



# PICKAWAY-ROSS CAREER AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER ROSS COUNTY

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Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County 895 Crouse Chapel Road Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center, Ross County, Ohio (the Center), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Center's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center, Ross County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Adult Education funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 3, 2010, on our consideration of the Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

88 E. Broad St. / Tenth Floor / Columbus, OH 43215-3506 Telephone: (614) 466-3402 (800) 443-9275 Fax: (614) 728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

February 3, 2010

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center's (the Center) discussion and analysis of the annual financial statements provides a review of the financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Center's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Center's financial performance.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Center's assets exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2009 by \$25,548,831.
- General revenues accounted for \$15,650,299 in revenue or 74 percent of all revenues. Program specific
  revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, and grants and contributions accounted for
  \$5,586,989 or 26 percent of total revenues of \$21,237,288.
- The Center had \$17,487,954 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$5,586,989 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, and grants and contributions, while the remainder of these expenses were offset by general revenues.
- The Center has two major funds: the General Fund and the Adult Education Fund. All governmental funds
  had total revenues and other financing sources of \$21,730,161 and expenditures and other financing uses of
  \$21,555,698.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements are presented so that the reader can understand the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center's financial situation as a whole and also give a detailed view of the Center's financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Center as a whole and present a long-term view of the Center's finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Center's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

#### REPORTING THE CENTER AS A WHOLE

The analysis of the Center as a whole begins with the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These Statements provide information that will help the reader to determine whether the Center is financially improving or declining as a result of the year's financial activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Center's net assets and changes to those assets. This change informs the reader whether the Center's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. In evaluating the overall financial health, the user of these financial statements needs to take into account non-financial factors that also impact the Center's financial well-being. Some of these factors include the Center's tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, the condition of capital assets, and required educational programs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the Center has only one kind of activity.

 Governmental Activities. All of the Center's programs and services (except for the agency fund) are reported here, including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

#### REPORTING THE CENTER'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The analysis of the Center's funds begins on page 8. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Center's major funds – not the Center as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and bond covenants. Other funds may be established by the Treasurer with approval from the Board to help control, manage and report money received for a particular purpose or to show that the Center is meeting legal responsibilities for use of grants. The Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center's major funds are the General Fund and Adult Education Fund.

Governmental Funds. Most of the Center's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Center's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

**Proprietary Funds.** Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating receipts over (under) operating disbursements and changes in net assets. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service and the Center only has an internal service fund which is used to account for their self-insurance program for employee medical and dental claims. This fund is reported using the accrual basis of accounting.

**Fiduciary Funds**. The Center only has an agency fund, which is used to account for student-managed activities. All of the Center's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities. We exclude these activities from the Center's other financial statements because the Center cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Center is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

#### THE CENTER AS A WHOLE

As stated previously, the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the Center as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the Center's net assets for 2009 compared to 2008.

Table 1 Net Assets Governmental Activities

	2009	2008*
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 14,740,870	\$ 18,157,509
Capital Assets, Net	22,067,529	18,801,705
Total Assets	36,808,399	36,959,214
Liabilities		
Current and Other Liabilities	6,476,856	10,286,831
Long-Term Liabilites	4,782,712	4,872,886
Total Liabilities	11,259,568	15,159,717
		_
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets		
Net of Related Debt	18,520,007	15,892,377
Restricted	2,422,938	1,666,038
Unrestricted	4,605,886	4,241,082
Total Net Assets	\$ 25,548,831	\$ 21,799,497

<sup>\*</sup>As restated. See Note 20 to the basic financial statements.

Current and other assets decreased \$3,416,639. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in cash resulting from expenses paid for construction in progress and due to a decrease in taxes receivable, primarily due to a decrease in expected taxes resulting from the phase out of tangible personal property taxes. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in cash held by fiscal agents. Capital assets of the Center increased \$3,265,824. This increase is due to the completion of buildings resulting from an Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) grant received by the Center and additions for furniture and fixtures to equip the renovated buildings. The increase resulting from these additions was partially offset by depreciation expense. Current and other liabilities decreased \$3,809,975. This decrease was primarily due to decreases in contracts and retainage payable as the Center's OSFC project nears completion, and due to a decrease in deferred revenue which is directly related to the decrease in taxes receivable. Long-term liabilities decreased \$90,174. This decrease is primarily due to principal payments on capital leases, which was partially offset by an increase in compensated absences liabilities which resulted from higher leave balances and wage rates at year end.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 as compared to 2008.

Table 2 Change in Net Assets Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities						
	2009	2008*				
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 2,321,130	\$ 1,852,515				
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,265,859	3,010,200				
Total Program Revenues	5,586,989	4,862,715				
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes Grants and Entitlements Restricted	4,844,815	5,159,866				
to Classroom Facilities Projects Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted	552,095	59,255				
to Specific Programs	9,759,462	9,259,916				
Investment Earnings	171,015	482,899				
Gifts & Donations Not Restricted	•	,				
to Specific Programs	25	2,783				
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	450	6,924				
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	8,488	28,054				
Miscellaneous	313,949	121,072				
Total General Revenues	15,650,299	15,120,769				
Total Revenues	21,237,288	19,983,484				
Program Expenses Instruction						
Regular	989,820	890,704				
Vocational	11,066,250	13,052,173				
Adult/Continuing	52,655	82,336				
Support Services	,	,				
Pupils	1,630,989	1,693,765				
Instructional Staff	1,180,139	1,098,253				
Board of Education	68,282	55,739				
Administration	428,691	411,895				
Fiscal	529,306	480,336				
Business	3,755	-				
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	1,210,043	1,071,827				
Pupil Transportation	16,263	15,352				
Central	34,268	30,211				
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	268,638	289,856				
Extracurricular Activities	8,528	7,827				
Interest & Fiscal Charges	327	926				
Total Expenses	17,487,954	19,181,200				
Change in Net Assets	3,749,334	802,284				
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	21,799,497	20,997,213				
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 25,548,831	\$ 21,799,497				

<sup>\*</sup>As restated. See Note 20 to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

Charges for services and sales increased \$468,615 due to an increase in enrollment and an increase in outstanding accounts receivable. Operating grants and contributions increased \$255,659 due primarily to an increase in grants received for the Adult Education program. Tax revenue decreased \$315,051 due to a decrease in collections and the receivable balance related to the phase out of tangible personal property tax. Grants restricted for the classroom facilities project increased as a result of an amendment to the OSFC Project Agreement which awarded the Center an additional \$545,094. Unrestricted grants and entitlements increased \$499,546 due to an increase in Foundation remittances. Investment earnings decreased \$311,884 due to a combination of lower interest rates and lower cash balances in banks due to the payment of vendors for the OSFC project. Miscellaneous revenue increased \$192,877 due to significant refunds received from South Central Power and for insurance reimbursements due to claims for damage of property. Expenses increased in the regular instruction, fiscal, and operation and maintenance of plant lines by \$99,116, \$48,970, and \$138,216, respectively. These increases are due mainly to increases in salaries and benefits and in repair costs related to damage of property. The adult/continuing instruction line decreased \$29,681 mainly as a result of the Center's reallocation of certain types of expenses into the vocational instruction line.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Operating grants and contributions and grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs comprised 15 percent and 46 percent of revenue while property taxes and charges for services and sales comprised 23 percent and 11 percent, respectively, for governmental activities of the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center for fiscal year 2009 and represent the largest sources of revenue.

As indicated by governmental program expenses, total instruction is emphasized. Total instruction comprised 72 percent of governmental program expenses with support services comprising 27 percent of governmental expenses. The Board of Education relies on taxes, grants and entitlements to support increased student achievement within the Center.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, and grants and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted grants and entitlements.

Table 3
Total and Net Cost of Program Services
Governmental Activities

	20	009	200	08	
	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	
	Services	Services	Services	Services	
Instruction	\$ 12,108,725	\$ 8,939,202	\$ 14,025,213	\$ 11,395,938	
Support Services	5,101,736	3,890,753	4,857,378	3,722,287	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	268,638	(937,803)	289,856	(808,371)	
Extracurricular Activities	8,528	8,486	7,827	7,705	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	327	327	926	926	
Total Expenses	\$ 17,487,954	\$ 11,900,965	\$ 19,181,200	\$ 14,318,485	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

#### THE CENTER'S FUNDS

The Center's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The most significant changes in the Center's total fund balance were in the General Fund and Adult Education Fund.

The General fund had \$15,745,860 in revenues and other financing sources and \$16,320,360 in expenditures and transfers. The General Fund balance decreased \$574,500 as expenditures exceeded revenues. Property taxes and interest decreased substantially while intergovernmental and miscellaneous revenues increased substantially. Property taxes decreased as a result of the phase out of the tangible personal property tax. Interest decreased as a result of declining interest rates and less cash in banks during the year. Intergovernmental revenues increased as a result of increased Foundation remittances. Miscellaneous revenue increased due to various reimbursements and refunds. Capital outlay increased as a result of the purchase of various furniture and equipment to be used in the newly renovated buildings. Vocational instruction increased as a result of increased salaries and benefits.

The Adult Education Fund had revenues of \$3,783,368 and expenditures of \$3,260,481 resulting in a \$522,887 increase in fund balance. Intergovernmental revenues and tuition and fees increased due to an increase in enrollment in adult education programs. Vocational instruction increased due to an increase in salaries and benefits.

#### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The Center's budget is adopted on a fund basis. Before the budget is adopted, the Board of Education reviews the detailed work papers of each object within the General Fund and then adopts the budget on a fund basis. The General Fund was the most significant budgeted fund.

During 2009, there were several revisions to the General Fund budget. In part, these revisions increased estimated resources by \$193,138 and decreased estimated appropriations by \$430,950. Actual expenditures exceeded final budgeted expenditures by \$131,330 due to advances out, which are not legally required to be appropriated as they are temporary movements of money that will be repaid within the same or next fiscal year. The Treasurer has been given the authority by the Board of Education to make line item adjustments within the budget. The General Fund's ending unobligated cash balance was \$78,342 below the final budgeted amount.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2009, the Center had \$22,067,529 invested in land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows the fiscal year 2009 balances compared to 2008.

Table 4
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)
Governmental Activities

	2009	2008
Land	\$ 186,368	\$ 186,368
Construction in Progress	-	16,525,816
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	19,702,567	765,047
Furniture and Equipment	2,133,728	1,271,017
Vehicles	44,866	53,457
Totals	\$ 22,067,529	\$ 18,801,705

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

Changes in capital assets from the prior year resulted from additions, deletions and depreciation expense. Please see note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information regarding capital assets.

#### Debt

At June 30, 2009, the Center had \$3,547,522 in outstanding capital leases with \$272,886 due within one year.

At June 30, 2009, the Center's overall legal debt margin was \$167,850,684 with an unvoted debt margin of \$1,865,008. Please see note 14 to the basic financial statements for additional information regarding long-term obligations.

#### CONTACTING THE CENTER'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, and investors with a general overview of the Center's finances and to show the Center's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ben Vanhorn, Treasurer, Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center, 895 Crouse Chapel Road, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

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Statement of Net Assets As of June 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
Current Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,988,620
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	1,220,798
Accrued Interest Receivable	26,621
Accounts Receivable, Net	550,193
Intergovernmental Receivable	7,382
Taxes Receivable	4,799,712
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	147,544
Noncurrent Assets:	ŕ
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	186,368
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	21,881,161
Total Assets	36,808,399
LIABILITIES:	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	153,642
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,173,983
Contracts Payable	63,480
Retainage Payable	147,544
Intergovernmental Payable	418,574
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	27,587
Deferred Revenue	4,166,865
Claims Payable	315,181
Early Retirement Incentive Payable	10,000
Noncurrent Liabilities:	-,
Due Within One Year	445,983
Due in More Than One Year	4,336,729
Total Liabilities	11,259,568
NET ASSETS:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	18,520,007
Restricted for Capital Outlay	266,854
Restricted for Adult Education	1,452,909
Restricted for Other Purposes	703,175
Unrestricted	4,605,886
Total Net Assets	\$ 25,548,831

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

						N	et (Expense)
		Program Revenues				Revenue and	
	Expenses		narges for ces and Sales		rating Grants Contributions		Changes in Net Assets
	 Expenses	Bervi	ces and bares	ana	Contributions		1101 / 133013
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 989,820	\$	4,865	\$	-	\$	(984,955)
Vocational	11,066,250		830,974		2,288,817		(7,946,459)
Adult/Continuing	52,655		14,953		29,914		(7,788)
Support Services:							
Pupils	1,630,989		302,111		598,722		(730,156)
Instructional Staff	1,180,139		89,173		169,700		(921,266)
Board of Education	68,282		174		-		(68,108)
Administration	428,691		10,315		16,711		(401,665)
Fiscal	529,306		2,802		419		(526,085)
Business	3,755		18		- 2.277		(3,737)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,210,043		7,075		2,377		(1,200,591)
Pupil Transportation Central	16,263		3,739 168		7,479		(5,045)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	34,268 268,638		1,054,721		151 720		(34,100) 937,803
Extracurricular Activities	8,528		1,034,721		151,720		(8,486)
Debt Service:	0,320		42		-		(8,480)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	327		_		_		(327)
	 			-			(321)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 17,487,954	\$	2,321,130	\$	3,265,859		(11,900,965)
			al Revenues:				
			ty Taxes Levied	for:			
			eral Purposes	. D	. 1		4,844,815
			and Entitlemen lassroom Faciliti				552.005
			and Entitlemen				552,095
			ecific Programs		stricted		9,759,462
			and Donations no		ted		9,739,402
			ecific Programs	ot reestire	ica		25
			ment Earnings				171,015
			ents in Lieu of T	axes			450
		Gain c	on Sale of Capita	l Assets			8,488
		Misce	llaneous				313,949
		Total	Total General Revenues			15,650,299	
		Chang	ge in Net Assets				3,749,334
		Net Assets at Beginning of Year - As Restated		r - As Restated		21,799,497	
		Net As:	sets at End of Ye	ear		\$	25,548,831

# $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center} \\ Balance \textit{Sheet} \end{array}$

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2009

	General Fund	Adult Education Fund	All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Accrued Interest Receivable Accounts Receivable, Net Interfund Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,352,814 26,621 90 131,327 4,799,712	\$ 1,203,286 - 550,103 - -	\$ 1,035,583 - - - 7,382 - 147,544	\$ 7,591,683 26,621 550,193 131,327 7,382 4,799,712 147,544
Total Assets	\$10,310,564	\$ 1,753,389	\$ 1,190,509	\$ 13,254,462
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Contracts Payable Retainage Payable Interfund Payable Intergovernmental Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable Early Retirement Incentive Payable Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 96,765 1,114,976 - - 326,919 19,253 10,000 4,352,325 5,920,238	\$ 55,682 49,131 - - 84,255 - - - 189,068	\$ 1,195 9,876 63,480 147,544 131,327 7,400 8,334	\$ 153,642 1,173,983 63,480 147,544 131,327 418,574 27,587 10,000 4,352,325
FUND BALANCES: Reserved: Reserved for Encumbrances Reserved for Property Taxes Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in: General Fund	217,184 447,387 3,725,755	59,970	111,577	388,731 447,387 3,725,755
Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds		1,504,351	548,048 161,728	2,052,399 161,728
Total Fund Balances	4,390,326	1,564,321	821,353	6,776,000
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$10,310,564	\$ 1,753,389	\$ 1,190,509	\$ 13,254,462

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities As of June 30, 2009

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 6,776,000
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		22,067,529
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.  Taxes  Total	185,460	185,460
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individuals. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		1,302,554
Long-term liabilities, including capital lease obligations and the long-term portion of compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Compensated Absences Capital Lease Obligations Total	(1,235,190) (3,547,522)	(4,782,712)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 25,548,831

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	General Fund	Adult Education Fund	All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:				
Property Taxes	\$ 4,823,622	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,823,622
Intergovernmental	10,483,061	1,591,286	1,623,425	13,697,772
Interest	152,005	-	19,010	171,015
Tuition and Fees	15,849	1,270,772	-	1,286,621
Rent	2,368	-	-	2,368
Gifts and Donations	25	110	10,000	10,135
Customer Sales and Services	53,280	842,759	136,102	1,032,141
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	450	-	-	450
Miscellaneous	196,127	78,441	39,381	313,949
Total Revenues	15,726,787	3,783,368	1,827,918	21,338,073
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	988,475			988,475
Vocational	9,801,834	2,029,368	693,837	12,525,039
Adult/Continuing	J,001,05 <del>4</del>	2,027,300	63,233	63,233
Support Services:			03,233	05,255
Pupils	573,896	1,006,599	24,301	1,604,796
Instructional Staff	856,475	216,484	63,875	1,136,834
Board of Education	35,316	210,101	-	35,316
Administration	387,459	_	29,118	416,577
Fiscal	506,732	_	730	507,462
Business	3,755		-	3,755
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,176,410	_	4,141	1,180,551
Pupil Transportation	147	_	13,031	13,178
Central	34,101	-	, -	34,101
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	4,277	_	264,042	268,319
Extracurricular Activities	8,528	-	-	8,528
Capital Outlay	1,289,986	8,030	818,549	2,116,565
Debt Service:				
Principal	279,627	-	-	279,627
Interest	327			327
Total Expenditures	15,947,345	3,260,481	1,974,857	21,182,683
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(220,558)	522,887	(146,939)	155,390
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers In	-	-	373,015	373,015
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	19,073	-		19,073
Transfers Out	(373,015)			(373,015)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(353,942)		373,015	19,073
Net Change in Fund Balances	(574,500)	522,887	226,076	174,463
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	4,964,826	1,041,434	595,277	6,601,537
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 4,390,326	\$ 1,564,321	\$ 821,353	\$ 6,776,000

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 174,463
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital asset additions exceed depreciation in the current period.  Capital Asset Additions  Current Year Depreciation  Total  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of the country of their estimated useful lives as depreciation in the current period.  3,732,804  (456,395)	3,276,409
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. These are the amounts of the gain on the disposal of capital assets and the proceeds from the sale of these capital assets.  Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets  Gain on Sale of Capital Assets  Total  (19,073)	(10,585)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Taxes 21,193 Intergovernmental (130,466) Total	(109,273)
Repayment of capital lease obligations are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.	279,627
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.	328,146
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Increase in Compensated Absences  Total  (189,453)	(189,453)
Net Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,749,334

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
(Budgetary Basis)
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget:	
	Original Budget		get Final Budget		Actual		Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	15,625,871 16,918,768	\$	15,819,009 16,487,818	\$	15,871,997 16,619,148	\$	52,988 (131,330)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,292,897)		(668,809)		(747,151)		(78,342)	
Fund Balance, July 1, 2008		5,626,264		5,626,264		5,626,264		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		229,986		229,986		229,986			
Fund Balance, June 30, 2009	\$	4,563,353	\$	5,187,441	\$	5,109,099	\$	(78,342)	

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Adult Education Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget:	
	Orig	ginal Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	3,517,843 4,354,663	\$	2,548,957 3,385,777	\$	3,660,277 3,385,777	\$	1,111,320
Net Change in Fund Balance		(836,820)		(836,820)		274,500		1,111,320
Fund Balance, July 1, 2008		734,157		734,157		734,157		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		102,663		102,663		102,663		
Fund Balance, June 30, 2009	\$		\$	_	\$	1,111,320	\$	1,111,320

Statement of Fund Net Assets Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund As of June 30, 2009

	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS: Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	\$ 396,937 1,220,798
Total Assets	1,617,735
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Claims Payable	315,181
Total Liabilities	315,181
NET ASSETS: Unrestricted	\$ 1,302,554

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Net Assets Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING EVENUE: Charges for Services	\$ 4,458,053	
Total Operating Revenue	4,458,053	
OPERATING EXPENSES: Purchased Services Claims Expense	2,424,175 1,705,732	
Total Operating Expenses	4,129,907	
Change in Net Assets	328,146	
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	974,408	
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 1,302,554	

Statement of Cash Flows
Governmental Activities
Internal Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	S	Internal ervice Fund
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received from Transactions with Other Funds Cash Payments for Vendor Payments Cash Payments for Claims	\$	4,458,053 (2,424,175) (1,587,810)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		446,068
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		446,068
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		1,171,667
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	1,617,735
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating Income	\$	328,146
Changes in Liabilities: Increase in Claims Payable		117,922
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	446,068

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund As of June 30, 2009

ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 60,098
Total Assets	\$ 60,098
LIABILITIES: Undistributed Monies	\$ 60,098
Total Liabilities	\$ 60,098

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CENTER AND REPORTING ENTITY

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center (the "Center") is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board form of government consisting of eleven representatives from the various elected City and County School Boards within Pickaway and Ross Counties. The Center possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The Center exposes students to job training leading to employment upon graduation from high school.

The Center was established in 1970 through the cooperation of all school districts involved. The Center serves an area of approximately 1,090 square miles. It is located in Ross County, and includes the school districts within Ross and Pickaway Counties. It is staffed by 34 non-certificated employees and 123 certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 1,131 students and other community members. The Center currently operates 2 instructional buildings.

#### Reporting Entity:

The Center is a jointly governed organization, legally separate from other organizations. The Board of Education of the Center is not directly elected, although no other school district appoints a voting majority of the Board. None of the school districts that appoint Board members are financially accountable for the Center.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the Center consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the Center. For the Center, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the Center.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Center is financially accountable. The Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Center appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Center is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Center in that the Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The Center has no component units.

The following entities which perform activities within the Center's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the Center is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the Center.

- < Ross-Pike Educational Service District < Cities of Chillicothe and Circleville
- < Participating Local/City School Districts
- Pickaway County Educational Service Center

The Center is associated with four organizations, two of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, one as a claims servicing pool, and one as an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association, Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow, Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium and the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, respectively. These organizations are presented in Notes 16 and 17 to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Center's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Fund Accounting**

The Center's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific Center functions or activities. The operation of each fund is accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Center's major governmental funds:

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Center and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the Center for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the school laws of Ohio.

#### **Adult Education**

The Adult Education Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures related to the provision of credit and noncredit classes to the community.

The other governmental funds of the Center account for grants and other resources, debt service, and capital projects, whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center has no enterprise funds.

#### **Internal Service Fund**

The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center on a cost reimbursement basis. The Center's only internal service fund accounts for the self-insurance program for employee medical and dental claims.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. The Center's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The Center's agency fund is used to account for student-managed activities.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Center's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Center as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of governmental activities of the Center at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Center's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Center. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Center.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the Center segregates transactions related to certain Center functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Center at this more detailed level. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

#### **Measurement Focus**

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Center are included on the statement of net assets.

The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Center finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using either the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds or the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary and fiduciary funds. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

### Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Center, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Center receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. (See Note 6.) Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Center must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Center on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Deferred Revenue**

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2009, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2010 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

## Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt and capital lease obligations, which is recorded when due and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation, personal leave and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### **Budgetary Process**

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Center's Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during the fiscal year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting is utilized by the Center for all funds in the normal course of operations for purchase orders and contract related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to a commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. On the fund financial statements encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures for governmental funds. A reserve for encumbrances is not reported on the government-wide financial statements. Encumbrances are reported as part of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in the budgetary statements.

#### **Cash and Investments**

Cash received by the Center is deposited into one of several bank accounts with individual fund balance integrity maintained. Balances of all funds are maintained in these accounts or are temporarily used to purchase certificates of deposit or investments. All investment earnings accrue to the General Fund except those specifically related to those funds deemed appropriate according to Board of Education policy. Interest earned during fiscal year 2009 was \$171,015, which was credited to the General fund and the Construction non-major capital projects fund in the amounts of \$152,005 and \$19,010, respectively.

The Center records all its investments at fair value. For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool are considered to be cash equivalents. The Center has invested in the certificates of deposit, State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio), money market funds, commercial paper, and U.S. government agency notes during fiscal year 2009. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2009.

Investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Center are reported as cash equivalents.

The Center has \$1,220,798 held by a fiscal agent that administers the self insurance program, and is recorded as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents."

#### **Capital Assets and Depreciation**

All capital assets of the Center are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Center maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The Center does not possess any infrastructure.

Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	10-40 years
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	5 years

#### **Interfund Balances**

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivables" and "Interfund Payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Vacation and personal leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the Center will compensate its employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive severance benefits and those the Center has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The Center records an accrual for sick leave for all employees with ten years or more of service. The accrual amount is based upon accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the Center's severance policy.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

#### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities, that once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the government-wide financial statements when due.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Net Assets**

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Center or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include federal and state grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Center applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

As of June 30, 2009, of the Center's \$2,422,938 in restricted net assets, none was restricted by enabling legislation.

#### **Fund Balance Reserves**

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund balance which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances and property tax revenue reserved by the Board for future year appropriations. The reserve for property tax represents taxes recognized as revenue under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America but not available for appropriation under State statute. The unreserved, undesignated portions of fund balance reflected for governmental funds are available for use within the specific purpose of those funds.

#### **Interfund Transactions**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of activities.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the Center, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Restricted Assets**

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the Non-Major Capital Projects Construction Fund represent cash held as retainage for contractors.

#### **NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTABILITY**

The Food Service, Public Preschool, ABLE, and Vocational Education special revenue funds had deficit fund balances of \$147,163, \$132, \$446, and \$935, respectively. The deficits in these funds are due to adjustments for accrued liabilities and the timing of grant awards. The General Fund provides transfers when cash is required, not when expenditures are incurred.

#### NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the Center is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund and Adult Education Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund and the Adult Education Major Special Revenue Fund:

#### Net Change in Fund Balances

		Adult		
	General	Education		
GAAP Basis	\$ (574,500)	\$	522,887	
Adjustments:				
Revenue Accruals	126,137		(123,091)	
Expenditure Accruals	(37,884)		(46,763)	
Encumbrances	(260,904)		(78,533)	
Budget Basis	\$ (747,151)	\$	274,500	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the Center into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Center Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or securities issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations of or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying for interim money as provided in Section 135.08 of the Revised Code;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time;
- 9. Linked deposits as authorized by ordinance adopted pursuant to Section 135.80 of the Revised Code;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

- 10. Commercial paper notes issued by any entity that is defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 of the Revised Code and has assets exceeding five hundred million dollars, and to which notes are rated at the time of purchase in the highest classification established by at least two standard rating services; the aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten percent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation; the notes mature no later than one hundred eighty days after purchase; and
- 11. Bankers' acceptances of banks that are members of the federal deposit insurance corporation to which both the obligations are eligible for purchase by the federal reserve system and the obligations mature no later than one hundred eighty days after purchase.

Protection of the Center's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Center, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Center's deposits may not be returned to it. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The Center's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

As of June 30, 2009, the Center's bank balance of \$2,586,351 was either covered by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institutions' public entity deposit pools in the manner described above.

*Investments*: At June 30, 2009, the Center had the following investments:

	Fair	Weighted Average
	Value	Maturity (Yrs.)
Money Market Funds	\$1,489,017	< 1 year
Commercial Paper	259,394	< 1 year
Federal National Mortgage Association	400,451	1 to 2 years
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	124,525	< 1 year
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	740,349	1 to 2 years
Federal Home Loan Bank	509,525	< 1 year
Repurchase Agreement	448,519	< 1 year
STAROhio	2,287,220	< 1 year
Total Fair Value	\$6,259,000	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the investment policy, the Center manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio.

Credit risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Center's policy does not address credit risk beyond the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code. The Center limits their investments to money market funds, commercial paper, U.S. government agency notes, and STAROhio. Investments in money market funds and STAROhio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Commercial paper was rated A1+. Investments in Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Federal Home Loan Bank were rated AAA. Repurchase agreements were unrated.

Concentration of credit risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Center's investment policy allows investments in repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, within financial institutions within the State of Ohio as designated by the Federal Reserve Board, and other investments as allowable per the Ohio Revised Code. The Center has invested 100% in investments with no weighted maturity. Of the Center's investments, 24% was invested in money market funds, 6% was invested in Federal National Mortgage Association notes, 14% was invested in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association notes, 8% was invested in Federal Home Loan Bank notes, 7% was invested in a repurchase agreement, 37% was invested in STAROhio, and the remaining 4% was invested in commercial paper.

Custodial credit risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Center does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. The Center's investments are held in the name of the Center.

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the Center fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the Center in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located within the Center's boundaries. Property tax revenue received during calendar year 2009 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of calendar year 2008 taxes. Property tax payments received during calendar year 2009 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) are for calendar year 2009 taxes.

2009 real property taxes are levied after April 1, 2008, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2008, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2009 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2008, are levied after April 1, 2008 and are collected in 2009 with real property taxes.

2009 tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1, 2008, on the value as of December 31, 2008. Collections are made in 2009. Tangible personal property assessments are six and one quarter percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

Ohio House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces revenue lost by the Center due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006 through 2010, the Center will be fully reimbursed at the level of calendar year 2004 assessed values for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011 through 2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2009 taxes were collected are:

	2008 Secon Half Collect		2009 First- Half Collection	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential				
and Other Real Estate	\$1,671,090,070	89.81%	\$1,717,756,940	92.11%
Public Utility	91,216,290	4.90%	93,879,370	5.03%
Tangible Personal Property	98,387,805	5.29%	53,371,292	2.86%
Total Assessed Value	\$1,860,694,165	100.00%	\$1,865,007,602	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$4.20		\$4.20	

The Center receives property taxes from Pickaway, Ross and Hocking Counties. The county auditors periodically advance to the Center its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the counties by June 30, 2009, are available to finance fiscal year 2009 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2009. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2009, was \$447,387 in the General Fund.

#### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2009, consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services, tuition and student fees), interest, interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full, except accounts receivable, due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. An allowance has been recognized against accounts receivable to account for uncollectible accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES (Continued)**

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

A	mount
\$	7,382
\$	7,382
	\$

#### **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Ending Balance			Ending Balance
	06/30/08	Additions	Deletions	06/30/09
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 186,368	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 186,368
Construction in Progress	16,525,816	806,925	(17,332,741)	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	16,712,184	806,925	(17,332,741)	186,368
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	5 211 522	19,015,090		24 226 612
Furniture and Equipment	5,311,523 3,977,242	1,243,530	(55,374)	24,326,613 5,165,398
Vehicles	109,677	1,245,550	(6,250)	103,427
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	9,398,442	20,258,620	(61,624)	29,595,438
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	9,370,442	20,236,020	(01,024)	29,393,438
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(4,546,476)	(77,570)	-	(4,624,046)
Furniture and Equipment	(2,706,225)	(370,234)	44,789	(3,031,670)
Vehicles	(56,220)	(8,591)	6,250	(58,561)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(7,308,921)	(456,395)	51,039	(7,714,277)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	2,089,521	19,802,225	(10,585)	21,881,161
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 18,801,705	\$ 20,609,150	\$(17,343,326)	\$ 22,067,529

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Adult/Continuing	\$ 532
Vocational	399,002
Support Services:	
Pupils	11,082
Board of Education	32,966
Administration	368
Fiscal	977
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	8,216
Pupil Transportation	3,085
Central	167
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 456,395

#### **NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2009, the Center contracted with Ohio Casualty for fleet, liability, property, and boiler and machinery insurance.

Coverages provided by this company are as follows:

Building and Contents (\$1,000 deductible)	\$20,975,558
Boiler and Machinery (\$5,000 deductible)	20,387,930
Earthquake	8,000,000
Automobile Liability (\$100 deductible)	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorists (\$250 Comprehensive, \$500 Collision deductibles)	1,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability (\$1,000)	1,000,000
General Liability (\$100 deductible)	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregate	2,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from last year.

For fiscal year 2009, the Center participated in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 17). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the Center by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley Uniserve provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

Medical/surgical and dental insurance is offered to employees through self-insurance accounted for in an Internal Service Fund. The Center is a member of a claims servicing pool, consisting of eleven school districts within Ross and Pickaway Counties, in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the Center's behalf. The medical claims liability of \$315,181 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2009 is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Balance at Beginning of	Current Year	Claims	Balance at End
	Year	Claims	Payments	of Year
2008	\$533,604	\$1,198,431	\$1,534,776	\$197,259
2009	197,259	1,705,732	1,587,810	315,181

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### School Employees Retirement System

The Center contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, at www.ohsers.org, under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Center is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For fiscal year 2009, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 9.09 percent. The remaining 4.91 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Fund. The Center's contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$156,681, \$171,123, and \$183,382, respectively; 49% has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100% for the fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

#### State Teachers Retirement System

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, community school, college, university, institution or other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Plan Options – New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the DB Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

**DC Plan Benefits** – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

**Combined Plan Benefits** – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for DB Plan participants.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The DB and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the DB Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Center was required to contribute 14 percent. The Center's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$1,162,625, \$1,106,866, and \$1,129,854, respectively; 84% has been contributed for the fiscal year 2009 and 100% for the fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Additional information or copies of STRS Ohio's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report can be requested by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

#### Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2009, three members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

#### **NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

#### State Teachers Retirement System

STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of: a defined benefit plan; a self-directed defined contribution plan; and a combined plan, which is a hybrid of the defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan. STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to Section 3307 of the Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties can view the most recent Comprehensive Annual Financial Report by visiting www.strsoh.org or by requesting a copy by calling toll free (888) 227-7877.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)**

Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14 percent contribution rate, 1 percent of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007. For the Center, these amounts equaled \$88,912, \$85,038, and \$84,587 for fiscal years 2009, 2008, and 2007, respectively.

#### School Employees Retirement System

#### Postemployment Benefits

In addition to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) administers two postemployment benefit plans.

#### Medicare Part B Plan

The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2009 was \$96.40; SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal years 2009, 2008, and 2007, the actuarially required allocations were 0.75 percent, 0.66 percent, and 0.68 percent, respectively. For the Center, contributions for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$13,571, \$11,534, and \$8,929, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for those years.

#### Health Care Plan

Ohio Revised Code 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMOs, PPOs, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' post-employment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment benefit plans.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)**

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14 percent contribution to the Health Care Fund. At June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007, the contributions assigned to health care were 4.16 percent, 4.18 percent, and 3.32 percent, respectively. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2009, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. For the Center, the amounts contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2009, 2008, and 2007 fiscal years equaled \$109,888, \$96,042, and \$90,022, respectively.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending upon the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. The report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">Employers/Audit Resources</a>.

#### **NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 285 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the first 120 days of accrued, but unused sick leave credit, plus one-tenth of days 121 through 285, to a maximum of 46 and one-half days for all employees.

#### **B.** Insurance Benefits

The Center provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through the Metropolitan Education Council.

#### C. Deferred Compensation

Center employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### D. Early Retirement Incentive

The Center has a retirement incentive program. Participation is open to certified employees, with certain exceptions, who achieve 1) age 55 and 25 years of experience, 2) age 60 and 5 years of experience, or 3) any age and 30 years of experience. In addition to meeting the requirement above, the employee must submit a letter of resignation and intent to retire no later than February 1 with retirement effective at the close of the school year. For those employees meeting such requirements, a benefit of \$10,000 will be payable in the calendar year after the retirement takes effect by January 30.

#### NOTE 13 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In previous fiscal years, the Center entered into capitalized leases for equipment. During fiscal year 2006, the Center issued Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB) in the amount of \$5,220,000 at 0% interest, maturing in 2021. The terms of these QZAB are structured as a non-certificated lease-purchase agreement. This agreement also included a grant in the amount of \$853,820, making the total amount to be repaid \$4,366,180.

Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, *Accounting for Leases*, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds.

The capital assets acquired by the leases have been capitalized in the statement of net assets for governmental activities in the amount of \$4,606,520. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded on the statement of net assets for governmental activities. Principal payments in fiscal year 2009 totaled \$279,627.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2009:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal & Interest
2010	\$272,886
2011	272,886
2012	272,886
2013	272,886
2014	272,886
2015-2019	1,364,432
2020-2022	818,660
Total	3,547,522
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(0)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$3,547,522

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Long-term debt and other obligations at June 30, 2009 and the related transactions for the year then ended are summarized below:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/08	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/09	Amount Due Within One Year
	<b>***</b>				
Capital Leases	\$3,827,149	\$ -	\$ 279,627	\$3,547,522	\$272,886
Compensated Absences	1,045,737	1,235,190	1,045,737	1,235,190	173,097
Total Long Term Obligations	\$4,872,886	\$1,235,190	\$1,325,364	\$4,782,712	\$445,983

Capital leases will be paid from the General Fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the funds from which the employees' salaries are paid, with the significant funds being the General Fund and the Adult Education Fund.

The Center's overall legal debt margin was \$167,850,684 and an unvoted debt margin of \$1,865,008 at June 30, 2009.

#### **NOTE 15 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

As of June 30, 2009, receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund
	Receivables	Payables
General Fund:	\$131,327	\$0
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:		
Food Service	0	123,945
Post Secondary	0	7,382
Total	\$131,327	\$131,327

All of the above interfund balances relate to advances from the General Fund in anticipation of the receipt of grant monies for Special Revenue Funds. For purposes of reporting in the government-wide financial statements, all interfund receivables and payables were eliminated.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, transfers in and out that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$0	\$373,015
Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund:		
OSFC Maintenance	173,015	0
Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund:		
Permanent Improvement	200,000	0
Total	\$373,015	\$373,015

The General Fund transferred monies to the Ohio School Facilities Maintenance and Permanent Improvement funds to subsidize these funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

South Central Ohio Computer Association - The Center is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Highland, Adams, Pike, Pickaway, Gallia, Scioto, Brown, Ross, Vinton, Jackson and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each of the eleven participating counties, two school treasurers, and a representative for the fiscal agent. SCOCA is not accumulating significant financial resources nor is it experiencing fiscal stress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on members in the future. The Center paid SCOCA \$128,385 for services provided during the fiscal year. Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Pike County Joint Vocational School District, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P. O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow - The Center is a member of the Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow (the "Council"). The Council is a regional council of governments consisting of twelve city, local, and joint vocational school districts, two educational service centers and the Ohio University-Chillicothe Campus for the purpose of promoting the use of advanced telecommunications and technology to provide enhanced educational opportunities to the communities of Ross and Pickaway Counties. The Council is operated under the direction of a Board of Directors consisting of one representative (the superintendent or another person appointed by the Board of Education) of each of the members. To obtain financial information, write to the Ohio University-Chillicothe Campus, who acts as fiscal agent, at 571 West Fifth Street, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

#### NOTE 17 - CLAIMS SERVICING AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium - The Center is a member of the Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium (the "Consortium"), a claims servicing pool, consisting of eleven school districts within Ross County and its surrounding area during fiscal year 2009. Medical/surgical, dental, vision, and life insurance is administered through a third party administrator, Professional Risk Management Co., depending on which coverages the individual member district chooses. The Consortium's business and affairs are managed by a Council consisting of one representative for each participating school. The participating school districts pay an administrative fee to the fiscal agent to cover the costs of administering the Consortium. To obtain financial information, write to the Ross-Pike Educational Service District, Erin Kirby who serves as Treasurer, at 475 Western Avenue, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The Center participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### NOTE 18 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The Center is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in restricted cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **NOTE 18 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS (Continued)**

The following information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks and	Capital
	Instructional Materials	Maintenance
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2008	\$0	\$0
Current year set-aside requirement	195,073	195,073
Prior Year Carryover	(711,972)	0
Qualifying disbursements	(801,178)	(195,073)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Years	(\$1,318,077)	\$0
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2009	\$0	\$0

The Center had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero in the Textbooks and Instructional Materials Reserve. This extra amount may be carried forward and used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

#### **NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The Center received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Center at June 30, 2009.

#### B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the Center as defendant.

#### **NOTE 20 - RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS**

An error was noted in the prior year intergovernmental receivable balance, which required the following restatement to net assets. The error was also present in the fund financial statements which required adjustment to prior year's intergovernmental receivable and deferred revenue balances in the same amount so there was no effect on beginning fund balance.

	Governmental
	Activities
Net Assets, June 30, 2008	\$22,506,379
Restatement	(706,882)
Net Assets, Restated, July 1, 2008	\$21,799,497

### PICKAWAY-ROSS CAREER AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER ROSS COUNTY

### FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor	Grant	Federal CFDA		
Program Title	Year	Number	Receipts	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster: Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):				
School Breakfast Program	2009	10.553	\$2,151	\$2,151
National School Lunch Program	2009	10.555	7,089	7,089
Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program	2009	10.553	21,759	21,759
National School Lunch Program	2009	10.555	71,712	71,712
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			102,711	102,711
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			102,711	102,711
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  Direct from U.S. Department of Education:  Student Financial Aid Cluster:				
Federal Family Education Loans	2009	84.032	562,369	562,369
Federal Pell Grant Program  Total Student Financial Aid Cluster	2009	84.063	321,155 883,524	321,155 883,524
rotal Student Financial Ald Guster			003,324	603,324
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Adult Education - State Grant Program:				
Adult Education - State Grant Program	2008	84.002	0	554
Adult Education - State Grant Program Total Adult Education - State Grant Program	2009	84.002	94,655 94,655	94,655 95,209
Total Addit Education - State Grant Hogram			94,000	93,209
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States:	2222	04.040		0.050
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	2008 2009	84.048 84.048	0 319,182	6,250 319,182
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States  Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States (Adult)	2009	84.048	94,428	94,428
Total Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	2000	0 0	413,610	419,860
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants	2009	84.186	5,517	4,741
State Grants for Innovative Programs	2009	84.298	2,326	2,326
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2009	84.367	3,834	3,834
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			1,403,466	1,409,494
TOTALS			\$1,506,177	\$1,512,205

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

### PICKAWAY-ROSS CAREER AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER ROSS COUNTY

## NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

#### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the Center's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### **NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

#### **NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

Program regulations do not require the Center to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County 895 Crouse Chapel Road Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center, Ross County, Ohio (the Center) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 3, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Center's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Center's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Center's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Center's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted certain internal control matters that we reported to the Center's management in a separate letter dated February 3, 2010.

88 E. Broad St. / Tenth Floor / Columbus, OH 43215-3506 Telephone: (614) 466-3402 (800) 443-9275 Fax: (614) 728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain noncompliance or other matters that we reported to the Center's management in a separate letter dated February 3, 2010.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the finance committee, management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

February 3, 2010



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County 895 Crouse Chapel Road Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

To the Board of Education:

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center, Ross County, Ohio (the Center) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Career Center's major federal programs. The Center's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Career Center's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Center's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Center's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center, Ross County, Ohio complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009.

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Ross County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The Center's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Center's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Center's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Center's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the Center's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the finance committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

February 3, 2010

## PICKAWAY-ROSS CAREER AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER ROSS COUNTY

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2009

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Student Financial Aid Cluster:  - Federal Family Education Loans (CFDA #84.032)  - Federal Pell Grant Program (CFDA #84.063)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

## 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### None

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

#### None

# PICKAWAY-ROSS CAREER AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER ROSS COUNTY

#### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) JUNE 30, 2009

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid;
2008-001	Financial Statement Adjustments	No	Partially Corrected - Reissued in the Management Letter



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County 895 Crouse Chapel Road Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center (the Center) has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

- 1. We noted the Board adopted an anti-harassment policy at its meeting on April 26, 2007.
- 2. We read the policy, noting it included the following requirements from Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666(B):
  - (1) A statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student on school property or at school-sponsored events;
  - (2) A definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying that includes the definition in division (A) of Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666;
  - (3) A procedure for reporting prohibited incidents;
  - (4) A requirement that school personnel report prohibited incidents of which they are aware to the school principal or other administrator designated by the principal;
  - (5) A procedure for documenting any prohibited incident that is reported;
  - (6) A procedure for responding to and investigating any reported incident;

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures Page 2

- (7) A strategy for protecting a victim from additional harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and from retaliation following a report;
- (8) A disciplinary procedure for any student guilty of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, which shall not infringe on any student's rights under the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States;
- (9) A requirement that the district administration semiannually provide the president of the district board a written summary of all reported incidents and post the summary on its web site, if the district has a web site, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended.
- (10) A requirement that parents or guardians of any student involved in a prohibited incident be notified and, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended, have access to any written reports pertaining to the prohibited incident;

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

February 3, 2010



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### PICKAWAY-ROSS CAREER & TECHNOLOGY CENTER

#### **ROSS COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 23, 2010