KNOX METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY

Financial Condition

As of

September 30, 2009

Together with Auditors' Report



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Trustees Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority 201A West High Street Mount Vernon, Ohio 43050

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority, Knox County, prepared by Kevin L. Penn, Inc., for the audit period October 1, 2008 through September 30, 2009. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

April 20, 2010



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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority Mt. Vernon, Ohio

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority, as of September 30, 2009 and for the year then ended, listed in the foregoing table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis in my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority, as of September 30, 2009, and the changes in net assets and revenues, expenditures and other changes, and the cash flows for the year ended September 30, 2009 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) on pages 3-10, is not a required part of the financial statements but is supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The MD&A has been reviewed in accordance with the standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Such a review, however, is substantially less in scope than an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion on the MD&A information.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated March 11, 2010 on my consideration of the Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the result of my audit.

My audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. In addition, the financial data schedule, pages 24 to 26 are presented for additional analysis as required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. These schedules are the responsibility of management of Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Kevin L. Penn, Inc.

March 11, 2010

Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority

Management's Discussion and Analysis

September 30, 2009

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's (the Authority') management's discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Authority's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the Authority's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent fiscal year challenges), and (d) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

This Management Discussion and Analysis is new, and will now be presented at the front of each year's financial statements.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current years activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements (beginning on page 10).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- During FY 2009, the Authority's net assets decreased by \$34,160 (or 9.4%). Since the Authority engages only in business-type activities, the increase is all in the category of business-type net assets. Net Assets were \$396,236 and \$362,076 for FY 2008 and FY 2009 respectively.
- The revenue decreased by \$124 (or 0.0%) during FY 2009, and was \$3,160,407 and \$3,160,283 for FY 2008 and FY 2009 respectively.
- The total expenses of the Authority increased by \$64,122 (or 2%). Total expenses were \$3,130,321 and \$3,194,443 for FY 2008 and FY 2009 respectively.

Authority-Wide Financial Statements

The Authority-wide financial statements (see pgs 10-13) are designed to be corporate-like in that all business type activities are consolidated into columns, which add to a total for the entire Authority.

These Statements include a <u>Statement of Net Assets</u>, which is similar to a Balance Sheet. The Statement of Net Assets reports all financial and capital resources for the Authority. The statement is presented in the format where assets, minus liabilities, equals "Net Assets", formerly known as equity. Assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity, and are classified as "Current" (convertible into cash within one year), and "Non-current".

The focus of the Statement of Net Assets (the "<u>Unrestricted</u> Net Assets") is designed represent the net available liquid (non-capital) assets, net of liabilities, for the entire Authority. Net Assets (formerly equity) are reported in three broad categories:

<u>Net Assets, Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt</u>: This component of Net Assets consists of all Capital Assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Assets</u>: This component of Net Assets consists of restricted assets, when constraints are placed on the asset by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc.

<u>Unrestricted Net Assets</u>: Consists of Net Assets that do not meet the definition of "Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt", or "Restricted Net Assets".

The Authority-wide financial statements also include a <u>Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets</u> (similar to an Income Statement). This Statement includes Operating Revenues, such as rental income, Operating Expenses, such as administrative, utilities, and maintenance, and depreciation, and Non-Operating Revenue and Expenses, such as grant revenue, investment income and interest expense.

The focus of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets is the "Change in Net Assets", which is similar to Net Income or Loss.

Finally, <u>Statement of Cash Flows</u> (see page 12) is included, which discloses net cash provided by, or used for operating activities, non-capital financing activities, and from capital and related financing activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Authority-wide financial statements presentation more familiar. The focus is now on Major Funds, rather than fund types. The Authority consists of exclusively Enterprise Funds. Enterprise funds utilize the full accrual basis of accounting. The Enterprise method of accounting is similar to accounting utilized by the private sector accounting.

Many of the funds maintained by the Authority are required by the Department of Housing and Urban Development. Others are segregated to enhance accountability and control.

The Authority's Funds

Business Type Funds

<u>Housing Choice Voucher Program</u> – Under the Housing Choice Voucher Program, the Authority administers contracts with independent landlords that own the property. The Authority subsidizes the family's rent through a Housing Assistance Payment made to the landlord. The program is administered under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD provides Annual Contributions Funding to enable the Authority to structure a lease that sets the participants' rent at 30% of adjusted household income.

AUTHORITY – WIDE STATEMENT

Statement of Net Assets

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets compared to prior year. The Authority is engaged only in Business-Type Activities.

TABLE 1
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

	FY 2009	FY 2008
Current and Other Assets	\$ 380,156	\$ 420,501
Capital Assets	43,416	22,985
Total Assets	423,572	<u>443,486</u>
Other Liabilities	48,867	42,468
Non-Current Liabilities	12,629	4,782
Total Liabilities	<u>61,496</u>	<u>47,250</u>
Net Assets:		
Invested in Capital Assets,		
Net of Related Debt	43,416	22,985
Restricted	118,184	205,893
Unrestricted	200,476	<u>167,358</u>
Total Net Assets	<u>\$ 362,076</u>	<u>\$ 396,236</u>

For more detailed information see page 10 for the Statement of Net Assets.

Major Factors Affecting the Statement of Net Assets

Current assets were decreased by \$40,345 or 9.6% and liabilities were increased by \$14,246 or 30.1%. Factors for these changes include reclassifying allowance for doubtful accounts for the Fraud Recovery accounts. Also reducing current assets was the slight decrease to the Undesignated HAP fund and the loss for the year.

The Capital Assets had a net decrease of \$20,431. This is the net amount of current year's depreciation of \$11,414 and the current year's purchases of \$31,845.

TABLE 2

CHANGE OF UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Unrestricted Net Assets 09/30/2009		\$ 200,476
2.6p 666.7.666.6		(:0,0=0)
Disposal of Assets		(16,928)
Additions		7,912
Capital Expenditures		
Adjusted Results from Operations		42,134
Depreciation (1)	(11,414)	
Adjustments:		
Results of Operations	53,548	
Unrestricted Net Assets 9/30/2008 -Restructured		\$ 167,358

⁽¹⁾ Depreciation is treated as an expense and reduces the results of operations but does not have an impact on Unrestricted Net Assets

While the result of operations is a significant measure of the Authority's activities, the analysis of the changes in Unrestricted Net Assets provides a clearer change in financial well-being.

TABLE 3

CHANGE OF RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Restricted Net Assets 9	/30/2008	\$ 205,893
Results of Operations Adjustments: HUD Interest HUD URI FSS Forfeitures Results from Operation	421 1,869 606 ns (90,605)	
Adjusted Results from C	perations	(87,709)
Restricted Net Assets 0	9/30/2009	\$ 118,184

TABLE 4

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

The following schedule compares the revenues and expenses for the current and previous fiscal year. The Authority is engaged only in Business-Type Activities.

	FY 2009	FY 2008
Revenues		
HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$ 3,072,317	\$ 3,081,213
Investment Income	1,685	5,359
Other Revenues – Other	82,543	72,353
Other Revenues – Fraud Recovery	3,738	1,482
Total Revenue	3,160,283	3,160,407
Expenses		
Administrative	331,867	318,941
Maintenance	9,874	35,860
General	79,056	33,099
Housing Assistance Payments	2,762,232	2,722,874
Leasehold Improvement Write-off	0	13,526
Depreciation	11,414	6,021
Total Expenses	3,194,443	3,130,321
Net Increase/(Decrease)	<u>\$ (34,160)</u>	\$ 30,086

MAJOR FACTORS AFFECTING THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

HUD PHA Grants decreased \$8,896 or 0.0%. HUD provided a slight decrease to Housing Assistance Funding in Calendar Year 2009. The Authority was able to maintain a high leasing rate to utilize most of the funding.

The \$(34,160) net decrease was a result of an \$87,709 decrease to Undesignated HAP funds for FY 2009 and a \$ 10,323 increase to the Authority's reserves.

Administrative expenses increase was due primarily to adding an additional full-time staff position to the agency in 2009.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of 09/30/09, the Authority had \$43,416 invested in capital assets as reflected in the following schedule, which represents a net decrease (addition, deductions and depreciation).

TABLE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (NET OF DEPRECIATION)

_	Activ	J 1	
_	FY 2009)	FY 2008
Leasehold Improvements	\$ 0	\$	0
Equipment – Administrative	77,163		62,246
Accumulated Depreciation	(33,747)	((39,261)
Total	<u>\$ 43,416</u>	9	22,985

Business-type

The following reconciliation summarizes the change in Capital Assets, which is presented in detail on page 19 of the notes.

TABLE 6

CHANGE IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Beginning Balance,10/1/2008	\$ 22,985
Additions	31,845
Depreciation	(11,414)
Ending Balance,9/30/2009	\$ 43,416

This year's major additions are:

New Office Equipment totaling \$31,845.

Debt Outstanding

As of 9/30/08, the Authority had no outstanding debt (bonds, notes, etc.)

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Significant economic factors affecting the Authority are as follows:

- Federal funding of the Department of Housing and Urban Development
- Local labor supply and demand, which can affect salary and wage rates
- Local inflationary, recession and employment trends, which can affect resident incomes and therefore the amount of housing assistance
- Inflationary pressure on utility rates, supplies and other costs

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The individual to be contacted regarding this report is Jason E. Booth, Executive Director for the Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority, at (740) 397-8787. Specific requests may be submitted to the Authority at 201A West High Street, Suite 201, Mt. Vernon, OH 43050.

KNOX METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

ASSETS

Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 1)	\$273,436
Investments - Unrestricted Investments - Restricted	52,891 24,136
Accounts Receivable - Fraud	21,610
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud	(21,610)
Accounts Receivable - HUD	609
Accounts Receivable - Other	23,525
Prepaid Expenses	5,559
Total Current Assets	380,156
Non-Current Assets	
Property and Equipment - Net (Note 1)	43,416
Total Non-Current Assets	43,416
TOTAL ASSETS	\$423,572
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable - Vendor	\$10,356
Accrued Liabilities	14,375
Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	8,161
Other Current Liabilities	24,136
Total Current Liabilities	57,028
Non-Current Liabilities	
Accrued Compensated Absences	4,468
Total Non-Current Liabilities	4,468
Total Liabilities	<u>\$61,496</u>
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$43,416
Restricted	118,184
Unrestricted	200,476
Total Net Assets	\$362,076

KNOX METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Operating Revenue:

HUD Grants Other Revenue	\$3,072,317 <u>86,281</u>
Total Operating Revenue	3,158,598
Operating Expenses:	
Housing Assistance Payments Administrative Salaries Compensated Absences Employee Benefits Other Administrative Expenses Material and Labor - Maintenance Depreciation Expense General Expenses	2,762,232 247,171 2,126 82,570 72,243 9,874 11,414 6,505
Total Operating Expenses	3,194,135
Operating Income (Loss)	(35,537)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest Expense Investment Income - Unrestricted Investment Income - Restricted	(308) 1,264 421
Change in Net Assets	(34,160)
Net Assets- Beginning of Year	396,236
Net Assets- End of Year	\$362,076

KNOX METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments for salaries and benefits Housing assistance payments HUD operating subsidies and grants Other receipts Other payments	\$(88,907) (331,867) (2,762,232) 3,072,317 86,281 (6,505)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(30,913)
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing:	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing	0
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Interest Expense Acquisition of Fixed Assets	(308) (31,845)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(32,153)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Change in Investments Investment Income	(13,526) 1,685
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(11,841)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(74,907)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	348,343
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$273,436

KNOX METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:

Operating Income (Loss)	\$(35,537)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation	11,414
(Increase) decrease in: Accounts Receivable	(20,264)
Prepaid Expenses	(20,204) (772)
Increase (decrease) in:	()
Accounts Payable - Vendor	(6,363)
Accrued Compensated Absences	2,126
Accrued Expenses	18,483
Net cash used in operating activities	\$(30,913)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Organization and Reporting Entity

The Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority (KMHA) is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio, located in Mt. Vernon, Ohio, created under Section 3735.27 of the Ohio Revised Code, to engage in the acquisition, development, leasing and administration of low-rent housing program. An Annual Contributions Contract was signed by the KMHA and the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), to provide low and moderate income persons with safe and sanitary housing through rent subsidies, via the Section 8 and Voucher Program.

The nucleus of the financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 is the "primary government". A fundamental characteristic of a primary government is that it is a fiscally independent entity. In evaluating how to define the financial reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity for which the primary government is financially accountable. The criteria of financial accountability is the ability of the primary government to impose its will upon the potential component unit. These criteria were considered in determining the reporting entity. The Authority has no component units that are presented in the financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the Authority has elected to apply the provisions of Statements and Interpretations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued after November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with GASB pronouncements. The Authority will continue applying all applicable pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The Authority's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, and a statement of cash flows.

The Authority uses a single enterprise fund to maintain its financial records on an accrual basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

Basis of Presentation

Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. An enterprise fund may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The enterprise fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Authority are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Authority finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority's enterprise fund are charges to tenants for rent and operating subsidies from HUD. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the costs of facility maintenance, housing assistance payments, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Effective July 1, 2003, the Authority made a change in the presentation of its cash flow statement. The Authority is now presenting cash and cash equivalents (including certificates of deposit) in the cash flow statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

Capital Assets

The Authority capitalizes all assets with a cost of \$500 and above. Capital assets are recorded at cost. Costs that materially add to the productive capacity or extend the life of an asset are capitalized while maintenance and repair costs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed on the straight line method based on the following estimated useful lives:

Property 15 – 40 Years Equipment 3 - 7 Years

Total depreciation expense for the 2009 fiscal year was \$11,414.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Cost based measures of fair value were applied to nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and money market investments.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's right to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. The liability is based on an estimate of the amount of accumulated sick leave that will probably be paid as termination benefits.

Vacation and sick leave policies are established by the Board of Commissioners based on local and state laws. Employees are entitled to 10 days of annual leave after completing twelve months of consecutive employment, 15 days after six years of service, 20 days after 13 years of service, and 25 days after 23 years of service. Sick pay is accumulated at the rate of 4.33 hours for each completed 75 hours of pay to a maximum of 900 hours.

Balance				Balance	Due Within	
	at 9/30/08	Additions	Deleti	ons	at 9/30/09	One Year
Compensated Absences	\$10,503	\$ 2,126	\$	0	\$12,629	\$8,161

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit beyond year-end are recorded as prepaid items via the consumption method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets consist of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount reported as restricted net assets at fiscal year end represents the amounts restricted by HUD for future Housing Assistance Payments and amounts from Administration Fee which may be recaptured by HUD. When an expense is incurred for purposes which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the Authority first applies restricted net assets. Net assets restricted by an enabling legislation was \$118,184.

NOTE 2 – Deposits and Investments:

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, requires the disclosures regarding credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. Adoption of GASB Statement No. 40 had no effect on net assets and change in net assets in the prior or current year.

A. Deposits

State statutes classify monies held by the Authority into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Authority's Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Authority has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits was \$297,572 (including \$273,336 of unrestricted funds, \$24,136 of restricted funds and \$100 of petty cash) and the bank balance was \$300,634.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2009

NOTE 2 – Deposits and Investments:

A. **Deposits**

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned. The Authority's policy is to place deposits with major local banks approved by the Board. Multiple financial institution collateral pools that insure public deposits must maintain collateral in excess of 105 percent of deposits, as permitted by Chapter 135 of the Ohio Revised Code. As of year-end, deposits totaling \$250,000 were covered by Federal Depository Insurance and deposits totaling \$50,634 were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Authority's name.

B. Investments

HUD, State Statute, and Board resolutions authorize the Authority to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, money market deposit accounts, municipal depository funds, super NOW accounts, sweep accounts, separate trading of registered interest and principal of securities, mutual funds, bonds and other obligations of this State, and the State Treasurer's investment pool. Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Authority and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The Authority has a formal investment policy. The objective of this policy shall be to maintain liquidity and protection of principal while earning investment interest. Safety of principal is the primary objective of the investment program. The Authority follows GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, and records all its investments at fair value.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value of losses caused by rising interest rates, the Authority's investment policy requires those funds which are not operating reserve funds to be invested in investments with a maximum term of one year or the Authority's operating cycle. For investments of the Authority's operating reserve funds, the maximum term can be up to three years. The intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Authority has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2009

NOTE 2 – Deposits and Investments: (continued)

B. Investments

Concentration of Credit Risk

Generally, the Authority places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one insurer. However, the investment policy limits the investment of HUD - approved mutual funds to no more than 20 percent of the Authority's available investment funds. The Authority's deposits in financial institutions represents 100 percent of its deposits.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. As of year-end, the Authority had no exposure to foreign currency rate risk, as regulated by HUD.

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and investments is as follows:

	Cash and Cash	
	Equivalents *	Investments
Per Statement of Net Assets	\$ 297,572	\$ 52,891
Star Ohio **	52,891	(52,891)
Per GASB Statement No. 3	\$ 350,463	\$ 0

^{*} Includes Petty Cash.

NOTE 3 – Property and Equipment:

A summary of capital assets at September 30, 2009 by class is as follows:

Capital Assets Being Depreciated	10/1/2008	Additions	Deductions	9/30/2009	
	Ф 00.040	0.04.045	•	Φ 04.004	
Equipment Subtotal Capital Assets Being	\$ 62,246	\$ 31,845	<u> </u>	\$ 94,091	
Depreciated	62,246	31,845		94,091	
Accumulated Depreciation:	(39,261)	(11,414)		(50,675)	
Depreciable Assets, Net	22,985	20,431		43,416	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 22,985	\$ 20,431	\$ -	\$ 43,416	

^{**} Quality Credit Rating - Not Rated

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2009

NOTE 4 - PENSION PLAN

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

All Authority full-time employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans, as described below:

- The Traditional Pension Plan (TP) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan;
- The Member-Directed Plan (MD) a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings;
- The Combined Plan (CO) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

PERS provides retirement, disability, survivor, and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6701 or 1-800-222-7377.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2006, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans (TP, MD, and CO). Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. The employer pension contribution rate for the Authority was 13.55 percent of covered payroll. The Authority's required contributions to OPERS for the years ended September 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$33,268, \$29,392 and \$28,954 respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2009

NOTE 5 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides post-retirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available with both the Traditional and the Combined Plan; however, health care benefits are not statutorily guaranteed. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No.12.

A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer contributions. The employer contribution rate was 14 percent from October 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008 and 14.50 percent from January 1, 2009 to September 30, 2009 of covered payroll, the portion that was used to fund health care was 7 percent from October 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008 and 5.50 percent from January 1, 2009 through September 30, 2009.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method of valuation. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS' latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2007, include a rate of return on investments of 6.50 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .50 percent and 6.30 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care costs were assumed to increase at the projected wage inflation rate plus an additional factor ranging from .50 percent to 6 percent for the next 8 years. In subsequent years (9 and beyond) health care costs were assumed to increase at 4 percent (the projected wage inflation rate).

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

At December 31, 2007, the number of active contributing participants in the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans totaled 376,214. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS' net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2007 (the latest information available) were \$11.1 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$31.3 billion and \$20.2 billion, respectively.

On September 9, 2004 the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. The HCPP restructures OPERS' health care coverage to improve the financial solvency of the fund in response to skyrocketing health care costs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2009

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (continued)

Under the HCPP, retirees eligible for health care coverage will receive a graded monthly allocation based on their years of service at retirement. The Plan incorporates a cafeteria approach, offering a broad range of health care options that allow benefit recipients to use their monthly allocation to purchase health care coverage customized to meet their individual needs. If the monthly allocation exceeds the cost of the options selected, the excess is deposited into a Retiree Medical Account that can be used to fund future health care expenses.

NOTE 6 – Insurance Coverage and Risk Retention:

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss during the normal course of its operations including, but not limited to, loss related to torts; theft of damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees.

The Authority maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for health, real property, and building contents. There was no significant reduction in coverage and no settlements exceeded insurance coverage, during the past three years.

NOTE 7 – Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Konx Metropolitan Housing Authority and is presented on the accrued basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations.

NOTE 8 - Contingent Liabilities:

A. Grants

The Authority has received several federal and state grants for specific purposes which are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based upon prior experience, management believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

B. Litigation

The Authority is unaware of any outstanding lawsuits or other contingencies

Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2009

Financial Data Schedule Submitted to U.S. Department of HUD

Line item	Account Description	Housing Choice Voucher		Choice State &		TOTALS	
111	Cash - Unrestricted	\$	159,397	\$	114,039	\$	273,436
100	Total Cash		159,397		114,039		273,436
122 125 128 128.1 120	Acct Rec HUD Acct Rec Misc. Fraud Recovery Allow Doubtful Accts. Net Total Receivables		609 23,525 21,610 (21,610) 24,134		-		609 23,525 21,610 (21,610) 24,134
131 132 142 150	Investments-Unrestricted Investments-Restricted Prepaid Expenses Total Current Assets		3,710 24,136 5,559 216,936		49,181 163,220		52,891 24,136 5,559 380,156
164 166 160	F/E/M Admin Accumulated Depreciation Net Fixed Assets		77,163 (33,747) 43,416				77,163 (33,747) 43,416
190	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	260,352	\$	163,220	\$	423,572
312 321 322 348	A/P <= 90 days Accrued Wage/Taxes Payable Accrued Comp. Abs Current Loan Liability - Current	\$	10,356 14,375 2,126 24,136			\$	10,356 14,375 2,126 24,136
310	Total Current Liabilities		50,993		-		50,993
354	Accrued Comp. Abs Noncurrent		10,503				10,503
	TOTAL Liabilities		61,496		-		61,496
508.1 511.1 512.1 513	Invested in Capital Assets Net Restricted Net Assets Unrestricted Net Assets TOTAL Equity/Net Assets		43,416 118,184 86,437 248,037		114,039 114,039		43,416 118,184 200,476 362,076
600	TOTAL LIAB. & EQUITY	\$	309,533	\$	114,039	\$	423,572

Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority Statement of Revenues and Expenses For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

Financial Data Schedule Submitted to U.S. Department of HUD

Line item	Account Description	Housing Choice Voucher	State & Local	TOTALS
706	HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$ 2,966,602	\$ 105,715	\$ 3,072,317
711	Investment Income - PHA	159	1,105	1,264
714	Fraud Recovery - PHA	1,869	1,869	3,738
715	Other Revenue	6,021	76,522	82,543
720	Investment Income - Restricted	421		421
700	TOTAL REVENUE	2,975,072	185,211	3,160,283
911	Admin Salaries	214,183	32,988	247,171
912	Audit	4,433		4,433
915	Employee Benefits	72,149	10,421	82,570
918	Travel	1,233	5 400	1,233
919	Other	54,556	5,468	60,024
	Total Operating - Admin.	346,554	48,877	395,431
942	Ordinary Maint.	14,109	2,318	16,427
	Total Maint.	14,109	2,318	16,427
961.2	Insurance - Liab. Insurance	1,869		1,869
961.3	Insurance – Workmen's Comp.	488		488
961.4	All Other Insurance	4,148		4,148
	Total Insurance	6,505	-	6,505
962.1	Comp. Abs.	2,126		2,126
967	Interest Expense	308		308
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	369,602	51,195	420,797
970	Excess Oper. Rev. over Exp.	6,944,053	134,016	134,016
973	HAP	2,656,448	105,784	2,762,232
974	Depreciation Exp	11,414		11,414
900	TOTAL EXPENSES	3,037,464	156,979	3,194,443
1000	NET	\$ (62,392)	\$ 28,232	\$ (34,160)

Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority Additional Information Required by HUD For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

Financial Data Schedule Submitted to U.S. Department of HUD

Line item	Account Description	С	ousing hoice oucher
11170	Administrative Fee Equity	\$	80,673
11180	Housing Assistance Payment Equity	\$	118,184
11190	Unit Months Available		7,824
11210	Number of Unit Months Leased		7,846

KNOX METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Contract <u>Number</u>	Grant Amount <u>Received</u>	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Direct Program:				
Section 8 Tenant Based Cluster:				
Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	C-5101	\$ 3,072,317	\$ 2,656,489
Ohio Department of Development				
Home Investment Partnership Program:				
Shelter Plus Care Program	14.238	OH16C50-7011	\$ 105,784	105,784
TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE				\$ 2,762,273



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority Norwalk, Ohio

I have audited the financial statements of Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, and have issued my report thereon dated March 11, 2010. I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effective ness of the Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of control does not allow management of employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's internal control.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

I noted certain matters that I reported to management of Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority in a separate letter dated March 11, 2010

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, and the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kevin L. Penn, Inc.

March 11, 2010



Certified Public Accountant
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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Board of Trustees Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority Norwalk, Ohio

Compliance

I have audited the compliance of Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2009. Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's compliance based on my audit.

I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion. My audit does not provide a legal determination on Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's compliance with those requirements.

In my opinion, Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing my audit, I considered Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exist when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more that a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, and the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kevin L. Penn. Inc.

March 11, 2010

Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs September 30, 2009

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

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Hinan	cial	Statements
Luuni	Ciui	Dialettichis

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified

not considered to be material weaknesses?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified

not considered to be material weaknesses?

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major program:

Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required

to be reported in accordance with

Circular A-133, Section .510(a)?

Identification of major programs:

14.871 Housing Choice Voucher Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between Type A and Type B programs: \$300,000 (Type A)

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

Knox Metropolitan Housing Authority Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2009

There were no audit findings, during the 2008 fiscal year.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

KNOX METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY

KNOX COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MAY 6, 2010