assets of business-type activities decreased \$1,064,210 or 2.13% from 2008.
- ➤ General revenues accounted for \$32,512,327 of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for \$13,613,275 or 29.51% of total governmental activities revenue.
- The City had \$47,551,625 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$13,613,275 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. The remaining expenses of the governmental activities of \$33,938,350 were offset by general revenues (primarily property taxes, income taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$32,512,327.
- The City's major governmental funds are the general fund, community development fund, safety services fund and grant fund. The general fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$8,728,229 in 2009. This represents a decrease of \$1,940,857 from 2008. The expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund, which totaled \$10,155,617 in 2009, decreased \$708,308 from 2008. The net decrease in fund balance for the general fund was \$1,427,388 or 100.18%.
- The community development fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$1,759,537 in 2009. The expenditures and other financing uses of the community development fund totaled \$2,077,351 in 2009. The net decrease in fund balance for the community development fund was \$317,814 or 15.38%.
- The safety services fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$20,451,916 in 2009. The expenditures and other financing uses for the safety services fund totaled \$21,573,075 in 2009. The net decrease in fund balance for the safety services fund was \$1,121,159.
- The grant fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$1,669,240 in 2009. The expenditures for the grant fund totaled \$1,645,346 in 2009. The net increase in fund balance for the grant fund was \$23,894 or 4.51%.
- Net assets for the business-type activities, which are made up of the water, sewer and airport operating enterprise funds, decreased in 2009 by \$1,064,210.
- ➤ In the general fund, the actual revenues came in \$54,981 higher than they were in the final budget and actual expenditures were \$140,190 less than the amount in the final budget. These positive variances are the result of the City's conservative revenue estimates and expenditure reductions. Budgeted revenues increased \$296,727 from the original to the final budget. Budgeted expenditures increased \$153,316 from the original to the final budget due to an increase in various types of budgetary needs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 UNAUDITED

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to these statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the City to provide programs and activities, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2009?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities (except fiduciary funds) using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the City's property and income tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required community programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the City is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the City's programs and services are reported here including police, fire and rescue, street maintenance, capital improvements and general administration. These services are funded primarily by property and income taxes and intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Business-type activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The City's water, sewer, and airport operations are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds. The analysis of the City's major governmental and proprietary funds begins on page 10.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 UNAUDITED

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. The City has segregated these funds into major funds and nonmajor funds. The City's major governmental funds are the general fund, community development fund, safety services fund, and grant fund. Information for major funds is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-30 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, and airport functions. The City's major enterprise funds are the water and sewer funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 31-34 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Agency funds are the City's only fiduciary fund type. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 35 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 37-70 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 UNAUDITED

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The table below provides a summary of the City's net assets for 2009 compared to 2008:

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2009			Governmental Activities 2008		Business-Type Activities 2009		Business-Type Activities 2008		Total 2009		Total <u>2008</u>
Assets												
Current and other assets	\$	24,897,808	\$	25,611,681	\$	12,728,122	\$	14,975,664	\$	37,625,930	\$	40,587,345
Capital assets		51,159,332		55,057,781		40,997,785		41,328,577		92,157,117		96,386,358
Total assets		76,057,140		80,669,462		53,725,907		56,304,241	_	129,783,047		136,973,703
Liabilities												
Long-term liabilities		12,678,332		10,687,727		3,895,336		3,325,259		16,573,668		14,012,986
Other liabilities		4,966,251	_	10,143,155		1,012,228		3,096,429		5,978,479	_	13,239,584
Total liabilities		17,644,583		20,830,882		4,907,564		6,421,688	_	22,552,147		27,252,570
Net Assets												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		45,218,744		48,572,308		38,192,427		37,203,838		83,411,171		85,776,146
Restricted		8,528,084		7,647,351		2,998,376		4,040,936		11,526,460		11,688,287
Unrestricted	_	4,665,729		3,618,921		7,627,540		8,637,779		12,293,269		12,256,700
Total net assets	\$	58,412,557	\$	59,838,580	\$	48,818,343	\$	49,882,553	\$	107,230,900	\$	109,721,133

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At December 31, 2009, the City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$107,230,900. Net assets were \$58,412,557 and \$48,818,343 for the governmental activities and the business-type activities, respectively.

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the City's net assets. At year-end, capital assets represented 71.01% of total assets. Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings (IOTB), machinery and equipment, construction in progress (CIP) and infrastructure. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets, were \$45,218,744 and \$38,192,427 in the governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

As of December 31, 2009, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets for the business-type activities.

A portion of the City's net assets, \$11,526,460, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 UNAUDITED

The next table shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2009 and 2008.

Changes in Net Assets

Revenues	Governmental Activities 2009	Governmental Activities 2008	Business-Type Activities 2009	Business-Type Activities 2008	Total 2009	Total 2008
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 5,380,553	\$ 5,502,880	\$ 14,968,295	\$ 16,068,864	\$ 20,348,848	\$ 21,571,744
Operating grants and	, ,,,,,,,,	+ -,,	4 - 1,,, 1,,,,,	,,		,-,-,-
contributions	6,807,761	11,077,411	-	-	6,807,761	11,077,411
Capital grants and						
contributions	1,424,961	1,674,288	1,916,402	1,511,417	3,341,363	3,185,705
Total program revenues	13,613,275	18,254,579	16,884,697	17,580,281	30,497,972	35,834,860
General revenues:						
Property taxes	2,304,037	2,542,431	-	-	2,304,037	2,542,431
Income taxes	21,463,776	25,241,393	263,384	604,380	21,727,160	25,845,773
Unrestricted grants and						
entitlements	8,094,480	3,972,491	73,888	73,888	8,168,368	4,046,379
Investment earnings	413,969	932,920	20,670	25,545	434,639	958,465
Gain on sale of capital assets	167,581	-	-	-	167,581	-
Miscellaneous	68,484	97,270	34,337	15,063	102,821	112,333
Total general revenues	32,512,327	32,786,505	392,279	718,876	32,904,606	33,505,381
Total revenues	46,125,602	51,041,084	17,276,976	18,299,157	63,402,578	69,340,241
Program expenses:						
General government	12,462,297	14,474,385	_	_	12,462,297	14,474,385
Public safety	23,263,250	23,624,982	-	-	23,263,250	23,624,982
Public health and welfare	110,876	128,164	-	-	110,876	128,164
Transportation	8,313,893	9,917,676	-	-	8,313,893	9,917,676
Community environment	2,623,592	1,669,302	-	-	2,623,592	1,669,302
Leisure time activities	500,889	879,341	-	-	500,889	879,341
Interest and fiscal charges	276,828	288,073	-	-	276,828	288,073
Water	-	-	7,759,063	7,604,723	7,759,063	7,604,723
Sewer	-	-	9,898,811	9,821,326	9,898,811	9,821,326
Airport operating	-	-	683,312	646,544	683,312	646,544
Parking garage				251,712		251,712
Total program expenses	47,551,625	50,981,923	18,341,186	18,324,305	65,892,811	69,306,228
Change in net assets	(1,426,023)	59,161	(1,064,210)	(25,148)	(2,490,233)	34,013
Net assets, January 1	59,838,580	59,779,419	49,882,553	49,907,701	109,721,133	109,687,120
Net assets, December 31	\$ 58,412,557	\$ 59,838,580	\$ 48,818,343	\$ 49,882,553	\$ 107,230,900	\$ 109,721,133

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 UNAUDITED

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities net assets decreased \$1,426,023 in 2009. This decrease is the result of a higher decrease in overall revenues compared to overall expenses.

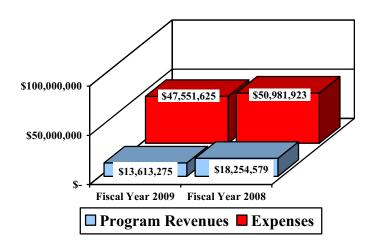
Public safety, which primarily supports the operations of the police and fire departments accounted for \$23,263,250 of the total expenses of the City. These expenses were partially funded by \$1,696,761 in direct charges to users of the services. Transportation expenses totaled \$8,313,893. Transportation expenses were partially funded by \$130,933 in direct charges to users of the services, \$2,609,351 in operating grants and contributions and \$1,424,961 in capital grants and contributions.

The state and federal government contributed to the City a total of \$6,807,761 in operating grants and contributions and \$1,424,961 in capital grants and contributions. These revenues are restricted to a particular program or purpose.

General revenues totaled \$32,512,327 and amounted to 70.49% of total governmental revenues. These revenues primarily consist of property and income tax revenue of \$23,767,813. The other primary source of general revenues is grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs, including local government and local government revenue assistance, making up \$8,094,480.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State and Federal grants and entitlements. As can be seen in the graph below, the City is highly dependent upon property and income taxes as well as unrestricted grants and entitlements to support its governmental activities.

Governmental Activities - Program Revenues vs. Total Expenses



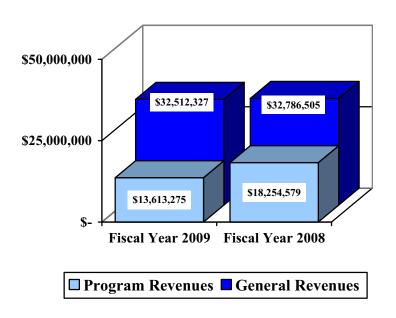
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 UNAUDITED

Governmental Activities

D	Т	Total Cost of Services 2009		Net Cost of Services 2009		Total Cost of Services 2008		Net Cost of Services 2008
Program Expenses: General government	\$	12,462,297	\$	7,696,470	\$	14,474,385	\$	5,469,011
Public safety	φ	23,263,250	Ф	20,404,878	Ф	23,624,982	Ф	21,197,683
Public health and welfare		110,876		(13,159)		128,164		108,779
Transportation		8,313,893		4,148,648		9,917,676		4,482,823
Community environment		2,623,592		943,846		1,669,302		336,682
Leisure time activities		500,889		480,839		879,341		844,293
Interest and fiscal charges		276,828		276,828	_	288,073	_	288,073
Total	\$	47,551,625	\$	33,938,350	\$	50,981,923	\$	32,727,344

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, with 68.37% of expenses supported through taxes and other general revenues.

Governmental Activities – General and Program Revenues

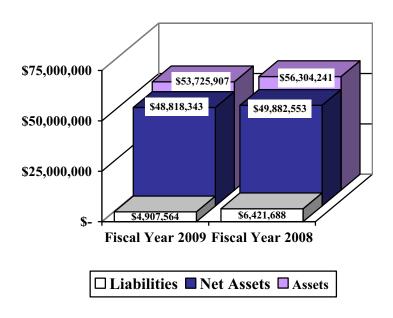


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 UNAUDITED

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities include the water, sewer, and airport enterprise funds. These programs had program revenues of \$16,884,697, general revenues of \$392,279 and expenses of \$18,341,186 for 2009. The graph below shows the business-type activities assets, liabilities and net assets at year-end.

Net Assets in Business - Type Activities



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at year-end.

The City's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 20-21) reported a combined fund balance of \$7,282,837 which is \$717,634 above last year's total of \$6,565,203.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 UNAUDITED

The schedule below indicates the fund balances and the total change in fund balances as of December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008 for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	 d Balances 12/31/09	Fu	nd Balances 12/31/08	Increase (Decrease)		
Major funds:						
General	\$ (8,006)	\$	1,424,779	\$	(1,432,785)	
Community development	1,747,798		2,065,860		(318,062)	
Safety services	(1,047,214)		73,503		(1,120,717)	
Grant fund	542,126		529,854		12,272	
Other nonmajor governmental funds	 6,048,133		2,471,207		3,576,926	
Total	\$ 7,282,837	\$	6,565,203	\$	717,634	

General Fund

The City's general fund balance decreased \$1,432,785, primarily due to a severe decrease in revenues. The following table assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund.

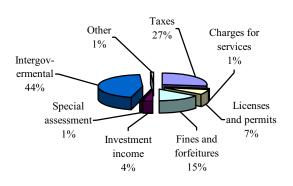
	2009 Amount	2008 Amount	Percentage Change
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 2,345,761	\$ 2,453,948	(4.41) %
Charges for services	31,637	42,563	(25.67) %
Licenses, permits and fees	624,126	670,776	(6.95) %
Fines and forfeitures	1,317,272	1,333,223	(1.20) %
Investment income	321,491	834,170	(61.46) %
Special assessments	56,273	41,680	35.01 %
Intergovernmental	3,861,875	5,005,751	(22.85) %
Other	90,264	72,008	25.35 %
Total	\$ 8,648,699	\$ 10,454,119	(17.27) %

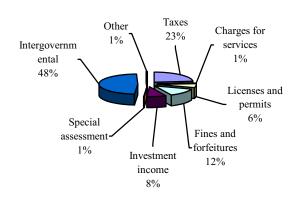
Tax revenue, which is a combination of property and income tax, represents 27.12% of all general fund revenue. Tax revenue decreased by 4.41% from the prior year because of a decrease in real estate tax receipts. The City no longer charges incarceration fees due to the closing of the City jail. As a result, charges for services declined 25.67%. Investment income dropped 61.46% from 2008 to 2009. This dramatic decrease is attributed to the City's smaller fund balance and lower interest rates. The interest rate at STAR Ohio fell from 1.41% in December 2008 to 0.10% in December 2009. Higher special assessment receipts are from an increase in delinquent assessment collections. Intergovernmental revenue, which represents 44.65% of all general fund revenue, dropped 22.85% because of a decline in local government receipts and estate and inheritance tax collections. All other revenue remained comparable to 2008.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 UNAUDITED

Revenues - Fiscal Year 2009

Revenues - Fiscal Year 2008





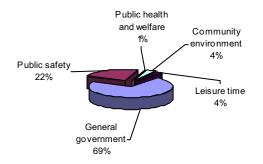
The following table assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

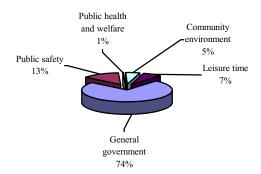
	_	2009 Amount	_	2008 Amount	Percentage <u>Change</u>		
Expenditures							
General government	\$	6,501,283	\$	8,021,509	(18.95) %)	
Public safety		2,108,585		1,414,238	49.10 %)	
Public health and welfare		29,159		36,923	(21.03) %)	
Community environment		339,994		552,997	(38.52) %)	
Leisure time activities		418,129		704,192	(40.62) %	,	
Total	<u>\$</u>	9,397,150	\$	10,729,859	(12.42) %)	

Public safety expenditures increased primarily because of the City's agreement with Richland County to house prisoners at the new County jail. All other expenditures dramatically declined due to staff and personnel cost reductions.

Expenditures - Fiscal Year 2009

Expenditures - Fiscal Year 2008





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 UNAUDITED

Community Development Fund

In 2009, the community development fund had revenues of \$1,684,983 and expenditures of \$1,827,351. The net decrease in fund balance of \$318,062 for the community development fund is attributable to the timing of receipts from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Safety Services Fund

The safety services fund had revenues of \$19,845,893 and expenditures of \$21,191,411 in 2009. The net decrease in fund balance for the safety services fund was \$1,120,717. The combination of a drastic decrease in income tax receipts and the City's responsibility to pay contractual obligations led to such a severe decline in the safety services fund balance.

Grant Fund

In 2009, the grant fund had revenues of \$1,422,966 and expenditures of \$1,645,346. The net increase in fund balance of \$12,272 for the grant fund is primarily due to the timing of receipts from the various federal awards and local matches.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, but in more detail. The only difference between the amounts reported as business-type activities and the amounts reported in the proprietary fund statements are interfund eliminations between proprietary funds and internal balances due to governmental activities for internal service activities. The only interfund activity reported in the government-wide financial statements are those between business-type activities and governmental activities (reported as internal balances and transfers) whereas interfund amounts between various enterprise funds are reported in the proprietary fund statements. The water enterprise fund had operating revenues of \$7,088,115, which was less than operating expenses of \$7,718,489 by \$630,374. The sewer enterprise fund had operating revenues of \$7,816,211, which was less than operating expenses of \$10,106,751 by \$2,290,540.

Budgeting Highlights

The City's budgeting process is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). Essentially, the budget is the City's appropriations which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated resources certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the ORC. Therefore, the City's plans or desires cannot be totally reflected in the original budget. If budgeted resources are adjusted due to actual activity then the appropriations can be adjusted accordingly.

Budgetary information is presented for the general fund, community development fund, safety services fund, and grant fund. For the general fund, actual revenues of \$9,149,355 exceeded final budgeted revenues by \$54,981. Actual expenditures came in \$140,190 lower than the final budgeted amounts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2009, the City had \$92,157,117 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, buildings, improvements other than buildings (IOTB), machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress (CIP). Of this total, \$51,159,332 was reported in governmental activities and \$40,997,785 was reported in business-type activities. For additional information regarding capital assets, see Note 10. The following table shows fiscal 2009 balances compared to 2008:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 UNAUDITED

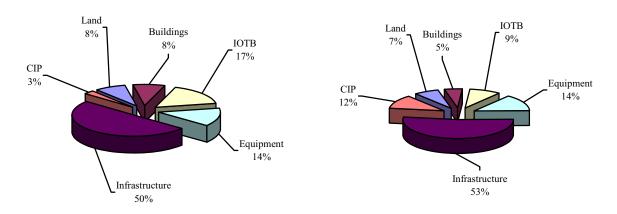
Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

	_	Government	rnmental Activities			Business-Ty	Activities_	Total				
		<u>2009</u>		<u>2008</u>		<u>2009</u>		<u>2008</u>		<u>2009</u>		<u>2008</u>
Land	\$	4,186,109	\$	3,989,259	\$	2,093,705	\$	2,093,705	\$	6,279,814	\$	6,082,964
Buildings		4,142,450		2,862,683		2,471,783		2,756,378		6,614,233		5,619,061
IOTB		8,574,143		5,043,510		9,064,087		9,976,474		17,638,230		15,019,984
Machinery &												
Equipment		7,055,638		7,769,250		1,427,004		1,431,547		8,482,642		9,200,797
Infrastructure		25,847,784		29,002,055		25,941,206		24,292,159		51,788,990		53,294,214
CIP		1,353,208		6,391,024				778,314		1,353,208		7,169,338
Totals	\$	51,159,332	\$	55,057,781	\$	40,997,785	\$	41,328,577	\$	92,157,117	\$	96,386,358

The following graphs show the breakdown of governmental capital assets by category for 2009 and 2008.

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities 2009

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities 2008



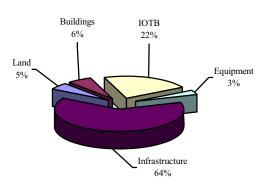
The City's largest capital asset category is infrastructure which includes roads, bridges, and traffic signals. These items are immovable and of value only to the City, however, the annual cost of purchasing these items is quite significant. The net book value of the City's infrastructure (cost less accumulated depreciation) represents approximately 50% of the City's total governmental capital assets.

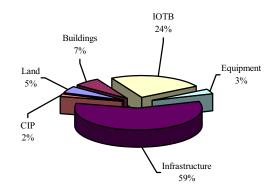
The following graphs show the breakdown of business-type capital assets by category for 2009 and 2008.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 UNAUDITED

Capital Assets - Business-Type Activities 2009

Capital Assets - Business-Type Activities 2008





The City's largest business-type capital asset category is infrastructure that primarily includes water lines, sanitary sewer lines, and storm sewers. These items play a vital role in the income producing ability of the business-type activities. The net book value of the City's infrastructure (cost less accumulated depreciation) represents approximately 64% of the City's total business-type capital assets.

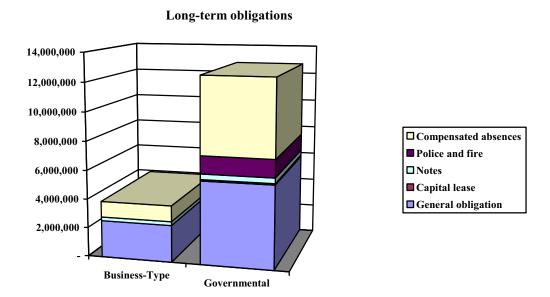
Debt Administration

The City had the following long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2009 and 2008:

	Governmenta	al Activities
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
General obligation bonds	\$ 5,710,000	\$ 3,340,000
Notes payable	370,000	440,000
Police and fire pension liability	1,213,531	1,239,604
Capital lease obligation	100,000	20,473
Compensated absences	5,284,801	5,647,650
Total long-term obligations	<u>\$ 12,678,332</u>	\$ 10,687,727
	Business-typ	e Activities
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,550,000	\$ 1,865,000
Compensated absences	1,089,978	1,185,520
Notes payable	255,358	274,739
Total long-term obligations	\$ 3,895,336	\$ 3,325,259

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 UNAUDITED

A comparison of the long-term obligations by category is depicted in the chart below. For additional information regarding long-term obligations, see Note 14.



Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The annual unemployment rate for the City in 2009 was 12.6%, which increased from an annual rate of 7.4% in 2008. This rate exceeds the state's average unemployment rate of 10.2% and the national average of 9.3%.

Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2010 fiscal year. At the end of the 2009 fiscal year, the cash basis fund balance of the general fund was a \$2,164,866 deficit. This balance takes into consideration encumbrances for 2009 activity.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Kelly Blankenship, Finance Director, City of Mansfield, 30 North Diamond Street, Mansfield, Ohio 44902.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2009

		overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	 Total
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,992,773	\$	3,059,524	\$ 9,052,297
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agents		53,113		-	53,113
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):					
Taxes		6,564,066		75,333	6,639,399
Accounts		185,467		2,967,107	3,152,574
Accrued interest		231,683		-	231,683
Special assessments		59,441		10,741	70,182
Loans		2,505,852		-	2,505,852
Internal balances		(3,049,510)		3,049,510	-
Due from other governments		11,848,880		388,581	12,237,461
Materials and supplies inventory		506,043		178,950	684,993
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agents		-		2,998,376	2,998,376
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress		5,539,317		2,093,705	7,633,022
Depreciable capital assets, net		45,620,015		38,904,080	 84,524,095
Total capital assets, net		51,159,332		40,997,785	 92,157,117
Total assets		76,057,140		53,725,907	 129,783,047
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		778,990		350,836	1,129,826
Contracts payable		104,110		324,984	429,094
Retainage payable		53,113		-	53,113
Accrued wages and benefits		416,985		95,334	512,319
Due to other governments		1,709,936		232,183	1,942,119
Unearned revenue		1,268,304		· -	1,268,304
Accrued interest payable		51,273		8,891	60,164
Claims payable		583,540		-	583,540
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year		1,888,010		983,944	2,871,954
Due in more than one year		10,790,322		2,911,392	13,701,714
Total liabilities		17,644,583		4,907,564	22,552,147
Net assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		45,218,744		38,192,427	83,411,171
Restricted for:					
Capital projects		1,227,214		-	1,227,214
Community development		4,792,730		-	4,792,730
Transportation projects		854,822		-	854,822
Replacement and improvement		, <u> </u>		2,998,376	2,998,376
Other purposes		1,653,318		-	1,653,318
Unrestricted		4,665,729		7,627,540	 12,293,269
Total net assets	\$	58,412,557	\$	48,818,343	\$ 107,230,900

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

			Program Revenues						
		Expenses	C	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		pital Grants and ntributions	
Governmental Activities:		•							
General government	\$	12,462,297 23,263,250	\$	3,354,171 1,696,761	\$	1,411,656 1,161,611	\$	-	
Public health and welfare		110,876 8,313,893 2,623,592		99,625 130,933 79,013		24,410 2,609,351 1,600,733		1,424,961	
Leisure time activities		500,889 276,828		20,050		-		- -	
Total governmental activities		47,551,625		5,380,553		6,807,761		1,424,961	
Business-Type Activities:									
Water		7,759,063 9,898,811		7,088,115 7,816,211		-		789,598 1,126,804	
Airport operating		683,312		63,969		-		-	
Total business-type activities		18,341,186		14,968,295				1,916,402	
Total	\$	65,892,811	\$	20,348,848	\$	6,807,761	\$	3,341,363	
	Prope Ger Spe Incor Ger Spe Cap Air Gran Inves Gain	eral Revenues: erty taxes levied for the purposes of the taxes levied for the taxes levied fo	ts not res	tricted to specific	progran	ns			
	Total general revenues								
	Chan	ge in net assets							
	Net a	ssets at beginning	g of year						

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ (7,696,470)	\$ -	\$ (7,696,470)
(20,404,878)	-	(20,404,878)
13,159	-	13,159
(4,148,648)	-	(4,148,648)
(943,846)	-	(943,846)
(480,839)	-	(480,839)
(276,828)	-	(276,828)
(33,938,350)	<u> </u>	(33,938,350)
-	118,650	118,650
-	(955,796)	(955,796)
-	(619,343)	(619,343)
	(1,456,489)	(1,456,489)
(33,938,350)	(1,456,489)	(35,394,839)
1,921,449	-	1,921,449
382,588	-	382,588
339,453	-	339,453
18,035,032	-	18,035,032
3,089,291	-	3,089,291
-	263,384	263,384
8,094,480	73,888	8,168,368
413,969	20,670	434,639
167,581	-	167,581
68,484	34,337	102,821
32,512,327	392,279	32,904,606
(1,426,023)	(1,064,210)	(2,490,233)
59,838,580	49,882,553	109,721,133
\$ 58,412,557	\$ 48,818,343	\$ 107,230,900

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2009

		General	Community evelopment	Safety Services		
Assets:			 			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ 320,479	\$	367,096	
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent		-	-		-	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes		2,312,007	-		3,706,958	
Accounts		74,644	-		52,414	
Accrued interest		142,844	79,657		-	
Loans		-	1,371,578		-	
Special assessments		59,441	-		-	
Due from other governments		1,836,437	4,921,729		44,919	
Loans to other funds		2,199,191	-		-	
Materials and supplies inventory		43,071	 937		46,452	
Total assets	\$	6,667,635	\$ 6,694,380	\$	4,217,839	
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	83,557	\$ 15,497	\$	33,285	
Contracts payable		-	7,700		_	
Retainage payable		_	, <u>-</u>		_	
Accrued wages and benefits		61,587	4,070		282,664	
Compensated absences		43,598	2,293		38,515	
Loans from other funds		800,000	-,-,-		1,764,198	
Due to other governments		216,028	28,730		1,254,542	
Interfund payable		2,199,961			- 1,20 .,0 .2	
Deferred revenue		3,270,910	4,888,292		1,891,849	
Total liabilities		6,675,641	4,946,582		5,265,053	
Ford Delegation		, , ,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances		42,430	13,089		23,713	
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory		43,071	937		46,452	
Reserved for loans		-13,071	1,371,578		-10,132	
Reserved for loans to other funds		2,199,191	1,571,570		_	
Reserved for debt service		2,177,171	_		_	
Reserved for unclaimed monies		21,864	_		_	
Unreserved, undesignated, (deficit) reported in:		21,004				
General fund		(2,314,562)	_		_	
Special revenue funds		(2,01.,002)	362,194		(1,117,379)	
Debt service fund		_	-		(1,117,577)	
Capital projects funds		_	_		_	
Total fund balances		(8,006)	 1,747,798		(1,047,214)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,667,635	\$ 6,694,380	\$	4,217,839	

Grant Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 548,218	\$	4,653,557	\$	5,889,350
-		53,113		53,113
-		545,101		6,564,066
-		58,409		185,467
-		9,182		231,683
-		1,134,274		2,505,852
-		-		59,441
3,294,951		1,750,844		11,848,880
-		-		2,199,191
44,724		350,622		485,806
\$ 3,887,893	\$	8,555,102	\$	30,022,849
\$ 25,696	\$	112,965	\$	271,000
, -		76,081		83,781
-		53,113		53,113
20,933		27,297		396,551
1,668		13,046		99,120
· <u>-</u>		431,770		2,995,968
65,561		80,104		1,644,965
-		-		2,199,961
3,231,909		1,712,593		14,995,553
3,345,767		2,506,969		22,740,012
41,169		332,097		452,498
44,724		350,622		485,806
-		1,134,274		2,505,852
-		-		2,199,191
-		71,917		71,917
-		-		21,864
_		-		(2,314,562)
456,233		2,580,052		2,281,100
		14,364		14,364
-		1,564,807		1,564,807
542,126		6,048,133		7,282,837
\$ 3,887,893	\$	8,555,102	\$	30,022,849

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2009

Total governmental fund balances		\$	7,282,837
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities (excluding internal service funds capital assets) are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			50,734,490
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Property taxes	562,096		
Income taxes Special assessments Intergovernmental revenues	1,769,910 59,441 11,335,802		
Total			13,727,249
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the repair garage, information technology, utility collections, health insurance, OML self-insurance, workers' compensation and benefit fund to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities on the statement of net assets.			(907,619)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. The long-term liabilities (excluding amounts reported in the internal service funds) are as follows:			
Accrued interest payable Capital lease obligation Notes payable Compensated absences Police and fire pension liability General obligation bonds	(51,273) (100,000) (370,000) (4,979,596) (1,213,531) (5,710,000)		
Total		_	(12,424,400)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$	58,412,557

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	General	Community Development		Safety Services	
Revenues:				,	
Municipal income taxes	\$ 355,687	\$	-	\$	17,762,549
Property and other taxes	1,990,074		-		396,645
Charges for services	31,637		-		1,254,549
Licenses, permits and fees	624,126		-		99,418
Fines and forfeitures	1,317,272		-		155,130
Intergovernmental	3,861,875		1,600,733		143,917
Special assessments	56,273		-		-
Investment income	321,491		84,189		-
Other	 90,264		61		33,685
Total revenues	 8,648,699		1,684,983		19,845,893
Expenditures:					
Current:					44.0=0
General government	6,501,283		-		14,070
Public safety	2,108,585		=		21,177,341
Public health and welfare	29,159		=		-
Transportation	220.004		1 927 251		-
Community environment	339,994		1,827,351		-
Leisure time activities	418,129		-		-
Capital outlay	-		-		-
Principal retirement					
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-		-
	 0.207.150	-	1 927 251		21,191,411
Total expenditures	 9,397,150	-	1,827,351		21,191,411
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (748,451)		(142,368)		(1,345,518)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	79,530		74,554		-
Proceeds of bonds	-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of bond premium	-		-		-
Capital lease	-		-		-
Transfers in	-		-		606,023
Transfers out	 (758,467)		(250,000)		(381,664)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (678,937)		(175,446)		224,359
Net change in fund balances	(1,427,388)		(317,814)		(1,121,159)
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,424,779		2,065,860		73,503
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory	(5,397)		(248)		442
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ (8,006)	\$	1,747,798	\$	(1,047,214)

 Grant Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$ -	\$	3,397,591	\$	21,515,827
-		-		2,386,719
76,254		337,052		1,699,492
-		30,917		754,461
-		845,448		2,317,850
1,319,251		5,168,821		12,094,597
-		-		56,273
-		8,289		413,969
 27,461		401,005		552,476
 1,422,966		10,189,123		41,791,664
197,186		2,549,947		9,262,486
1,141,711		172,667		24,600,304
80,327		, -		109,486
, -		2,528,206		2,528,206
-		405,679		2,573,024
42,569		, _		460,698
183,553		3,781,832		3,965,385
-		320,000		320,000
 		292,983		292,983
 1,645,346		10,051,314		44,112,572
 (222,380)		137,809		(2,320,908)
_		13,497		167,581
-		2,620,000		2,620,000
=		64,448		64,448
-		100,000		100,000
246,274		808,164		1,660,461
, -		(270,330)		(1,660,461)
246,274	-	3,335,779		2,952,029
23,894		3,473,588		631,121
529,854		2,471,207		6,565,203
 (11,622)		103,338		86,513
\$ 542,126	\$	6,048,133	\$	7,282,837

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 631,121
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense \$7,818,316 exceeded capital outlays \$5,973,030 in the current period. Both amounts are exclusive of internal service fund	
activity.	(1,845,286)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins and donations) is to decrease net assets.	(1,903,473)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities they are reported as an expense when consumed.	86,513
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	4,097,873
The issuance of long-term debt (i.e., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of bonds, leases and police and fire pension liability principal consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.	(2,353,454)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, notes and the police and fire pension liability, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	16,155
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These expenses are exclusive of internal service funds activity.	(55,662)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the repair garage, information technology, utility collections, health insurance, OML self-insurance, workers' compensation and the benefit fund to individual funds and are not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service funds revenue are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds are	
allocated among the governmental activities.	 (99,810)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (1,426,023)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted	Amoi	ınts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Original Original	7 XIIIO	Final	Actual		legative)
Revenues:	 					
Property and other taxes	\$ 2,361,380	\$	2,433,427	\$ 2,431,203	\$	(2,224)
Charges for services	5,000		11,296	11,356		60
Licenses, permits and fees	551,500		636,251	644,407		8,156
Fines and forfeitures	1,223,692		1,321,041	1,324,164		3,123
Intergovernmental	3,990,271		4,096,377	4,106,152		9,775
Special assessments	22,000		56,273	56,273		-
Investment income	642,512		458,551	454,004		(4,547)
Other	1,292		81,158	121,796		40,638
Total revenues	8,797,647		9,094,374	9,149,355		54,981
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety	2,068,915		2,115,569	2,108,585		6,984
Public health and welfare	61,089		29,909	29,909		-
Community environment	505,717		436,363	426,442		9,921
Leisure time activities	737,035		623,792	609,965		13,827
General government	6,697,837		7,018,276	6,908,818		109,458
Total expenditures	10,070,593		10,223,909	10,083,719		140,190
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (1,272,946)		(1,129,535)	 (934,364)		195,171
Other financing sources (uses):						
Loan to other funds	(2,199,191)		(2,199,191)	(2,199,191)		-
Payment on loan from other funds	(260,000)		(260,000)	(260,000)		_
Repayment on loan to other funds	281,580		281,580	281,580		_
Transfers out	(195,231)		(774,077)	(758,467)		15,610
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,372,842)		(2,951,688)	(2,936,078)		15,610
Net change in fund balance	(3,645,788)		(4,081,223)	(3,870,442)		210,781
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,592,127		1,592,127	1,592,127		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 113,449		113,449	 113,449		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ (1,940,212)	\$	(2,375,647)	\$ (2,164,866)	\$	210,781

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted	Amou	ınts		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	 Actual	(]	Negative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,831,376	\$	2,228,762	\$ 1,848,167	\$	(380,595)
Investment income	90,000		79,845	67,019		(12,826)
Other	 370,446		340,859	 225,701		(115,158)
Total revenues	 3,291,822		2,649,466	 2,140,887		(508,579)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community environment	3,296,751		2,643,825	1,846,176		797,649
Total expenditures	 3,296,751		2,643,825	1,846,176		797,649
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(4,929)		5,641	294,711		289,070
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of capital assests	74,554		74,554	74,554		-
Transfers out	(250,000)		(250,000)	(250,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(175,446)		(175,446)	(175,446)		
Net change in fund balance	(180,375)		(169,805)	119,265		289,070
Fund balance at beginning of year	93,819		93,819	93,819		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 86,556		86,556	 86,556		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 	\$	10,570	\$ 299,640	\$	289,070

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SAFETY SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted	Amoi	ınts			Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original	7111100	Final		Actual		Negative)
Revenues:	 			-			
Property and other taxes	\$ 17,851,070	\$	17,818,635	\$	17,818,139	\$	(496)
Licenses, permits and fees	98,700		102,994		106,938		3,944
Charges for services	1,152,120		1,170,767		1,254,549		83,782
Fines and forfeitures	105,000		157,983		158,143		160
Intergovernmental	18,981		115,854		115,854		-
Other	 45,461		25,408		33,965		8,557
Total revenues	 19,271,332		19,391,641		19,487,588		95,947
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety	20,066,509		19,829,635		21,859,394		(2,029,759)
Total expenditures	20,066,509		19,829,635		21,859,394		(2,029,759)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(795,177)		(437,994)		(2,371,806)		(1,933,812)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Loan from other funds	1,764,198		1,764,198		1,764,198		-
Transfers in	77,435		440,854		606,023		165,169
Transfers out	(381,664)		(381,664)		(381,664)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,459,969		1,823,388		1,988,557		165,169
Net change in fund balance	664,792		1,385,394		(383,249)		(1,768,643)
Fund balance at beginning of year	197,153		197,153		197,153		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 186,096		186,096		186,096		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,048,041	\$	1,768,643	\$		\$	(1,768,643)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Rudgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:				(110900110)	
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 75,414	\$ 75,414	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	1,831,843	2,268,565	1,334,704	(933,861)	
Other	-	21,823	27,460	5,637	
Total revenues	1,831,843	2,365,802	1,437,578	(928,224)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public safety	1,248,573	2,004,679	1,084,870	919,809	
Public health and welfare	117,924	95,341	83,486	11,855	
General government	1,066,298	925,089	475,862	449,227	
Total expenditures	2,432,795	3,025,109	1,644,218	1,380,891	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(600,952)	(659,307)	(206,640)	452,667	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	156,616	246,275	246,274	(1)	
Total other financing sources	156,616	246,275	246,274	(1)	
Net change in fund balance	(444,336)	(413,032)	39,634	452,666	
Fund balance at beginning of year	213,657	213,657	213,657	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	250,248	250,248	250,248		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 19,569	\$ 50,873	\$ 503,539	\$ 452,666	

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Business-Type Activities -Enterprise Fu			ınds	Governmental Activities -
			Other		Internal
	Water	Sewer	Enterprise	<u>Total</u>	Service Funds
Assets:					
Current assets:	\$ 1,609,519	\$ 1,443,662	\$ 6,343	\$ 3,059,524	\$ 103,423
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	\$ 1,009,319	\$ 1,445,002	\$ 0,343	\$ 3,039,324	\$ 105,425
Accounts	1,474,345	1,473,616	19,146	2,967,107	_
Special assessments.	-	10,741	17,140	10,741	_
Taxes	_	-	75,333	75,333	_
Due from other governments	2,792	385,789	-	388,581	-
Interfund receivable	, -	2,199,961	-	2,199,961	-
Loans to other funds	-	800,000	-	800,000	-
Materials and supplies inventory	118,958	27,078	32,914	178,950	20,237
Restricted Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	_	2,998,376	_	2,998,376	_
Total current assets	3,205,614	9,339,223	133,736	12,678,573	123,660
Total cultent assets	3,203,014	9,339,223	155,750	12,076,373	123,000
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress	393,853	206,223	1,493,629	2,093,705	_
Depreciable capital assets, net	10,840,470	26,797,308	1,266,302	38,904,080	424,842
Total capital assets, net	11,234,323	27,003,531	2,759,931	40,997,785	424,842
			2,893,667		
Total assets	14,439,937	36,342,754	2,893,007	53,676,358	548,502
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities:	166.020	102.202	2.514	250.026	505 000
Accounts payable	166,030	182,292	2,514	350,836	507,989
Contracts payable	14,802	310,182	-	324,984	20,329
Accrued wages and benefits	49,474	42,342	3,518	95,334	20,434
Due to other governments	116,194	108,568	7,421	232,183	64,971
Claims payable	-	-	- 2 222	-	583,540
Loan from other funds	202.250	210.217	3,223	3,223	-
Current portion of compensated absences	282,250	219,217	27,786	529,253	-
Current portion of notes payable	9,691	25.000		9,691	-
Current portion of bonds	410,000	35,000	-	445,000	-
Total current liabilities	4,288 1,052,729	<u>4,603</u> 902,204	44,462	8,891 1,999,395	1,197,263
	1,032,729	902,204	44,402	1,999,393	1,197,203
Long-term liabilities	1.000.000	1.045.000		2 105 000	
General obligation bonds	1,060,000	1,045,000	-	2,105,000	-
Notes payable	245,667	- 222 229	-	245,667	206.006
Compensated absences	299,010	232,238	29,477	560,725	206,086
Total long-term liabilities	1,604,677	1,277,238	29,477	2,911,392	206,086
Total liabilities	2,657,406	2,179,442	73,939	4,910,787	1,403,349
Net assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	9,508,965	25,923,531	2,759,931	38,192,427	424,842
Restricted for replacement and improvement	-	2,998,376	-	2,998,376	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	2,273,566	5,241,405	59,797	7,574,768	(1,279,689)
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ 11,782,531	\$ 34,163,312	\$ 2,819,728	48,765,571	\$ (854,847)
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the internal ser				52,772	
· ·					
Net assets of business-type activities				\$ 48,818,343	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Busin	Governmental Activities -			
	Water	Sewer	Other Enterprise	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 7,088,115	\$ 7,816,211	\$ 63,969	\$ 14,968,295	\$ 14,181,519
Total operating revenues	7,088,115	7,816,211	63,969	14,968,295	14,181,519
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	1,985,509	1,907,184	179,533	4,072,226	1,206,415
Fringe benefits	52,750	25,049	1,624	79,423	31,649
Contractual services	3,623,330	5,538,739	190,667	9,352,736	6,151,124
Materials and supplies	716,480	182,165	30,820	929,465	751,218
Depreciation	653,362	1,728,661	215,297	2,597,320	154,817
Utilities	678,582	691,080	65,181	1,434,843	4,343
Claims expense	-	-	-	-	5,981,763
Other	8,476	33,873		42,349	
Total operating expenses	7,718,489	10,106,751	683,122	18,508,362	14,281,329
Operating loss	(630,374)	(2,290,540)	(619,153)	(3,540,067)	(99,810)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Other nonoperating revenue	3,639	782	7,064	11,485	4,036
Other nonoperating expenses	-	-	(190)	(190)	-
Loss on disposal of assets	(2,216)	-	-	(2,216)	-
Interest Income	-	20,670	-	20,670	-
Municipal income tax	-	-	263,384	263,384	-
Tap and license fees	22,467	385	-	22,852	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	73,888	73,888	-
Interest expense and fiscal changes	(38,358)	(70,814)		(109,172)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(14,468)	(48,977)	344,146	280,701	4,036
Loss before capital contributions	(644,842)	(2,339,517)	(275,007)	(3,259,366)	(95,774)
Capital contributions	789,598	1,126,804		1,916,402	
Changes in net assets	144,756	(1,212,713)	(275,007)	(1,342,964)	(95,774)
Net assets (deficit) at beginning of year	11,637,775	35,376,025	3,094,735		(759,073)
Net assets (deficit) at end of year	\$ 11,782,531	\$ 34,163,312	\$ 2,819,728		\$ (854,847)
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the internal se	rvice funds activitie	es related to enter	prise funds.	278,754	
Changes in net assets of business-type activities				\$ (1,064,210)	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities -
		V 2	Other		Internal
	Water	Sewer	Enterprise	Total	Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from customers	\$ 6,895,433	\$ 7,915,591	\$ 63,508	\$ 14,874,532	\$ 14,181,519
Cash received from other operating revenues	26,106	1,167	4,964	32,237	4,036
Cash payments to employees	(2,275,507)	(1,843,165)	(183,534)	(4,302,206)	(1,360,647)
Cash payments to suppliers	(5,009,646)	(6,392,658)	(284,471)	(11,686,775)	(6,451,832)
Cash payments for claims expense	-	-	-	-	(6,402,474)
Cash payments for other operating expenses	(47,289)	(49,031)	(5,518)	(101,838)	(31,197)
Net cash used for operating activities	(410,903)	(368,096)	(405,051)	(1,184,050)	(60,595)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Receipts on loans to other funds	-	260,000	-	260,000	-
Loans to other funds	-	(2,199,961)	-	(2,199,961)	-
Loans from other funds	-	-	3,223	3,223	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	73,888	73,888	-
Muncipal income tax			304,712	304,712	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing					
activities		(1,939,961)	381,823	(1,558,138)	
Cash flows from capital and related					
financing activities:					
Acquisition of capital assets	(170,669)	(194,927)	-	(365,596)	(5,127)
Proceeds from bonds	-	1,080,000	-	1,080,000	-
Principal paid on general obligation debt	(395,000)	-	-	(395,000)	-
Interest paid on general obligation debt	(65,275)	(16,723)	-	(81,998)	-
Principal paid on notes	(19,381)	(1,985,000)	-	(2,004,381)	-
Interest paid on notes		(49,488)		(49,488)	
Net cash used in capital and					
related financing activities	(650,325)	(1,166,138)		(1,816,463)	(5,127)
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Cash received from interfund loan interest	-	20,670	-	20,670	-
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,061,228)	(3,453,525)	(23,228)	(4,537,981)	(65,722)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,670,747	7,895,563	29,571	10,595,881	169,145
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,609,519	\$ 4,442,038	\$ 6,343	\$ 6,057,900	\$ 103,423

(continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities -	
		Other			Internal	
	Water	Sewer	Enterprise	Total	Service Funds	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:						
Operating loss	\$ (630,374)	\$ (2,290,540)	\$ (619,153)	\$ (3,540,067)	\$ (99,810)	
Adjustments:						
Depreciation	653,362	1,728,661	215,297 (190)	2,597,320 (190)	154,817	
Other nonoperating revenues	3,639	782	7,064	11,485	4,036	
Tap and license fees.	22,467	385		22,852	4,030	
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) in accounts receivable	(193,346)	(123,096)	(2,561)	(319,003)	-	
Decrease in special assessments	-	14,696	-	14,696	-	
(Increase) decrease in inventory of supplies	(33,193)	12,982	(201)	(20,412)	32,349	
Decrease in due from other governments	664	207,780	-	208,444	-	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	63,175	(267,976)	2,398	(202,403)	416,061	
Increase (decrease) in contracts payable	(23,262)	263,924	-	240,662	6,443	
Decrease in accrued wages and benefits	(61,021)	(63,435)	(9,982)	(134,438)	(48,306)	
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments	15,963	20,287	(3,704)	32,546	(1,254)	
Increase (decrease) in compensated						
absences payable	(228,977)	127,454	5,981	(95,542)	(104,220)	
(Decrease) in claims payable					(420,711)	
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (410,903)	\$ (368,096)	\$ (405,051)	\$ (1,184,050)	\$ (60,595)	

During the year, land developers contributed capital assets to the proprietary funds. The contribution of the related assets totaled \$1,916,402.

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2009

	 Agency
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 952,027
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent	874,558
Receivables:	
Taxes	9,669
Accounts	 5,114
Total assets	\$ 1,841,368
Liabilities:	400 405
Due to other governments	\$ 498,185
Accounts payable	191,668
Due to individuals	516,401
Undistributed monies	 635,114
Total liabilities	\$ 1,841,368

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY

The City of Mansfield (the "City") was incorporated as a city in 1857 under the laws of the State of Ohio. In 1982 the voters of Mansfield adopted a charter, which was amended in 1988, 1992, 1996, 2000, 2004, 2008, and again in 2009 to govern the operations of the City. The charter provides for an elected mayor, council (6 wards, 2 at-large and a president), finance director, and law director. In addition, 2 judges of the municipal court are elected. Council members serve 4 year, staggered terms; the president of council, the mayor, finance director, and law director serve 4 year terms, and judicial officials serve 6 year terms.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The City has the option to also apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to apply these FASB Statements and Interpretations. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City's basic financial statements include all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and departments for which the City is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by the GASB, exists if the City appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing board and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on, the City. The City may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations with a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by another government, or a jointly appointed board that is fiscally dependent on the City. The City also took into consideration other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units are organizations for which the City, as the primary government, is financially accountable. To be considered financially accountable, the organization must be fiscally dependent on the City or the City must appoint a majority of the board of the organization and either 1) be able to impose its will on the organization or 2) the relationship must have the potential for creating a financial benefit or imposing a financial burden of the City. Based on these criteria, there are no component units for the City.

The City provides various services and consists of many different activities and smaller accounting entities. Among those included are a police force, a fire fighting force, a municipal court system, a sewage treatment plant, a water treatment plant, an airport, a street maintenance force, a park and recreation system, and a staff to provide the necessary support to these service providers. Each of these activities and entities is under the direct control of City Council, which appropriates for, and finances, their operation. Each is therefore included as part of the reporting entity.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activities of the internal service funds are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental or business-type activity is self-financing or draw from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

C. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - To account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Community Development Fund</u> - To account for monies received from the Federal Government under the Community Development Block Grant Program, the Home Grant Program, and the Economic Development Loan Repayment Program.

<u>Safety Services Fund</u> - To account for monies collected for police and fire department operations.

Grant Fund - To account for federal, state, and/or local grants received by the City.

Other governmental funds of the City are used to account for (a) the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; (b) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds; and (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating revenues, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - The enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> - To account for the City's provision of water treatment and distribution to the residential and commercial users of the City.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> - To account for the City's provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents and commercial users of the City.

The other enterprise fund of the City is used to account for the operations of the City's airport facility.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - The internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's internal service funds report on the operations of garage services, data processing, utility collections, health insurance, OML self-insurance, workers' compensation, and benefit fund.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. They report on the assets and liabilities of Ohio State Patrol (OSP) fines, sewer and street openings, building security, payroll, municipal court, transient occupancy tax, internet auction, board of standards assessments, and utility deposits.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the full accrual economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net assets. The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the financial statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include personnel and other expenses related to the operations of the enterprise activities and operating expenses for the internal service funds include personnel costs, claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and agency funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within thirty-one days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (see Note 7). Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 7).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income taxes withheld by employers, interest on investments, state levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees, gasoline tax, and local government assistance), and reimbursements due from federally funded projects for which corresponding expenditures have been made.

Deferred Revenue - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Deferred revenue includes both, "unearned" and "earned, but unavailable" revenues.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2009, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2010 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Special assessments not received within the available period and grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

F. Budgetary Process

An annual appropriated budget is legally required to be prepared on the budgetary basis for all funds of the City other than agency funds. However, only general fund and major special revenue funds are required to be reported in the basic financial statements. The following are the procedures used by the City in establishing the budgetary data reported in the basic financial statements.

Tax Budget - A budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

Estimated Resources - The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy the full amount of authorized tax rates and reviews revenue estimates. The commission certifies its actions to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the City receives the Official Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to December 31, the City

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. On or about January 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. The Certificate of Estimated Resources may be further amended during the year if the Finance Director determines and the Budget Commission agrees that an estimate needs to be either increased or decreased. The amounts reported on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts from the original and final amended Certificates of Estimated Resources issued in 2009.

Appropriations - A temporary appropriation measure to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period from January 1 to March 31. The annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by Council by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. The appropriation ordinance may be supplemented during the year only by action of Council as new information becomes available, but fund appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. Supplemental appropriation measures were legally enacted during 2009.

Budgeted Level of Expenditures - Appropriations are made by fund, function or department and object, including personal services, contract services, materials and supplies, capital outlay, debt service, and other. Funds appropriated may not be expended for purposes other than those designated in the appropriation measure.

Only Council may alter amounts allocated to various departments and objects during the year as the need arises by adopting modifications to the appropriation measure. Amounts shown in the budgetary financial statements represent the original and final amounts appropriated for 2009.

Encumbrances - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control.

Lapsing of Appropriations - At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and is not reappropriated.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the balance sheet and statement of net assets. Investments are in accordance with the City's Investment Policy.

During 2009, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements, federal agency securities and certificates of deposit.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during 2009. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office that allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2009.

Money held on behalf of the City by a fiscal and escrow agent represents money earmarked for retainage for construction projects, payroll withholdings, or payment of state shared road project costs. These amounts have been reported as "Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent" on the balance sheet and statement of net assets.

Under existing Ohio Statutes, all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2009 amounted to \$321,491 which includes \$299,689 assigned from other City funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the balance sheet and statement of net assets, investments with an original maturity of three months or less and investments of the cash management pool are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an original maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the City's investment accounts at year-end is provided in Note 5.

H. Inventories of Materials and Supplies

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Inventories of the proprietary funds are expensed when used.

On the governmental fund financial statements, recorded inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

I. Restricted Assets

The City, in accordance with bond indentures, federal regulations, and state statutes, has restricted assets within enterprise funds for replacement and improvement of its capital assets. Monies which represent debt proceeds are also restricted for use in constructing enterprise fund assets. As of December 31, 2009, the total restricted cash in the enterprise funds was \$2,998,376. It is in the Sewer fund and is a result of the City receiving construction grant monies for the Wastewater Treatment Plant. A separate account was established to receive and disburse these monies for replacement and improvement purchases of major equipment at the Wastewater Treatment Plant. The funds can never be used to offset deficits or shortfalls in the sewer user charge system. Per the consulting engineer's estimate, the City has sufficient funds in the Reserved for Replacement and Improvement account to meet current needs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Prepaids

Amounts recorded for prepaid items represent the unamortized portion of insurance policies that expire in 2010 or later. Governmental funds use the purchase method of accounting whereby insurance is recognized as an expenditure when purchased. Proprietary funds recognize insurance expense as it is incurred. There were no material prepaid assets to report at December 31, 2009.

K. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the enterprise funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and disposals during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$500. The City's governmental activities infrastructure consists of streets, bridges, and traffic signals. The City's business-type activities infrastructure consists of water lines, sanitary sewer lines, and storm sewer lines. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized for business-type activities. During fiscal 2009, no interest capitalization occurred.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental	Business-Type
	Activities	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Buildings	25 years	25 years
Improvements other than buildings:		
Land improvements	7 - 25 years	7 - 25 years
Machinery and equipment	2 - 50 years	2 - 50 years
Infrastructure:		
Streets	34 years	-
Bridges	30 - 200 years	-
Traffic signals	5 – 12 years	-
Storm sewer	<u>-</u>	50 years
Water and sewer lines	-	30 - 50 years

L. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the City consist of vacation leave, sick leave, and compensatory time to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the City and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In conformity with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", as interpreted by Interpretation No. 6 of the GASB, "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements", vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at December 31 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and by those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the future. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and the employees who are at least 40 years old with at least 20 years of service and will reach full retirement eligibility in the future.

The total liability for vacation leave, sick leave, and compensatory time has been calculated using the pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus applicable additional salary related payments. City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation, compensatory time and sick leave at various rates.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. For proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

N. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, long-term interfund loans are classified as "loans to/from other funds" on the governmental balance sheet and proprietary statement of net assets. On the governmental fund financial statements, loans to other funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve account, which indicates that they do not constitute available expendable resources. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net assets, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

P. Fund Balance Reserves

On the governmental fund financial statements, reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or use. The unreserved portions of fund balance reflected on the governmental fund financial statements are available for use within the specific purposes of the funds.

The City reports a reservation of fund balance for amounts representing encumbrances outstanding, materials and supplies inventory, debt service, loans receivable, loans to other funds, and unclaimed monies in the governmental fund financial statements.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, grants restricted for capital construction, donations by developers, contributions made by the City and assets whose construction was financed through special assessments. Capital contributions are reported as revenue in the proprietary fund financial statements.

S. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation, through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments, or pursuant to bond indenture and federal grant requirements for replacement and improvement of facilities. The City's net assets restricted for other purposes include public safety and capital improvement projects limited by federal grant requirements and contractual obligations. The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Balances/Net Assets

The following funds had deficit fund balances/net assets at December 31, 2009:

	Defi	cit Balance
Governmental funds:		
Major		
General Fund	\$	8,006
Safety-Services		1,047,214
Nonmajor		
Miller Park Project		431,770
Internal service funds:		
Utility Collections		54,330
Health Insurance		607,634
OML Self Insurance		449,980

The deficits in these funds are caused by the application of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers/loans when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 4 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) are presented in the basic financial statements for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- A. Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- B. Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- C. Outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP basis).

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at the end of the year on the GAAP basis to the Budget basis are as follows:

		Community	Safety	Grant
	General	Development	Services	Fund
GAAP Basis	(\$1,427,388)	(\$317,814)	(\$1,121,159)	\$23,894
Adjustments:				
Revenue accruals	702,706	455,904	1,405,893	14,612
Expenditure accruals	(3,097,545)	1,964	(622,417)	45,682
Encumbrances	(48,215)	(20,789)	(45,566)	(44,554)
Budget Basis	(\$3,870,442)	\$119,265	(\$383,249)	\$39,634

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the City of Mansfield into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the City. Such monies must be maintained either as cash by the City, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Finance Director has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested shall be in accordance with the City's Investment Policy. This policy, in conjunction with the City Charter, and the ordinances adopted by the City Council, will govern the investments and the investment activities of the City. It is reviewed periodically for compliance and to assure the flexibility necessary to effectively manage the interim monies.

The interim monies to be deposited or invested will observe the following guidelines:

- 1. The City is permitted to invest in any security specifically authorized by the Ohio Revised Code including, but not limited to the following: the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Company, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association.
- 2. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.
- 3. Investments in United States Treasury securities and those instruments completely guaranteed by the United States Treasury as to payment of principal and interest may be made in any dollar amount.
- 4. Investments in Repurchase Agreements and in Certificates of Deposit made in compliance with the Ohio Revised Code will not exceed fifty (50) percent of the total investment portfolio at the time of purchase in any one institution.
- 5. Investments may be made in the State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- 6. No security will be purchased that has a remaining term to final maturity of more than five years.
- 7. Investments in eligible securities may be made in either coupon or discount instruments.
- 8. Investment portfolio liquidity is defined as the ability to sell a security on short notice near the par value of the security. To help retain desired liquidity, no issue shall be purchased that is likely to have few market makers or poor market bids. Additionally, total portfolio liquidity shall be assured by keeping an adequate amount of short term (usually 30 days or less) investments in the portfolio to accommodate unexpected cash needs of the City.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by surety company bonds deposited with the City by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool held by a financial institution securing all public funds on deposit with the specific depository institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the City had \$402,522 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the City as part of "Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2009, the carrying amount of all City deposits, including certificate of deposits, was \$11,370,795. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40 "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of December 31, 2009, \$10,992,857 of the City's bank balance of \$11,493,009 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$500,152 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in the amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specified collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the City.

C. Investments

As of December 31, 2009, the City had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities of Six Months or Less			
FHLMC	\$ 1,003,000	\$ 1,003,000			
FHLB	1,011,600	1,011,600			
REPO	62,323	62,323			
STAR OHIO	 80,131	80,131			
Total	\$ 2,157,054	\$ 2,157,054			

The weighted average maturity of investments is .26 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the City's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The City's investments were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The City's investment policy does not address credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City's investment policy places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2009:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	% of Total
FHLMC	\$ 1,003,000	46.50%
FHLB	1,011,600	46.90%
REPO	62,323	2.89%
STAR OHIO	80,131	3.71%
Total	\$ 2,157,054	100.00%

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the Statement of Net Assets as of December 31, 2009.

Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 11,370,795
Investments	2,157,054
Cash on hand	402,522
Total	\$ 13,930,371

Cash and Investments per Statement of Net Assets

Governmental activities	\$ 6,045,886
Business-type activities	6,057,900
Agency funds	1,826,585
Total	\$ 13,930,371

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund payable / receivable

As of December 31, 2009 the General Fund had overdrawn its share of the City's pooled cash by \$2,199,961. The overdraft was reflected as an interfund payable rather than a credit balance in the cash account (negative cash). The equivalent amount of this liability was reported as an interfund receivable in the Sewer Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS – (Continued)

B. Interfund transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2009, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financial statements:

		Transfers from							
			Co	mmunity		Safety		Other	
Transfers to	_(General	dev	elopment		services	gov	vernmental	<u>Total</u>
Safety services	\$	606,023	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 606,023
Grant fund		27,445		-		218,829		-	246,274
Other governmental funds		124,999		250,000		162,835		270,330	 808,164
Total	\$	758,467	\$	250,000	\$	381,664	\$	270,330	\$ 1,660,461

Transfers are used (1) to move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the Debt Service Fund as debt service payments become due, (2) to move matching monies to finance the City's share of grant expenses, and (3) to move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. In 2009, Mansfield Municipal Court Judge Jerry Ault declared a surplus in the Court Computerization Fund and thus transferred funds to the Court Costs Fund per Ohio Revised Code 1901.26.

C. Interfund loans

Loans to / from other funds consisted of the following at December 31, 2009, as reported in the fund financial statements:

	Loans from other funds							
Loans to other funds	General	Sewer	Total					
General fund	\$ -	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000					
Safety services fund	1,764,198		1,764,198					
Other governmental fund	431,770		431,770					
Other enterprise fund	3,223	-	3,223					
Total	\$ 2,199,191	\$ 800,000	\$ 2,999,191					

In 2002, the City declared it necessary to issue internal bonds between the General Fund and the Sewer Fund for the purpose of providing temporary funds to the City's General Fund. \$1,300,000 of internal bonds was issued to pay police officer and firefighter employer contributions to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund. \$1,200,000 of internal bonds was issued to provide funds to pay the cost of the City's self-insurance program for health care. These internal bonds were sold at par value to the Sewer Fund of the City using the restricted sewer replacement and improvement cash. They are due to mature in a period of at least five (5) years or a maximum of twenty (20) years bearing an interest rate of 1.95%. The City will appropriate annually from available income taxes the amount necessary to pay the debt on the internal bonds. The bonds will mature and be payable on December 1, 2022. Interest on the bonds shall be payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year. At December 31, 2009, the balance of this loan is \$800,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

In order to cover annual operating expenses, the General Fund issued loans to the Safety Services Fund in the amount of \$1,764,198, and to the Airport Fund in the amount of \$3,223. These loans will be repaid in 2010. A loan totaling \$431,770 was issued to the Miller Park Fund to cover reimbursable grant expenses. This loan will be repaid in 2010 when grant monies are received.

NOTE 7 - TAXES

A. Property Tax

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the City. Real property taxes received in 2009 are levied after October 1, 2008 on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2008, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State laws at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. 2009 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2010. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at 100% of true (market) value and on land and improvements at 88% of true value. Public utilities property taxes received in 2009 became a lien December 31, 2007, were levied after October 1, 2008, and were collected in 2009 with real property taxes. The tangible personal property tax was phased out in 2009 – the assessment percentage for all property including inventory was zero for 2009. The assessed value upon which the 2009 taxes were collected was \$626,270,320. The full tax rate for all City operations for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 was \$3.60 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due January 20; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due January 20 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits earlier or later payment dates to be established. Tangible personal property taxes are also payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30. If paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30 with the remainder payable by September 20. Multi-county corporations may pay the entire tax due in one payment by September 20.

The County Treasurer collects property tax on behalf of all taxing districts within the County. The County Auditor periodically remits the collections to the City. Property taxes receivables represent real and tangible personal property taxes, public utility taxes, and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2009. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at December 31, nor are they intended to finance 2009 operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

B. City Income Tax

The City levies an income tax of 1.75% on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency or business activities inside the City. The first 1.00% of income tax is a permanent levy. An additional .25% of the income tax for street resurfacing became effective July 1, 1985, and was renewed in November of 1988, in May of 1993, in May of 1997, in May 2001, in May 2005, and again in May of 2009. It is scheduled to expire June 30, 2013. Effective April 1, 1988, an additional .50% was levied for police and fire activities and was renewed in November of 1991, in May of 1995, in May of 1999, in May of 2003 and again in May 2007. It is scheduled to expire December 31, 2011.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 7 – TAXES – (Continued)

As of December 31, 2009, the City had income taxes receivable of \$3,863,223 from accrued employer withheld income taxes, individual income tax filings, and business income tax filings. \$405,271 of the income tax receivable was accrued from payment plans for delinquent income taxes. The income taxes receivable was divided between the General Fund, Safety Services Fund, Street Resurfacing Fund and Airport Fund.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2009, consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), special assessments, accrued interest, loans, and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenue. All intergovernmental receivables have been classified as "Due from other governments" on the basic financial statements. Receivables have been recorded to the extent that they are both measurable and available at December 31, 2009, as well as intended to finance fiscal 2009 operations.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the Statement of Net Assets follows:

Governmental Activities:		Business-Type Activities:	
Taxes	\$ 6,564,066	Taxes	\$ 75,333
Accounts	185,467	Accounts	2,967,107
Special assessments	59,441	Special assessments	10,741
Accrued interest	231,683	Due from other governments	 388,581
Loans	2,505,852	Total	\$ 3,441,762
Due from other governments	11,848,880		
Total	\$ 21,395,389		

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. Intergovernmental receivables have been further disaggregated in Note 19. The only receivables not expected to be collected within the subsequent year are the special assessments and the loans. The special assessments are collected over the term of the assessment and the loans receivable will be collected annually for a varying number of years. Allowances for uncollectible accounts represent estimates of uncollectible receivables in the accounts classification. An allowance for uncollectible accounts in the amount of \$881,586 and \$29,718 has been reported in the governmental funds and enterprise funds, respectively. These allowances are reflected in the receivable amounts above.

NOTE 9 – POLLUTION REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES

Citation Corporation donated the former Mansfield Foundry property to the City of Mansfield in May of 2003. The Ohio Department of Development provided grant funds that have been used to complete Phase I and Phase II environmental assessments. Plans to begin voluntary environmental remediation are dependent upon reaching a settlement with our insurance company and the approval of grant funds. The total cost of this project has not been determined.

Environmental assessments were completed for the NextStep project in September 2008. The project includes the former Globe Steel and Tappan properties. Grant applications will be submitted for funds to conduct the identified environmental remediation of the properties with cleanup to begin in 2011. The total cost of this project has not been determined.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2009 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Balance Additions		Reductions		Balance 12/31/09	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	3,989,259	\$	196,850	\$ -	\$	4,186,109
Construction in progress		6,391,024		2,187,721	(7,225,537)		1,353,208
Total capital assets, not being							
depreciated		10,380,283		2,384,571	(7,225,537)		5,539,317
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings		14,419,221		1,518,798	-		15,938,019
Improvements other than buildings		6,444,289		3,829,306	-		10,273,595
Machinery and equipment		23,704,950		711,769	(558,761)		23,857,958
Infrastructure	1	15,770,972		4,759,250	(1,884,025)		118,646,197
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated	1	60,339,432		10,819,123	(2,442,786)		168,715,769
Less: accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings	((11,556,538)		(239,031)	-		(11,795,569)
Improvements other than buildings		(1,400,779)		(298,673)	-		(1,699,452)
Machinery and equipment	((15,935,700)		(1,405,933)	539,313		(16,802,320)
Infrastructure	((86,768,917)		(6,029,496)			(92,798,413)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1	15,661,934)		(7,973,133)	539,313		(123,095,754)
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated, net		44,677,498		2,845,990	(1,903,473)		45,620,015
Governmental activities capital							
assets, net	\$	55,057,781	\$	5,230,561	\$ (9,129,010)	\$	51,159,332

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

	Ba	lance						Balance
Business-Type Activities:	01	/01/09	_	Additions	Re	eductions	_	12/31/09
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 2	2,093,705	\$		\$	_	\$	2,093,705
Construction in progress		778,314		133,110	Ψ ——	(911,424)	Ψ —	
Total capital assets, not being								
depreciated	2	2,872,019		133,110		(911,424)		2,093,705
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings	13	3,379,012		-		-		13,379,012
Improvements other than buildings	30	,895,303		-		-		30,895,303
Machinery and equipment	8	3,476,019		219,232		(25,209)		8,670,042
Infrastructure	60	0,023,218		2,827,826				62,851,044
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated	112	2,773,552		3,047,058		(25,209)		115,795,401
Less: accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings	(10),622,634)		(284,595)		-		(10,907,229)
Improvements other than buildings	(20),918,829)		(912,387)		-		(21,831,216)
Machinery and equipment	(7	7,044,472)		(221,559)		22,993		(7,243,038)
Infrastructure	(35	5,731,059)		(1,178,779)	-			(36,909,838)
Total accumulated depreciation	(74	1,316,994)		(2,597,320)		22,993		(76,891,321)
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net	38	3,456,558		449,738		(2,216)		38,904,080
Business-type activities capital								
assets, net	\$ 41	,328,577	\$	582,848	\$	(913,640)	\$	40,997,785

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$	825,621
Public safety		807,712
Public health and welfare		277
Transportation		6,081,275
Community environment		6,733
Leisure time activities		96,698
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are		
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	_	154,817
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	7,973,133
Business -type activities:		
Water	\$	653,362
Sewer		1,728,661
Other enterprise fund	_	215,297
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	2,597,320

NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

A. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation

City employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. For sworn police and fire personnel, vacation leave is accrued on January 1 of every year regardless of employee's anniversary date. Vacation time valued at \$117,392 will accrue on January 1, 2010 and is not reflected in the financial statements. Under the current contract with the sworn police officers, vacation balances unused at December 31 can be carried over until May 31, upon request. This amount is reflected in the basic financial statements. Any unused prior year vacation balance at May 31 is lost. For all other City employees, vacation leave is accrued on their anniversary date and the vacation earned must be used in the next year. Any unused vacation is eliminated from the employee's vacation balance. Upon separation from the City, the employee (or their estate) is paid for their accumulated unused vacation leave balance.

B. Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave

All City employees, excluding firefighters, earn .05769 hours of sick leave for each non-overtime hour in active pay status. Firefighters, except the fire chief and assistant fire chiefs, earn .0769 hours of sick leave for each non-overtime hour in active pay status. The fire chief earns .05769 and the assistant fire chiefs earn .0928 hours of sick leave for each non-overtime hour in active pay status. Employees may accrue and carry over all sick leave earned with no limits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES – (Continued)

Upon separation from the City, employees with at least eight years of service are paid a pro-rata amount of their accumulated unused sick leave. The pro-rata amount is determined in each negotiated work agreement with the City. Portions of sick leave for eligible employees are accrued within the year of eligibility. Otherwise the cost of sick leave is recorded at the time it is used.

NOTE 12 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In February 2009, the City entered into a \$100,000 capitalized lease for an equipped SWAT vehicle. This lease met the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. The equipment acquired by the capital lease has been capitalized in the City's governmental activities capital assets at the present value of the future minimum lease payments at lease inception. A corresponding liability has been reported in the governmental activities statement of net assets. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ended December 31	_ A	mount
2010	\$	22,400
2011		22,400
2012		22,400
2013		22,399
2014		22,399
Total minimum payments required		111,998
Less: amount representing interest at 3.90%		(11,998)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$	100,000

In December 2004, the City entered into a capitalized lease for police cruisers and equipment with costs totaling \$93,572. In 2009, the City made the final minimum lease payment of \$20,473.

NOTE 13 - OPERATING LEASES

The City is obligated under certain leases accounted for as operating leases. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights or lease obligations, and therefore the results of the lease agreements are not reflected in the City's basic financial statements. Total costs for such leases were \$96,930 for the year ended December 31, 2009. The following is a schedule by year of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases that have initial or remaining noncancellable lease terms as of December 31, 2009:

Year Ended December 31	Amount
2010	\$ 63,628
2011	29,257
2012	19,057
Total minimum payments required	<u>\$ 111,942</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Governmental activities long-term obligations

During fiscal 2009, the following changes occurred in the City's long-term obligations:

	Interest	Maturity	Balance			Balance	Due in
Governmental Activities:	Rate	Date	1/1/09	Additions	Reductions	12/31/09	One Year
General Obligation Bonds							
Series 2002 Various Purpose Bonds	2.05 - 5.00%	2022	\$ 3,340,000	\$ -	\$ (250,000)	\$ 3,090,000	\$ 260,000
Series 2009 Various Purpose Bonds	4.00 - 6.00%	2029		2,620,000		2,620,000	85,000
Total general obligation bonds			3,340,000	2,620,000	(250,000)	5,710,000	345,000
Other Long-Term Obligations							
Notes payable	0.00 - 4.50%	2009-2015	440,000	-	(70,000)	370,000	70,000
Capital lease obligation			20,473	100,000	(20,473)	100,000	18,659
Police and Fire Pension Liability	4.30%	2035	1,239,604	-	(26,073)	1,213,531	27,193
Compensated absences			5,647,650	1,219,021	(1,581,870)	5,284,801	1,427,158
Total other long-term obligations			7,347,727	1,319,021	(1,698,416)	6,968,332	1,543,010
Total governmental activities							
long-term obligations			\$ 10,687,727	\$ 3,939,021	\$ (1,948,416)	\$ 12,678,332	\$ 1,888,010

The voted general obligation bond issues will be paid through the debt service fund from general property tax revenue. The unvoted general obligation bond issues will be paid from available income tax revenue and community development block grant revenue. The police and fire pension liability is paid through the police and fire special revenue fund using unvoted general property tax revenue. The compensated absences liability will be paid from the fund in which the employees' salaries are paid.

The Various Purpose Bonds issued in 2002 in the amount of \$4,565,000 were to pay the costs of issuance and to pay and retire outstanding notes issued in anticipation of bonds for the following purposes: furnishing and equipping fire stations, acquiring fire equipment, fire trucks and emergency squad vehicles; constructing, furnishing and equipping a building for the Service Departments; constructing a new fire station; paying costs of constructing water and sewer lines in the Piper Road Industrial Park; and constructing three public streets in and around the Airport Industrial Complex, including grading, draining, paving, constructing curbs, water, storm sewer and sanitary sewer lines. These bonds are being repaid from the safety services, community development, and street construction maintenance and repair funds.

The Various Purpose Bonds issued in 2009 in the amount of \$2,620,000 were to pay the costs of issuance and to pay and retire outstanding notes issued in anticipation of bonds for the following purposes: constructing, furnishing and equipping the new fire station and improving the City's courtroom security system. These bonds are being repaid from the safety services and court costs funds. On December 31, 2009, \$227,391 of the original issue remained unspent due to the related costs of equipping the new fire station, and \$12,021 remained unspent due to the related costs of improving courtroom security.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The City issued \$1,000,000 in Section 108 Improvement Project notes in 1999. The notes are paid from the section 108 improvement fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2009 are as follows:

Year Ended	Police and Fire Pension Liability					
December 31,	_	Principal		Interest		Total
2010	\$	27,193	\$	51,289	\$	78,482
2011	Ψ	28,361	Ψ	50,121	Ψ	78,482
2012		29,579		48,903		78,482
2013		30,849		47,633		78,482
2014		32,174		46,308		78,482
2015 - 2019		182,827		209,583		392,410
2020 - 2024		225,611		166,798		392,409
2025 - 2029		278,407		114,002		392,409
2030 - 2034		343,559		48,851		392,410
2035		34,971		743		35,714
Total	\$	1,213,531	\$	784,231	\$	1,997,762
Year Ended		Ger	neral (Obligation B	londs	
December 31,		Principal_		Interest_	onds	Total
		•				
2010	\$	345,000	\$	278,305	\$	623,305
2011		355,000		264,504		619,504
2012		375,000		250,035		625,035
2013		270,000		234,463		504,463
2014		285,000		223,125		508,125
2015 - 2019		1,645,000		914,425		2,559,425
2020 - 2024		1,515,000		467,687		1,982,687
2025 - 2029		920,000	_	157,300		1,077,300
Total	\$	5,710,000	\$ 2	2,789,844	\$	8,499,844
Year Ended			Note	es Payable		
December 31,		Principal		Interest		Total
2010	\$	70,000	\$	28,211	\$	98,211
2011	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	22,997	Ψ	92,997
2012		70,000		17,748		87,748
2013		70,000		12,395		82,395
2014		70,000		6,992		76,992
2015		20,000		1,562		21,562
Total	\$	370,000	\$	89,905	\$	459,905

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2009, the City's legal voted and unvoted debt margin was \$60,134,665 and \$28,821,149, respectively.

B. Business-Type activities long-term obligations

The following changes occurred in the City's business-type activities long-term obligations during fiscal 2009:

	Interest	Maturity	Balance			Balance	Due in
Business-Type Activities:	Rate	Date	1/1/09	Additions	Reductions	12/31/09	One Year
General Obligation Bonds:							
Series 2008 Waterworks Refunding	3.50%	2013	\$ 1,865,000	\$ -	\$ (395,000)	\$ 1,470,000	\$ 410,000
Series 2009 Various Purpose Bonds	4.00 - 6.00%	2029		1,080,000		1,080,000	35,000
Total general obligation bonds			1,865,000	1,080,000	(395,000)	2,550,000	445,000
Other long-term obligations:							
Notes payable	0.00%	2017	274,739	-	(19,381)	255,358	9,691
Compensated absences			1,185,520	379,780	(475,322)	1,089,978	529,253
Total other long-term obligations			1,460,259	379,780	(494,703)	1,345,336	538,944
Total business-type activities							
long-term obligations			\$ 3,325,259	\$ 1,459,780	\$ (889,703)	\$ 3,895,336	\$ 983,944

The 2008 Waterworks Bonds were issued in the amount of \$2,230,000 to pay the cost of issuance and refund the outstanding bonds issued in 1992 and 1993 for the following purposes: installation of instrumentation facilities, construction of an elevated water storage reservoir and other improvements at the water treatment plant. These bonds are being repaid from the City's water fund.

The 2009 Various Purpose Bonds were issued in the amount of \$1,080,000 to pay and retire outstanding notes issued in anticipation of bonds for the purpose of improving the City's wastewater treatment plant. These bonds are being repaid from the City's sewer fund.

In 1997, the City issued \$187,620 in Ohio Public Works Commission Notes for the North Wells water line replacement. In 2008, the City issued \$200,000 in Ohio Public Works Commission Notes for the Bowman Street and Cairns Road water lines. These notes are being repaid from the water fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2009 are as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Year Ended		General Obligation Bonds					
December 31,	<u>Prir</u>	cipal	Interest			Total	
2010	\$ 4	145,000	\$	106,681	\$	551,681	
2011	4	155,000		90,931		545,931	
2012	2	150,000		74,831		524,831	
2013	2	265,000		58,906		323,906	
2014		40,000		49,431		89,431	
2015 - 2019	2	225,000		221,564		446,564	
2020 - 2024	2	290,000		158,800		448,800	
2025 - 2029	3	<u>880,000</u>		64,900		444,900	
Total	\$ 2,5	550,000	\$	826,044	\$	3,376,044	
Year Ended			Not	es Payable			
December 31,	Pri	ncipal		Interest		Total	
December 51,	_ 111	пстрат		interest		1 Ota1	
2010	\$	9,691	\$	-	\$	9,691	
2011		19,381		_		19,381	
2012		19,381		_		19,381	
2013		19,381		_		19,381	
2014		19,381		_		19,381	
2015 - 2019		78,143		_		78,143	
2020 - 2024		50,000		_		50,000	
2025 - 2028		40,000		_		40,000	
2023 2020		70,000	_	<u>_</u> _	_	70,000	
Total	\$	255,358	\$	_	\$	255,358	

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a participant in the Ohio Municipal League Joint Self-Insurance Pool (the "Pool"). The Pool was established in 1987 and is administered under contract by the Ohio Municipal League to provide a program of property and casualty self-insurance for its member organizations throughout the State of Ohio. The Pool's general objectives are to formulate, develop, and administer a program of self-insurance, to obtain lower costs for coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program on behalf of the member political subdivisions. Political subdivisions joining the Pool may withdraw at the end of any coverage period upon 60 days prior written notice to the Pool. Under agreement, members who terminate participation in the Pool, as well as current members, are subject to a supplemental assessment or a refund, at the discretion of the board of trustees, depending on the ultimate loss experience of all the entities it insures for each coverage year. To date, there have been no assessments or refunds.

The City obtained insurance coverage from the Pool for general liability, public officials' error and omissions, law enforcement liability, property, automobile liability, inland marine, boiler and machinery, and EMS liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has not been a reduction in coverage.

Each participant makes an annual "contribution" to the Pool for the coverage they are provided, based on rates established by the Pool, using anticipated and actual results of operations for the various coverages provided. Participants are also charged for a "surplus contribution" that is used to build the Pool's retained earning account to fund the activities of the Pool. During 2008 and 2009, the City made contributions in the amounts

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

of \$395,113 and \$435,752, and surplus contributions to the Pool in the amounts of \$43,901 and \$48,417, respectively.

In the ordinary course of business, the Pool grants a portion of its exposure to other insurers. These arrangements limit the Pool's maximum net loss on individual risks. Treaty basis casualty excess of loss contracts in force at December 31, 2001 currently protect the Pool against individual losses over \$150,000.

Additionally, treaty basis property coverage protects the Pool against losses subject to a deductible of \$50,000 per occurrence. Previously the deductible was the lesser of \$50,000 per location or \$100,000 per occurrence.

The Pool is, and ultimately the participants are, contingently liable should any reinsurer become unable to meet its obligations under the reinsurance agreements.

The aviation liability is purchased from a commercial insurance company.

A review board of City Council members analyzes all accidents such as damage to mailboxes, sewer backups, and personal injury on City property claims for determination of City liability before payments are made or claims filed.

The City pays the Workers' Compensation System a premium based on accident history and administrative costs.

The City has elected to provide Medical, Dental, and Life Insurance as benefits to all full-time employees. A \$25,000 Life, Accidental Death and Dismemberment policy is carried on the employees under the union contracts (AFSCME, FOP, and IAFF). The remaining non-bargaining employees are carried on a policy at an amount equal to their annual salary rounded to the nearest thousand. This policy is effective one month from the date of hire, at no cost to the employee. This coverage is provided by the Standard Insurance Company.

Medical and Dental insurance is provided through a self-insured program. An internal service fund was established to account for and finance this program. This plan provides medical coverage with a \$200 single deductible, \$400 family deductible, and a dental plan that pays 100% preventive maintenance costs for employees only. A third party administrator, E.S. Beveridge & Associates, Inc., reviews all claims which are paid by the City. The City pays into the self-insurance internal service fund an amount equal to \$549 single coverage and \$1,334 family coverage per employee per month. A portion of the amount paid into the self-insurance internal service fund is paid by the employees through payroll deduction. The amount depends on the employee's type of coverage. Each fund is billed monthly based upon the number of eligible employees receiving health and dental benefits with adjustments made for prior claims and administrative costs.

The liability for unpaid claims costs of \$583,540 reported in the internal service fund at December 31, 2009 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10. This statement requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the combined financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the combined financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Estimates for unpaid claims are based on available information.

Changes in the self-insurance fund's claims liability amount for 2008 and 2009 were as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claim <u>Payments</u>	Balance at End of Year
2009	\$ 1,004,251	\$ 5,981,763	\$ (6,402,474)	\$ 583,540
2008	\$ 556,587	\$ 5,963,022	\$ (5,515,358)	\$ 1,004,251

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

All employees of the City are required to participate in one of two pension plans administered and controlled by the State of Ohio. The majority of City employees participate in the statewide Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). Police officers and firefighters participate in the statewide Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). Both OPERS and OP&F are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement systems.

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

OPERS has provided the following disclosures in accordance with GASB Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers* (GASB 27).

OPERS administers three separate pension plans as described below:

- The Traditional Plan a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined pension plan.
- The Member-Directed Plan a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings.
- The Combined Plan a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost-of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits.

Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2009, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. Members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans. The 2009 member contribution rates were 10.00% for members in state and local classifications. The 2009 employer contribution rates were 14.00% of covered payroll.

The City's contributions to OPERS for the years ending December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$1,863,328, \$2,139,557, and \$2,091,055, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

2007 and 2008, and 93.03% has been contributed for 2009 with the remainder being reported as a liability in the respective funds.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

OP&F has provided the following disclosures in accordance with GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers (GASB 27).

OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a stand alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to OP&F at: 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by calling (614)228-2975.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual salary, while employers are required to contribute 19.50% and 24.00% respectively for police officers and firefighters.

Contributions by the City to the OP&F for police officers for the year ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$1,001,762, \$1,051,960, and \$944,845, respectively, and for firefighters the contributions were \$1,449,014, \$1,493,992, and \$1,385,917, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2007 and 2008. For police officers and firefighters, 71.21% and 66.33%, respectively, have been contributed for 2009 with the remainder being reported as a liability in the respective funds.

In addition to current contributions, the City pays installments on the accrued liability incurred when the State of Ohio established the statewide pension system for police officers and firefighters in 1967. As of December 31, 2009, the unfunded liability of the City was \$1,213,531 payable in semi-annual payments through the year 2035. This is an accounting liability of the City which will not vary. The liability is reported as a component of governmental activities long-term obligations.

NOTE 17 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

In addition to the pension benefits described previously, both OPERS and OP&F provide post-retirement health care coverage commonly referred to as OPEB. The health care coverage provided is considered an OPEB under GASB Statement No. 12, *Disclosure of Information on Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits by State and Local Government Employers* (GASB 12). For both systems, the Ohio Revised Code provides the authority for public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 17 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer contributions. For local government employer units, the rate is 14.00% of covered payroll, of which 7.00% was used to fund health care from January 1 through March 31, 2009 and 5.5% from April 1 through December 31, 2009.

OPERS provides post—retirement health care benefits to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans; however, health care benefits are not statutorily guaranteed. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including postemployment health care coverage. In order to qualify for post-retirement health care coverage, age and service retirees, under the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans, must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and qualified primary survivor benefit recipients is available and meets the definition of an OPEB as described in GASB 12.

Summary of Assumptions

- Actuarial Review: The assumptions and calculations below were based on OPERS' latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2008.
- Funding Method: The individual entry age actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of unfunded actuarial accrued liability.
- Assets Valuation Method All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach, assets are adjusted to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually, not to exceed a 12% corridor.
- Investment Return The investment assumption rate for 2008 was 6.50%.
- Active Employee Total Payroll An annual increase of 4.00%, compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. In addition, annual pay increases over and above the 4.00% base increase, were assumed to range from 0.50% to 6.30%.
- Health Care Health care costs were assumed to increase at the projected wage inflation rate plus an additional factor ranging from 0.50% to 3% for the next six years. In subsequent years, (seven and beyond) health care costs were assumed to increase at 4%.

OPEB is advance-funded on actuarially determined basis. The following disclosures are required:

- The Traditional Pension and Combined Plans had 357,584 active contributing participants as of December 31, 2009. The number of active contributing participants for both plans used in the December 31, 2008, actuarial valuation was 356,388.
- The City's total contributions to OPERS for the year ending December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$1,863,328, \$2,139,557, and \$2,091,055 respectively, of which \$931,664, \$1,069,779, and \$832,392 respectively, was allocated to the healthcare plan.
- The amount of \$10.7 billion represents the actuarial funding value of OPERS' net assets available for OPEB at December 31, 2008.
- Based on the actuarial cost method used, the Actuarial Valuation as of December 31, 2008, reported the actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarially accrued liability for OPEB at \$29.6 billion and \$18.9 billion, respectively.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 17 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased on January 1 of each year from 2006 to 2008, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of 22, if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an OPEB as described in GASB Statement No. 12.

The Ohio Revised Code provides that health care cost paid from the funds of OP&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The total police employer contribution rate is 19.5% of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24% of covered payroll.

Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you go basis. A percentage of covered payroll, as defined by the Board, is used to pay retiree health care expenses. The Board defined allocation was 6.75% of covered payroll in 2008 and 6.75% of covered payroll in 2009. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees and survivors were required to contribute a portion of the cost of their healthcare coverage through a deduction from their monthly health care contributions.

The number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2008, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, are 14,567 for police and 10,750 for firefighters. The total health care expense for the year ending December 31, 2008 was \$96,472,398, which was net of member contributions of \$56,948.977.

The City contributes to the OP&F sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by the OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Revenue Code 401(H) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The amount of employer contributions allocated to

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 17 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Section 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

Contributions by the City to the OP&F for police officers for the year ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$1,001,762, \$1,051,960, and \$944,845 respectively, of which \$346,610, \$363,978, and \$355,161 was allocated to the healthcare plan. Total contributions by the City to the OP&F for firefighters for the year ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$1,449,014, \$1,493,992, and \$1,385,917, respectively, of which \$407,173, \$419,812, and \$397,247, respectively, was allocated to the healthcare plan.

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The City has received Federal and State grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowances, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

B. Litigation

The City is a defendant in several lawsuits, the outcome of which cannot be determined. It is the opinion of the City's Law Director that any judgment against the City would not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

NOTE 19 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

A summary of the intergovernmental receivables as reported on the fund financial statements as "Due from other governments" are as follows:

Water fund: County water samples	\$ 2,792
Total Water fund	\$ 2,792
Sewer fund: City of Ontario sewer agreement Richland County sewer agreement	\$ 178,632
Total Sewer fund	\$ 385,789

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 19 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES – (Continued)

Community Development fund:	¢ 4.021.720
CDBG and HOME grants	\$ 4,921,729
Total Community Development fund	\$ 4,921,729
General fund:	
Cigarette settlement	\$ 2,069
Court apportionment	22,113
Estate and inheritance tax	125,116
Homestead/Rollback	117,822
Local government funds	1,222,993
Public defenders reimbursement	51,070
Richland County share of judge's salary	240,140
State liquor permit fees	55,114
Total General fund	\$ 1,836,437
Safety Services fund:	
Homestead/Rollback	\$ 23,569
Police fees	21,350
Total Safety Services fund	\$ 44,919
·	\$ 44,919
Grant fund:	
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant	\$ 4,685
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant Byrne grants	\$ 4,685 410,080
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant Byrne grants Community corrections grant	\$ 4,685 410,080 56,624
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant Byrne grants Community corrections grant Community policing grant	\$ 4,685 410,080
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant Byrne grants Community corrections grant Community policing grant COPS hiring recovery grant	\$ 4,685 410,080 56,624 5,112
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant Byrne grants Community corrections grant Community policing grant	\$ 4,685 410,080 56,624 5,112 1,098,205
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant Byrne grants Community corrections grant Community policing grant COPS hiring recovery grant COPS officer retention grant	\$ 4,685 410,080 56,624 5,112 1,098,205 658,197
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant Byrne grants Community corrections grant Community policing grant COPS hiring recovery grant COPS officer retention grant Coverdell forensic grant	\$ 4,685 410,080 56,624 5,112 1,098,205 658,197 19,130
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant Byrne grants Community corrections grant Community policing grant COPS hiring recovery grant COPS officer retention grant Coverdell forensic grant Crime victims grant	\$ 4,685 410,080 56,624 5,112 1,098,205 658,197 19,130 34,525
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant Byrne grants Community corrections grant Community policing grant COPS hiring recovery grant COPS officer retention grant Coverdell forensic grant Crime victims grant DNA Backlog grants	\$ 4,685 410,080 56,624 5,112 1,098,205 658,197 19,130 34,525 240,573
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant Byrne grants Community corrections grant Cops hiring recovery grant COPS officer retention grant Coverdell forensic grant Crime victims grant DNA Backlog grants Drug taskforce grant EMS grant FAA grant	\$ 4,685 410,080 56,624 5,112 1,098,205 658,197 19,130 34,525 240,573 13,417 2,970 20,330
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant Byrne grants Community corrections grant Community policing grant COPS hiring recovery grant COPS officer retention grant Coverdell forensic grant Crime victims grant DNA Backlog grants Drug taskforce grant EMS grant FAA grant Family violence grant	\$ 4,685 410,080 56,624 5,112 1,098,205 658,197 19,130 34,525 240,573 13,417 2,970 20,330 128,573
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant Byrne grants Community corrections grant Community policing grant COPS hiring recovery grant COPS officer retention grant Coverdell forensic grant Crime victims grant DNA Backlog grants Drug taskforce grant EMS grant FAA grant Family violence grant High visability grant	\$ 4,685 410,080 56,624 5,112 1,098,205 658,197 19,130 34,525 240,573 13,417 2,970 20,330 128,573 39,014
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant Byrne grants Community corrections grant Community policing grant COPS hiring recovery grant COPS officer retention grant Coverdell forensic grant Crime victims grant DNA Backlog grants Drug taskforce grant EMS grant FAA grant Family violence grant High visability grant Metrich grant	\$ 4,685 410,080 56,624 5,112 1,098,205 658,197 19,130 34,525 240,573 13,417 2,970 20,330 128,573 39,014 249,980
Grant fund: Bulletproof vest grant Byrne grants Community corrections grant Community policing grant COPS hiring recovery grant COPS officer retention grant Coverdell forensic grant Crime victims grant DNA Backlog grants Drug taskforce grant EMS grant FAA grant Family violence grant High visability grant	\$ 4,685 410,080 56,624 5,112 1,098,205 658,197 19,130 34,525 240,573 13,417 2,970 20,330 128,573 39,014

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 19 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

Other Governmental funds:	
Gasoline tax	\$ 757,163
Indigent drivers treatment	11,808
Local solicitation grant	28,860
Motor vehicle registration	155,805
Nutrition grant	45,856
Ohio Department of Development grants	303,566
Permissive sales tax	367,260
Regional Community Advancement contracts	 80,526
Total Other Governmental funds	\$ 1,750,844

NOTE 20 – SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following changes occurred in the City's short-term obligations during 2009:

			Balance							
	<u>1/1/09</u>		Additions		Reductions			12/31/09		
Governmental Funds										
Vehicle/Equipment Note	\$	255,000	\$	-	\$	(255,000)	\$	-		
New Fire Station Note		2,125,000		-		(2,125,000)		-		
Courtroom Security Note		305,000	_	-		(305,000)	_	-		
Total Governmental Notes		2,685,000	_	-		(2,685,000)	_	-		
Business-Type Funds										
Sewer Improvement Note		1,985,000	_	-		(1,985,000)	_			
Total Business-Type Notes		1,985,000		-	_	(1,985,000)				
Total Short-Term Obligations	\$	4,670,000	\$	-	\$	(4,670,000)	\$	-		

The 2009 Various Purpose Bonds in the amount of \$3,700,000 were to pay the cost of issuance and to pay and retire all of the City's 2008 notes issued in anticipation of bonds (note 14).

NOTE 21 – BUDGETARY NONCOMPLIANCE

At December 31, 2009, contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.10(H), the City had a deficit cash balance in its General fund in the amount of \$2,164,866.

At December 31, 2009, contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39, original and final appropriations exceeded estimated resources in the General fund by \$1,940,212 and \$2,375,647, respectively.

At December 31, 2009, contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B), the City had actual expenditures exceed appropriations in the Safety services fund by \$2,029,759.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 22 – FISCAL WATCH

On December 15, 2009, the City was declared in fiscal watch by Ohio Auditor of State Mary Taylor due to projected deficits. The City will continue an emergency only spending plan along with additional reductions in staff until an additional income tax levy can be passed. The Auditor of State continues to monitor the City's financial activity.

COMBINING STATEMENTS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The following are the nonmajor special revenue funds which the City of Mansfield operates:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair:

To account for state-levied and controlled gasoline tax and vehicle license fees remitted to the City for routine street maintenance.

State Highway:

To account for state-levied and controlled gasoline tax and vehicle license fees for routine maintenance of state highways within the City.

Regional Community Advancement:

To account for grants and other miscellaneous contracts used in the operation of the City's Regional Community Advancement building on Bowman Street. Individual programs are controlled by separate program numbers.

Drug Law Enforcement:

To account for the deposit and expenditure of mandatory fines for drug trafficking offenses.

Law Enforcement:

To account for monies collected from the sale of contraband.

Permissive Sales Tax:

To account for distribution of sales tax collected by Richland County. Monies are to be used solely for road improvements on state highways, county roads entering the City, or streets with a common border with another entity.

Industrial Development:

To account for the activities associated with the promotion and development of the local industrial environment.

Indigent Drivers Alcohol Treatment:

To account for monies received through the enforcement and implementation of Ohio traffic laws governing operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.

Court Computerization:

To account for an increase in court fees for the purpose of funding the acquisition and maintenance of computerized legal research services for the courts.

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant:

To account for monies received from the federal government under the Local Law Enforcement Block Grant program. The purpose is to underwrite projects to reduce crime and improve public safety.

Probation Services:

To account for monies received by the Municipal Court Department of Probation for monthly probation supervision fees.

Court Costs:

To account for additional fees and costs imposed by the Mansfield Municipal Court to assist in improvements and maintenance of the City's court facilities.

Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Debt Service:

To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

COMBINING STATEMENTS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by the proprietary or permanent funds. The following is a description of all the City's nonmajor capital projects funds:

Street Resurfacing:

To account for the extra one quarter percent income tax collections used solely for the resurfacing of City streets.

Issue II Improvement:

To account for the construction and improvement of projects which have been granted State Issue II monies.

Section 108 Improvement:

To account for monies collected for the construction of a new fire station, expansion of the Central Fire Station, and infrastructure improvements for the City's industrial parks.

Fixed Asset Acquisition:

To account for a motor pool of non-safety motor vehicles owned by the City with the operation under the control of the Repair Garage Division.

2005 Service Fleet:

To account for proceeds from a bond note sale to acquire vehicles and ancillary equipment for street maintenance.

Miller Park Project:

To account for loan proceeds and grant funds from the Ohio Department of Development and the Ohio Air National Guard for infrastructure improvements to a new industrial park near the Mansfield Lahm Airport.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2009

Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
		2,573,846 14,590	\$	86,281	\$	1,993,430 38,523	\$	4,653,557 53,113	
Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles):		,				Í		,	
Taxes		-		-		545,101		545,101	
Accounts		50,541		-		7,868		58,409	
Accrued interest		9,182		-		-		9,182	
Loans		1,134,274		-		202.566		1,134,274	
Due from other governments		1,447,278 350,622		-		303,566		1,750,844 350,622	
waterials and supplies inventory									
Total assets	\$	5,580,333	\$	86,281	\$	2,888,488	\$	8,555,102	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	96,986	\$	-	\$	15,979	\$	112,965	
Contracts payable		17,613		-		58,468		76,081	
Retainage payable		14,590		-		38,523		53,113	
Accrued wages and benefits		27,297		-		-		27,297	
Compensated absences		13,046		-		-		13,046	
Loans from other funds		-		-		431,770		431,770	
Due to other governments		80,104		-		-		80,104	
Deferred revenue		1,154,326				558,267		1,712,593	
Total liabilities		1,403,962				1,103,007		2,506,969	
Fund Balances:									
Reserved for encumbrances		111,423		-		220,674		332,097	
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory		350,622		-		-		350,622	
Reserved for loans		1,134,274		-		-		1,134,274	
Reserved for debt service		-		71,917		-		71,917	
Special revenue funds		2,580,052		-		-		2,580,052	
Debt service fund		-		14,364		-		14,364	
Capital projects funds						1,564,807		1,564,807	
Total fund balances		4,176,371		86,281		1,785,481		6,048,133	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,580,333	\$	86,281	\$	2,888,488	\$	8,555,102	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Street Construction Maintenance and Repair		State Highway		Regional Community Advancement		Drug Law Enforcement	
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles):	\$	330,058	\$	40,835	\$	121,831	\$	32,520	
Accounts		- -		- -		- -		- - -	
Due from other governments		843,996 342,644		68,972		126,382		<u> </u>	
Total assets	\$	1,516,698	\$	109,807	\$	248,213	\$	32,520	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	78,558 -	\$	1,892	\$	7,184	\$	- - -	
Accrued wages and benefits		16,481		-		7,812		-	
Compensated absences		7,538 34,156 696,604		57,022		2,827 29,694 68,255		- -	
Total liabilities		833,337		58,914		115,772			
Fund Balances:									
Reserved for encumbrances		25,592 342,644		-		206		-	
Unreserved, undesignated		315,125		50,893		132,235		32,520	
Total fund balances		683,361		50,893	-	132,441		32,520	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,516,698	\$	109,807	\$	248,213	\$	32,520	

En	Law Enforcement		Permissive Sales Tax		Industrial Development		ndigent ers Alcohol reatment	Com	Court puterization	En	ocal Law forcement ock Grant
\$	181,027	\$	689,345 14,590	\$	190,872	\$	51,930	\$	430,717	\$	143,562
			,				0.52		4.906		
	-		-		9,182		853		4,806		-
	-		-		1,134,274		-		-		-
	-		367,260		1,134,274		11,808		-		28,860
			-				-		5,439		
\$	181,027	\$	1,071,195	\$	1,334,328	\$	64,591	\$	440,962	\$	172,422
\$	178	\$	-	\$	269	\$	_	\$	1,324	\$	4,000
	-		17,613		-		-		-		-
	-		14,590		-		-		-		-
	-		-		804		-		714		-
	-		-		2,681		-		-		-
	3,459		-		9,002		-		610		20.060
			291,777			-	11,808				28,860
	3,637		323,980		12,756		11,808		2,648		32,860
	300		80,003		_		_		2,600		_
	-				_		_		5,439		_
	_		_		1,134,274		_		-		_
	177,090		667,212		187,298		52,783		430,275		139,562
	177,390		747,215		1,321,572		52,783		438,314		139,562
\$	181,027	\$	1,071,195	\$	1,334,328	\$	64,591	\$	440,962	\$	172,422

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

	obation ervices	 Court Costs	Total		
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 64,581	\$ 296,568	\$	2,573,846	
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles):	-	-		14,590	
Accounts	5,376	39,506		50,541	
Accrued interest	-	-		9,182	
Loans	-	-		1,134,274	
Due from other governments	-	-		1,447,278	
Materials and supplies inventory	 2,539	 		350,622	
Total assets	\$ 72,496	\$ 336,074	\$	5,580,333	
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 3,033	\$ 548	\$	96,986	
Contracts payable	-	-		17,613	
Retainage payable	-	-		14,590	
Accrued wages and benefits	-	1,486		27,297	
Compensated absences	-	-		13,046	
Due to other governments	-	3,183		80,104	
Deferred revenue	 	 		1,154,326	
Total liabilities	 3,033	 5,217		1,403,962	
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for encumbrances	969	1,753		111,423	
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory	2,539	-		350,622	
Reserved for loans	-	-		1,134,274	
Unreserved, undesignated	 65,955	 329,104		2,580,052	
Total fund balances	69,463	 330,857		4,176,371	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 72,496	\$ 336,074	\$	5,580,333	

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Street Resurfacing		Section 108 Improvement		Fixed Asset Acquisition		Miller Park Project	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,002,747	\$	227,393	\$	763,290	\$		
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent	Ф	38,523	Þ	-	Φ	-	Ф	-	
Taxes		545,101 7,868		-		-		-	
Due from other governments								303,566	
Total assets	\$	1,594,239	\$	227,393	\$	763,290	\$	303,566	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	15,979	\$	-	\$	-	
Contracts payable		58,468		-		-		-	
Retainage payable		38,523		-		-		-	
Loans from other funds		-		-		-		431,770	
Deferred revenue		254,701						303,566	
Total liabilities		351,692		15,979				735,336	
Fund Balances:									
Reserved for encumbrances		210,077		10,597		-		-	
Unreserved, undesignated (deficit)		1,032,470		200,817		763,290		(431,770)	
Total fund balances (deficit)		1,242,547		211,414		763,290		(431,770)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,594,239	\$	227,393	\$	763,290	\$	303,566	

Total							
\$	1,993,430						
	38,523						
	545,101						
	7,868						
	303,566						
\$	2,888,488						
\$	15,979						
	58,468						
	38,523						
	431,770						
	558,267						
	1,103,007						
	220,674						
	1,564,807						
	1,785,481						
\$	2,888,488						

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,2009

	Jonmajor cial Revenue Funds	onmajor bt Service Fund	Nonmajor ital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues:						
Municipal income taxes	\$ 282,208	\$ -	\$ 3,115,383	\$	3,397,591	
Charges for services	337,052	-	-		337,052	
Licenses, permits and fees	30,917	-	-		30,917	
Fines and forfeitures	845,448	-	-		845,448	
Intergovernmental	3,743,860	-	1,424,961		5,168,821	
Investment income	8,273	16	-		8,289	
Other	 401,005	 	 		401,005	
Total revenues	 5,648,763	 16	 4,540,344		10,189,123	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	2,420,685	129,262	-		2,549,947	
Public safety	172,667	-	-		172,667	
Transportation	2,528,206	-	-		2,528,206	
Community environment	405,679	-	-		405,679	
Capital outlay	188,798	-	3,593,034		3,781,832	
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	320,000	-		320,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	 16,728	 186,946	 89,309		292,983	
Total expenditures	 5,732,763	 636,208	 3,682,343		10,051,314	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (84,000)	 (636,192)	 858,001		137,809	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	13,497	-	-		13,497	
Sale of bond premium	-	64,448	-		64,448	
Bond proceeds	300,000	88,750	2,231,250		2,620,000	
Capital lease	100,000	-	-		100,000	
Transfers in	310,806	497,358	-		808,164	
Transfers out	 (270,330)	 -			(270,330)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 453,973	 650,556	 2,231,250		3,335,779	
Net change in fund balances	369,973	14,364	3,089,251		3,473,588	
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	3,703,060	71,917	(1,303,770)		2,471,207	
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory	 103,338	 	 <u> </u>		103,338	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 4,176,371	\$ 86,281	\$ 1,785,481	\$	6,048,133	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Street Construction Maintenance and Repair	State Highway	Regional Community Advancement	Drug Law Enforcement
Revenues:				
Municipal income taxes	\$ 42,208	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	130,933	-	48,640	-
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	3,834
Intergovernmental	1,824,663	147,864	902,638	-
Investment income	171	470	-	-
Other		<u> </u>	986	
Total revenues	1,997,975	148,334	952,264	3,834
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	-	-	983,951	-
Public safety	-	-	-	7,194
Community environment	-	-	-	-
Transportation	1,741,628	128,318	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Interest and fiscal charges	-	<u> </u>		
Total expenditures	1,741,628	128,318	983,951	7,194
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	256,347	20,016	(31,687)	(3,360)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	7,065	-	-	-
Bond proceeds	-	-	-	-
Capital lease	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	124,999	-
Transfers out	(84,523)			
Total other financing sources (uses):	(77,458)	<u> </u>	124,999	
Net change in fund balances	178,889	20,016	93,312	(3,360)
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	391,279	30,877	40,341	35,880
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory	113,193	<u> </u>	(1,212)	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 683,361	\$ 50,893	\$ 132,441	\$ 32,520

Law Enforcement		rmissive ales Tax		ndustrial velopment	Indigent Drivers Alcohol Treatment		Court Computerization		Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	
\$	-	\$ -	\$	240,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	126,554	-		-		23,591		158,371		-
	-	636,824		48,334		27,319		-		156,218
	50	-		7,139		-		-		443
		 		400,019		-				-
	126,604	 636,824		695,492	-	50,910		158,371		156,661
	_	_		382,702		_		240,911		_
	56,077	-		-		1,300		-		108,096
	-	-		405,679		-		-		-
	188,798	658,260		-		-		-		-
	100,790	-		-		-		-		-
	-	 -		-		-				-
	244,875	 658,260	-	788,381	-	1,300		240,911	-	108,096
	(118,271)	 (21,436)		(92,889)		49,610		(82,540)		48,565
	-	-		6,432		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	100,000	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		(185,807)		-
	100,000			6,432		-		(185,807)		-
	(18,271)	(21,436)		(86,457)		49,610		(268,347)		48,565
	195,661	768,651 -		1,408,029		3,173		712,272 (5,611)		90,997
\$	177,390	\$ 747,215	\$	1,321,572	\$	52,783	\$	438,314	\$	139,562
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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	robation Services	Court Costs	Total		
Revenues:	 	 			
Municipal income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$	282,208	
Charges for services	157,479	-		337,052	
Licenses, permits and fees	5,376	25,541		30,917	
Fines and forfeitures	-	533,098		845,448	
Intergovernmental	-	-		3,743,860	
Investment income	-	-		8,273	
Other	 	 		401,005	
Total revenues	 162,855	 558,639		5,648,763	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	120,188	692,933		2,420,685	
Public safety	-	-		172,667	
Community environment	-	-		405,679	
Transportation	-	-		2,528,206	
Capital outlay	-	-		188,798	
Debt service:					
Interest and fiscal charges	 	 16,728		16,728	
Total expenditures	 120,188	 709,661		5,732,763	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 42,667	 (151,022)		(84,000)	
Other financing sources:					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-		13,497	
Bond proceeds	-	300,000		300,000	
Capital lease	-	-		100,000	
Transfers in	-	185,807		310,806	
Transfers out	 -	 -		(270,330)	
Total other financing sources (uses):	 	 485,807		453,973	
Net change in fund balances	42,667	334,785		369,973	
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	29,828	(3,928)		3,703,060	
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory	 (3,032)	 		103,338	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 69,463	\$ 330,857	\$	4,176,371	

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,2009

	R	Street esurfacing	Issue II Improvement		Section 108 Improvement		Fixed Asset Acquisition	
Revenues:					. "			
Municipal income taxes	\$	3,115,383	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental			-	425,000				49,790
Total revenues		3,115,383		425,000		-		49,790
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		2,706,462		425,000		270,284		-
Interest and fiscal charges						88,077		
Total expenditures		2,706,462		425,000		358,361		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		408,921		-		(358,361)		49,790
Other financing sources:								
Bond proceeds			-			2,231,250		
Total other financing sources:		-		-		2,231,250		-
Net change in fund balances		408,921		-		1,872,889		49,790
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year		833,626				(1,661,475)		713,500
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	1,242,547	\$		\$	211,414	\$	763,290

2005 Service Fleet	Miller Park Project	Total
\$ - 256,232	\$ - 693,939	\$ 3,115,383 1,424,961
256,232	693,939	4,540,344
-	191,288	3,593,034
1,232	<u> </u>	89,309
1,232	191,288	3,682,343
255,000	502,651	858,001
		2,231,250
-	-	2,231,250
255,000	502,651	3,089,251
(255,000)	(934,421)	(1,303,770)
\$ -	\$ (431,770)	\$ 1,785,481

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property and other local taxes	\$ 2,361,380	\$ 2,433,427	\$ 2,431,203	\$ (2,224)
Charges for services	5,000	11,296	11,356	60
Licenses, permits and fees	551,500	636,251	644,407	8,156
Fines and forfeitures	1,223,692	1,321,041	1,324,164	3,123
Intergovernmental	3,990,271	4,096,377	4,106,152	9,775
Special assessments	22,000	56,273	56,273	-
Investment income	642,512	458,551	454,004	(4,547)
Other	1,292	81,158	121,796	40,638
Total revenues	8,797,647	9,094,374	9,149,355	54,981
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety				
Safety town				
Personal services	11,334	11,334	9,835	1,499
Materials and supplies	2,143	2,143	1,697	446
Street lighting	2,1 .5	2,1 .0	1,057	
Contractual services	630,219	688,115	688,115	-
Contractual services	1,425,219	1,413,977	1,408,938	5,039
	<u> </u>			,
Total public safety	2,068,915	2,115,569	2,108,585	6,984
Public health and welfare				
Human relations				
Other	21,589	500	500	-
Humane society				
Other	8,750	5,000	5,000	-
Other	8,250	9,409	9,409	-
Dog warden				
Other	22,500	15,000	15,000	
Total public health and welfare	61,089	29,909	29,909	
Leisure time activities				
Parks				
Personal services	398,065	401,694	401,674	20
Capital outlay	2,000	-	-	-
Materials and supplies	31,013	29,013	23,565	5,448
Contractual services	214,448	111,707	108,943	2,764
Adopt-a-park				
Other	4,769	4,769	650	4,119
Recreation				
Personal services	57,948	54,217	54,217	-
Materials and supplies	2,041	21,732	20,256	1,476
Contractual services	26,751	660	660	
Total leisure time activities	737,035	623,792	609,965	13,827

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Community environment				
Codes and permits				
Personal services	262,369	274,540	274,540	-
Materials and supplies	8,200	5,210	5,202	8
Contractual services	159,238	121,201	121,201	-
Other	1,436	938	938	-
Regional planning	· -	-	_	
Other	24,100	24,100	24,100	-
Chamber district	,	,	,	
Other	4,431	4,431	288	4,143
Sub-division fees	,,	.,		, -
Other	45,943	5,943	173	5,770
Total community environment	505,717	436,363	426,442	9,921
•				<u> </u>
General government				
Council	140.505	152.050	152.050	
Personal services	148,525	153,050	153,050	-
Contractual services	28,239	28,239	28,239	-
Materials and supplies	670	627	627	-
Other	1,673	3,482	3,482	-
Human resource director				
Personal services	152,679	156,486	156,486	-
Materials and supplies	4,000	3,287	3,287	-
Contractual services	80,630	86,967	85,467	1,500
Other	3,689	1,158	1,158	-
Mayor				
Personal services	136,961	132,228	132,228	-
Materials and supplies	2,685	1,460	1,460	-
Contractual services	38,205	104,906	104,906	-
Other	7,471	6,269	6,269	-
Finance director				
Personal services	480,802	577,340	577,340	-
Materials and supplies	8,771	11,485	11,485	-
Contractual services	299,696	332,427	332,427	-
Other	-	60	60	_
Law director				
Personal services	348,698	474,765	474,765	_
Materials and supplies	18,534	37,135	37,135	_
Contractual services	104,188	86,307	86,307	_
Other	42,128	16,901	16,901	_
Municipal court	72,120	10,501	10,701	
Personal services	626,414	603,010	603,010	
Materials and supplies	13,350	10,419	10,419	-
Contractual services		,	,	-
	616,235	521,063	521,063	-
Other	3,000	1,087	1,087	-
	646 670	005 000	005 000	
Personal services	646,670	985,889	985,889	-
Materials and supplies	49,782	66,759	66,759	-
Contractual services	230,564	130,564	130,564	-
Other	2,038	2,220	2,220	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted Ar	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Civil service commission					
Personal services	19,380	19,380	19,380		
Contractual services	31,478	19,380	19,380	-	
Safety/service director	31,478	10,763	10,763	-	
Personal services	141,175	128,762	128,762		
Materials and supplies	1,173	1,146	1,146	-	
Contractual services	,	,	32,950	-	
	35,494 575	32,950 571	52,930 571	-	
Other Engineering	373	3/1	3/1	-	
Personal services	244,823	194,520	194,520	_	
Materials and supplies	4,145	2,850	2,850		
Contractual services	123,658	159,118	159,118		
Other.	1,060	1,185	1,185	_	
City building and public lands	1,000	1,103	1,105		
Personal services	231,803	229,207	229,207	_	
Materials and supplies	42,853	52,853	37,238	15,615	
Contractual services	469,814	559,351	537,705	21,646	
Income tax administration	407,014	337,331	331,103	21,010	
Personal services	340,941	394,807	394,807	_	
Materials and supplies	52,511	54,988	53,846	1,142	
Capital outlay	1.049	1,809	785	1,024	
Contractual services	79,449	88,117	88,117	-,	
Miscellaneous	,,,,	00,117	00,117		
Fringe benefits	115,010	71,038	71,038	_	
Contractual services	588,613	408,223	383,517	24,706	
Festivals	25,000	20,000	20,000	´ -	
Other	1,373	1,496	1,496	-	
Unclaimed money	,	,	,		
Other	44,316	44,316	3,050	41,266	
Special assessments	,	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ	
Other	5,847	5,236	2,677	2,559	
Total general government	6,697,837	7,018,276	6,908,818	109,458	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted An	nounts		Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Total expenditures	10,070,593	10,223,909	10,083,719	140,190		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(1,272,946)	(1,129,535)	(934,364)	195,171		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Loan to other funds	(2,199,191) (260,000) 281,580 (195,231)	(2,199,191) (260,000) 281,580 (774,077)	(2,199,191) (260,000) 281,580 (758,467)	- - - 15,610		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,372,842)	(2,951,688)	(2,936,078)	15,610		
Net change in fund balance	(3,645,788)	(4,081,223)	(3,870,442)	210,781		
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,592,127 113,449	1,592,127 113,449	1,592,127 113,449	- 		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ (1,940,212) \$	(2,375,647)	\$ (2,164,866)	\$ 210,781		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original			Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:	-							<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$	2,831,376 90,000 370,446	\$	2,228,762 79,845 340,859	\$	1,848,167 67,019 225,701	\$	(380,595) (12,826) (115,158)
Total revenues		3,291,822		2,649,466		2,140,887		(508,579)
Expenditures:								
Current: Community environment Personal services.		240,800		259 522		250,260		8,272
Materials and supplies		249,809 16,110		258,532 24,188		250,260 17,392		6,796
Contractual services		3,020,832		2,356,459		1,574,219		782,240
Other		10,000		4,646		4,305		341
Total expenditures		3,296,751		2,643,825		1,846,176		797,649
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses		(4,929)		5,641		294,711		289,070
Other financing sources (uses):								
Sale of capital assests		74,554 (250,000)		74,554 (250,000)		74,554 (250,000)		- -
Total other financing sources (uses)		(175,446)		(175,446)		(175,446)		
Net change in fund balance		(180,375)		(169,805)		119,265		289,070
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		93,819 86,556		93,819 86,556		93,819 86,556		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	10,570	\$	299,640	\$	289,070

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SAFETY SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	 Budgeted	ounts		Variance with Final Budget		
	Original		Final	Actual	(Positive Negative)
Revenues:	 					
Property and other local taxes	\$ 17,851,070 1,152,120 98,700 105,000 18,981 45,461	\$	17,818,635 1,170,767 102,994 157,983 115,854 25,408	\$ 17,818,139 1,254,549 106,938 158,143 115,854 33,965	\$	(496) 83,782 3,944 160 - 8,557
Total revenues	 19,271,332		19,391,641	 19,487,588		95,947
Expenditures:						
Current: Public safety Personal services. Fringe benefits. Materials and supplies Contractual services Capital outlay Other.	12,231,777 3,557,910 389,785 3,611,639 197,553 77,845		12,117,003 3,092,317 444,543 3,976,568 155,588 43,616	13,477,144 3,194,616 355,449 4,632,981 155,588 43,616		(1,360,141) (102,299) 89,094 (656,413)
Total expenditures	20,066,509		19,829,635	 21,859,394		(2,029,759)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(795,177)		(437,994)	 (2,371,806)		(1,933,812)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Loans from other funds	 1,764,198 77,435 (381,664)		1,764,198 440,854 (381,664)	 1,764,198 606,023 (381,664)		165,169 -
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,459,969		1,823,388	 1,988,557		165,169
Net change in fund balance	664,792		1,385,394	(383,249)		(1,768,643)
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 197,153 186,096		197,153 186,096	197,153 186,096		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,048,041	\$	1,768,643	\$ 	\$	(1,768,643)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,831,843	\$ 2,268,565 75,414	\$ 1,334,704 75,414	\$ (933,861)	
Other		21,823	27,460	5,637	
Total revenues	1,831,843	2,365,802	1,437,578	(928,224)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public safety					
Personal services	556,317	931,509	508,086	423,423	
Fringe benefits	-	90,723	25,918	64,805	
Materials and supplies	122,236	123,386	22,813	100,573	
Contractual services	147,391	419,631	228,945	190,686	
Capital outlay	144,109	170,552	159,918	10,634	
Other	278,520 1,248,573	268,878 2,004,679	139,190 1,084,870	129,688 919,809	
Total public safety	1,240,373	2,004,079	1,064,670	919,809	
Public health and welfare					
Personal services	58,352	53,769	47,493	6,276	
Materials and supplies	17,179	17,179	11,600	5,579	
Contractual services	42,393	24,393	24,393	11,855	
Total public health and welfare	117,924	95,341	83,486	11,833	
General government					
Personal services	109,532	173,266	170,723	2,543	
Materials and supplies	3,842	8,023	4,421	3,602	
Capital outlay	2,698	2,263	-	2,263	
Contractual services	950,226	741,537	300,718	440,819	
Total general government	1,066,298	925,089	475,862	449,227	
Total expenditures	2,432,795	3,025,109	1,644,218	1,380,891	
Deficiency of revenues under expenses	(600,952)	(659,307)	(206,640)	452,667	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	156,616	246,275	246,274	(1)	
Total other financing sources	156,616	246,275	246,274	(1)	
Net change in fund balance	(444,336)	(413,032)	39,634	452,666	
Fund balance at beginning of year	213,657	213,657	213,657	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	250,248	250,248	250,248		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 19,569	\$ 50,873	\$ 503,539	\$ 452,666	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STREET CONSTRUCTION MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	 Original		Final	 Actual		
Revenues:						
Property and other local taxes	\$ 42,208	\$	42,208	\$ 42,208	\$	-
Intergovernmental	1,826,000		1,826,000	1,833,171		7,171
Charges for services	395,238		130,933	130,933		-
Investment income	3,000		500	171		(329)
Other	 114,770		52,211	 7,064		(45,147)
Total revenues	 2,381,216		2,051,852	 2,013,547		(38,305)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Transportation						
Personal services	1,125,715		991,862	943,657		48,205
Fringe benefits	117,702		5,611	3,950		1,661
Materials and supplies	493,446		598,014	553,045		44,969
Contractual services	 549,374		615,375	 435,521		179,854
Total expenditures	 2,286,237		2,210,862	 1,936,173		274,689
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenses	94,979		(159,010)	77,374		236,384
Other financing uses:						
Transfers out	 (84,523)		(84,523)	 (84,523)		
Total other financing uses	 (84,523)		(84,523)	 (84,523)		
Net change in fund balance	10,456		(243,533)	(7,149)		236,384
Fund balance at beginning of year	105,525		105,525	105,525		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 138,013		138,013	 138,013		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 253,994	\$	5	\$ 236,389	\$	236,384

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STATE HIGHWAY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fina	ance with
_	Original		Final		 Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	150,000 1,200	\$	150,001 1,200	\$ 148,554 470	\$	(1,447) (730)
Total revenues		151,200		151,201	 149,024		(2,177)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Transportation		120,000		120,000	120,000		
Personal services		120,000 49,437		120,000 49,437	120,000 8.319		41,118
Materials and supplies	-	79,737	-	79,737	 0,317		41,110
Total expenditures		169,437		169,437	 128,319		41,118
Net change in fund balance		(18,237)		(18,236)	20,705		38,941
Fund balance at beginning of year		18,238		18,238	 18,238		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1	\$	2	\$ 38,943	\$	38,941

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) REGIONAL COMMUNITY ADVANCEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			Fin	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original			Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:	<u> </u>								
Intergovernmental	\$	502,434 54,567	\$	855,489 54,567	\$	924,805 48,640 986		69,316 (5,927) 986	
Total revenues		557,001		910,056		974,431		64,375	
Expenditures:									
Current: General government									
Personal services		431,499		667,190		644,020		23,170	
Materials and supplies		50,245		70,089		64,862		5,227	
Contractual services		176,508		237,549		225,818		11,731	
Other		45,370		74,037		69,128		4,909	
Total expenditures		703,622		1,048,865		1,003,828		45,037	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(146,621)		(138,809)		(29,397)		109,412	
Other financing sources:									
Transfers in		129,031		128,636		124,999		(3,637)	
Total other financing sources		129,031		128,636		124,999		(3,637)	
Net change in fund balance		(17,590)		(10,173)		95,602		105,775	
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		23,671 756		23,671 756		23,671 756		- -	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,837	\$	14,254	\$	120,029	\$	105,775	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts						Fin	ance with al Budget ositive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	5,000	\$	5,001	\$	3,834	\$	(1,167)
Total revenues		5,000		5,001		3,834		(1,167)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety								
Other		40,880		40,880		7,195		33,685
Total expenditures		40,880		40,880		7,195		33,685
Net change in fund balance		(35,880)		(35,879)		(3,361)		32,518
Fund balance at beginning of year		35,881		35,881		35,881		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1	\$	2	\$	32,520	\$	32,518

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	(Original		Final	Actual		legative)
Revenues:							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	50,000 1,127 751	\$	63,711 1,127 751	\$ 126,554 50	\$	62,843 (1,077) (751)
Total revenues		51,878		65,589	 126,604		61,015
Expenditures:							
Current: Public safety				24.002			24.002
Contractual services		212 609		24,893	188,798		24,893
Capital outlay		213,698 113,822		188,798 113,822	57,384		56,438
Total expenditures		327,520		327,513	246,182		81,331
Deficiency of revenues under expenses		(275,642)		(261,924)	 (119,578)		142,346
Other financing sources:							
Capital lease		100,000		100,000	100,000		
Total other financing sources		100,000		100,000	 100,000		
Net change in fund balance		(175,642)		(161,924)	(19,578)		142,346
Fund balance at beginning of year		11,607 188,698		11,607 188,698	 11,607 188,698		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	24,663	\$	38,381	\$ 180,727	\$	142,346

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) PERMISSIVE SALES TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fin	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original Final			 Actual		legative)		
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	682,250	\$	636,251	\$ 640,430	\$	4,179	
Total revenues		682,250		636,251	 640,430		4,179	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Transportation								
Contractual services		1,413,924		1,367,924	 765,783		602,141	
Total expenditures		1,413,924		1,367,924	 765,783		602,141	
Net change in fund balance		(731,674)		(731,673)	(125,353)		606,320	
Fund balance at beginning of year		108,962		108,962	108,962		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		622,714		622,714	 622,714		<u> </u>	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2	\$	3	\$ 606,323	\$	606,320	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual	_	egative)	
Revenues:								,	
Property and other local taxes	\$	240,000	\$	240,000	\$	240,000	\$	_	
Intergovernmental		65,870		65,871		48,334		(17,537)	
Investment income		21,505		10,000		10,243		243	
Other		174,803		48,185		20,412		(27,773)	
Total revenues		502,178		364,056		318,989		(45,067)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government									
Personal services		77,170		70,039		70,039		-	
Materials and supplies		45,000		44,768		11,131		33,637	
Contractual services		938,166		938,166		739,546		198,620	
Total expenditures		1,060,336		1,052,973		820,716		232,257	
Net change in fund balance		(558,158)		(688,917)		(501,727)		187,190	
Fund balance at beginning of year		215,576		215,576		215,576		_	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		477,022		477,022		477,022			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	134,440	\$	3,681	\$	190,871	\$	187,190	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) INDIGENT DRIVERS ALCOHOL TREATMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	Amou	ints		Fina	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		 Actual		egative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	27,319	\$	27,319	\$ 27,319	\$	-	
Fines and forfeitures		7,682		7,682	 23,150		15,468	
Total revenues		35,001		35,001	 50,469		15,468	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety Other		38,261		38,261	1,800		36,461	
Total expenditures		38,261		38,261	 1,800		36,461	
Net change in fund balance		(3,260)		(3,260)	48,669		51,929	
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,260		3,260	 3,260			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 51,929	\$	51,929	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COURT COMPUTERIZATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	ints		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	C	Priginal		Final	Actual		Vegative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	237,906	\$	167,907	\$ 172,248	\$	4,341	
Total revenues		237,906		167,907	 172,248		4,341	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Personal services		85,702		56,212	54,360		1,852	
Materials and supplies		340,476		506,124	130,273		375,851	
Contractual services		312,607		106,450	 61,702		44,748	
Total expenditures		738,785		668,786	 246,335		422,451	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(500,879)		(500,879)	(74,087)		426,792	
Other financing uses:								
Transfers out		(185,807)		(185,807)	 (185,807)			
Total other financing uses		(185,807)		(185,807)	 (185,807)			
Net change in fund balance		(686,686)		(686,686)	(259,894)		426,792	
Fund balance at beginning of year		638,692		638,692	638,692		_	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		47,994		47,994	 47,994			
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$ 426,792	\$	426,792	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	(Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$	165,218	\$	156,218	\$	156,218	\$	-	
Other				400		444		44	
Total revenues		165,218		156,618		156,662		44	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public safety									
Personal services		166,218		166,218		82,036		84,182	
Capital outlay		65,997 15,000		65,997 15,000		26,059		39,938 15,000	
Oulei	-	15,000		13,000		<u>-</u> _		13,000	
Total expenditures		247,215		247,215		108,095		139,120	
Net change in fund balance		(81,997)		(90,597)		48,567		139,164	
Fund balance at beginning of year		90,878		90,878		90,878		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		117		117		117			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	8,998	\$	398	\$	139,562	\$	139,164	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) PROBATION SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	C	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								<u> </u>
Licenses, permits and fees	\$	122,601	\$	122,601	\$	164,625	\$	42,024
Total revenues		122,601		122,601		164,625		42,024
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Personal services		77,724		77,724		77,528		196
Contractual services		36,242		36,242		21,178		15,064
Materials and supplies		30,027		30,027		26,734		3,293
Total expenditures		143,993		143,993		125,440		18,553
Net change in fund balance		(21,392)		(21,392)		39,185		60,577
Fund balance at beginning of year		21,365		21,365		21,365		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		27		27		27		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	60,577	\$	60,577

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COURT COSTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fin	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	o	riginal		Final	Actual		Vegative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	380,000	\$	560,000	\$ 533,099	\$	(26,901)	
Total revenues		380,000		560,000	 533,099		(26,901)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Personal services		350,369		385,523	374,227		11,296	
Contractual services		300,000		469,788	339,846		129,942	
Materials and supplies		17,500		-	-		-	
Debt service								
Principal retirement		305,000		305,000	305,000		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		14,030		16,728	 16,728			
Total expenditures		986,899		1,177,039	 1,035,801		141,238	
Deficiency of revenues under expenses		(606,899)		(617,039)	 (502,702)		114,337	
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		185,807		185,807	185,807		_	
Bond proceeds		300,000		300,000	300,000		-	
Total other financing sources		485,807		485,807	485,807		<u>-</u>	
Net change in fund balance		(121,092)		(131,232)	(16,895)		114,337	
Fund balance at beginning of year		311,233		311,233	 311,233			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	190,141	\$	180,001	\$ 294,338	\$	114,337	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CHAMBER DISTRICT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	(Original	Fina	al	Ac	tual	(Negative)		
Revenues:	_					_			
Other	\$	200,000	\$		\$		\$		
Total revenues		200,000							
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government									
Contractual services		200,000		-		-		-	
Debt service									
Principal retirement		200,000							
Total expenditures		400,000							
Deficiency of revenues under expenses		(200,000)							
Other financing sources:									
Note proceeds		200,000							
Total other financing sources		200,000					_		
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year									
Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_	\$		\$	_	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Final	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	0	riginal		Final	Actual	(Neg	gative)	
Revenues:								
Investment income	\$	16	\$	16	\$ 16	\$		
Total revenues		16		16	16			
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Debt service Principal retirement		320,000		320,000	320,000		_	
Interest and fiscal charges		186,948		186,948	186,946		2	
Other		22		129,253	129,253			
Total expenditures		506,970		636,201	636,199		2	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(506,954)		(636,185)	(636,183)		2	
Other financing sources:								
Bond proceeds		102,573		64,792	88,750		23,958	
Sale of bond premium		64,448		64,448	64,448		-	
Transfers in		497,360		497,360	497,358		(2)	
Total other financing sources		664,381		626,600	650,556		23,956	
Net change in fund balance		157,427		(9,585)	14,373		23,958	
Fund balance at beginning of year		71,908		71,908	71,908			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	229,335	\$	62,323	\$ 86,281	\$	23,958	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STREET RESURFACING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Property and other local taxes	\$	3,242,857	\$	3,242,858	\$	3,083,309	\$	(159,549)	
Total revenues		3,242,857		3,242,858		3,083,309		(159,549)	
Expenditures:									
Capital outlay		3,976,413		3,976,413		3,105,248		871,165	
Total expenditures		3,976,413		3,976,413		3,105,248	-	871,165	
Net change in fund balance		(733,556)		(733,555)		(21,939)		711,616	
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		671,557 107,414		671,557 107,414		671,557 107,414		- -	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	45,415	\$	45,416	\$	757,032	\$	711,616	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ISSUE II IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	Amou	unts			Fir	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Revenues:	Original			Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Intergovernmental	\$	1,925,000	\$	680,000	\$	425,000	\$	(255,000)	
Total revenues		1,925,000		680,000		425,000		(255,000)	
Expenditures:									
Capital outlay		1,925,000		680,000		425,000		255,000	
Total expenditures		1,925,000		680,000		425,000		255,000	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year									
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$		\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SECTION 108 IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	unts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	O	riginal		Final	Actual		egative)
Revenues:		_			_		
Investment income	\$	2,969	\$	2,969	\$ 	\$	(2,969)
Total revenues		2,969		2,969	 		(2,969)
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay		480,427		480,427	343,416		137,011
Principal retirement		2,150,000		2,150,000	2,125,000		25,000
Interest and fiscal charges		106,250		106,250	88,077		18,173
Total expenditures		2,736,677		2,736,677	 2,556,493		180,184
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(2,733,708)		(2,733,708)	 (2,556,493)		177,215
Other financing sources:							
Bond proceeds		2,228,250		2,228,250	 2,231,250		3,000
Total other financing sources		2,228,250		2,228,250	 2,231,250		3,000
Net change in fund balance		(505,458)		(505,458)	(325,243)		180,215
Fund balance at beginning of year		413,481		413,481	413,481		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		112,860		112,860	 112,860		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	20,883	\$	20,883	\$ 201,098	\$	180,215

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FIXED ASSET ACQUISITION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	Amou			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Orig	ginal		Final		Actual	(Nega	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	70,836	\$	49,790	\$	49,790	\$	
Total revenues		70,836		49,790		49,790		
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		784,336						
Total expenditures		784,336				-		
Net change in fund balance	1	(713,500)		49,790		49,790		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		459,219		459,219		459,219		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		254,281		254,281		254,281		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	763,290	\$	763,290	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) 2005~SERVICE FLEET FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
_	(Original l		Final		Actual	Nega		
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$	256,232	\$	256,232	\$	256,232	\$		
Total revenues		256,232		256,232		256,232			
Expenditures:									
Debt service									
Principal retirement		255,000		255,000		255,000		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		1,232		1,232		1,232			
Total expenditures		256,232		256,232		256,232			
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year									
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$		\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MILLER PARK FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final	Actual	(N	Vegative)
Revenues:		-				_
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,795,745	\$	1,154,547	\$ 693,938	\$	(460,609)
Total revenues	 2,795,745		1,154,547	 693,938		(460,609)
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay	 2,513,569		872,371	 872,369		2
Total expenditures	 2,513,569		872,371	 872,369		2
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	 282,176		282,176	(178,431)		(460,607)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Repayment of loan from other funds	 (281,580) 431,770		(281,580) 431,770	(281,580) 431,770		- -
Total other financing sources (uses)	 150,190		150,190	 150,190		
Net change in fund balance	432,366		432,366	(28,241)		(460,607)
Fund balance at beginning of year	 28,241		28,241	 28,241		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 460,607	\$	460,607	\$ 	\$	(460,607)

STATEMENT - NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND

FUND DESCRIPTION

Nonmajor Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be recovered primarily through user charges, or where it has been decided that a periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. The following is a description of the City's nonmajor enterprise fund.

Airport Operating:

To account for the operation of the City's airport facility.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	(Airport Operating
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles):	\$	6,343
Taxes		75,333
Accounts		19,146
Materials and supplies inventory		32,914
Total current assets		133,736
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Land and construction in progress		1,493,629
Depreciable capital assets, net		1,266,302
Total capital assets		2,759,931
Total assets		2,893,667
Liabilities: Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		2,514
Accrued wages and benefits		3,518
Loans from other funds		3,223
Due to other governments		7,421
Total current liabilities		16,676
Long-term liabilities:		
Compensated absences		57,263
Total long-term liabilities		57,263
Total liabilities		73,939
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		2,759,931
Unrestricted		59,797
Total net assets	\$	2,819,728

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Airport Operating
Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 63,969
Total operating revenues	 63,969
Operating expenses:	
Personal services	179,533
Fringe benefits	1,624
Contractual services	190,667
Materials and supplies	30,820
Depreciation	215,297
Utilities	 65,181
Total operating expenses	 683,122
Operating loss	 (619,153)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Other nonoperating revenue	7,064
Other nonoperating expenses	(190)
Intergovernmental	73,888
Municipal income tax	 263,384
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 344,146
Changes in net assets	(275,007)
Net assets at beginning of year	 3,094,735
Net assets at end of year	\$ 2,819,728

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Airport perating
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 63,508
Cash received from other operating revenues	4,964
Cash payments to employees	(183,534)
Cash payments to suppliers	(284,471)
Cash payments for other operating expenses	 (5,518)
Net cash used in operating activities	 (405,051)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Intergovernmental	73,888
Loans from other funds	3,223
Municipal income tax	304,712
	304,712
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	 381,823
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(23,228)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 29,571
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 6,343
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (619,153)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Depreciation	215,297
Other non-operating expenses	(190)
Other non-operating revenues	7,064
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) in accounts receivable	(2,561)
(Increase) in inventory of supplies	(201)
Increase in accounts payable	2,398
(Decrease) in accrued wages and benefits	(9,982)
(Decrease) in due to other governments	(3,704)
Increase in compensated absences payable	 5,981
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (405,051)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) WATER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	 Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget	
	Original		Final		Actual	-	Positive Negative)
Revenues:	 						<u>g</u>
Charges for services	\$ 7,893,135	\$	6,693,135	\$	6,901,270	\$	208,135
Tap and license fees	50,000		50,000		16,630		(33,370)
Other	 4,284		4,284		3,640		(644)
Total revenues.	 7,947,419		6,747,419		6,921,540		174,121
Expenses:							
Personal services	2,247,163		2,289,234		2,277,482		11,752
Fringe benefits	177,189		49,779		42,571		7,208
Materials and supplies	940,200		902,404		844,116		58,288
Contractual services	4,064,627		4,679,237		4,358,363		320,874
Utilities	1,450,154		746,900		598,881		148,019
Capital outlay	69,520		69,520		69,520		=
Other	 32,249		12,867		3,640		9,227
Total expenses	 8,981,102		8,749,941		8,194,573		555,368
Net change in fund equity	 (1,033,683)		(2,002,522)		(1,273,033)		729,489
Fund equity at beginning of year	2,756,370		2,756,370		2,756,370		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 331,617		331,617		331,617		
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 2,054,304	\$	1,085,465	\$	1,814,954	\$	729,489

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SEWER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	 Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget	
	 Original		Final		Actual		Positive Negative)	
Revenues:	 							
Charges for services	\$ 7,380,496	\$	7,617,567	\$	7,915,590	\$	298,023	
Tap and license fees	-		1,299		385		(914)	
Investment earnings	-		20,670		20,670		-	
Other	 782		1,742		782		(960)	
Total revenues	 7,381,278		7,641,278		7,937,427		296,149	
Expenses:								
Personal services	1,760,164		1,863,333		1,843,165		20,168	
Fringe benefits	157,428		24,972		24,972		-	
Materials and supplies	323,803		373,803		321,455		52,348	
Contractual services	8,634,916		8,783,213		7,231,206		1,552,007	
Utilities	803,000		803,000		695,085		107,915	
Capital Outlay	115,367		115,367		115,367		-	
Other	20,305		17,761		8,441		9,320	
Interest and fiscal charges	 99,250		99,250		66,211		33,039	
Total expenses	 11,914,233		12,080,699		10,305,902		1,774,797	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (4,532,955)		(4,439,421)		(2,368,475)		2,070,946	
Proceeds from the sale of bonds	1,080,000		1,080,000		1,080,000		_	
Payment on notes payable	(1,985,000)		(1,985,000)		(1,985,000)		-	
Payment on loan to other funds	 260,000		260,000		260,000			
Net change in fund equity	(5,177,955)		(5,084,421)		(3,013,475)		2,070,946	
Fund equity at beginning of year	7,326,378		7,326,378		7,326,378		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 396,531		396,531		396,531		-	
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 2,544,954	\$	2,638,488	\$	4,709,434	\$	2,070,946	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AIRPORT OPERATING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	 Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	 i igiliai		Fillal		Actual		egative)
Property and other local taxes	\$ 306,518 70,835 73,000 200	\$	296,605 69,467 73,888 7,679	\$	296,605 63,508 73,888 7,679	\$	(5,959)
Total revenues	 450,553		447,639		441,680		(5,959)
Expenses:							
Personal services. Fringe benefits. Materials and supplies Contractual services Utilities Other	182,227 13,078 33,517 184,406 50,000 450		183,534 6,278 21,020 203,168 62,719 440		183,534 6,278 18,586 203,168 62,719 190		2,434 - - 250
Total expenses	 463,678		477,159		474,475		2,684
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(13,125)		(29,520)		(32,795)		(3,275)
Loans from other funds	 3,223		3,223		3,223		
Net change in fund equity	(9,902)		(26,297)		(29,572)		(3,275)
Fund equity at beginning of year	 25,540 4,032		25,540 4,032		25,540 4,032		- -
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 19,670	\$	3,275	\$		\$	(3,275)

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COMBINING STATEMENTS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Internal Service Funds

The internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments of the City of Mansfield on a cost-reimbursement basis. Accounting for these funds is designed to accumulate all of the costs incurred by the internal service funds in providing goods and services to other departments. However, charges to the other departments are not intended to produce a significant profit in the long run, but to recover the total costs of providing goods or services.

Gargage Operating:

To account for the operation of the municipal vehicle repair garage for work performed for all departments and for the operation of a vehicle/equipment motor pool.

Information Technology:

To account for the operation of the municipal data processing department for work performed for all departments.

Utility Collections:

To account for the operation of the utility collections department for services provided to the water, sewer, codes and permits, and parking departments. The funds using the utility billing service are charged for the cost of the operation.

Health Insurance:

To account for the expenses incurred in the activity of self insurance by the City for employee health insurance.

OML Self Insurance:

To account for the expenses incurred in the activity of liability insurance as a member of the Ohio Municipal League Joint Self-Insurance Pool.

Workers' Compensation:

To account for the expenses incurred in the activity of the State Workers' Compensation System.

Benefit Fund:

To account for the city share of medicare, life insurance and OPERS (Ohio Public Employees Retirement System) contributions for employees.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Garage perating	Information Technology		Utility Collections	
Assets:					
Current assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 41,002	\$	2,411	\$ 16,659	
Materials and supplies inventory	 4,042		8,577	 7,618	
Total current assets	 45,044		10,988	 24,277	
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Depreciable capital assets, net	307,023		61,978	55,841	
Total capital assets	307,023		61,978	55,841	
Total assets	 352,067		72,966	 80,118	
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	9,269		1,311	3,934	
Contracts payable	20,329		-	-	
Accrued wages and benefits	5,390		2,527	12,517	
Due to other governments	15,852		7,951	41,168	
Claims payable	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>	
Total current liabilities	 50,840		11,789	 57,619	
Long-term liabilities:					
Compensated absences	70,594		58,663	 76,829	
Total long-term liabilities	 70,594		58,663	 76,829	
Total liabilities	 121,434		70,452	 134,448	
Net assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	307,023		61,978	55,841	
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (76,390)		(59,464)	 (110,171)	
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ 230,633	\$	2,514	\$ (54,330)	

Health nsurance	ML Self		Vorkers'	 Total
\$ 19,401	\$ - -	\$	23,950	\$ 103,423 20,237
19,401	 <u>-</u>		23,950	123,660
_	-		_	424,842
=	=		-	424,842
 19,401	 <u>-</u>		23,950	 548,502
43,495	449,980		-	507,989
-	· -		-	20,329
-	-		-	20,434
-	-		-	64,971
583,540	 	-		 583,540
 627,035	 449,980		-	 1,197,263
 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>			 206,086
 	 			 206,086
 627,035	 449,980		<u> </u>	 1,403,349
	_			424,842
 (607,634)	 (449,980)		23,950	 (1,279,689)
\$ (607,634)	\$ (449,980)	\$	23,950	\$ (854,847)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	(Garage Operating		formation echnology	Utility Collections		
Operating revenues:			<u> </u>				
Charges for services	\$	1,252,134	\$	378,651	\$	1,649,403	
Total operating revenues		1,252,134	-	378,651		1,649,403	
Operating expenses:							
Personal services		281,942		214,452		710,021	
Fringe benefits		-		-		31,649	
Contractual services		287,000		231,962		706,852	
Materials and supplies		567,145		13,981		170,092	
Depreciation		109,367		28,843		16,607	
Utilities		-		-		4,343	
Claims expense	-			<u> </u>			
Total operating expenses		1,245,454		489,238		1,639,564	
Operating income (loss)		6,680		(110,587)		9,839	
Nonoperating revenues:							
Other nonoperating revenue		916				3,120	
Total nonoperating revenues		916		-		3,120	
Changes in net assets		7,596		(110,587)		12,959	
Net assets (deficit) at beginning of year		223,037		113,101	3,101		
Net assets (deficit) at end of year	\$	230,633	\$	2,514	\$	(54,330)	

1	Health nsurance	OML Self Insurance					Benefit Fund	Total		
\$	6,825,273	6,825,273 \$ 484,169 \$			833,909	\$	2,757,980	\$	14,181,519	
	6,825,273		484,169		833,909		2,757,980		14,181,519	
	-		-		-		-		1,206,415	
	-		-		-		-		31,649	
	374,439		934,149		858,742		2,757,980		6,151,124	
	-		-		-		-		751,218	
	-		-		-		-		154,817	
	5,981,763		- -		- -		- -		4,343 5,981,763	
	6,356,202		934,149		858,742		2,757,980		14,281,329	
	469,071		(449,980)		(24,833)		<u>-</u>		(99,810)	
			<u>-</u> _						4,036	
									4,036	
	469,071		(449,980)		(24,833)		=		(95,774)	
	(1,076,705)		<u>-</u> _		48,783		<u> </u>		(759,073)	
\$	(607,634)	\$	(449,980)	\$	23,950	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(854,847)	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Garage Operating	formation echnology	 Utility ollections
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,252,134	\$ 378,651	\$ 1,649,403
Cash received from other operating revenues	916	-	3,120
Cash payments to employees	(389,024)	(186,073)	(785,550)
Cash payments for suppliers	(842,719)	(247,280)	(857,544)
Cash payments for claims expense	- (5.200)	-	- (25.005)
Cash payments for other operating expenses	 (5,200)	 (5.4.502)	 (25,997)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	16,107	 (54,702)	 (16,568)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Acquisition of capital assets	 	 (5,127)	 -
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities .	 -	 (5,127)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	16,107	(59,829)	(16,568)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	24,895	62,240	33,227
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 41,002	\$ 2,411	\$ 16,659
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ 6,680	\$ (110,587)	\$ 9,839
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation	109,367	28,843	16,607
Other nonoperating revenues	916	-	3,120
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Decrease in inventory of supplies	3,392	1,610	27,347
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	1,591	(2,947)	(3,604)
Increase in contracts payable	6,443	- (6.504)	- (22, 420)
(Decrease) in accrued wages and benefits	(18,283)	(6,584)	(23,439)
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable	(6,445) (87,554)	(461)	5,652 (52,090)
(Decrease) in claims payable	 (87,334)	 35,424	 (32,090)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 16,107	\$ (54,702)	\$ (16,568)

Total	 Benefit Fund	 Vorkers' npensation	OML Self nsurance	Health nsurance	
14,181,519	\$ 2,757,980	\$ 833,909	\$ 484,169	\$ 6,825,273	\$
4,036	-	-	-	-	
(1,360,647)	=	-	-	-	
(6,451,832)	(2,757,980)	(858,742)	(484,169)	(403,398)	
(6,402,474)	=	-	-	(6,402,474)	
(31,197)	 -		 	 	
(60,595)	 -	 (24,833)	 -	 19,401	
(5,127)	-	-	_	-	
(5,127)	-	 -	-	-	
(65,722)	-	(24,833)	-	19,401	
169,145	 <u>-</u> _	 48,783	<u>-</u> _	=_	
103,423	\$ 	\$ 23,950	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 19,401	\$
(99,810)	\$ -	\$ (24,833)	\$ (449,980)	\$ 469,071	\$
154,817	_	_	_	_	
4,036	-	-	-	-	
32,349	-	-	-	-	
416,061	-	-	449,980	(28,959)	
6,443	-	-	-	-	
(48,306)	-	-	-	-	
(1,254)	-	-	-	-	
(104,220) (420,711)	 <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	 <u> </u>	 (420,711)	
(60,595)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ (24,833)	\$ -	\$ 19,401	\$

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GARAGE OPERATING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fi	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:	 Original		Final	 Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Charges for services	\$ 1,894,473 14,200	\$	1,409,231 1,001	\$ 1,252,134 916	\$	(157,097) (85)	
Total revenues	 1,908,673		1,410,232	1,253,050		(157,182)	
Expenses:							
Personal services	 313,434 52,312 788,745 256,404		389,667 7,812 723,545 299,098	 389,024 5,800 592,235 288,260		643 2,012 131,310 10,838	
Total expenses	 1,410,895		1,420,122	 1,275,319		144,803	
Net change in fund equity	497,778		(9,890)	(22,269)		(12,379)	
Fund equity at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 23,747 1,144		23,747 1,144	 23,747 1,144		- 	
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 522,669	\$	15,001	\$ 2,622	\$	(12,379)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget	
		Original		Final		Actual		Positive Negative)
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	399,005	\$	400,711	\$	378,651	\$	(22,060)
Total revenues		399,005		400,711		378,651		(22,060)
Expenses:								
Personal services. Materials and supplies. Contractual services. Capital outlay. Other.		188,078 15,327 201,069 28,031 551		192,313 15,327 221,187 28,531 551		186,073 14,305 211,679 28,443		6,240 1,022 9,508 88 551
Total expenses		433,056		457,909		440,500		17,409
Net change in fund equity		(34,051)		(57,198)		(61,849)		(4,651)
Fund equity at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		22,231 40,010		22,231 40,010		22,231 40,010		- -
Fund equity at end of year	\$	28,190	\$	5,043	\$	392	\$	(4,651)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) UTILITY COLLECTIONS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	1,510,617	\$	1,722,477	\$ 1,649,403	\$	(73,074)	
Other		2,580		2,580	 3,120		540	
Total revenues		1,513,197		1,725,057	 1,652,523		(72,534)	
Expenses:								
Personal services		722,735		785,551	785,550		1	
Fringe benefits		-		30,000	29,497		503	
Materials and supplies		180,775		170,661	148,239		22,422	
Contractual services		632,661		761,819	717,083		44,736	
Utilities	-	10,000		10,000	 4,566		5,434	
Total expenses		1,546,171		1,758,031	 1,684,935		73,096	
Net change in fund equity		(32,974)		(32,974)	(32,412)		562	
Fund equity at beginning of year		24,701		24,701	24,701		_	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		8,372		8,372	 8,372			
Fund equity at end of year	\$	99	\$	99	\$ 661	\$	562	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) HEALTH INSURANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	 Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 6,924,880	\$	6,834,379	\$	6,825,273	\$	(9,106)
Total revenues	 6,924,880		6,834,379		6,825,273		(9,106)
Expenses:							
Contractual services	439,919		418,398		418,398		-
Claims expense	 5,227,861		6,415,981		6,406,875		9,106
Total expenses	 5,667,780		6,834,379		6,825,273		9,106
Net change in fund equity	1,257,100		-		-		-
Fund equity at beginning of year							
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 1,257,100	\$		\$		\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) OML SELF INSURANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgeted	Amou			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:		Original		Final	Actual			
Charges for services	\$	484,657	\$	484,657	\$	484,169	\$	(488)
	<u> </u>		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	· · · · ·
Total revenues		484,657		484,657		484,169		(488)
Expenses:								
Contractual services		484,657		484,657		484,169		488
Total expenses		484,657		484,657		484,169		488
Net change in fund equity		-		-		-		-
Fund equity at beginning of year								<u> </u>
Fund equity at end of year	\$		\$		\$		\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
_	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 790,883	\$	838,807	\$	833,909	\$	(4,898)
Total revenues	 790,883		838,807		833,909		(4,898)
Expenses:							
Contractual services	 820,635		860,631		858,742		1,889
Total expenses	 820,635		860,631		858,742		1,889
Net change in fund equity	(29,752)		(21,824)		(24,833)		(3,009)
Fund equity at beginning of year	 48,782		48,782		48,782		
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 19,030	\$	26,958	\$	23,949	\$	(3,009)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BENEFIT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 2,680,190	\$	2,828,699	\$	2,757,980	\$	(70,719)
Total operating revenues	 2,680,190		2,828,699		2,757,980		(70,719)
Expenses:							
Contractual services	 2,680,190		2,828,399		2,757,980		70,419
Total expenses	 2,680,190		2,828,399		2,757,980		70,419
Net change in fund equity	-		300		-		(300)
Fund equity at beginning of year	 						<u>-</u>
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 	\$	300	\$		\$	(300)

COMBINING STATEMENTS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity, or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or funds. These funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The following are the City's fiduciary fund types:

Agency Funds

OSP Fines Fund

To account for monies collected through Ohio State Patrol fines that are then distributed to the local Law Library organization.

Sewer and Street Opening Fund

To account for monies deposited with the City by individuals who intend to excavate portions of City streets or sidewalks.

Building Security Fund

To account for deposits received from individuals to guarantee proper demolition and removal of structures damaged by fire.

Payroll Agency Fund

To account for monies aggregated from the various operating funds for payroll and payroll-related liabilities. As a pay period closed, the operating funds record the gross pay as expenditures or expenses; the payroll agency fund simultaneously records the various liabilities.

Municipal Court Fund

To account for monies that flow through the Clerk of Courts office.

Transient Occupancy Tax Fund

To account for collections of local tax on hotel/motel guests. Monies collected go to the Richland County Convention & Visitors Bureau, the local Main Street USA, and other miscellaneous agencies.

Board of Standards Assessments Fund

To account for fees, for the acceptance and approval of building plans.

Utility Deposits Fund

To account for monies deposited with the City by individuals for water and sewer service.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ${\bf AGENCY\ FUNDS}$ FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Balance 01/01/09			Additions]	Reductions	Balance 12/31/09		
\$	-	\$	•	\$,	\$	4,022	
	4,703		58,196		57,785		5,114	
\$	4,703	\$	120,003	\$	115,570	\$	9,136	
\$	4,703	\$	62,218	\$	57,785	\$	9,136	
\$	4,703	\$	62,218	\$	57,785	\$	9,136	
		-					18,368	
\$	17,543	\$	4,140	\$	3,315	\$	18,368	
	17,543	\$	4,140	\$	3,315	\$	18,368	
\$	17,543	\$	4,140	\$	3,315	\$	18,368	
\$	60,902	\$	79,714	\$	77,751	\$	62,865	
\$	60,902	\$	79,714	\$	77,751	\$	62,865	
\$	60,902	\$	79,714	\$	77,751	\$	62,865	
\$	60,902	\$	79,714	\$	77,751	\$	62,865	
¢	127.028	¢	27 579 229	•	26 920 709	¢	874,558	
						-		
\$	127,038		27,578,228		26,830,708	\$	874,558	
¢.	20.510	φ.	10 471 644	ф	10 454 204	¢.	55.700	
\$,	\$, ,	\$, ,	3	55,760 416,164	
							402,634	
\$	127,038	\$	27,578,228	\$	26,830,708	\$	874,558	
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ - 4,703 \$ 4,703 \$ 4,703 \$ 4,703 \$ 4,703 \$ 17,543 \$ 17,543 \$ 17,543 \$ 17,543 \$ 17,543 \$ 17,543 \$ 17,543 \$ 127,038 \$ 60,902 \$ 60,902 \$ 60,902 \$ 60,902	\$ - \$ 4,703 \$ 4,703 \$ 4,703 \$ 4,703 \$ 4,703 \$ 17,543 \$ 17	01/01/09 Additions \$ - \$ 61,807 4,703 58,196 \$ 4,703 \$ 120,003 \$ 4,703 \$ 62,218 \$ 4,703 \$ 62,218 \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 3,7578,228 \$ 127,038 \$ 27,578,228 \$ 127,038 \$ 27,578,228 \$ 38,510 \$ 10,471,644 66,972 6,700,259 21,556 10,406,325	01/01/09 Additions 1 \$ - \$ 61,807 \$ \$ 4,703 \$ 58,196 \$ \$ 4,703 \$ 120,003 \$ \$ 4,703 \$ 62,218 \$ \$ 4,703 \$ 62,218 \$ \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ \$ 127,038 \$ 27,578,228 \$ \$ 127,038 \$ 27,578,228 \$ \$ 38,510 \$ 10,471,644 \$ \$ 66,972 6,700,259 10,406,325	01/01/09 Additions Reductions \$ - \$ 61,807 \$ 57,785 4,703 58,196 57,785 \$ 4,703 \$ 120,003 \$ 115,570 \$ 4,703 \$ 62,218 \$ 57,785 \$ 4,703 \$ 62,218 \$ 57,785 \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ 3,315 \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ 3,315 \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ 3,315 \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ 3,315 \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ 3,315 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ 60,9	01/01/09 Additions Reductions 1 \$ - \$ 61,807 \$ 57,785 \$ 4,703 58,196 57,785 \$ \$ 4,703 \$ 120,003 \$ 115,570 \$ \$ 4,703 \$ 62,218 \$ 57,785 \$ \$ 4,703 \$ 62,218 \$ 57,785 \$ \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ 3,315 \$ \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ 3,315 \$ \$ 17,543 \$ 4,140 \$ 3,315 \$ \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ \$ 60,902 \$ 79,714 \$ 77,751 \$ \$ 127,038 \$ 27,578,228 \$ 26,830,708 \$ \$ 127,038 \$ 27,578,228 \$ 26,830,708 \$ \$ 127,038 \$ 27,578,228 \$ 26,830,708 \$ \$ 10,471,644 \$ 10,454,3	

(continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Balance 01/01/09		Additions		Reductions			Balance 2/31/09
Municipal Court								
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	527,142	\$	6,051,376	\$	5,725,574	\$	852,944
Investments	Ф	270,000	Þ	0,031,370	Ф	270,000	φ	652,944
Total assets	\$	797,142	\$	6,051,376	\$	5,995,574	\$	852,944
Liabilities:								
Due to other governments	\$	77,438	\$	1,070,044	\$	1,065,946	\$	81,536
Accounts payable		132,317		2,119,147		2,118,309		133,155
Due to individuals		4,862		79,436		81,159		3,139
Undistributed monies		582,525		2,782,749		2,730,160		635,114
Total liabilities	\$	797,142	\$	6,051,376	\$	5,995,574	\$	852,944
Transient Occupancy Tax								
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles):	\$	11,593		188,370		187,470	\$	12,493
Taxes		10,129		187,910		188,370		9,669
Total assets	\$	21,722	\$	376,280	\$	375,840	\$	22,162
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	19,449	\$	18,302	\$	34,998	\$	2,753
Due to individuals		2,273		169,608		152,472		19,409
Total liabilities	\$	21,722	\$	187,910	\$	187,470	\$	22,162
Board of Standards Assessments Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	486	\$	1,237	\$	1,238	\$	485
Total assets	\$	486	\$	1,237	\$	1,238	\$	485
104145005	Ψ	400	Ψ	1,237	Ψ	1,230	Ψ	403
Liabilities:								
Due to other governments	\$	486	\$	1,237	\$	1,238	\$	485
Total liabilities	\$	486	\$	1,237	\$	1,238	\$	485

(continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Balance 01/01/09		Additions		Reductions		Balance 12/31/09
Utility Deposits Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ \$	1,050 1,050	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	200 200	\$ 850 850
Liabilities: Due to individuals	\$	1,050 1,050	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	200 200	\$ 850 850
Total Agency Funds Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agents Investments	\$	618,716 127,038 270,000 10,129 4,703 1,030,586	\$	6,386,644 27,578,228 - 187,910 58,196 34,210,978	\$	6,053,333 26,830,708 270,000 188,370 57,785 33,400,196	\$ 952,027 874,558 - 9,669 5,114 1,841,368
Liabilities: Due to other governments Accounts payable Due to individuals Undistributed monies Total liabilities.	\$	144,896 190,276 112,889 582,525 1,030,586	\$	7,771,540 12,609,093 10,801,441 2,782,749 33,964,823	\$	7,418,251 12,607,701 10,397,929 2,730,160 33,154,041	\$ 498,185 191,668 516,401 635,114 1,841,368

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Mansfield, Ohio's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page(s)
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	142
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax, and the municipal income tax.	152
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	160
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	169
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	171

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information beginning in that year.

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT LAST SEVEN YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2009		2008		2007			2006	
Governmental Activities	Φ.	45 210 744	Ф	40 570 200	Ф	46 575 500	Ф	45,000,512	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	45,218,744	\$	48,572,308	\$	46,575,580	\$	45,098,513	
Restricted		8,528,084		7,647,351		12,085,390		15,824,043	
Unrestricted		4,665,729		3,618,921		1,118,449		1,740,055	
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets		58,412,557		59,838,580		59,779,419		62,662,611	
Business-Type Activities									
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		38,192,427		37,203,838		37,016,539		37,078,689	
Restricted		2,998,376		4,040,936		3,979,276		3,979,276	
Unrestricted		7,627,540		8,637,779		8,911,886		12,340,798	
Total Business-Type Activities Net Assets	_	48,818,343		49,882,553		49,907,701		53,398,763	
Primary Government									
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		83,411,171		85,776,146		83,592,119		82,177,202	
Restricted		11,526,460		11,688,287		16,064,666		19,803,319	
Unrestricted		12,293,269		12,256,700		10,030,335		14,080,853	
Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$	107,230,900	\$	109,721,133	\$	109,687,120	\$	116,061,374	

 2005	2004		2003			
\$ 46,367,183	\$ 47,833,128	\$	48,523,672			
15,521,272	15,950,708		26,640,679			
 (413,024)	 (1,266,633)		(11,680,081)			
 61,475,431	 62,517,203		63,484,270			
37,370,730	36,878,972		39,814,666			
3,979,276	4,070,672		1,457,668			
 10,362,772	8,135,785		7,912,220			
 51,712,778	49,085,429		49,184,554			
83,737,913	84,712,100		88,338,338			
19,500,548	20,021,380		28,098,347			
 9,949,748	 6,869,152		(3,767,861)			
\$ 113,188,209	\$ 111,602,632	\$	112,668,824			

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST SEVEN YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

	2009		2008		2007		2006
Program Revenues							
Governmental Activities:							
Charges for Services:							
General government	\$	3,354,171	\$	2,743,160	\$	3,581,833	\$ 3,452,357
Public safety		1,696,761		1,635,098		1,614,005	1,602,051
Public health and welfare		99,625		=		-	400
Transportation		130,933		900,705		166,360	168,545
Community environment		79,013		188,869		187,974	150,663
Leisure time activities		20,050		35,048		39,236	182,104
Operating Grants and Contributions		6,807,761		11,077,411		7,737,309	7,041,641
Capital Grants and Contributions		1,424,961		1,674,288		1,390,445	 1,060,076
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		13,613,275		18,254,579		14,717,162	 13,657,837
Business-Type Activities:							
Charges for Services:							
Water		7,088,115		8,000,336		8,065,907	8,000,960
Sewer		7,816,211		8,001,563		8,186,664	8,481,960
Airport		63,969		66,965		81,693	84,969
Parking Garage		-		-		-	33,696
Capital Grants and Contributions		1,916,402		1,511,417		728,928	 1,096,738
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues		16,884,697		17,580,281		17,063,192	 17,698,323
Total Primary Government Program Revenues		30,497,972		35,834,860		31,780,354	 31,356,160
Expenses							
Governmental Activities:							
General government		12,462,297		14,474,385		11,985,745	9,960,681
Public safety		23,263,250		23,624,982		24,205,050	22,958,245
Public health and welfare		110,876		128,164		158,475	141,884
Transportation		8,313,893		9,917,676		10,089,697	10,396,560
Community environment		2,623,592		1,669,302		1,782,621	1,972,480
Leisure time activities		500,889		879,341		917,913	1,103,561
Interest and fiscal charges		276,828		288,073		296,853	 253,102
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		47,551,625		50,981,923		49,436,354	 46,786,513
Business-Type Activities:							
Water		7,759,063		7,604,723		9,025,320	8,144,636
Sewer		9,898,811		9,821,326		11,075,835	7,695,342
Airport		683,312		646,544		1,196,799	774,342
Parking Garage				251,712		165	 12,481
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses		18,341,186		18,324,305		21,298,119	16,626,801
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	65,892,811	\$	69,306,228	\$	70,734,473	\$ 63,413,314

	2005		2004	2003				
\$	3,490,786	\$	3,608,646	\$	2,195,188			
	1,653,534		928,130		625,619			
	380		8,446		9,727			
	295,065		209,200		463,892			
	258,271		176,753		209,867			
	315,728		20,626		21,764			
	9,841,045		6,849,290		7,547,321			
	70,414		309,775		132,240			
	15,925,223		12,110,866		11,205,618			
	8,343,947		8,050,000		7,517,166			
	8,395,183		8,159,344		6,791,857			
	88,611		143,038		154,987			
	187,696		32,132		44,211			
	1,148,728		629,261		533,827			
	18,164,165		17,013,775		15,042,048			
	34,089,388		29,124,641		26,247,666			
	12,154,838		10,496,931		8,258,059			
	23,850,064		21,355,233		20,653,049			
	137,328		156,000		260,946			
	10,078,954		8,390,900		8,496,196			
	1,491,159		2,065,065		2,262,008			
	488,317		449,412		505,060			
	253,405		355,645		689,642			
_	10 151 065	_	42 260 196	_	41 124 060			
-	48,454,065		43,269,186		41,124,960			
	7,412,809		7,638,373		7,198,264			
	8,158,651		8,211,524		7,240,115			
	784,276		736,546		733,102			
	230,928		22,301		28,976			
	16,586,664		16,608,744		15,200,457			
\$	65,040,729	\$	59,877,930	\$	56,325,417			

(continued)

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST SEVEN YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2009		2008		2007		 2006
Net (Expense)/Revenue							
Governmental Activities	\$	(33,938,350)	\$	(32,727,344)	\$	(34,719,192)	\$ (33,128,676)
Business-Type Activities		(1,456,489)		(744,024)		(4,234,927)	 1,071,522
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$	(35,394,839)	\$	(33,471,368)	\$	(38,954,119)	\$ (32,057,154)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets							
Governmental Activities:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes levied for:							
General purposes	\$	1,921,449	\$	2,119,802	\$	2,026,704	\$ 2,301,741
Debt service		-		-		-	-
Special purposes		382,588		422,629		403,991	471,426
Income taxes levied for:		ŕ		ŕ		ŕ	
General purposes		339,453		309,108		833,459	642,031
Special purposes		18,035,032		20,226,017		18,832,225	20,554,764
Capital projects		3,089,291		4,706,268		4,258,507	2,336,710
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs	;	8,094,480		3,972,491		4,072,562	6,409,483
Investment earnings		413,969		932,920		1,259,757	1,548,036
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		167,581		· -		-	-
Miscellaneous		68,484		97,270		7,204	51,665
Transfers		-		-		-	-
Special item - donation of land							
Total Governmental Activities		32,512,327		32,786,505		31,694,409	34,315,856
Business-Type Activities:							
Income taxes levied for:							
Airport		263,384		604,380		413,685	421,564
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs		73,888		73,888		194,738	86,433
Investment earnings		20,670		25,545		2,658	7,305
Miscellaneous		34,337		15,063		59,950	99,161
Transfers						-	-
Total Business-Type Activities		392,279		718,876		671,031	 614,463
Total Primary Government		32,904,606		33,505,381		32,365,440	 34,930,319
Change in Net Assets							
Governmental Activities		(1,426,023)		59,161		(3,024,783)	1,187,180
Business-Type Activities		(1,064,210)		(25,148)		(3,563,896)	1,685,985
Dublicso Type Houvides		(1,007,210)		(23,170)		(3,303,070)	 1,000,700
Total Primary Government Change in Net Assets	\$	(2,490,233)	\$	34,013	\$	(6,588,679)	\$ 2,873,165

2005	2004	2003
\$ (32,528,842) 1,577,501	\$ (31,158,320) 405,031	\$ (29,919,342) (158,409)
\$ (30,951,341)	\$ (30,753,289)	\$ (30,077,751)
\$ 2,520,948 1,062	\$ 1,895,024 2,522	\$ 1,956,016 8,037
784,511	368,905	394,563
 714,984 19,109,121 3,893,063 2,646,945 1,029,572	 797,061 18,116,003 3,062,798 5,169,330 411,338 89,416 231,320 30,143,717	 295,182 19,085,840 3,297,494 5,520,410 629,575 18,581 134,162 337,209 (180,484) 31,496,585
439,395 486,715 - 123,738	256,830 44,265 32,238	271,518 - 48,750 19,182
 -	 -	 (337,209)
 1,049,848	 333,333	 2,241
 31,924,554	 30,477,050	 31,498,826
(1,654,136) 2,627,349	(1,014,603) 738,364	1,577,243 (156,168)
\$ 973,213	\$ (276,239)	\$ 1,421,075

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 2009	 2008	2007		2006		2005	
General Fund								
Reserved	\$ 2,306,556	\$ 439,910	\$	1,116,618	\$	359,737	\$	506,487
Unreserved	 (2,314,562)	 984,869		509,765		2,014,261		(210,543)
Total General Fund	 (8,006)	 1,424,779		1,626,383		2,373,998		295,944
All Other Governmental Funds								
Reserved	3,430,572	5,372,506		7,821,162		5,886,752		6,479,670
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special revenue funds	2,281,100	1,418,680		1,495,324		3,480,884		3,664,556
Debt service fund	14,364	-		-		-		-
Capital project funds	 1,564,807	 (1,650,762)		(650,979)		1,335,060		1,698,691
Total All Other Governmental Funds	 7,290,843	 5,140,424		8,665,507		10,702,696		11,842,917
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 7,282,837	\$ 6,565,203	\$	10,291,890	\$	13,076,694	\$	12,138,861

	2004	 2003	 2002	2001		 2000	
\$	727,717 (1,213,843)	\$ 756,972 479,177	\$ 153,728 73,735	\$	395,765 934,823	\$ 236,563 2,135,747	
	(486,126)	 1,236,149	 227,463		1,330,588	 2,372,310	
	6,010,557	7,135,246	8,179,023		10,564,282	8,133,816	
	2,564,398	1,723,601	2,484,448		378,489	2,083,578	
	2,056,068	 12,997,592	 11,213,435		9,834,395	 8,103,437	
-	10,631,023	 21,856,439	 21,876,906		20,777,166	 18,320,831	
\$	10,144,897	\$ 23,092,588	\$ 22,104,369	\$	22,107,754	\$ 20,693,141	

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Revenues:					
Municipal income taxes	\$ 21,515,827	\$ 24,241,438	\$ 24,369,037	\$ 23,449,356	\$ 23,254,583
Property and other taxes	2,386,719	2,542,983	2,545,865	2,707,079	3,044,029
Charges for services	1,699,492	2,501,935	1,747,742	1,456,616	2,055,269
Licenses, permits and fees	754,461	1,009,895	898,192	809,274	954,917
Fines and forfeitures	2,317,850	1,819,253	1,724,413	1,682,073	1,716,546
Intergovernmental	12,094,597	17,757,450	14,866,082	12,612,732	14,082,197
Special assessments	56,273	41,680	26,093	24,533	148,266
Investment income	413,969	932,920	1,259,757	1,441,036	1,029,572
Other	552,476	132,868	227,968	1,585,563	1,135,627
Total revenues	41,791,664	50,980,422	47,665,149	45,768,262	47,421,006
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	9,262,486	10,838,867	10,254,320	9,970,709	10,250,858
Public safety	24,600,304	24,477,914	24,230,031	23,679,137	22,892,003
Public health and welfare	109,486	129,965	154,251	140,291	132,170
Transportation	2,528,206	3,895,775	4,454,990	3,580,149	3,681,798
Community environment	2,573,024	1,654,607	1,787,617	1,953,994	1,442,988
Leisure time activities	460,698	766,628	1,231,940	1,061,524	474,764
Capital outlay	3,965,385	12,556,339	8,054,070	3,957,967	5,621,233
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	320,000	310,000	305,000	300,430	765,000
Interest and fiscal charges	292,983	327,285	242,972	255,687	256,095
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	44,112,572	54,957,380	50,715,191	44,899,888	45,516,909
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(2,320,908)	(3,976,958)	(3,050,042)	868,374	1,904,097
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	167,581	155,939	110,990	42,471	114,467
Proceeds from sale of note premium	· -		· -	, -	1,303
Proceeds of bonds	2,620,000	=	-	-	· -
Proceeds from sale of bond premium	64,448	=	-	-	=
Proceeds from capital lease transaction	100,000	_	_	-	_
Transfers in	1,660,461	766,165	1,833,962	849,352	1,501,262
Transfers out	(1,660,461)	(686,305)	(1,833,962)	(849,352)	(1,501,262)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,952,029	235,799	110,990	42,471	115,770
Net change in fund balances	\$ 631,121	\$ (3,741,159)	\$ (2,939,052)	\$ 910,845	\$ 2,019,867
Debt Service as a Percentage of					
Noncapital Expenditures	1.6%	1.6%	1.4%	1.4%	2.7%

	2004		2003		2002	2001		2000	
\$	22,444,242	\$	22,322,290	\$	22,319,628	\$	21,273,925	\$	21,783,372
Ψ	2,376,280	Ψ	2,337,097	Ψ	2,228,152	Ψ	3,324,866	Ψ	2,866,596
	1,239,855		499,903		454,980		668,471		627,522
	1,805,151		975,739		887,891		688,265		519,978
	1,792,353		1,851,684		2,189,288		2,096,628		1,868,126
	11,687,464		12,195,703		12,346,111		12,896,925		13,126,575
	25,415		46,263		53,288		66,133		53,674
	411,338		629,575		905,511		1,354,661		2,135,347
	314,086		288,727		434,977		294,253		348,819
	42,096,184		41,146,981		41,819,826		42,664,127		43,330,009
	9,576,262		9,458,715		11,241,914		10,663,504		9,489,402
	21,695,859		20,501,227		20,870,709		18,992,474		18,337,026
	159,014		166,115		131,019		130,533		113,490
	2,753,622		2,620,323		4,450,234		5,672,129		4,209,468
	2,105,021		2,223,299		2,326,942		2,130,239		1,894,501
	390,776		527,494		835,660		1,012,543		1,064,061
	4,691,108		3,771,501		5,289,272		4,998,346		5,691,250
	11,035,000		10,910,000		12,875,000		9,995,000		750,000
	504,235		727,275		551,689		621,897		343,083
					135,530				
	52,910,897		50,905,949		58,707,969		54,216,665		41,892,281
	(10,814,713)		(9,758,968)		(16,888,143)		(11,552,538)		1,437,728
	89,416		112,981		118,144		116,123		86,663
	, _		10,260,000		10,000,000		12,250,000		10,180,000
	-		· · ·		7,068,855		-		· · ·
	-		_		-		-		-
	93,572		_		-		-		-
	790,958		3,395,104		6,122,852		1,748,097		1,512,308
	(790,958)		(3,057,895)		(6,260,956)		(1,511,740)		(1,336,409)
	182,988		10,710,190		17,048,895		12,602,480		10,442,562
\$	(10,631,725)		951,222	\$	160,752	\$	1,049,942	\$	11,880,290
	24.1%		25.7%		25.1%		21.6%		3.0%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED TRUE VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

	Real P	roperty	•	Personal Property (1) (5)				
Year	Assessed		Estimated Actual	Assessed	Estimated Actual			
2009	\$ 612,474,640	\$	1,749,927,543	\$ -	\$	-		
2008 (3)	611,164,890		1,746,185,400	43,950,179		703,202,864		
2007	613,362,160		1,752,463,229	58,600,238		468,801,904		
2006	612,365,730		1,749,616,371	110,363,727		588,363,727		
2005 (4)	615,981,970		1,759,948,486	145,405,712		605,857,133		
2004	553,471,750		1,581,347,857	145,331,157		631,874,595		
2003	547,450,210		1,564,143,457	135,796,578		565,819,075		
2002 (3)	516,602,240		1,474,320,690	135,757,108		543,028,432		
2001	508,185,870		1,451,959,430	132,414,802		529,659,208		
2000	512,865,440		1,465,329,830	138,798,968		555,195,870		

(1) Other than public utility.

(2) Real and tangible personal.

(3) Update year

(4) Reappraisal year

(5) Personal property taxes were phased out.

Public U	Jtility (2	2)		Assessed Value as a percent of				
Assessed Estimated Actual				Assessed	Direct Tax Rate		Estimated Actual	Estimated Actual Value
\$ 13,795,680	\$	39,416,229	\$	626,270,320	3.60%	\$	1,789,343,772	35.00%
13,509,070		38,597,343		668,624,139	3.60%		2,487,985,607	26.87%
13,435,490		38,387,114		685,397,888	3.60%		2,259,652,247	30.33%
19,584,030		55,954,371		742,313,487	3.60%		2,393,934,469	31.01%
22,294,140		63,697,543		783,681,822	3.60%		2,429,503,162	32.26%
22,170,430		63,344,086		720,973,337	3.60%		2,276,566,538	31.67%
22,535,120		64,386,057		705,781,908	3.60%		2,194,348,589	32.16%
22,651,870		64,719,630		675,011,218	3.60%		2,082,068,752	32.42%
29,414,430		84,041,230		670,015,102	5.10%		2,065,659,868	32.44%
32,355,880		92,445,400		684,020,288	5.10%		2,112,971,100	32.37%

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION) LAST TEN YEARS (1)

Collection Year	Operati	ng (3)	Police Fire Po		Deb Retireme		City of Mansfield	Richland County	ield City District	Total
2009	\$	3.00	\$	0.60	\$	-	\$ 3.60	\$ 12.40	\$ 68.65	\$ 84.65
2008		3.00		0.60		-	3.60	11.40	69.25	84.25
2007		3.00		0.60		-	3.60	11.40	60.55	75.55
2006		3.00		0.60		-	3.60	11.40	60.75	75.75
2005		3.00		0.60		-	3.60	11.40	66.05	81.05
2004		3.00		0.60		-	3.60	11.40	66.05	81.05
2003		3.00		0.60		-	3.60	9.00	66.15	78.75
2002		3.00		0.60		-	3.60	9.00	66.15	78.75
2001		3.00		0.60		1.50	5.10	9.00	66.15	80.25
2000		3.00		0.60		1.50	5.10	9.00	66.15	80.25

⁽¹⁾ The above are the rates for recent years at which the City and the overlapping taxing subdivisions levied ad valorem property taxes in that area of the City having the highest overlapping tax rate.

⁽²⁾ The voted tax levies for "Debt Retirement" continue for the life of the bonds authorized by the electors, in annual amounts sufficient to pay debt service on those bonds as they become due.

⁽³⁾ Includes Mansfield Township portion.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS (EXCLUDING PUBLIC UTILITY) DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND DECEMBER 31, 2000

December	2 1	20	nno
December	ำเ	- / (ハバ

Name of Taxpayer	 Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation		
Newman Technology	\$ 5,354,610	0.87%		
Walmart	2,938,000	0.48%		
SSI Mansfield	2,818,420	0.46%		
Jay Industries	2,118,550	0.35%		
Armco, Inc.	2,055,330	0.34%		
City of Mansfield	1,862,260	0.30%		
Willard Rental Properties	1,850,950	0.30%		
Johnny Appleseed	1,575,000	0.26%		
Graham Chevrolet	1,574,850	0.26%		
Wedgewood Estates	 1,562,200	0.26%		
Totals	\$ 23,710,170	3.87%		

December 31, 2000

Name of Taxpayer	 Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
AK Steel Corporation	\$ 6,887,660	1.99%
Mansfield Square	3,432,820	0.99%
Gorman Rupp Company	2,556,820	0.74%
Newman Technology	1,994,180	0.58%
Jay Plastics	1,885,170	0.54%
Therm-O-Disc	1,554,810	0.44%
Skilken, Morris B.	1,412,800	0.40%
Mansfield Motel	1,386,490	0.39%
Richland Bank	1,107,380	0.32%
Lumbermans	 867,390	0.25%
Totals	\$ 23,085,520	6.64%

REAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Collection Year	Total Tax Levy (1)	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected
2009	\$ 2,181,153	\$ 1,856,901	85.1%	\$ 324,252	\$ 2,181,153	100.0%
2008	2,186,409	2,172,251	99.4%	14,159	2,186,410	100.0%
2007	2,203,918	1,960,848	89.0%	243,070	2,203,918	100.0%
2006	2,208,475	2,060,648	93.3%	147,827	2,208,475	100.0%
2005	2,005,354	1,715,128	85.5%	290,225	2,005,353	100.0%
2004	2,004,286	2,002,840	99.9%	266,966	2,269,806	113.2%
2003	1,900,247	1,715,056	90.3%	262,544	1,977,600	104.1%
2002 (2)	1,868,997	1,636,801	87.6%	243,604	1,880,405	100.6%
2001	2,671,096	2,634,667	98.6%	316,140	2,950,807	110.5%
2000	2,709,006	2,649,291	97.8%	251,848	2,901,139	107.1%

Source: Richland County Auditor

Note: Amounts collected include state shared taxes provided to the City to offset legislatively granted property tax reductions. These amounts have been classified as intergovernmental revenues on the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Includes collection of current charges, plus current and delinquent additions less current and delinquent abatements.

⁽²⁾ The collection for voted tax levies was completed in 2001. This caused a decrease in collections for 2002.

INCOME TAX REVENUE BASE AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Total Tax Collected	Taxes From Withholding	Percentage of Taxes From Withholding	Taxes From Net Profits	Percentage of Taxes From Net Profits	Taxes From Individuals	Percentage of Taxes From Individuals
2009	1.75%	\$ 22,962,928	\$ 18,533,033	80.7%	\$ 2,914,595	12.7%	\$ 1,515,300	6.6%
2008	1.75%	25,100,403	19,618,191	78.2%	3,886,377	15.5%	1,595,835	6.3%
2007	1.75%	25,952,247	20,333,797	78.4%	4,030,366	15.5%	1,588,084	6.1%
2006	1.75%	24,586,419	19,853,408	80.7%	3,214,402	13.1%	1,518,609	6.2%
2005	1.75%	24,229,207	19,233,753	79.4%	3,460,874	14.3%	1,534,580	6.3%
2004	1.75%	22,855,984	18,651,034	81.6%	2,773,583	12.1%	1,431,367	6.3%
2003	1.75%	23,289,856	19,165,146	82.3%	2,634,031	11.3%	1,490,679	6.4%
2002	1.75%	23,232,422	18,614,963	80.1%	3,106,239	13.4%	1,511,220	6.5%
2001	1.75%	22,679,374	18,585,927	82.0%	2,522,251	11.1%	1,571,196	6.9%
2000	1.75%	22,779,392	18,342,015	80.5%	3,078,089	13.5%	1,359,288	6.0%

[%] Represents percent of total tax collected

Tax rate of 1.75% consists of a 1% permanent levy, a .25% street resurfacing levy, and an additional .50% safety services levy.

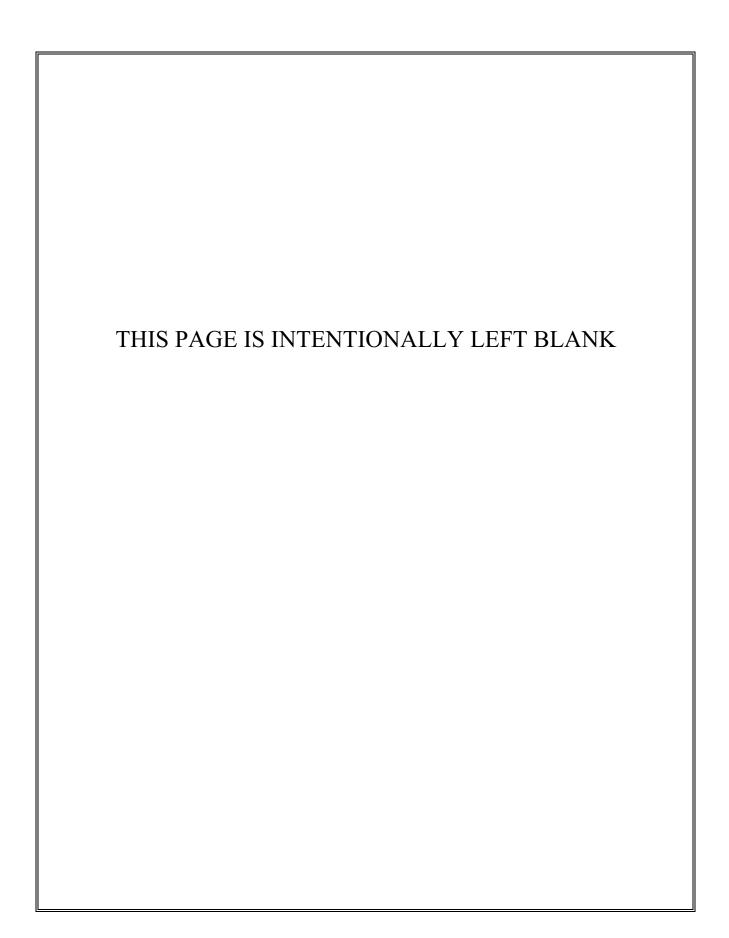
Sources: City of Mansfield Income Tax Division - amounts reflect calendar year collections. Number of filers does not equal total taxpayers due to taxpayers paying city taxes through employer withholding only without filing requirement.

TOP TEN INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING ACCOUNTS LAST SIX YEARS

Tax Year	Company Rank	Amount Paid	Percent of Total Withholding Collections	Tax Year	Company Rank	_	Amount Paid	Percent of Total Withholding Collections
2009	1	\$ 1,460,849	7.97%	2008	1	\$	1,502,047	7.60%
2009	2	1,065,900	5.82%	2008	2	Ψ	1,131,253	5.72%
2009	3	736,239	4.02%	2008	3		755,505	3.82%
2009	4	568,663	3.10%	2008	4		696,592	3.52%
2009	5	496,749	2.71%	2008	5		544,279	2.75%
2009	6	493,879	2.70%	2008	6		499,176	2.52%
2009	7	423,830	2.31%	2008	7		483,435	2.44%
2009	8	394,803	2.16%	2008	8		458,232	2.32%
2009	9	358,432	1.96%	2008	9		455,986	2.31%
2009	10	282,799	1.54%	2008	10	_	419,777	2.12%
	Total	\$ 6,282,143	34.29%		Total	\$	6,946,282	35.13%
2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	\$ 1,496,224 1,063,689 734,413 726,067 596,997 532,024 487,347 477,848 472,978 453,490 \$ 7,041,077	7.56% 5.38% 3.71% 3.67% 3.02% 2.69% 2.46% 2.42% 2.39% 2.29%	2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10		1,451,196 1,014,812 719,457 695,250 663,162 539,103 491,989 488,376 471,966 438,761 6,974,072	7.40% 5.17% 3.67% 3.54% 3.38% 2.75% 2.51% 2.49% 2.41% 2.24%
2005 2005	1 2	\$ 1,359,130 1,041,497	7.05% 5.40%	2004 2004	1 2	\$	1,367,230 1,021,348	7.18% 5.37%
2005	3	706,608	3.66%	2004	3		657,955	3.46%
2005	4	675,728	3.50%	2004	4		656,316	3.45%
2005	5	672,385	3.49%	2004	5		653,336	3.43%
2005	6	525,838	2.73%	2004	6		554,151	2.91%
2005	7	510,825	2.65%	2004	7		525,265	2.76%
2005	8	501,816	2.60%	2004	8		505,928	2.66%
2005	9	468,936	2.43%	2004	9		428,166	2.25%
2005	10	419,234	2.17%	2004	10		426,362	2.24%
	Total	\$ 6,881,997	35.68%		Total	\$	6,796,057	35.70%

Sources: City of Mansfield Income Tax Division - amounts reflect calendar year collections. Company names not provided due to confidentiality regulations.

[%] Represents percent of total withholding tax collected



RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

Governmental Activities

Year	Gene	eral Obligation Bonds	Assessment Bonds	Notes		Capital Leases	
2009	\$	5,710,000	\$ -	\$	370,000	\$	100,000
2008		3,340,000	-		440,000		20,473
2007		3,580,000	-		510,000		39,982
2006		3,815,000	-		580,000		58,582
2005		4,040,000	-		655,430		76,309
2004		4,735,000	3,139		730,862		93,572
2003		5,440,000	3,268		11,066,293		-
2002		4,565,000	3,758		10,881,724		38,711
2001		-	37,148		13,207,155		82,988
2000		2,725,000	69,200		10,212,586		125,005

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

Business-type A	ctivities
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Gen	eral Obligation Bonds	 Notes	 Total Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	Pe	r Capita
\$	2,550,000	\$ 255,358	\$ 8,985,358	0.98%	\$	174
	1,865,000	2,259,739	7,925,212	0.87%		154
	2,165,000	2,154,120	8,449,102	0.92%		164
	2,490,000	2,163,501	9,107,083	1.00%		176
	2,805,000	2,732,881	10,547,830	1.15%		204
	3,100,000	2,742,263	11,643,045	1.27%		226
	3,380,000	2,711,644	22,786,561	2.49%		442
	5,135,000	159,953	20,976,155	2.29%		407
	5,920,000	209,547	19,615,649	2.14%		380
	4,230,000	258,746	17,810,478	1.95%		345

RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (3)		S		Less Debt Service Fund Balance (4)		Less Debt Payable from Enterprise Revenues	
2009	51,600	\$	626,270	\$	8,260	\$ 86	\$	2,550	
2008	51,600		668,624		5,205	72		1,865	
2007	51,600		685,398		5,745	62		2,165	
2006	51,600		742,313		6,305	178		2,490	
2005	51,600		783,682		6,845	1,202		2,805	
2004	51,600		720,973		7,835	1,946		3,100	
2003	51,600		705,782		11,090	2,987		3,380	
2002	51,600		675,011		12,200	3,687		3,650	
2001	51,600		670,015		5,920	3,508		3,910	
2000	51,600		684,020		6,955	2,946		4,230	

(1) Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

(2) Includes general obligation bonds supported by enterprise activities because they are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

(3) Source: Richland County Auditor

(4) Source: City of Mansfield, Ohio; Finance Department

(5) The net general obligation bonded debt is a negative amount because too much tax revenue was collected by the County and given to the City. This inflated the debt service fund balance.

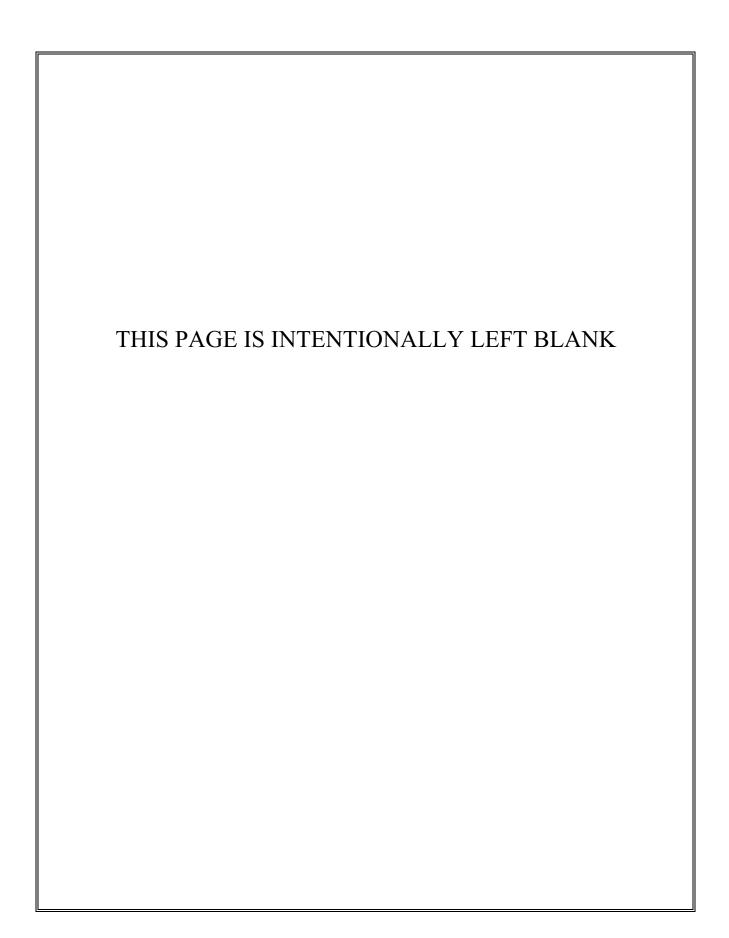
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt		Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net General Bonded Debt Per Capita		
\$	5,624	0.90%	\$	108.99	
	3,268	0.49%		63.33	
	3,518	0.51%		68.20	
	3,637	0.49%		70.48	
	2,838	0.36%		55.00	
	2,789	0.39%		54.05	
	4,723	0.67%		91.53	
	4,863	0.72%		94.24	
	(1,498) (5)	0.00%		-	
	(221) (5)	0.00%		-	

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING NET GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2009

Political Subdivision	 Amount of Debt	Percent Applicable to City (1)	City's Share	
Direct:				
City of Mansfield	\$ 5,624,000	100.00%	\$	5,624,000
Overlapping Debt: (2)				
Richland County	21,228,396	31.58%		6,703,927
Mansfield City School District	15,890,000	65.18%		10,357,102
Crestview Local School District	4,191,868	0.45%		18,863
Madison Local School District	1,785,000	18.62%		332,367
Ontario Local School District	16,442,832	0.02%		3,289
Pioneer Career and Technology Center	 12,360,000	16.20%		2,002,320
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 77,522,096		\$	25,041,868

⁽¹⁾ Calculated by total valuation in respective taxing districts compared to total City valuation.

⁽²⁾ Debt outstanding for school districts is shown as of June 30, 2009.



RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING AND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN YEARS

	2009	2008	2007	2006
Assessed Value	\$ 626,270,320	\$ 668,624,139	\$ 685,397,888	\$ 742,313,487
Overall Debt Limitation 10 1/2 Percent of Assessed Valuation	65,758,384	70,205,535	71,966,778	77,942,916
Total Voted and Unvoted Debt Outstanding at December 31st	8,260,000	5,205,000	5,745,000	6,305,000
Less: Exempt Debt Unvoted General Obligation Bonds to be paid from Water and Sewer system revenues	(2,550,000) (1,865,000)	(2,165,000)	(2,490,000)
Unvoted General Obligation Bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of Special Assessments	=			- _
Debt Within 10 1/2 Percent Limitation	5,710,000	3,340,000	3,580,000	3,815,000
Less: Debt Service Fund Balance	(86,281	(71,917)	(61,604)	(177,796)
Net Debt Subject to 10 1/2 Percent Limitation	5,623,719	3,268,083	3,518,396	3,637,204
Legal Debt Margin Within 10 1/2 Percent Limitation	\$ 60,134,665	\$ 66,937,452	\$ 68,448,382	\$ 74,305,712
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	91.45%	95.34%	95.11%	95.33%
Assessed Value	\$ 626,270,320	\$ 668,624,139	\$ 685,397,888	\$ 742,313,487
Unvoted Debt Limitation 5 1/2 Percent of Assessed Valuation	34,444,868	36,774,328	37,696,884	40,827,242
Total Unvoted Debt Outstanding at December 31st	8,260,000	5,205,000	5,745,000	6,305,000
Less: Exempt Debt Unvoted General Obligation Bonds to be paid from Water and Sewer system revenues	(2,550,000) (1,865,000)	(2,165,000)	(2,490,000)
Unvoted General Obligation Bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of Special Assessments				
Debt Within 5 1/2 Percent Limitation	5,710,000	3,340,000	3,580,000	3,815,000
Less: Debt Service Fund Balance	(86,281	(71,917)	(61,604)	(177,796)
Net Debt Subject to 5 1/2 Percent Limitation	5,623,719	3,268,083	3,518,396	3,637,204
Legal Debt Margin Within 5 1/2 Percent Limitation	\$ 28,821,149	\$ 33,506,245	\$ 34,178,488	\$ 37,190,038
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	83.67%	91.11%	90.67%	91.09%

Source: City of Mansfield, Ohio; Finance Department

	2005	 2004	 2003	 2002	 2001		2000
\$ 78	83,681,822	\$ 720,973,337	\$ 705,781,908	\$ 675,011,218	\$ 670,015,102	\$	684,020,288
	82,286,591	 75,702,200	 74,107,100	 70,876,178	 70,351,586		71,822,130
	6,845,000	7,838,139	11,093,268	5,138,758	5,957,148		7,024,200
	(2,805,000)	(3,100,000)	(3,380,000)	(3,650,000)	(3,910,000)		(4,230,000)
		 (3,139)	 (3,268)	 (3,758)	 (37,148)		(69,200)
	4,040,000	4,735,000	7,710,000	1,485,000	2,010,000		2,725,000
	(1,202,435)	 (1,945,879)	 (2,987,309)	 (3,686,787)	 (3,507,606)		(2,946,145)
	2,837,565	 2,789,121	 4,722,691	 	 		
\$	79,449,026	\$ 72,913,079	\$ 69,384,409	\$ 70,876,178	\$ 70,351,586	\$	71,822,130
	96.55%	96.32%	93.63%	100.00%	100.00%		100.00%
\$ 78	83,681,822	\$ 720,973,337	\$ 705,781,908	\$ 675,011,218	\$ 670,015,102	\$	684,020,288
	43,102,500	 39,653,534	 38,818,005	 37,125,617	 36,850,831		37,621,116
	6,845,000	7,358,139	10,118,268	10,718,758	3,947,148		4,474,200
	(2,805,000)	(3,100,000)	(3,380,000)	(3,650,000)	(3,910,000)		(4,230,000)
		 (3,139)	 (3,268)	 (3,758)	 (37,148)		(69,200)
	4,040,000	4,255,000	6,735,000	7,065,000	-		175,000
	(1,202,435)	 (1,945,879)	 (2,987,309)	 (3,686,787)	 	_	(2,946,145)
	2,837,565	 2,309,121	 3,747,691	 3,378,213	 	_	
\$ 4	40,264,935	\$ 37,344,413	\$ 35,070,314	\$ 33,747,404	\$ 36,850,831	\$	37,621,116
	93.42%	94.18%	90.35%	90.90%	100.00%		100.00%

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN YEARS

Special Assessment Debt Service (2) Year Collections (1) Principal Interest Total Coverage 2009 \$ 67,654 \$ \$ \$ 2008 53,316 2007 32,941 2006 34,109 2005 29,714 3,139 3,139 9.47 2004 37,359 129 245 374 99.89 2003 61,697 490 282 772 79.92 2002 66,195 33,390 2,813 36,203 1.83 2001 85,266 32,052 5,625 37,677 2.26 2000 67,600 15,454 47,941 1.41 32,487

(1) Source: Richland County Auditor

(2) Source: City of Mansfield, Ohio; Finance Department

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	Median Household Income (1)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2009	51,600	\$ 914,661,600	17,726	30,176	12.6%
2008	51,600	914,661,600	17,726	30,176	7.4%
2007	51,600	914,661,600	17,726	30,176	6.5%
2006	51,600	914,661,600	17,726	30,176	6.1%
2005	51,600	914,661,600	17,726	30,176	6.5%
2004	51,600	914,661,600	17,726	30,176	7.2%
2003	51,600	914,661,600	17,726	30,176	7.2%
2002	51,600	914,661,600	17,726	30,176	6.7%
2001	51,600	914,661,600	17,726	30,176	5.2%
2000	51,600	914,661,600	17,726	30,176	5.1%

(1) Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

(2) Computation of per capita personal income multiplied by population

(3) Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND DECEMBER 31, 2000

2009

Employer (1)	Rank (1)	Employees (1)	Percentage of Total City Employment (2)
Employer (1)	Runk (1)	Employees (1)	Employment (2)
MedCentral Health Systems	1	2,700	4.65%
Richland County Government	2	1,474	2.54%
Newman Technology	3	1,100	1.90%
Jay Industries, Inc.	4	943	1.63%
Gorman Rupp Company	5	809	1.39%
Embarq	6	800	1.38%
Therm-O-Disc, Inc.	7	721	1.24%
Mansfield Board of Education	8	700	1.21%
Mansfield Correctional (MANCI)	9	621	1.07%
City of Mansfield Government	10	518	0.89%
	Total	10,386	17.90%

2000

			Percentage of Total City		
Employer (1)	Rank (1)	Employees (1)	Employment (2)		
MedCentral Health Systems	1	1,900	3.29%		
Therm-O-Disc, Inc.	2	1,550	2.69%		
Richland County Government	3	1,300	2.25%		
Jay Industries, Inc.	4	1,000	1.73%		
AK Steel	5	800	1.39%		
School Specialty, Inc.	6	800	1.39%		
Mansfield Board of Education	7	750	1.30%		
State of Ohio Government	8	700	1.21%		
City of Mansfield Government	9	610	1.06%		
Newman Technology	10	575	1.00%		
	Total	9,985	17.31%		

⁽¹⁾ Source: City of Mansfield, Ohio, Department of Economic Development - amounts are estimates

⁽²⁾ Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics - total city employment figures

CITY OF MANSFIELD, OHIO

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

_	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Function/Program										
0 10										
General Government:	10	10	10	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Council	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Administration	4	4	5	4	6	6	6	6	10	10
Finance Law	17 12	27 14	28 13	26 13	23 15	22 14	20 13	20 13	25 13	27 12
Courts	52	54	13 54	53	13 49	54	13 54	53	13 58	
General Government	32 7	3 4 7		33 8	49 7	34 7	34 8	33 9	38 9	50 8
	6	6	8 6	6	8	7	8 7	7	8	8 7
Economic/Community Development Engineering	8	10	6 11	6 11	8	8	8	8	8 10	10
Maintenance	3	4	4	5	4	6 4	6 4	o 4	4	4
Codes/Permits	3 7	10	9	11	9	9	9	4 11	13	13
Litter Control	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Regional Community Advancement	27	26	16	23	24	27	26	35	36	34
Regional Community Advancement	21	20	10	23	24	21	20	33	30	34
Parks/Recreation	6	11	12	9	10	9	12	16	18	19
Tallo, reorealon	Ü	••			10			10	10	
Street/Highway	14	34	35	35	32	33	33	37	50	44
5 ,										
Police	127	144	150	148	142	139	145	154	162	160
Fire	100	102	98	100	102	95	98	102	108	107
Water	61	68	67	62	54	54	53	55	52	51
Sewer	41	41	40	41	50	56	56	56	61	58
Airport	4	6	5	5	6	6	5	7	8	9
Repair Garage	5	9	9	9	9	9	9	11	12	12
Information Technology	4	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	4	4
Total	518	595	588	585	574	576	583	621	674	652
:									$\overline{}$	

Source: City of Mansfield, Ohio Payroll Department

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Function/Program										
General Government:										
Building permits issued	164	174	207	231	288	331	332	313	366	367
Code enforcements	3,070	4,633	5,519	4,195	2,922	3,301	3,921	4,533	2,678	-
Police										
Calls for service	37,548	42,062	42,072	44,417	43,876	47,328	48,348	51,729	55,185	53,174
Traffic violations	5,616	6,221	6,741	5,958	4,760	7,056	6,104	10,703	8,370	6,650
Parking violations	6,928	7,684	5,896	9,530	9,337	10,639	9,671	12,112	14,740	9,664
Physical arrests	4,364	4,987	4,924	4,840	4,328	4,476	4,269	4,610	4,666	4,641
Fire										
Emergency responses	6,234	6,441	6,109	6,079	6,290	5,787	5,662	5,459	-	-
Fire responses	1,450	1,653	1,470	1,304	1,543	1,732	1,784	1,682	-	-
Street/Highway										
Street resurfacing mileage (1)	15	20	19	18	24	26	26	28	26	29
Number of streets resurfaced (1)	104	81	96	95	127	145	143	147	131	130
Tons of salt used	7,742	14,355	6,240	6,498	10,528	7,590	9,647	7,901	4,641	10,079
Leaf removal (cubic yards)	9,170	9,288	11,642	11,438	11,500	11,984	15,536	17,059	15,708	15,033
Water										
Number of customers	19,800	20,448	20,394	20,335	20,329	20,152	20,152	19,546	19,929	19,816
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	7,860	8,920	8,480	9,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	9,430	10,180	10,000
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	9,809	10,348	9,870	10,360	9,130	9,580	10,520	9,400	9,250	9,320

Sources: Various city departments - some amounts may be estimates

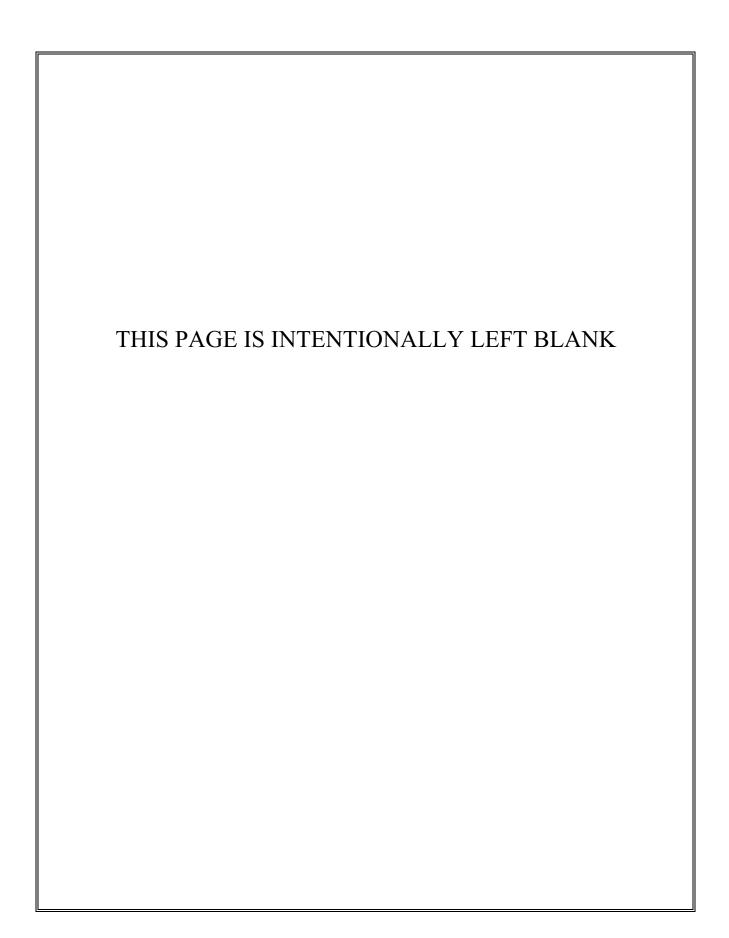
(-) Not available

(1) Funded by income tax dollars only

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Function/Program										
Police										
Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of offices	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of police vehicles	48	42	45	42	38	39	40	38	38	39
Fire										
Number of stations	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Number of fire trucks	8	8	7	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Number of rescue squads	6	6	5	5	6	5	5	5	5	5
Streets/Highways										
Mileage	295	295	295	295	295	295	295	295	295	295
Street signs	13,325	13,300	13,270	13,262	13,203	13,147	13,125	13,045	12,976	12,848
Parks/Recreation										
Number of Parks	34	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Acreage	435	435	435	435	435	435	435	435	435	435
Playgrounds	21	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Swimming pools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4
Water										
Miles of water mains	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250
Storage capacity	14,500	14,500	14,500	14,500	14,500	14,500	14,500	14,500	14,500	14,500
(thousands of gallons)										
Wastewater										
Miles of sanitary sewer	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
Treatment capacity	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500
(thousands of gallons)										

Sources: Various city departments





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CITY OF MANSFIELD

RICHLAND COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED AUGUST 26, 2010