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LaGrange Community Park Board Lorain County 355 South Center Street LaGrange, Ohio 44050

To the Board of Trustees:

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to an interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an adverse opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

August 24, 2011

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

LaGrange Community Park Board Lorain County 355 South Center Street LaGrange, Ohio 44050

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the LaGrange Community Park Board, Lorain County, Ohio (the Board) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Board has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

While the Board does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require Boards to reformat their statements. The Board has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirements. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Board as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, or its changes in financial position for the years then ended.

LaGrange Community Park Board Lorain County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fund cash balance of the LaGrange Community Park Board, Lorain County, as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and its cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

The Board has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 24, 2011, on our consideration of the Board's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

August 24, 2011

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	General
Cash Receipts:	
Member Contributions	\$100,000
Charges for Services	3,150
Donations	745
Miscellaneous	3,059
Total Cash Receipts	106,954
Cash Disbursements:	
Current Disbursements:	
Conservation/Recreation:	
Utilities	7,138
Materials and Supplies	13,580
Contracts - Services	6,300
Other	393
Capital Outlay	56,237
Total Cash Disbursements	83,648
Total Receipts Over Disbursements	23,306
Fund Cash Balance, January 1	105,062
Fund Cash Balance, December 31	\$128,368

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	General
Cash Receipts:	
Member Contributions	\$100,000
Charges for Services	1,750
Donations	600
Miscellaneous	6,912
Total Cash Receipts	109,262
Cash Disbursements:	
Current Disbursements:	
Conservation/Recreation:	
Utilities	6,837
Materials and Supplies	16,206
Contracts - Services	8,470
Other	2,743
Capital Outlay	117,128
Total Cash Disbursements	151,384
Total Receipts (Under) Disbursements	(42,122)
Fund Cash Balance, January 1	147,184
Fund Cash Balance, December 31	\$105,062

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Entity

The LaGrange Community Park Board, Lorain County, Ohio, (the Board) is a Joint Recreation Board established by LaGrange Township and the Village of LaGrange under the authority of Ohio Revised Code Section 755.14(B). The Board is comprised of five members who are residents of either the Township or the Village. A chairperson is appointed for a term of one year on an alternating basis by the Township and the Village proportionately. The Board exercises all powers to equip, operate and maintain parks, playgrounds, playing fields, gymnasiums, swimming pools and recreation centers.

The Board's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Board is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

C. Deposit and Investments

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Board did not hold any investments.

D. Fund Accounting

The Board uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Board classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Board to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year. The Board did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2010 and 2009 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Board records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

2. Member Contributions

LaGrange Township and the Village of LaGrange share expenditures made by the Board. Contributions are received prior to the payment of expenditures. During fiscal year 2010 and 2009, the Board received \$50,000 from the Village of LaGrange and \$50,000 from LaGrange Township. As of December 31, 2010 both the Township and the Village contributed their required contributions for FY2010 and FY2009.

3. Equity in Pooled Deposits and Investments

The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2010	2009
Demand deposits	\$128,369	\$105,063

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009 (Continued)

4. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2010 and 2009 follows:

Fund TypeBudgeted ReceiptsActual ReceiptsVarianceGeneral\$100,000\$106,954\$6,954Fund TypeAppropriation AuthorityBudgetary ExpendituresVarianceGeneral\$157,200\$83,648\$73,552Fund TypeBudgeted vs. Actual ReceiptsBudgeted ReceiptsActual ReceiptsFund TypeReceiptsReceiptsVarianceGeneral\$100,000\$109,262\$9,262	General	2010 Budgeted vs. A	Receipts \$100,000 Actual Budgetary	Receipts \$106,954 Basis Expenditure	\$6,954
General \$100,000 \$106,954 \$6,954 2010 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures Appropriation Authority Budgetary Expenditures Variance General \$157,200 \$83,648 \$73,552 2009 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts Budgeted Actual Fund Type Receipts Receipts Variance	General	2010 Budgeted vs. A	\$100,000 Actual Budgetary	\$106,954 Basis Expenditure	\$6,954
2010 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures Appropriation Budgetary Fund Type Authority Expenditures Variance General \$157,200 \$83,648 \$73,552 2009 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts Budgeted Actual Fund Type Receipts Receipts Variance		2010 Budgeted vs. A	Actual Budgetary	Basis Expenditure	
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Fund Type Authority Expenditures Variance General \$157,200 \$83,648 \$73,552 2009 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts Budgeted Actual Fund Type Receipts Receipts Variance			Appropriation		
General \$157,200 \$83,648 \$73,552 2009 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts Budgeted Actual Fund Type Receipts Receipts Variance	Flind Lyne		Authority	0 ,	Variance
2009 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts Budgeted Actual Fund Type Receipts Receipts Variance					
Budgeted Actual Fund Type Receipts Receipts Variance	Conoral		Ψ107,200	ΨΟΟ,Ο-ΤΟ	Ψ10,002
\$100,000 \$109,262 \$9,262		2009 Bud	Budgeted Receipts	Actual Receipts	
	General		\$100,000	\$109,262	\$9,262
2009 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures Appropriation Budgetary Fund Type Authority Expenditures Variance					
	General		\$100,000	\$151,384	(\$51,384)

Contrary to Ohio law, budgetary expenditures exceeded appropriation authority in the General Fund by \$51,384 for the year ended December 31, 2009.

5. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Village insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Village belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc. (ARPCO), a division of York Insurance Services Group, Inc. (York), functions as the administrator of PEP and provides underwriting, claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for PEP. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by ARPCO. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009 (Continued)

5. Risk Management (Continued)

Casualty and Property Coverage

APEEP provides PEP with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, PEP retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2009, PEP retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$150,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2009 and 2008 (the latest information available):

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Assets	\$36,374,898	\$35,769,535
Liabilities	(15,256,862)	(15,310,206)
Net Assets	\$21,118,036	\$20,459,329

At December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, the liabilities above include approximately \$14.1 million and \$13.7 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$13.7 million and \$12.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 447 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2009, the Village's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$4,000.

Based on discussions with PEP, the expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership.

Contributions to PEP		
<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	
\$3,832	\$3,875	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009 (Continued)

5. Risk Management (Continued)

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining PEP, if the member notifies PEP in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to PEP. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

LaGrange Community Park Board Lorain County 355 South Center Street LaGrange, Ohio 44050

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the LaGrange Community Park Board, Lorain County, Ohio (the Board) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated August 24, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Board's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Government's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

LaGrange Community Park Board Lorain County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2010-01 and 2010-02.

We did note certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Board's management in a separate letter dated August 24, 2011.

The Board's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the Board's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management and the Board of Trustees. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

August 24, 2011

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2010-01

Material Noncompliance - Certification of the Availability of Funds

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D)(1) prohibits a subdivision or taxing entity from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

1. "Then and Now" certificate – If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Board can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Board has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Board.

- 2. Blanket Certificate Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. Super Blanket Certificate The Board may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

Ninety-two percent or (23 out of the 25) of the expenditures tested were not certified by the fiscal officer at the time the commitment was incurred and there was no evidence that the Board followed the aforementioned exceptions. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

Material Noncompliance – Certification of the Availability of Funds (Continued)

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Board's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Clerk-Treasurer certify that the funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Board. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

We recommend the Board certify purchases to which Section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The fiscal officer should sign the certification at the time the Board incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The fiscal officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper appropriation code, to reduce the available appropriation. The fiscal officer should deny payment for any expenditure without prior certification.

Official's Response:

We understand the finding and will attempt to correct it.

FINDING NUMBER 2010-02

Material Noncompliance – Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

The Park Board does not levy taxes. When an entity does not levy taxes, Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.28(B)(2) requires a comparable, but somewhat streamlined budget process. The section requires these entities to follow Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B), which states that an expenditure may not be made unless it has been appropriated.

The Board approves an annual operating budget, which measures anticipated revenues and expenditures for the coming year. Updates to the operating budget are made throughout the year, as needed. During 2009, the Board approved operating expenditures of \$100,000. Actual expenditures during 2009 totaled \$151,384. No amendments were made to the operating budget during the year.

Failure to limit expenditures to approved budgeted amounts could allow for over expending of the Board's available resources.

We recommend that the Board update its operating budget during the year if expenditures are expected to exceed the budgeted amount.

Official's Response:

We understand the finding and will attempt to correct it.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2008-001	ORC §5705.41(D) – The Board did not properly certify purchase orders	No	Not corrected, see Finding 2010-01
2008-002	ORC §5705.36(A)(1) – The Board failed to prepare a certificate of estimated resources	Yes	Finding no longer valid
2008-003	ORC §5705.39 – The Board's appropriations exceeded estimated resources	Yes	Finding no longer valid
2008-004	The Board did not keep detailed sales and expenditure information for its concession stand	Yes	Finding no longer valid
2008-005	OAC §177-2-02(D) – The Board does not maintain an adequate accounting system	No	Included in Management Letter





LAGRANGE COMMUNITY PARK BOARD

LORAIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 13, 2011