BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010



Board of Education Maumee City School District 716 Askin Street Maumee, Ohio 43537

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Maumee City School District, Lucas County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Maumee City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 25, 2011



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## Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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### Independent Auditor's Report

Maumee City School District 716 Askin Street Maumee, OH 43537

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maumee City School District, Lucas County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Maumee City School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Maumee City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maumee City School District, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2010 on our consideration of the Maumee City School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Board of Education Maumee City School District Page Two

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Maumee City School District's basic financial statements. The schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 8, 2010

Julian & Sube, the!

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The management's discussion and analysis of the Maumee City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2010 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$782,448 which represents an 8.00% decrease from 2009.
- General revenues accounted for \$29,462,061 in revenue or 86.75% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$4,501,016 or 13.25% of all revenues.
- The District had \$34,745,525 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$4,501,016 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and debt service fund. The general fund had \$27,172,744 in revenues and other financing sources and \$27,262,766 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2010, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$101,761 from a deficit of \$1,537,266 to a deficit of \$1,639,047.
- The debt service fund had \$2,486,176 in revenues and \$2,572,481 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2010, the debt service fund's fund balance decreased \$86,305 from \$1,254,115 to \$1,167,810.

### **Using these Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The District has two major funds: the general fund and the debt service fund.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### Reporting the District as a Whole

### Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2010?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 14-15 of this report.

### **Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds**

### Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and debt service fund.

### Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-20 of this report.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for some of its scholarship and foundation programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in two agency funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 21 and 22. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 23-49 of this report.

### The District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. A comparative analysis has been provided.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2010 and 2009.

### **Net Assets**

Assets:	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
Current and other assets	\$ 25,193,398	\$ 26,073,414
Capital assets, net	45,376,732	46,758,676
Capital assets, net	45,570,732	40,730,070
Total assets	70,570,130	72,832,090
Liabilities: Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	22,874,701 38,697,343	23,267,006 39,784,550
Total liabilities	61,572,044	63,051,556
Net assets:		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	9,254,464	9,741,243
Restricted	2,355,194	2,579,753
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,611,572)	(2,540,462)
Total net assets	\$ 8,998,086	\$ 9,780,534

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2010, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$8,998,086; of this total, \$2,355,194 is restricted in use.

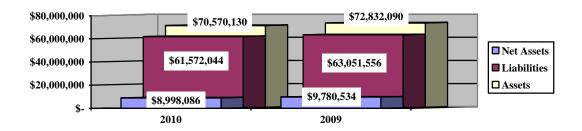
### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

At year-end, capital assets represented 64.30% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2010, were \$9,254,464. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$2,355,194, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Of the restricted net assets, \$1,140,980 is restricted for debt service.

The table below provides a summary of the District's assets, liabilities and net assets for 2010 and 2009.

### **Governmental Activities**



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

### **Change in Net Assets**

	Governmental Activities  2010	Governmental Activities 2009	
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,630,168	\$ 1,546,367	
Operating grants and contributions	2,870,848	2,535,339	
Capital grants and contributions	-	17,929	
General revenues:			
Property taxes	18,729,500	18,124,932	
Grants and entitlements	10,661,119	9,268,697	
Investment earnings	19,258	160,189	
Other	52,184	154,298	
Total revenues	33,963,077	31,807,751	

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### **Change in Net Assets (Continued)**

	Governmental Activities 2010	Governmental Activities 2009
Expenses:		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:	ф. 4.4.0 <del>П</del> О 540	<b>0.45.550.650</b>
Regular	\$ 14,878,649	\$ 15,773,652
Special	4,032,413	3,178,924
Vocational	326,691	335,066
Adult/continuing	6,575	19,331
Other	734,196	470,732
Support services:		
Pupil	1,299,481	1,488,123
Instructional staff	1,058,046	900,585
Board of education	39,302	36,255
Administration	2,404,426	2,522,829
Fiscal	747,764	670,433
Business	205,272	235,327
Operations and maintenance	3,269,460	3,779,560
Pupil transportation	1,017,411	947,448
Central	215,054	224,493
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	1,024,177	999,939
Other non-instructional services	449,982	591,991
Extracurricular activities	1,363,461	1,411,991
Interest and fiscal charges	1,673,165	1,709,890
Total	34,745,525	35,296,569
Change in net assets	(782,448)	(3,488,818)
Net assets at beginning of year	9,780,534	13,269,352
Net assets at end of year	\$ 8,998,086	\$ 9,780,534

### **Governmental Activities**

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$782,448. Total governmental expenses of \$34,745,525 were offset by program revenues of \$4,501,016 and general revenues of \$29,462,061. Program revenues supported 12.95% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 86.54% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

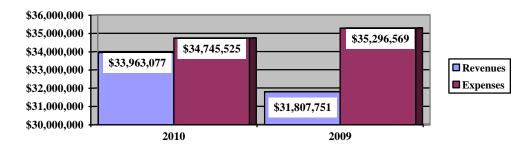
Voters approved a \$42,000,000 bond levy in May 2003. This levy, which generates approximately \$2,552,878 per year for 28 years, is expected to provide revenue for debt service through fiscal year 2031.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The District's financial condition had remained strong throughout the years, primarily due to the Arrowhead Industrial Park, a business community predominately located within the boundaries of the District. Unfortunately, with the passage of HB 66 the tangible personal property tax is being phased out over time. The District is reimbursed for this lost tangible personal property tax revenue by the State, which accounts for the increase in unrestricted grants and entitlements over the prior fiscal year. Also, the District is projecting no additional State funding in future years due to the economic downtown of the past year.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

### **Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses**



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### **Governmental Activities**

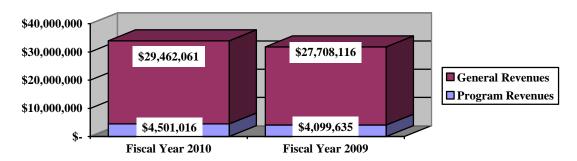
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2010	2010	2009	2009
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 14,878,649	\$ 14,427,762	\$ 15,773,652	\$ 15,207,096
Special	4,032,413	2,729,832	3,178,924	2,141,370
Vocational	326,691	311,720	335,066	320,218
Adult/continuing	6,575	5,375	19,331	17,761
Other	734,196	456,925	470,732	470,732
Support services:				
Pupil	1,299,481	1,292,691	1,488,123	1,467,239
Instructional staff	1,058,046	740,627	900,585	525,831
Board of education	39,302	39,302	36,255	36,255
Administration	2,404,426	2,400,541	2,522,829	2,503,184
Fiscal	747,764	742,764	670,433	662,238
Business	205,272	59,449	235,327	133,241
Operations and maintenance	3,269,460	3,209,122	3,779,560	3,739,045
Pupil transportation	1,017,411	963,244	947,448	864,924
Central	215,054	158,569	224,493	177,655
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	1,024,177	109,712	999,939	85,485
Other non-instructional services	449,982	(64,614)	591,991	47,544
Extracurricular activities	1,363,461	988,323	1,411,991	1,087,226
Interest and fiscal charges	1,673,165	1,673,165	1,709,890	1,709,890
Total	\$ 34,745,525	\$ 30,244,509	\$ 35,296,569	\$ 31,196,934

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 89.75% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 87.05%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are the primary support for District students.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

### **Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues**



### The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 16) reported a combined fund balance of \$414,326, which is less than last year's total of \$776,254. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2010 and 2009.

	Fund Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2010	Fund Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2009	(Decrease)
General	\$ (1,639,047)	\$ (1,537,266)	\$ (101,781)
Debt service	1,167,810	1,254,115	(86,305)
Other governmental	885,563	1,059,405	(173,842)
Total	\$ 414,326	\$ 776,254	\$ (361,928)

### General Fund

During fiscal year 2010, the District's general fund balance decreased \$101,781, which is primarily due to reduced interest earnings and transfers out of \$88,352.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities of the general fund.

	2010	2009	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 16,384,204	\$ 16,357,786	0.16 %
Tuition	406,626	376,524	7.99 %
Earnings on investments	22,053	133,651	(83.50) %
Intergovernmental	10,150,500	9,346,228	8.61 %
Other revenues	209,020	165,523	26.28 %
Total	\$ 27,172,403	\$ 26,379,712	3.00 %
Expenditures:			
Instruction	\$ 17,388,591	\$ 17,480,531	(0.53) %
Support services	9,025,350	9,880,535	(8.66) %
Other non-instructional services	2,437	2,985	(18.36) %
Extracurricular activities	758,036	769,188	(1.45) %
Total	\$ 27,174,414	\$ 28,133,239	(3.41) %

Tax revenue increased 0.16% when compared to the prior fiscal year. This is due to the District receiving its first collections of taxes from the 2.9 mill levy passed in May, 2009. The reason the increase in tax revenue was not significant is due to HB 66, which phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses. The District is reimbursed for this lost revenue from the State, which is the primary reason intergovernmental revenues increased 8.61% from the prior year. This reimbursement will be phased out in fiscal years 2014-2017. The decrease in earnings on investments is due to lower interest rates when compared to the prior fiscal year. Other revenues increased 26.28%, which is primarily due to an increase in refunds and reimbursements revenue from the prior fiscal year.

The District was able to decrease expenditures by 3.41% when compared to the prior fiscal year. The most significant decrease was in the support services category, which decreased approximately \$855,000. This is due to the District eliminating positions and being vigilant in its cost controls.

### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2010, the District amended its general fund budgeted revenue. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues of \$27,554,029 were unchanged in the final budget. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2010 were \$27,227,384 which was \$326,645 less than the final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$26,974,113 were increased \$644,296 to \$27,618,409 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2010 totaled \$27,555,263, which was \$63,146 less than the final budget appropriations.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### **Debt Service Fund**

During fiscal year 2010, the District's debt service fund balance decreased \$86,305. The debt service fund had \$2,486,176 in revenues and \$2,572,481 in expenditures. Tax revenue in 2010 decreased approximately \$288,000 from 2009 due to the phase out of the tangible personal property tax. The fund balance of the debt service fund decreased from \$1,254,115 to \$1,167,810.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the District had \$45,376,732 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2010 balances compared to 2009:

### Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		
	2010	2009	
Land	\$ 1,009,875	\$ 1,009,875	
Land improvements	105,967	115,810	
Buildings and improvements	43,092,230	44,730,558	
Furniture and equipment	403,125	369,968	
Vehicles	765,535	532,465	
Total	\$ 45,376,732	\$46,758,676	

Total additions to capital assets for 2010 were \$539,855. The overall decrease in capital assets of \$1,381,944 is primarily due to depreciation expense of \$1,914,445 exceeding the capital outlays for fiscal year 2010.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

### Debt Administration

At June 30, 2010, the District had \$35,155,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$950,000 is due within one year and \$34,205,000 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds outstanding.

### Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2010	Governmental Activities 2009
General obligation debt:		
General obligation bonds	<u>\$35,155,000</u>	<u>\$36,005,000</u>
Total	\$35,155,000	\$36,005,000

At June 30, 2010, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$7,755,733 with an unvoted debt margin of \$463,810.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

### **Current Related Financial Activities**

Traditionally the District has had a strong financial base and a somewhat stable revenue source. As the preceding information shows, the District relies heavily on property taxes and the State Foundation Program. Due to the phase out of the tangible personal property tax and the declining local real estate values, the tax revenues have decreased when compared to prior years. The District recently passed a 2.9 mill levy in May 2009, but that still does not shroud it from the economic downturn on both the national and State level. The effects are being felt in job loss, layoffs and reduced income. Other factors affecting the District are the requirements of the No Child Left Behind Act, the new State Budget reflected in HB 1, and recently enacted or proposed legislation.

Considering the external economic challenges, the District's financial outlook is not as solid as many believe. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast. In spite of the projected monetary shortfall, the District continues to perform at one of the highest levels determined by the State of Ohio. Our most recent report card gives the District an "Excellent" rating and shows the District's students achieving in 26 of 26 measurement indicators.

The District communicates to its community that it relies upon their support for the major part of its operations, and will continued to diligently control expenses in an effort to stay within the District's five year financial plan. State law retards the growth of income generated by local levies rendering revenue relatively constant. This lack of revenue growth forces the District to go to the voters periodically to ask for additional financial support.

A challenge facing the District is the future of State funding. The State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable". Subsequent decisions by the Supreme Court have upheld this earlier decision. Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward school districts with little property wealth. Recently, the Governor proposed a new method of school funding that was approved by the legislature after some modifications and much consternation. Since the new funding formula is not funded fully, the District will receive a 3% reduction in State funding over the next biennium. The ramifications of the new formula have not been felt because the intended personnel requirements are not being enforced as of yet.

As a result, all of the District's abilities will be called upon to meet the challenges the future might bring. It is imperative the District's Board and management team continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet the students' needs and the State's requirements over the next several years.

### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Paul Brotzki, Treasurer, Maumee City School District, 716 Askin Street, Maumee, Ohio 43537.



## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:	4 222.44			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 3,825,445			
Receivables:				
Taxes	20,744,953			
Accounts	16,352			
Intergovernmental	61,567			
Accrued interest	1,672			
Prepayments	29,867			
Materials and supplies inventory	19,281			
Unamortized bond issue costs	494,261			
Capital assets:				
Land	1,009,875			
Depreciable capital assets, net	44,366,857			
Capital assets, net	45,376,732			
Total assets	70,570,130			
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	83,897			
Accrued wages and benefits	3,129,588			
Pension obligation payable	749,345			
Intergovernmental payable	145,721			
Accrued interest payable	140,474			
Unearned revenue	18,625,676			
Long-term liabilities:	10,020,070			
Due within one year	1,194,117			
Due in more than one year	37,503,226			
Due in more than one year	37,303,220			
Total liabilities	61,572,044			
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt	9,254,464			
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	341,307			
Debt service	1,140,980			
Locally funded programs	113,889			
State funded programs	76,776			
Public school support	147,005			
Student activities	151,812			
Other purposes	383,425			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,611,572)			
omesureted (deficit)	(2,011,372)			
Total net assets	\$ 8,998,086			

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Net (Expense)

			_	_		I	Revenue and Changes in
			Program harges for		ues rating Grants		Net Assets Fovernmental
	Expenses		ices and Sales	_	Contributions	G	Activities
Governmental activities:	Ziipeiises		ees una sures				110011100
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 14,878,649	\$	407,793	\$	43,094	\$	(14,427,762)
Special	4,032,413		110,518		1,192,063		(2,729,832)
Vocational	326,691		-		14,971		(311,720)
Adult/continuing	6,575		1,200		_		(5,375)
Other	734,196		_		277,271		(456,925)
Support services:	,				,		, , ,
Pupil	1,299,481		_		6,790		(1,292,691)
Instructional staff	1,058,046		1,545		315,874		(740,627)
Board of education	39,302		-		_		(39,302)
Administration	2,404,426		600		3,285		(2,400,541)
Fiscal	747,764		-		5,000		(742,764)
Business	205,272		145,823		-,		(59,449)
Operations and maintenance	3,269,460		59,913		425		(3,209,122)
Pupil transportation	1,017,411		-		54,167		(963,244)
Central	215,054		_		56,485		(158,569)
Operation of non-instructional services:	213,031				30,103		(150,505)
Food service operations	1,024,177		504,036		410,429		(109,712)
Other non-instructional services	449,982		45,225		469,371		64,614
Extracurricular activities	1,363,461		353,515		21,623		(988,323)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,673,165		333,313		21,023		(1,673,165)
interest and fiscal charges	1,073,103	-		-			(1,073,103)
Total governmental activities	\$ 34,745,525	\$	1,630,168	\$	2,870,848		(30,244,509)
			eral revenues:	ad for			
			perty taxes levi				16,380,267
							2,045,096
			Capital outlay ants and entitler				304,137
							10,661,119
			estment earning				19,258
		Mi	scellaneous				52,184
		Total	l general revenu	ies			29,462,061
		Chan	ige in net assets				(782,448)
		Net a	assets at beginr	ning of	year		9,780,534
		Net a	assets at end of	year .		\$	8,998,086

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

		General		Debt Service	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Ge	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and investments	\$	1,525,762	\$	1,076,085	\$	1,101,641	\$	3,703,488
Taxes		18,282,262		2,144,644		318,047		20,744,953
Accounts		9,400		-		6,952		16,352
Intergovernmental		-		-		61,567		61,567
Accrued interest		1,672		-		-		1,672
Interfund loans		7,229		-		-		7,229
Prepayments		29,867		-		-		29,867
Materials and supplies inventory		15,329		-		3,952		19,281
Restricted assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and investments		121,957		-		-		121,957
Total assets	\$	19,993,478	\$	3,220,729	\$	1,492,159	\$	24,706,366
			_				_	
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	60,686	\$	_	\$	23,211	\$	83,897
Accrued wages and benefits		3,023,132		_		106,456		3,129,588
Compensated absences payable		176,554		_		_		176,554
Pension obligation payable		717,374		_		31,971		749,345
Intergovernmental payable		137,717		_		8,004		145,721
Interfund loans payable		_		_		7,229		7,229
Deferred revenue		1,218,087		113,644		42,299		1,374,030
Unearned revenue		16,298,975		1,939,275		387,426		18,625,676
Total liabilities	-	21,632,525		2,052,919		606,596		24,292,040
		21,002,020		2,002,010	-	000,000	-	
Fund balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		78,329		-		34,630		112,959
Reserved for supplies inventory		15,329		-		3,952		19,281
Reserved for prepayments		29,867		-		-		29,867
Reserved for tax revenue								
unavailable for appropriation		768,292		91,725		13,759		873,776
Reserved for debt service		-		1,076,085		-		1,076,085
Reserved for BWC refunds		121,957		-		-		121,957
Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in:								
General fund		(2,652,821)		-		-		(2,652,821)
Special revenue funds		-		-		537,855		537,855
Capital projects funds						295,367		295,367
Total fund balances (deficit)		(1,639,047)		1,167,810		885,563		414,326
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	19,993,478	\$	3,220,729	\$	1,492,159	\$	24,706,366

## RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2010}$

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 414,326
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the	
statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	45,376,732
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-	
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	
Taxes receivable \$ 1,347,106	
Accounts receivable 5,439	
Intergovernmental receivable 19,813	
Accrued interest receivable 1,672	
Total	1,374,030
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized	
in the funds.	(967,268)
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.	494,261
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable within the current	
period and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(140,474)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and	
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported	
in the funds.	
General obligation bonds 35,155,000	
Compensated absences 2,398,521	
Total	 (37,553,521)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 8,998,086

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Kevenues:         Chart         Seric         Finant         Keyne           From Iocal sources:         5         3,84,204         \$2,037,12         \$3,057,57         \$18,726,005           Taxis         \$040,626         8,975         \$1,200         407,826           Charges for services.         22,053         8,975         475,766         415,006           Charges for services.         149,488         40,079         684,30         193,33           Other local revenues.         149,488         40,079         684,30         11,275,07           Intergovernmental - stude of the contract of the con					D.L.	a	Other		Total
Revenues:         From local sources:         From local sources:         Taxes.         \$ 16,384,204         \$ 2,037,122         \$ 305,577         \$ 18,726,903           Tuition.         406,626         \$ 2,037,122         \$ 305,577         \$ 31,028           Charges for services.         \$ 2,253         8,975         178,339         178,359           Charges for services.         \$ 95,32         \$ 133,801         193,333           Other local revenues         144,9488         \$ 432,274         \$ 581,762           Intergovermmental - state.         10,150,500         440,079         684,493         11,275,772           Intergovermmental - federal.         227,12,403         2,486,176         4,436,570         30,953,149           Total revenue.         27,172,403         2,486,176         4,436,570         30,953,149           Regular.         14,050,702         2,666,976         1,218,097         3,786,704           Vocational         311,888         6         6,06         6,575           Other.         456,925         277,271         734,196           Support services:         2         1,330,676         3,252         1,373,028           Instructional staff.         500,243         358,153         80,535			Conoral		Debt Sorvice	Go		G	
Promission   Pro	Revenues		General	-	Service		runus		runus
Tuttion									
Tuition		Φ.	16 384 204	Φ	2 037 122	2	305 577	2	18 726 903
Semings on investments.   22,053   8,975     31,028		Ψ		Ψ	2,037,122	Ψ	,	Ψ	
Charges for services         475,006         475,006           Extracurricular.         178,359         178,359           Classroom materials and fees         59,532         133,801         193,333           Other local revenues         149,488         432,274         581,762           Intergovermental state         10,105,000         440,079         684,493         11,275,072           Intergovermental - federal					8 975		1,200		
Part control color			22,033		0,775		475 706		
Classroom materials and fees         59,532         -         133,801         193,337           Other local revenues         149,488         432,274         581,762           Intergovermmental - state         10,150,500         440,079         684,493         11,275,072           Intergovermmental - federal         2,7172,403         2,486,176         4,436,570         340,95,149           Expenditures:           Current:           Instruction:           Regular         14,050,702         266,976         14,317,678           Special         2,568,607         1,218,097         3,786,704           Vocational         311,888         -         -         311,888           Adult/continuing         469         6,106         6,575           Other         456,925         277,271         734,196           Support services:         191         1,370,676         3,252         1,373,928           Instruccional staff         502,432         38,8153         860,985           Board of education         39,302         -         39,302           Fiscal         648,985         25,316         43,832         718,133           Business.         30,502			_		_				
Other local revenues         149,488         432,274         581,762           Intergovernmental state         10,150,500         440,079         684,493         11,275,702           Intergovernmental - federal         -         -         2,225,160         2,225,160           Total revenue         27,172,403         2,486,176         4,436,570         34,095,149           Expenditures           Urrent           Instruction:           Regular         14,050,702         266,976         14,317,678           Special         2,568,607         12,18,097         3,786,704           Vocational         311,888         -         6,106         6,575           Other         450,925         277,271         73,4196           Support services:         2         277,271         734,196           Instructional staff         502,432         358,153         860,585           Board of education         39,302         358,153         860,585           Board of education         39,302         13,566         2,356,835           Fiscal         648,985         25,316         43,832         718,133           Business.         30,537         10,56			59 532		_				
Intergovernmental - federal   10,150,500   2440,079   2,251,600   2,225,106			,		_				
					440 079				
Expenditures:	•		10,130,300		-110,075				
Current   Curr			27 172 403		2 486 176				
Current:			27,172,403		2,400,170		4,430,370		34,073,147
Instruction:   Regular.   14,050,702   266,976   14,317,678   Special   2,568,607   1,218,097   3,786,704   Vocational   311,888   -	<del>-</del>								
Regular.         14,050,702         26,676         14,317,678           Special         2,568,607         1,218,097         3,786,704           Vocational         311,888         -         -         311,888           Adult/continuing         469         6,106         6,575           Other         356,925         277,271         734,196           Support services:         8         8         27,272,1         734,196           Pupil         1,370,676         -         3,252         1,373,928           Instructional staff         502,432         -         358,153         860,585           Board of education         39,302         -         -         39,302           Administration         2,343,269         -         13,566         2,356,835           Fiscal         648,985         25,316         43,832         718,133           Business         39,537         193,564         233,101           Operations and maintenance         3,016,766         18,036         3,034,802           Pupil transportation         910,716         31,828         1,228,544           Central         153,667         61,387         215,054           Operations and maintenance <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Special         2,568,607         -         1,218,097         3,786,704           Vocational         311,888         -         6,106         6,575           Other         456,925         -         277,271         734,196           Support services:         -         277,271         734,196           Support services:         -         -         32,222         1,373,928           Instructional staff         502,432         -         35,8153         860,585           Board of education         39,302         -         -         39,002           Administration         2343,269         -         13,566         2,356,835           Fiscal         648,985         25,316         43,832         718,133           Business         39,537         -         193,564         233,101           Operations and maintenance         3106,766         -         18,036         3034,802           Pupil transportation         910,716         -         317,828         1,228,544           Central         153,667         -         912,015         912,015           Oberations on instructional services         2,437         -         91,015         912,015           Other non-			14050 500				244.054		1.4.015 (50)
Vocational         311,888         -         -         -         311,888           Adult/continuing         469         -         6,106         6,575           Other         456,925         -         277,271         734,196           Support services:         -         -         3,252         1,373,928           Instructional staff         502,432         -         358,153         860,585           Board of education         39,302         -         -         39,302           Administration         2,343,269         -         13,566         2,356,835           Fiscal         648,985         25,316         43,832         718,133           Business         39,537         -         193,564         233,101           Operations and maintenance         310,6766         -         18,036         3,034,802           Pupil transportation         910,716         -         13,7828         1228,544           Central         153,667         -         912,015         912,015           Operation of non-instructional services         2,437         -         912,015         912,015           Other non-instructional services         2,437         -         91,015         9					-		,		
Adult/continuing         469         6,106         6,575           Other         456,925         277,271         734,196           Support services:         79,11         1,370,676         -         3,252         1,373,928           Instructional staff         502,432         -         358,153         860,585           Board of education         39,302         -         -         39,302           Administration         2,343,269         -         13,566         2,356,835           Fiscal         648,985         25,316         43,832         718,133           Business         39,537         -         193,564         233,101           Operations and maintenance         3,016,766         -         18,036         3,034,802           Pupil transportation         910,716         -         61,387         215,054           Central         153,667         -         912,015         912,015           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         912,015         912,015           Other non-instructional services         2,437         -         444,838         447,275           Extracurricular activities         758,036         29,921         1,055,957           F					-		1,218,097		
Other         456,925         -         277,271         734,196           Support services:         3,252         1,373,928           Pupil         1,370,676         -         3,252         1,373,928           Instructional staff         502,432         -         358,153         860,585           Board of education         39,302         -         13,566         2,356,835           Fiscal         648,985         25,316         43,832         718,133           Business         39,537         -         193,564         233,101           Operations and maintenance         3,016,766         -         18,036         3,034,802           Pupil transportation         910,716         -         18,036         3,034,802           Pupil transportation of non-instructional services         -         18,036         3,034,802           Operation of non-instructional services         -         910,716         -         912,015           Operation of non-instructional services         2,437         -         912,015         912,015           Other non-instructional services         2,437         -         912,015         912,015           Extracurricular activities         758,036         -         297,921			,		-		-		
Support services:         Pupil         1,370,676         -         3,252         1,373,928           Instructional staff         502,432         -         358,153         860,585           Board of education         39,302         -         -         39,302           Administration         2,343,269         -         13,566         2,356,835           Fiscal         648,985         25,316         43,832         718,133           Business         39,537         -         193,664         233,101           Operations and maintenance         3,016,766         -         18,036         3,034,802           Pupil transportation         910,716         -         317,828         1,228,544           Central         153,667         -         61,387         215,054           Operation of non-instructional services         -         912,015         912,015           Food service operations         -         -         912,015         912,015           Other non-instructional services         2,437         -         444,838         447,275           Extracurricular activities         758,036         -         297,921         1,055,957           Facilities acquisition and construction         -	<u> </u>				-				
Pupil         1,370,676         -         3,252         1,373,928           Instructional staff         502,432         358,153         860,585           Board of education         39,302         -         -         39,302           Administration         2,343,269         -         13,566         2,356,835           Fiscal         648,985         25,316         43,832         718,133           Business         39,537         -         193,564         233,101           Operations and maintenance         3,016,766         -         18,036         3,034,802           Pupil transportation         910,716         -         317,828         1,228,544           Central         153,667         -         61,387         215,054           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         912,015         912,015           Other non-instructional services         2,437         444,838         447,275           Extracurricular activities         758,036         -         297,921         1,055,957           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         850,000         -         850,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         1,697,165         -         1,697,165			456,925		-		277,271		734,196
Instructional staff         502,432         -         358,153         860,585           Board of education         39,302         -         -         39,302           Administration         2,343,269         -         13,566         2,356,835           Fiscal         648,985         25,316         43,832         718,133           Business         39,537         -         193,564         233,101           Operations and maintenance         3,016,766         -         18,036         3,034,802           Pupil transportation         910,716         -         317,828         1,228,544           Central         153,667         -         61,387         215,054           Operation of non-instructional services         -         912,015         912,015           Other non-instructional services         2,437         -         444,838         447,275           Extracurricular activities         758,036         -         297,921         1,055,957           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         850,000         -         850,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         1,697,165         -         1,697,165           Total expenditures         27,174,414         2,572,									
Board of education         39,302         -         13,566         2,356,835           Administration         2,343,269         -         13,566         2,356,835           Fiscal         648,985         25,316         43,832         718,133           Business         39,537         -         193,564         233,101           Operations and maintenance         3,016,766         -         18,036         3,034,802           Pupil transportation         910,716         -         61,387         215,054           Central         153,667         -         61,387         215,054           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         -         912,015         912,015           Oberation of non-instructional services         2,437         -         444,838         447,275           Extracurricular activities         758,036         -         297,921         1,055,957           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         266,491         266,491           Debt service:         -         25,000         -         850,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         1,697,165         -         1,697,165           Total expenditures over revenues         2,2114			, ,		-		,		
Administration         2,343,269         -         13,566         2,356,835           Fiscal         648,985         25,316         43,832         718,133           Business         39,537         -         193,564         233,101           Operations and maintenance         3,016,766         -         18,036         3,034,802           Pupil transportation         910,716         -         317,828         1,228,544           Central         153,667         -         61,387         215,054           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         -         912,015         912,015           Other non-instructional services         2,437         -         444,838         447,275           Extracurricular activities         758,036         -         297,921         1,055,957           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         850,000         -         850,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         1,697,165         -         1,697,165           Total expenditures         27,174,414         2,572,481         4,699,333         34,446,228           Excess of expenditures over revenues         (2,011)         (86,305)         (262,763)         (351,079) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>358,153</td><td></td><td></td></t<>					-		358,153		
Fiscal         648,985         25,316         43,832         718,133           Business.         39,537         -         193,564         233,101           Operations and maintenance         3,016,766         -         18,036         3,034,802           Pupil transportation         910,716         -         317,828         1,228,544           Central         153,667         -         61,387         215,054           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         -         912,015         912,015           Food service operations         -         -         912,015         912,015           Other non-instructional services         2,437         -         444,838         447,275           Extracurricular activities         758,036         -         297,921         1,055,957           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         850,000         -         850,000           Interest activities         2,437         -         266,491         266,491           Debt service:         -         -         850,000         -         850,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         1,697,165         -         1,697,165           Total expenditures over revenues <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>					-		-		
Business.         39,537         -         193,564         233,101           Operations and maintenance         3,016,766         -         18,036         3,034,802           Pupil transportation         910,716         -         317,828         1,228,544           Central         153,667         -         61,387         215,054           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         -         912,015         912,015           Other non-instructional services         2,437         -         444,838         447,275           Extracurricular activities         758,036         -         297,921         1,055,957           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         266,491         266,491           Debt service:         -         1,697,165         -         1,697,165           Total expenditures over revenues         2,7174,414         2,572,481         4,699,333         34,446,228           Excess of expenditures over revenues         341         -         -         88,352					-				
Operations and maintenance         3,016,766         -         18,036         3,034,802           Pupil transportation         910,716         -         317,828         1,228,544           Central         153,667         -         61,387         215,054           Operation of non-instructional services:         Service operations         -         -         912,015         912,015           Other non-instructional services         2,437         -         444,838         447,275           Extracurricular activities         758,036         -         297,921         1,055,957           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         850,000         -         850,000           Debt service:         Principal retirement         -         850,000         -         850,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         1,697,165         -         1,697,165           Total expenditures         27,174,414         2,572,481         4,699,333         34,446,228           Excess of expenditures over revenues         (2,011)         (86,305)         (262,763)         (351,079)           Other financing sources (uses)         341         -         -         341           Transfers (out)         (88,352)         -			*		25,316				
Pupil transportation         910,716         -         317,828         1,228,544           Central         153,667         -         61,387         215,054           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         61,387         215,054           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         -         912,015         912,015           Food service operations         -         -         912,015         912,015           Other non-instructional services         2,437         -         444,838         447,275           Extracturricular activities         758,036         -         297,921         1,055,957           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         -         266,491         266,491           Debt service:         -         -         266,491         266,491           Debt services:         -         -         850,000         -         850,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         1,697,165         -         1,697,165           Total expenditures over revenues         (2,011)         (86,305)         (262,763)         (351,079)           Other financing sources (uses)           Sale of capital assets         341         -         - <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			,		-				
Central         153,667         -         61,387         215,054           Operation of non-instructional services:         8         312,015         912,015 </td <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	-				-				
Operation of non-instructional services:         Food service operations					-				
Food service operations         -         -         912,015         912,015           Other non-instructional services         2,437         -         444,838         447,275           Extracurricular activities         758,036         -         297,921         1,055,957           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         -         266,491         266,491           Debt service:         -         -         850,000         -         850,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         1,697,165         -         1,697,165           Total expenditures         27,174,414         2,572,481         4,699,333         34,446,228           Excess of expenditures over revenues         (2,011)         (86,305)         (262,763)         (351,079)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets         341         -         -         341           Transfers (out)         (88,352)         -         -         (88,352)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (88,011)         -         88,352         341           Net change in fund balances         (90,022)         (86,305)         (174,411)         (350,738)           Fund balances (deficit) at be			153,667		-		61,387		215,054
Other non-instructional services         2,437         -         444,838         447,275           Extracurricular activities         758,036         -         297,921         1,055,957           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         -         266,491         266,491           Debt service:         Principal retirement         -         850,000         -         850,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         1,697,165         -         1,697,165           Total expenditures         27,174,414         2,572,481         4,699,333         34,446,228           Excess of expenditures over revenues         (2,011)         (86,305)         (262,763)         (351,079)           Other financing sources (uses):         341         -         -         341           Transfers in.         -         343         -         -         88,352           Transfers (out)         (88,352)         -         -         (88,352)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (88,011)         -         88,352         341           Net change in fund balances         (90,022)         (86,305)         (174,411)         (350,738)           Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.         (1,537,266)         <									
Extracurricular activities       758,036       -       297,921       1,055,957         Facilities acquisition and construction       -       -       266,491       266,491         Debt service:       Principal retirement.       -       850,000       -       850,000         Interest and fiscal charges       -       1,697,165       -       1,697,165         Total expenditures       27,174,414       2,572,481       4,699,333       34,446,228         Excess of expenditures over revenues.       (2,011)       (86,305)       (262,763)       (351,079)         Other financing sources (uses):         Sale of capital assets       341       -       -       341         Transfers in.       -       -       88,352       88,352         Transfers (out)       (88,352)       -       -       (88,352)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (88,011)       -       88,352       341         Net change in fund balances       (90,022)       (86,305)       (174,411)       (350,738)         Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.       (1,537,266)       1,254,115       1,059,405       776,254         Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory       (11,759)       -       569 <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>- ,</td>	-		-		-		,		- ,
Facilities acquisition and construction       -       -       266,491       266,491         Debt service:       Principal retirement.       -       850,000       -       850,000         Interest and fiscal charges       -       1,697,165       -       1,697,165         Total expenditures       27,174,414       2,572,481       4,699,333       34,446,228         Excess of expenditures over revenues.       (2,011)       (86,305)       (262,763)       (351,079)         Other financing sources (uses):         Sale of capital assets       341       -       -       341         Transfers (out)       (88,352)       -       -       (88,352)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (88,011)       -       88,352       341         Net change in fund balances       (90,022)       (86,305)       (174,411)       (350,738)         Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.       (1,537,266)       1,254,115       1,059,405       776,254         Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory.       (11,759)       -       569       (11,190)			,		-				
Debt service:       Principal retirement.       -       850,000       -       850,000         Interest and fiscal charges       -       1,697,165       -       1,697,165         Total expenditures       27,174,414       2,572,481       4,699,333       34,446,228         Excess of expenditures over revenues.       (2,011)       (86,305)       (262,763)       (351,079)         Other financing sources (uses):         Sale of capital assets       341       -       -       341         Transfers in       -       -       88,352       88,352         Transfers (out)       (88,352)       -       -       (88,352)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (88,011)       -       88,352       341         Net change in fund balances       (90,022)       (86,305)       (174,411)       (350,738)         Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.       (1,537,266)       1,254,115       1,059,405       776,254         Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory       (11,759)       -       569       (11,190)			758,036		-				
Principal retirement.         -         850,000         -         850,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         1,697,165         -         1,697,165           Total expenditures         27,174,414         2,572,481         4,699,333         34,446,228           Excess of expenditures over revenues.         (2,011)         (86,305)         (262,763)         (351,079)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets         341         -         -         341           Transfers in         -         -         88,352         88,352           Transfers (out)         (88,352)         -         -         (88,352)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (88,011)         -         88,352         341           Net change in fund balances         (99,022)         (86,305)         (174,411)         (350,738)           Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.         (1,537,266)         1,254,115         1,059,405         776,254           Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory         (11,759)         -         569         (11,190)			-		-		266,491		266,491
Interest and fiscal charges         -         1,697,165         -         1,697,165           Total expenditures         27,174,414         2,572,481         4,699,333         34,446,228           Excess of expenditures over revenues.         (2,011)         (86,305)         (262,763)         (351,079)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets         341         -         -         341           Transfers in.         -         -         -         88,352         88,352           Transfers (out)         (88,352)         -         -         (88,352)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (88,011)         -         88,352         341           Net change in fund balances         (90,022)         (86,305)         (174,411)         (350,738)           Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.         (1,537,266)         1,254,115         1,059,405         776,254           Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory         (11,759)         -         569         (11,190)					0.50,000				0.70.000
Total expenditures         27,174,414         2,572,481         4,699,333         34,446,228           Excess of expenditures over revenues.         (2,011)         (86,305)         (262,763)         (351,079)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets         341         -         -         341           Transfers in.         -         -         88,352         88,352           Transfers (out)         (88,352)         -         -         (88,352)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (88,011)         -         88,352         341           Net change in fund balances         (90,022)         (86,305)         (174,411)         (350,738)           Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.         (1,537,266)         1,254,115         1,059,405         776,254           Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory         (11,759)         -         569         (11,190)			-				-		
Excess of expenditures over revenues.       (2,011)       (86,305)       (262,763)       (351,079)         Other financing sources (uses):         Sale of capital assets       341       -       -       341         Transfers in.       -       -       88,352       88,352         Transfers (out)       (88,352)       -       -       (88,352)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (88,011)       -       88,352       341         Net change in fund balances       (90,022)       (86,305)       (174,411)       (350,738)         Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.       (1,537,266)       1,254,115       1,059,405       776,254         Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory       (11,759)       -       569       (11,190)			-						_
Other financing sources (uses):         Sale of capital assets	Total expenditures		27,174,414		2,572,481		4,699,333		34,446,228
Sale of capital assets       341       -       -       341         Transfers in       -       -       -       88,352       88,352         Transfers (out)       (88,352)       -       -       (88,352)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (88,011)       -       88,352       341         Net change in fund balances       (90,022)       (86,305)       (174,411)       (350,738)         Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.       (1,537,266)       1,254,115       1,059,405       776,254         Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory       (11,759)       -       569       (11,190)	Excess of expenditures over revenues		(2,011)		(86,305)		(262,763)		(351,079)
Sale of capital assets       341       -       -       341         Transfers in       -       -       -       88,352       88,352         Transfers (out)       (88,352)       -       -       (88,352)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (88,011)       -       88,352       341         Net change in fund balances       (90,022)       (86,305)       (174,411)       (350,738)         Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.       (1,537,266)       1,254,115       1,059,405       776,254         Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory       (11,759)       -       569       (11,190)	Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in.       -       -       -       88,352       88,352         Transfers (out)       (88,352)       -       -       (88,352)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (88,011)       -       88,352       341         Net change in fund balances       (90,022)       (86,305)       (174,411)       (350,738)         Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.       (1,537,266)       1,254,115       1,059,405       776,254         Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory       (11,759)       -       569       (11,190)	=		341		-		-		341
Total other financing sources (uses)         (88,011)         -         88,352         341           Net change in fund balances         (90,022)         (86,305)         (174,411)         (350,738)           Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.         (1,537,266)         1,254,115         1,059,405         776,254           Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory         (11,759)         -         569         (11,190)			_		-		88,352		88,352
Net change in fund balances	Transfers (out)	_	(88,352)	_					(88,352)
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.       (1,537,266)       1,254,115       1,059,405       776,254         Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory.       (11,759)       -       569       (11,190)	Total other financing sources (uses)		(88,011)		-		88,352		341
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory .         (11,759)         -         569         (11,190)	Net change in fund balances		(90,022)		(86,305)		(174,411)		(350,738)
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory .         (11,759)         -         569         (11,190)	Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.		(1,537,266)		1,254,115		1,059,405		776,254
					-				
		\$	(1,639,047)	\$	1,167,810	\$	885,563	\$	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/(DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (350,738)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlay in the current period.  Capital asset additions  Current year depreciation  Total	\$ 539,855 (1,914,445)	(1,374,590)
		(1,374,390)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations)		
is to decrease net assets.		(7,354)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.		(11,190)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Delinquent property taxes	2,597	
Other local revenues	(91,141)	
Intergovernmental revenue	(31,758)	
Interest revenue	 (11,770)	
Total		(132,072)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental		
funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement		950 000
of net assets.		850,000
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in less interest being reported in the statement of activities		
Decrease in accrued interest payable	1,913	
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(23,078)	
Amortization of bond premiums	 45,165	
Total		24,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use		
of current financial resources and therefore are not		
reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	-	219,496
Change in net assets of governmental activities	=	\$ (782,448)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	 Budgeted	l Amo	ounts			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		Negative)
Revenues:	 						
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$ 16,943,886	\$	16,943,886	\$	16,371,096	\$	(572,790)
Tuition	377,500		377,500		406,626		29,126
Earnings on investments	123,500		123,500		12,994		(110,506)
Classroom materials and fees	50,500		50,500		60,952		10,452
Other local revenues	119,000		119,000		148,638		29,638
Intergovernmental - state	9,917,143		9,917,143		10,197,828		280,685
Total revenue	27,531,529		27,531,529		27,198,134		(333,395)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	13,816,612		14,146,632		14,140,070		6,562
Special	2,529,868		2,590,296		2,586,987		3,309
Vocational	303,770		311,026		310,745		281
Adult/continuing	488		500		469		31
Other	447,868		458,566		458,510		56
Support services:	.,		,-		,-		
Pupil	1,348,201		1,380,404		1,378,489		1,915
Instructional staff	491,730		503,475		506,347		(2,872)
Board of education	38,989		39,920		39,711		209
Administration	2,290,200		2,344,902		2,345,644		(742)
Fiscal	645,123		660,532		669,809		(9,277)
Business	44,105		45,158		39,966		5,192
Operations and maintenance	3,117,313		3,191,772		3,173,703		18,069
Pupil transportation	908,235		929,929		900,112		29,817
Central	153,336		156,999		155,368		1,631
Operation of non-instructional services:	,		,		,		-,
Other non-instructional services	2,780		2,846		2,800		46
Extracurricular activities	740,270		757,952		750,952		7,000
Total expenditures	 26,878,888		27,520,909		27.459.682	-	61,227
•	 		_,,,,,,,,,				<u> </u>
Excess of revenues over (under)	<i>(50 (41</i>		10.620		(2(1.540)		(272.169)
expenditures	 652,641		10,620		(261,548)		(272,168)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Refund of prior year's expenditures	22,500		22,500		28,909		6,409
Transfers (out)	(87,900)		(90,000)		(88,352)		1,648
Advances (out)	(7,325)		(7,500)		(7,229)		271
Sale of capital assets	-		-		341		341
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (72,725)		(75,000)	-	(66,331)		8,669
-	 						
Net change in fund balance	579,916		(64,380)		(327,879)		(263,499)
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,811,690		1,811,690		1,811,690		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	67,562		67,562		67,562		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,459,168	\$	1,814,872	\$	1,551,373	\$	(263,499)

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	Private Purpose Trust Scholarship			
			Agency	
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and investments	\$	105,784	\$	28,593
Receivables:				
Accounts				200
Total assets		105,784	\$	28,793
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		319	\$	427
Due to students		<u>-</u>		28,366
Total liabilities		319	\$	28,793
Net assets:				
Held in trust for scholarships		105,465		
Total net assets	\$	105,465		

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Private Purpose Trust			
	Scholarship			
Additions:				
Gifts and contributions	\$	34,402		
<b>Deductions:</b> Scholarships awarded		33,912		
Change in net assets		490		
Net assets at beginning of year		104,975		
Net assets at end of year	\$	105,465		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Maumee City School District (the "District) is located in central Lucas County in northwest Ohio, encompassing most of the City of Maumee and parts of the City of Toledo.

The District is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District ranks as the 175th largest by enrollment among the 905 public and community school districts in the State. It currently operates 4 elementary schools, 1 middle school, and 1 comprehensive high school. The District employs 16 administrators, 142 non-certified and 197 certified full-time and part-time employees to provide services to approximately 2,688 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise have access to the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of this criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

### Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA) which is a computer consortium. NWOCA is an association of education entities within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood counties in northwestern Ohio. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. NWOCA is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and its participating members. Total disbursements made by the District to NWOCA during this fiscal year were \$94,216. Financial information can be obtained from Cindy Siler, who serves as Treasurer, at 209 Nolan Parkway, PO Box 407, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

### Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among school districts located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. To obtain financial information write to the Northern Buckeye Education Council, Cindy Siler, who serves as Treasurer, at 209 Nolan Parkway, PO Box 407, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

### Penta Career Center

The Penta Career Center (the "Center") is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide vocational and special education needs of the students. The Center accepts non-tuition students from the District as a member school; however, it is considered a separate political subdivision and is not considered to be part of the District. The District did not make any payments to the Center during fiscal year 2010. Financial information can be obtained from the Penta County Career Center, Carrie Herringshaw, who serves as Treasurer, at 9301 Buck Road, Perrysburg, Ohio 43551.

### Bay Area Council

The Bay Area Council was established in 1986 to carry out a cooperative program for the purchase of natural gas among boards of education located in Erie, Huron, Lucas, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, and Wood Counties. The Bay Area Council is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member Boards of Education. The Bay Area Council is governed by a Board of Directors. This Board is elected by an assembly consisting of a representative from each participating school district. Financial information can be obtained from the North Point Education Service Center, which serves as fiscal agent, 2902 Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

### Northwest Ohio Educational Council Self-Insurance Pool Program (NWOEC Program)

The District participates in the Northwest Ohio Educational Council Self-Insurance Pool Program (NWOEC Program) which is an insurance purchasing pool. The NWOEC Program is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The NWOEC Program is a non-profit organization to its members and an instrumentality for each member the purpose of enabling members of the NWOEC to provide for a formalized, joint insurance program to maintain adequate insurance protection, risk management programs, and other administrative services. The NWOEC Program's business and affairs are conducted by a nine member Insurance Committee created by the Governing Board of the NWOEC.

The NWOEC Program has an agreement with Marsh USA for administrative services and Cambridge Integrated Services, Inc. for claims processing. To obtain financial information write to Frank McKain, Marsh USA, One Seagate Center, Suite 1860, Toledo, Ohio 43604.

Maumee City School District acts as the fiscal agent for the NWOEC Program, but the NWOEC Program's financial statements are reported separately from those of Maumee City School District. Separately issued financial statements for the NWOEC Program can be obtained by writing to Paul Brotzki, Treasurer, 716 Askin Street, Maumee, Ohio 43537.

### **B.** Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have proprietary funds.

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt service fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond and principal and interest from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by trust funds; and (b) grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. The agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

### C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2010, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2011 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2010 are recorded as deferred revenue in the governmental funds.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

### E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

### Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Lucas County Budget Commission for rate determination. The Lucas County Budget Commission waived the tax budget filing requirement for fiscal year 2010.

### **Estimated Resources:**

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the original and final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at the fund level which is the legal level of control. Any revisions that alter appropriations at the fund level must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

### F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2010, investments were limited to federal agency securities, a U.S. Government money market fund, and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2010. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2010.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or by policy of the Board of Education. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2010 amounted to \$22,053, which includes \$11,697 assigned from other funds.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

### G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

### H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those related to government activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000 for its general capital assets. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Governmental

DescriptionActivitiesLand improvements5 yearsBuildings and improvements10 - 50 yearsFurniture and equipment5 - 20 yearsVehicles5 - 20 years

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

#### J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service or any employee with twenty years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2010 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

## K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, is paid in a timely manner and, in full from current financial resources is reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### L. Fund Reserves

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, tax advance unavailable for appropriation, debt service, prepayments and BWC refunds. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds. The reserve for tax revenue unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriations under State statute.

#### M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes primarily consists of amounts restricted for food service operations, BWC refunds, an underground storage tank and a technology levy.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### N. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### O. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents that are restricted in use by State statute. A fund balance reserve has also been established. See Note 15 for details.

#### P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### Q. Parochial Schools

Within the District boundaries, St. Joseph's School and St. Patrick School are operated by the Toledo Catholic Diocese. Current state legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The receipt and expenditure of these State monies by the District are reflected as special revenue funds for financial reporting purposes.

#### R. Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs and Bond Premium

On government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Unamortized bond issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds. Using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 9.

## S. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

## T. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District did not have any special or extraordinary items during fiscal year 2010.

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

#### A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2010, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 51, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets</u>", GASB Statement No. 53, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments</u>", and GASB Statement No. 58, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies</u>".

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 51 addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for intangible assets, which are assets that lack physical substance, are nonfinancial in nature, and have an initial useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Examples of intangible assets include easements, water rights, computer software, patents, and trademarks. GASB Statement No. 51 improves the quality of financial reporting by creating consistency in the recognition, initial measurement, and amortization of intangible assets. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 51 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 53 addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments. Derivative instruments are financial arrangements used by governments to manage specific risks or to make investments. Common types of derivative instruments include interest rate and commodity swaps, interest rate locks, options, swaptions, forward contracts, and futures contracts. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 53 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 58 establishes accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. GASB Statement No. 58 requires governments to remeasure liabilities that are adjusted in bankruptcy when the bankruptcy court confirms a new payment plan. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 58 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

#### **B.** Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2010 included the following individual fund deficits:

Major governmental fund:	 Deficit
General	\$ 1,639,047
Nonmajor governmental funds:	
Education management information systems	5,044
Title VI-B	95,847
Title I	90,627
Class size reduction	10,256

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool, State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$9,090 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

#### **B.** Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,004,384. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2010, \$574,212 of the District's bank balance of \$1,074,212 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$500,000 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

## C. Investments

As of June 30, 2010, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment maturities							
Investment type	_1	Fair value	6	months or less		to 12		3 to 18 nonths	 to 24	Greater than 24 months
FHLB	\$	505,470	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 505,470
FNMA		254,063		-		-		-	-	254,063
U.S. Government										
money market fund		1,915,176		1,915,176		-		-	-	-
STAR Ohio		271,639		271,639				<u> </u>	 	
Total	\$	2,946,348	\$	2,186,815	\$	_	\$		\$ 	\$ 759,533

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

The weighted average maturity of investments is .75 years.

*Interest Rate Risk:* As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio and the U.S. Government money market fund carry a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard service rating. The District's investments in federal agency securities were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2010:

Investment type	<u>F</u>	Fair value	
FHLB	\$	505,470	17.16
FNMA		254,063	8.62
U.S. Government			
money market fund		1,915,176	65.00
STAR Ohio		271,639	9.22
Total	\$ :	2,946,348	100.00

#### D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2010:

Total	\$	3,959,822
Cash on hand	_	9,090
Investments		2,946,348
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	1,004,384
Cash and investments per note		

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 3,825,445
Private-purpose trust funds	105.784

Private-purpose trust funds 105,784
Agency fund 28,593

Total \$ 3,959,822

#### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

**A.** Interfund balances at June 30, 2010 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 7,229

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

**B.** Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2010, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from:	Amount
General fund	\$ 88,352

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. No interfund transfers are reported on the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and certain tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2010 were levied after April 1, 2009, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2009, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2010 became a lien on December 31, 2008, were levied after April 1, 2009, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2010 were levied after October 1, 2009, on the value as of December 31, 2009. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Lucas County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2010, are available to finance fiscal year 2010 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2010 was \$768,292 in the general fund, \$91,725 in the debt service fund and \$13,759 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2009 was \$666,317 in the general fund, \$90,072 in the debt service fund and \$13,481 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2010 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2010 taxes were collected are:

	2009 Second Half Collections		2010 Fii	:st
			Half Collec	tions
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential				
and other real estate	\$ 497,971,050	98.45	\$ 456,496,410	98.32
Public utility personal	6,849,880	1.36	7,313,850	1.58
Tangible personal property	1,027,887	0.19	482,315	0.10
Total	\$ 505,848,817	100.00	\$ 464,292,575	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$78.45		\$82.65	

#### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2010 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

#### Governmental activities:

Taxes	\$ 20,744,953
Accounts	16,352
Intergovernmental	61,567
Accrued interest	1,672
Total	\$ 20,824,544

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	June 30, 2009	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2010
Governmental activities:  Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,009,875	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,009,875
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,009,875			1,009,875
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,871,071	-	(126,402)	1,744,669
Buildings and improvements	56,724,072	214,474	-	56,938,546
Furniture and equipment	1,645,227	121,894	(280,350)	1,486,771
Vehicles	1,694,070	329,889		2,023,959
Total capital assets, being depreciated	61,934,440	666,257	(406,752)	62,193,945
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(1,755,261)	(9,843)	126,402	(1,638,702)
Buildings and improvements	(11,993,514)	(1,852,802)	-	(13,846,316)
Furniture and equipment	(1,275,259)	(81,383)	272,996	(1,083,646)
Vehicles	(1,161,605)	(96,819)		(1,258,424)
Total accumulated depreciation	(16,185,639)	(2,040,847)	399,398	(17,827,088)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 46,758,676	\$ (1,374,590)	\$ (7,354)	\$ 45,376,732

During fiscal year 2010, the District transferred capital assets from the land improvement category to the building category. The cost of these capital assets was \$126,402. The assets were fully depreciated at June 30, 2010 and the corresponding accumulated depreciation was also transferred from the land improvement category to the building category.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 1,001,198
Special	149,557
Support services:	
Pupil	8,056
Instructional staff	99,173
Administration	89,527
Fiscal	6,713
Business	1,660
Operations and maintenance	40,879
Pupil transportation	91,467
Operation of non-instructional services:	
Food service operations	116,004
Other non-instructional services	2,707
Extracurricular	307,504
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,914,445

## **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

**A.** During the fiscal year 2010, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance June 30, 2009	Increase	Decrease	Balance <u>June 30, 2010</u>	Amount Due in One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 36,005,000	\$ -	\$ (850,000)	\$ 35,155,000	\$ 950,000
Compensated absences	2,767,117	179,885	(371,927)	2,575,075	244,117
Total	\$ 38,772,117	\$ 179,885	\$ (1,221,927)	37,730,075	\$ 1,194,117
Unamortized premium on bonds				967,268	
Total on statement of net assets				\$ 38,697,343	

<u>Compensated absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid. For the District, this is primarily the general fund and food service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

<u>General obligation bonds</u>: During fiscal year 2004, the District issued \$42,000,000 in school facilities construction and improvement general obligation bonds to provide funds for various District building projects. These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to the bonds are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund.

The bonds were issued on August 1, 2003, and have a scheduled maturity date of December 1, 2031. Interest payments on the general obligation bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year.

The following is a schedule of future debt service requirements for the general obligation bonds:

Fiscal Year			
Ending	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2011	¢ 050,000	¢ 1.671.440	¢ 2.621.440
2011	\$ 950,000	\$ 1,671,440	\$ 2,621,440
2012	975,000	1,637,690	2,612,690
2013	1,015,000	1,597,890	2,612,890
2014	1,055,000	1,551,215	2,606,215
2015	1,110,000	1,497,090	2,607,090
2016 - 2020	6,440,000	6,572,950	13,012,950
2021 - 2025	8,210,000	4,750,450	12,960,450
2026 - 2030	10,480,000	2,439,844	12,919,844
2031 - 2032	4,920,000	231,224	5,151,224
Total	¢ 25 155 000	¢ 21 040 702	¢ 57 104 702
Total	\$ 35,155,000	\$ 21,949,793	\$ 57,104,793

#### B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2010, are a voted debt margin of \$7,755,733 (including available funds of \$1,167,810) and an unvoted debt margin of \$463,810.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters.

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Real property and contents are 100% coinsured, to a limit of \$62,299,577.

The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

The District has liability insurance coverage limits of \$2,000,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 annual aggregate.

The District offers group medical and dental insurance to all employees. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share a portion of the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract. Regardless of the plan utilized by the employees, all group benefit plans are traditionally funded, and the District does not retain any risk of loss.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in amounts of insurance coverage from 2009.

Postemployment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 12. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

## **NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS**

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a>, under <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">Employees/Audit Resources</a>.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2010, 12.74 percent and .04 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$467,619, \$316,849 and \$329,082, respectively; 51.83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

## B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2010, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$2,014,838, \$1,968,303 and \$1,921,537, respectively; 82.95 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2010 were \$51,839 made by the District and \$37,028 made by the plan members.

#### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2010, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

#### **NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Chapter 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2009 was \$96.40 and SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under Employers/Audit Resources.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2010, 0.46 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2010, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$87,051, \$218,019 and \$217,670, respectively; 51.83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2010, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$27,808, \$26,143 and \$23,711, respectively; 51.83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2010, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$154,988, \$151,408 and \$147,811, respectively; 82.95 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of GAAP, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis); and,
- (e) Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (327,879)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(25,731)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	183,539
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(21,680)
Adjustment for encumbrances	101,729
GAAP basis	\$ (90,022)

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

#### B. Litigation

The District is a party to legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and spending projects. The District management is of the opinion that disposition of the claim and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

#### **NOTE 15 - STATUTORY RESERVES**

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Texbooks/ Instructional Materials	Capital Acquisition	BWC Refunds
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2009	\$ (2,381,167)	\$ (42,026,495)	\$ 121,957
Current year set-aside requirement	452,220	452,220	-
Qualifying disbursements	(332,937)	(809,920)	
Total	\$ (2,261,884)	\$ (42,384,195)	\$ 121,957
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2011	\$ (2,261,884)	\$ (42,026,495)	\$ 121,957

The District had qualifying disbursements during the year and prior year carryover monies that reduced the textbook/instructional materials set-aside amount below zero; this extra amount is being carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

The District issued \$42,000,000 in bonds in fiscal year 2004 to provide for the construction and renovation of school buildings. This amount was an allowable offset to future years for the capital acquisition set-aside and thus the excess amount is being carried forward.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2010 follows:

Amount restricted for BWC refunds

\$ 121,957



#### MAUMEE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE		CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	
	PARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE D THROUGH THE					
	PARACTOR THE SEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	•				
Nuti	rition Grant Cluster:					
(C)(D)	School Breakfast Program	10.553	2010	\$ 44,010	\$ 44,010	
	Total School Breakfast Program			44,010	44,010	
(C)(D) (D)(E)	National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	10.555 10.555	2010 2010	319,676 38,758	319,676 38,758	
	Total National School Lunch Program			358,434	358,434	
	Total Nutrition Grant Cluster and U.S. Department of Agriculture			402,444	402,444	
PASSEI	PARTMENT OF EDUCATION THROUGH THE EPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
T	itle I Grant Cluster:					
<b>(F)</b>	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2010	341,960	341,960	
<b>(F)</b>	ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Acv	84.389	2010	124,229	124,229	
	Total Title I Grant Cluster			466,189	466,189	
$S_{I}$	oecial Education Grant Cluster:					
( <b>G</b> )	Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2010	653,885	650,962	
( <b>G</b> )	ARRA - Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act	84.391	2010	451,173	447,271	
	Total Special Education Grant Cluster			1,105,058	1,098,233	
	Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants	84.186	2010	6,790	6,790	
	Education Technology State Grants	84.318	2010	305	2,031	
(H) (H)	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367 84.367	2009 2010	(4,973) 67,006	66,688	
	<b>Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants</b>			62,033	66,688	
	ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery Act	84.394	2010	277,271	277,271	
	Total U.S. Department of Education			1,917,646	1,917,202	
PASSEI OHIO I	PARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES D THROUGH THE EPARTMENT OF MENTAL RETARDATION AND OPMENTAL DISABILITIES					
	Maternal and Child Health Federal Consolidated Programs	93.110	2010	200	<u>=</u> _	
	Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			200		
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 2,320,090	\$ 2,319,646	

- Continued

## MAUMEE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES:

- OAKS did not assign pass-through numbers for fiscal year 2010
- This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis
- (A) (B) (C) (D) (E) (F)

- Commigged with state and local revenue from sales of unkness; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs

  The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at entitlement value Included as part of "Title I Grant Cluster" in determining major programs

  Included as part of "Special Education Grant Cluster" in determining major programs

  The District generally must spend Federal assistance within 15 months of receipt (funds must be obligated by June 30th an spent by September 30th). However, with Ohio Department of Education ("ODE")'s approval, a District can transfer unspent spent by september 30th). However, with office Department of Education (OZ) approva, a passive can insist unspect unspection Federal assistance to the succeeding year, thus allowing the District a total of 27 months to spend the assistance. Schools can document this by using special cost centers for each year's activity, and transferring the amounts ODE approves between the cost centers. During fiscal year 2010, the ODE authorized the following transfers

Program Title	CFDA	Grant Year	Transfers Out		Transfers In	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367 84.367	2009 2010	\$	4,973	\$	4,973
Total			\$	4,973	\$	4,973



## Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

Maumee City School District 716 Askin Street Maumee, OH 43537

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maumee City School District, Lucas County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise Maumee City School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Maumee City School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the Maumee City School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Maumee City School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Maumee City School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Board of Education Maumee City School District

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Maumee City School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material affect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the Maumee City School District in a separate letter dated December 8, 2010.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Maumee City School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the Maumee City School District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 8, 2010

Julian & Sube the



## Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With *OMB Circular A-133* 

Maumee City School District 716 Askin Street Maumee, Ohio 43537

To the Board of Education:

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Maumee City School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Maumee City School District's major federal programs. The Maumee City School District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Maumee City School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Maumee City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Maumee City School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Maumee City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

## Internal Control Over Compliance

The Maumee City School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Maumee City School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of Maumee City School District's internal control over compliance.

Board of Education Maumee City School District

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Maumee City School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the Maumee City School District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 8, 2010

Julian & Sube the

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS					
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified			
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No			
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No			
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unqualified			
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)?	No			
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (listed):	Title I Grant Cluster: Title I Grants to Educational Agencies - CFDA #84.010 and ARRA - Title I Grants to Educational Agencies, Recovery Act - CFDA #84.389; Special Education Grant Cluster: Special Education_Grants to States - CFDA #84.027 and ARRA - Special Education_Grants to States, Recovery Act - CFDA #84.391			
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others			
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes			

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2010

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

## 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

## STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2010

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2009-MCSD-001	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.40 outlines the requirements for amending and supplementing appropriations.	Yes	N/A
2009-MCSD-002	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) requires that no subdivision is to expend monies unless it has been appropriated.	Yes	N/A





#### MAUMEE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **LUCAS COUNTY**

## **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 10, 2011