BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

TODD CARPENTER, TREASURER



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of Education Waterloo Local School District 1464 Industry Road Atwater, Ohio 44201

We have reviewed the *Independent Accountants' Report* of the Waterloo Local School District, Portage County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Waterloo Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 21, 2011

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Accountants' Report

Waterloo Local School District 1464 Industry Road Atwater, Ohio 44201

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Waterloo Local School District, Portage County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Waterloo Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Waterloo Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Waterloo Local School District, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 4, 2011 on our consideration of the Waterloo Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Independent Accountants' Report Waterloo Local School District Page Two

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include Management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Waterloo Local School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations* provides additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards is management's responsibility and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This schedule was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Sube the?

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 4, 2011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

The management's discussion and analysis of the Waterloo Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2011 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$816,160 which represents an 8.31% decrease from 2010.
- General revenues accounted for \$9,355,539 in revenue or 77.80% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,669,651 or 22.20% of total revenues of \$12,025,190.
- The District had \$12,841,350 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,669,651 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$9,355,539 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, bond retirement fund and permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$9,379,561 in revenues and \$9,903,263 in expenditures. The general fund had an increase in the reserve for inventory for 2011 of \$1,978. During fiscal year 2011, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$521,724 from a restated balance of \$758,522 to \$236,798.
- The bond retirement fund had \$837,839 in revenues and \$927,590 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2011, the bond retirement fund's fund balance decreased \$89,751 from \$709,580 to \$619,829.
- The permanent improvement fund had \$6,827 in revenues and \$16,672 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2011, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance decreased \$9,845 from \$884,980 to \$875,135.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund, bond retirement fund and permanent improvement fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2011?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, extracurricular activities, and intergovernmental operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, bond retirement fund and permanent improvement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets on page 20. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 21-48 of this report.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2011 and 2010.

	Governmental Activities 2011	Governmental Activities 2010
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 7,517,350	\$ 7,805,007
Capital assets, net	16,156,395	16,763,121
Total assets	23,673,745	24,568,128
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	4,714,727	4,383,131
Long-term liabilities	9,958,018	10,367,837
Total liabilities	14,672,745	14,750,968
<u>Net Assets</u>		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	8,337,363	8,382,713
Restricted	1,900,095	2,067,399
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,236,458)	(632,952)
Total net assets	\$ 9,001,000	\$ 9,817,160

Net Assets

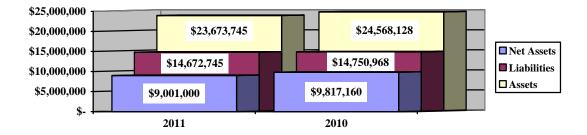
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2011, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$9,001,000.

At year-end, capital assets represented 68.25% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2011, were \$8,337,363. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$1,900,095, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining deficit balance of unrestricted net assets of \$1,236,458 is not able to be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2011 and 2010.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2011	Governmental Activities 2010
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 693,470	\$ 565,293
Operating grants and contributions	1,976,181	1,424,336
Capital grants and contributions	-	53,194
General revenues:		
Property taxes	3,392,673	4,199,947
Grants and entitlements	5,913,669	6,478,626
Investment earnings	6,461	20,500
Other	42,736	90,391
Total revenues	12,025,190	12,832,287

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2011	Governmental Activities 2010
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 5,618,842	\$ 6,328,071
Special	1,659,515	1,799,348
Vocational	64,326	53,054
Other	17,909	21,849
Support services:		
Pupil	467,726	478,944
Instructional staff	370,402	503,806
Board of education	36,717	31,940
Administration	920,397	923,067
Fiscal	351,666	352,263
Business	34,153	42,203
Operations and maintenance	997,640	1,307,674
Pupil transportation	892,494	974,499
Central	17,347	16,184
Food service operations	388,973	443,407
Operations of non-instructional services	65,821	108,755
Extracurricular activities	407,994	491,776
Interest and fiscal charges	529,428	512,116
Total expenses	12,841,350	14,388,956
Change in net assets	(816,160)	(1,556,669)
Net assets at beginning of year	9,817,160	11,373,829
Net assets at end of year	\$ 9,001,000	\$ 9,817,160

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$816,160. Total governmental expenses of \$12,841,350 were offset by program revenues of \$2,669,651 and general revenues of \$9,355,539. Program revenues supported 20.79% of the total governmental expenses.

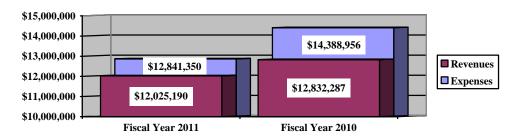
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 77.39% of total governmental revenue.

The increase in operating grants and contributions is attributable to monies received during fiscal year 2011 related to the Pathway to Student Success program, which is administered through the Ohio Department of Education. This increase offsets the decrease in grants and entitlements general revenue.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$7,360,592 or 57.32% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2011. Operations and maintenance expenses were 23.71% higher in fiscal year 2010 as a result of various building maintenance and repairs financed from the energy conservation note proceeds.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2011 and 2010.



Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

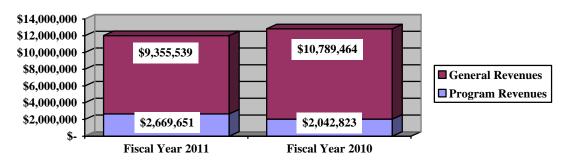
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Governmental Activities

	S	al Cost of ervices 2011	1	Net Cost of Services 2011	Т	otal Cost of Services 2010	N	Net Cost of Services 2010
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	5,618,842	\$	4,955,902	\$	6,328,071	\$	5,644,924
Special		1,659,515		658,230		1,799,348		1,220,420
Vocational		64,326		52,292		53,054		41,110
Other		17,909		17,909		21,849		19,968
Support services:								
Pupil		467,726		425,809		478,944		431,441
Instructional staff		370,402		363,577		503,806		496,947
Board of education		36,717		36,717		31,940		31,940
Administration		920,397		841,766		923,067		859,884
Fiscal		351,666		351,666		352,263		351,809
Business		34,153		33,905		42,203		41,073
Operations and maintenance		997,640		845,857		1,307,674		1,268,551
Pupil transportation		892,494		773,102		974,499		899,356
Central		17,347		12,347		16,184		11,184
Food service operations		388,973		19,295		443,407		75,689
Operations of non-instructional services		65,821		(7,824)		108,755		34,513
Extracurricular activities		407,994		261,721		491,776		405,208
Interest and fiscal charges		529,428		529,428		512,116		512,116
Total expenses	<u>\$ 1</u>	2,841,350	\$	10,171,699	\$	14,388,956	\$	12,346,133

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 77.23% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 79.21%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2011 and 2010.



Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,514,950, which is lower than last year's total of \$3,154,454. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2011 and 2010. The District restated fund balance at June 30, 2010 as described in Note 3.B.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2011	Restated Fund Balance June 30, 2010	(Decrease)	Percentage Change
General Bond Retirement Permanent Improvement Other Governmental	\$ 236,798 619,829 875,135 <u>783,188</u>	\$ 758,522 709,580 884,980 801,372	\$ (521,724) (89,751) (9,845) (18,184)	(68.78) % (12.65) % (1.11) % (2.27) %
Total	\$ 2,514,950	<u>\$ 3,154,454</u>	\$ (639,504)	(20.27) %

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$521,724. The decrease in fund balance can be attributed to several items including a decrease in taxes and a decrease in the amount of receipts from State foundation. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund. Taxes decreased due to a combination of a decrease in amount of advances available and the phase out of tangible personal property. Tuition increased due to an increase in open enrollment receipts. Earnings on investments decreased 60.96% due to lower interest rates on the District's investments. All other revenues and expenditures were comparable to 2010 amounts.

				Restated			
		2011		2010		Increase	Percentage
	_	Amount	_	Amount	(Decrease)	Change
<u>Revenues</u>							
Taxes	\$	2,608,814	\$	3,246,753	\$	(637,939)	(19.65) %
Tuition		263,729		206,302		57,427	27.84 %
Earnings on investments		5,274		13,509		(8,235)	(60.96) %
Intergovernmental		6,332,000		6,447,115		(115,115)	(1.79) %
Other revenues		169,744		179,039		(9,295)	(5.19) %
Total	\$	9,379,561	\$	10,092,718	\$	(713,157)	(7.07) %
Expenditures							
Instruction	\$	6,087,265	\$	6,243,697	\$	(156,432)	(2.51) %
Support services		3,584,043		3,900,162		(316,119)	(8.11) %
Extracurricular activities		231,955		222,091		9,864	4.44 %
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		44		(44)	(100.00) %
Debt service		_		15,489		(15,489)	(100.00) %
Total	\$	9,903,263	\$	10,381,483	\$	(478,220)	(4.61) %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Bond Retirement Fund

The bond retirement fund had \$837,839 in revenues and \$927,590 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2011 the bond retirement fund's fund balance decreased \$89,751 from \$709,580 to \$619,829.

Permanent Improvement Fund

The permanent improvement fund had \$6,827 in revenues and \$16,672 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2011, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance decreased \$9,845 from \$884,980 to \$875,135.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2011, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$9,738,718 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$9,635,881. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2011 was \$9,711,652. This represents a \$75,771 increase from final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$10,841,647 were decreased to \$10,479,393 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2011 increased \$1 from the final appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2011, the District had \$16,156,395 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows fiscal 2011 balances compared to 2010:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			
	2011	2010		
Land	\$ 299,298	\$ 299,298		
Land improvements	584,420	643,894		
Building and improvements	14,590,390	15,063,457		
Furniture and equipment	323,637	406,493		
Vehicles	358,650	349,979		
Total	\$ 16,156,395	\$ 16,763,121		

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$606,726 is due to depreciation expense of \$689,130 exceeding capital outlays of \$82,404 in the fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2011, the District had \$8,048,400 in general obligation bonds and \$1,233,000 in energy conservation loans outstanding. Of this total, \$572,000 is due within one year and \$8,709,400 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds and notes outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2011		
General obligation bonds Energy conservation notes	\$ 8,048,400 1,233,000	\$ 8,359,004 1,307,000	
Total	\$ 9,281,400	\$ 9,666,004	

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

Currently, the District's Five Year Forecast shows a positive fund balance through fiscal year 2012. The District relies heavily upon grants, entitlements and property taxes. Since future grant and entitlement revenue is expected to decrease, the reliance upon local taxes is increasingly important. The District is in a situation where an operating levy will have to be passed by District voters in order for the District to obtain the necessary funds to meet its future operating expenses. Without the passage of a new operating levy, the District will be facing many challenges in the future.

Since the District relies on the State for roughly 59% of general operating revenues, one of the largest challenges facing the District is that of state funding. State funding has always had an unpredictable past. With a new funding methodology and the current economic environment, the District could face further State funding reductions. If this does occur, it will have a drastic effect on the District's overall financial position.

In conclusion, the District's system of budgeting and internal controls has been well regarded. The last time the voters were asked for new operating money was in 1995. The five-year forecast is utilized by the School Board and Administration to effectively and efficiently manage the District's resources to the fullest.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Todd Carpenter, Treasurer, Waterloo Local School District, 1464 Industry Road, Atwater, Ohio 44201.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,313,242
Cash in segregated accounts	5,925
Receivables:	
Property taxes	3,939,629
Accounts.	1,260
Intergovernmental	106,758
Accrued interest	645
Materials and supplies inventory	53,087
Unamortized bond issuance costs	96,804
Capital assets:	
Land	299,298
Depreciable capital assets, net	15,857,097
Capital assets, net	16,156,395
Total assets.	23,673,745
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable.	54,331
Accrued wages and benefits	912,187
Pension obligation payable.	247,035
Intergovernmental payable	50,350
Unearned revenue	3,386,188
Matured interest payable	5,925
Accrued interest payable	58,711
Long-term liabilities:	, .
Due within one year.	643,166
Due in more than one year	9,314,852
	-)-)
Total liabilities	14,672,745
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net	
of related debt.	8,337,363
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	875,152
Debt service.	599,616
Classroom facilities maintenance	393,189
Federally funded programs	9,706
Student activities	22,432
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,236,458)
Total net assets	\$ 9,001,000
	,,

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

			_	-		F	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in
			Program				Net Assets
			harges for		rating Grants	G	overnmental
	 Expenses	Servi	ices and Sales	and	Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 5,618,842	\$	302,372	\$	360,568	\$	(4,955,902)
Special	1,659,515		-		1,001,285		(658,230)
Vocational	64,326		-		12,034		(52,292)
Other	17,909		-		-		(17,909)
Support services:							
Pupil	467,726		-		41,917		(425,809)
Instructional staff	370,402		-		6,825		(363,577)
Board of education	36,717		-		-		(36,717)
Administration.	920,397		71,686		6,945		(841,766)
Fiscal	351,666		-		-		(351,666)
Business	34,153		248		-		(33,905)
Operations and maintenance	997,640		1,952		149,831		(845,857)
Pupil transportation.	892,494		-		119,392		(773,102)
Central	17,347		-		5,000		(12,347)
Operation of non-instructional							
services:							
Food service operations	388,973		174,705		194,973		(19,295)
Other non-instructional services	65,821		-		73,645		7,824
Extracurricular activities	407,994		142,507		3,766		(261,721)
Interest and fiscal charges	529,428		-		-		(529,428)
Totals	\$ 12,841,350	\$	693,470	\$	1,976,181		(10,171,699)

General Revenues:

General Revenues:	
Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	2,614,275
Special revenue.	49,159
Debt service.	729,239
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	5,913,669
Investment earnings	6,461
Miscellaneous	42,736
Total general revenues	9,355,539
Change in net assets	(816,160)
Net assets at beginning of year	9,817,160
Net assets at end of year	9,001,000

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

	General		Bond Retirement				Permanent Improvement		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:										2 unus		
Equity in pooled cash												
and cash equivalents	\$	1,040,170	\$	553,741	\$	874,853	\$	844,478	\$	3,313,242		
Cash in segregated accounts	Ŧ	-,	Ŧ	5,925	Ŧ	-	-	-	+	5,925		
Receivables:				-,						-,		
Taxes		3,035,328		845,221		-		59,080		3,939,629		
Accounts		1,202				58		-		1,260		
Intergovernmental		14,252		-		-		92,506		106,758		
Accrued interest		291		-		241		113		645		
Interfund receivable		26,600		-				-		26,600		
Materials and supplies inventory		30,343		-		-		22,744		53,087		
Total assets	\$	4,148,186	\$	1,404,887	\$	875,152	\$	1,018,921	\$	7,447,146		
		1,110,100	Ψ	1,101,007	Ψ	0,0,102	Ψ	1,010,721	φ	7,177,110		
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	48,630	\$		\$		\$	5,701	\$	54,331		
Accrued wages and benefits.	φ	791,805	φ	-	φ	-	φ	120,382	φ	912.187		
Matured interest payable		791,005		5,925		-		120,382		5,925		
Pension obligation payable		225,013		5,925		-		22,022		247,035		
Compensated absences payable		31,385		-		-		22,022		31,385		
Intergovernmental payable		42,800				_		7,550		50,350		
Interfund payable.		42,800		254		-		26,346		26,600		
Deferred revenue		- 176,561		38,498		- 17		20,340 3,119		20,000		
Unearned revenue.		2,595,194		740,381		-		50,613		3,386,188		
Total liabilities.		3,911,388		740,381		17		235,733		4,932,196		
		3,911,300		785,058		17		235,735		4,932,190		
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable:												
Materials and supplies inventory		30,343		-		-		22,744		53,087		
Restricted:												
Debt service		-		619,829		-		-		619,829		
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		-		-		390,078		390,078		
Food service operations		-		-		-		358,532		358,532		
Non-public schools		-		-		-		915		915		
Targeted academic assistance		-		-		-		21		21		
Other purposes.		-		-		-		9,685		9,685		
Extracurricular.		-		-		-		22,432		22,432		
Committed:												
Capital improvements		-		-		875,135		-		875,135		
Underground storage tank		11,000		-		-		-		11,000		
Assigned:												
Student instruction		301,085		-		-		-		301,085		
Student and staff support		251,366		-		-		-		251,366		
Extracurricular activities		1,000		-		-		-		1,000		
Unassigned (deficit)		(357,996)		-		-		(21,219)		(379,215)		
Total fund balances		236,798		619,829		875,135		783,188		2,514,950		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,148,186	\$	1,404,887	\$	875,152	\$	1,018,921	\$	7,447,146		
	-	, .,	-	,,	-	,	-	,,. = 1	-	., .,		

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2011

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 2,514,950
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		16,156,395
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes receivables Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 205,898 12,252	
Accrued interest receivable Total	 45	218,195
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.		96,804
Unamortized deferred charges on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		454,596
Unamortized premiums on bond issuance are not recognized in the funds.		(553,552)
Unamortized discounts on note issuance are not recognized in the funds.		17,645
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(58,711)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds payable Energy conservation note Compensated absences	8,048,400 1,233,000 563,922	
Total	 	 (9,845,322)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 9,001,000

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	General	Bond General Retireme		Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$ 2,608,814	\$	726,033	\$ -	\$	48,945	\$	3,383,792
Tuition	263,729		-	-		-		263,729
Earnings on investments	5,274		-	2,633		1,182		9,089
Charges for services	-		-	-		176,657		176,657
Extracurricular	92,523		-	-		121,670		214,193
Classroom materials and fees	38,643		-	-		-		38,643
Contributions and donations	3,788		-	-		3,766		7,554
Contract services	248		-	-		-		248
Other local revenues	34,542		-	4,194		212		38,948
Intergovernmental - State	6,332,000		111,806	-		112,972		6,556,778
Intergovernmental - Federal	-		-	-	1	1,346,813		1,346,813
Total revenues	9,379,561		837,839	6,827		1,812,217		12,036,444
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular	4,911,063		-	-		382,824		5,293,887
Special	1,093,967		-	-		576,967		1,670,934
Vocational	64,326		-	-		-		64,326
Other	17,909		-	-		-		17,909
Support services:								
Pupil	407,746		-	-		49,974		457,720
Instructional staff	330,324		-	-		6,825		337,149
Board of education	36,717		-	-		-		36,717
Administration	894,004		4,328	-		7,985		906,317
Fiscal	349,317		12,209	-		996		362,522
Business	21,320		-	-		-		21,320
Operations and maintenance	709,168		-	11,455		204,226		924,849
Pupil transportation	823,066		-	-		82,404		905,470
Central	12,381		-	-		5,000		17,381
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Other non-instructional services	-		-	-		65,413		65,413
Food service operations	-		-	-		333,793		333,793
Extracurricular activities	231,955		-	-		117,533		349,488
Facilities acquisition and construction	-		-	5,217		-		5,217
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	-		554,000	-		-		554,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-		357,053	-		-		357,053
Total expenditures	9,903,263		927,590	16,672		1,833,940		12,681,465
Net change in fund balances	(523,702)		(89,751)	(9,845)		(21,723)		(645,021)
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated).	758,522		709,580	884,980		801,372		3,154,454
Increase in reserve for inventory	1,978					3,539		5,517
Fund balances at end of year.	\$ 236,798	\$	619,829	\$ 875,135	\$	783,188	\$	2,514,950
r unu balances at enu or year	φ 230,798	ф 	017,027	φ 075,155	φ	/03,100	\$	2,314,930

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(645,021)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Total	\$ 82,404 (689,130)	<u>)</u>	(606,726)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.			5,517
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes Interest Intergovernmental Total	8,881 (1,733) (9,234)		(2,086)
Repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.			554,000
Governmental funds report expenditures for interest when it is due. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The following resulted in additional interest being reported on the statement of activities: Increase in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on "capital appreciation" bonds Amortization of bond issuance costs Amortization on bond premiums Amortization on note discounts Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(2,133) (169,396) (6,915) 41,259 (1,307) (33,883)))	
Total			(172,375)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			50,531
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	(816,160)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	2,865,395	\$	2,834,798	\$	2,834,798	\$ -	
Tuition		266,576		263,729		263,729	-	
Earnings on investments		6,424		6,355		6,355	-	
Extracurricular		21,062		20,837		20,837	-	
Classroom materials and fees		39,331		38,911		38,911	-	
Contributions and donations		1,675		1,657		1,657	-	
Contract services.		251		248		248	-	
Other local revenues		29,500		29,185		29,185	-	
Intergovernmental - state		6,400,343		6,332,000		6,332,000		
Total revenues		9,630,557		9,527,720		9,527,720	-	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		4,992,311		4,955,915		4,955,915	-	
Special		1,360,640		1,375,254		1,375,254	-	
Vocational		60,079		64,628		64,628	-	
Other		-		21,514		21,514	-	
Support services:								
Pupil		413,319		407,174		407,174	-	
Instructional staff		462,140		367,053		367,053	-	
Board of education		33,864		43,662		43,662	-	
Administration		821,835		879,206		879,206	-	
Fiscal		346,277		353,525		353,525	-	
Business		56,892		38,745		38,745	-	
Operations and maintenance		1,043,572		786,365		786,365	-	
Pupil transportation		943,990		915,192		915,192	-	
Central		14,020		13,811		13,811	-	
Extracurricular activities		227,708		230,750		230,750	-	
Total expenditures		10,776,647		10,452,794		10,452,794	-	
Excess of expenditures								
over revenues		(1,146,090)		(925,074)		(925,074)	-	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		104,909		104,909		104,909	-	
Advances in.						75,771	75,771	
Advances (out)		(65,000)		(26,600)		(26,600)	-	
Sale of assets		3,252		3,252		3,252	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		43,161		81,561		157,332	75,771	
Net change in fund balance		(1,102,929)		(843,513)		(767,742)	75,771	
Fund balance at beginning of year		642,079		642,079		642,079		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		554,852		554,852		554,852	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	94,002	\$	353,418	\$	429,189	\$ 75,771	
i and paramet at the of year	ψ	77,002	Ψ	555,710	Ψ	727,109	φ 13,111	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2011

	Agency		
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and cash equivalents	\$	28,006	
Total assets.	\$	28,006	
Liabilities:			
Due to students	\$	28,006	
Total liabilities	\$	28,006	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Waterloo Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education and is responsible for providing public education to residents of the District.

The District ranks as the 414th largest by total enrollment among the 918 public school districts and community schools in the State. The District's enrollment as of June 30, 2011 was 1,250. The District employed 99 certified employees and 70 classified employees.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the District over which the District has the ability to exercise direct operating control.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>", and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods services and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Stark Portage Area Computer Consortium

The Stark Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC) is a data consortium of 32 school districts and community schools. SPARCC was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports SPARCC based upon a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. In the event of dissolution of the organization, all current members will share in net obligations or asset liquidations in a ratio proportionate to their last 12 months' financial contribution. SPARCC is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, the District does not have any equity interest in SPARCC because a residual interest in the net resources of a joint venture upon dissolution is not equivalent to an equity interest.

Financial information can be obtained from the Treasurer for the Stark County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 2100 39th Street NW, Canton, Ohio 44709-2300.

Portage Area School Consortium

The Portage Area School Consortium (the "Consortium") is a regional council of governments established pursuant to Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code, consisting of various school districts in the Portage County, Ohio area. The Consortium is a stand-alone entity, comprised of two stand-alone pools; the Portage Area School Consortium Property and Casualty Pool and the Portage Area School Consortium on Health and Welfare Insurance Pool. These pools were established by the Consortium on August 5, 1988 to provide property and casualty risk management services and risk sharing to its members. The pools were established as local government risk pools under Section 1744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code and are not subject to federal tax filing requirements.

Ohio Revised Code Section 167.04 requires the Consortium to adopt bylaws designating the officers of the Consortium and their method of selection, creating a governing body to act for the Consortium, appointing a fiscal officer, and providing for the conduct of the Consortium's business. The Assembly is the legislative and managerial body of the Consortium. The Assembly is composed of representation of the member schools. The member school's governing body appoints representatives to the Consortium (usually the superintendant or designee). In the case of a member that is a school district, that representative shall be an executive appointed by the board of education. The Assembly services without compensation. The Portage County Educational Service Center acts as the fiscal agent for the consortium. To obtain financial information, write to the Portage County Educational Service Center, Treasurer, at 326 East Main Street, Ravenna, Ohio 44266.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond retirement fund</u> - A debt service fund provided for the retirement of serial bonds and short term notes and loans. All revenue derived from general or special levies, either within or exceeding the tenmill limitation, which is levied for debt charges on bonds, notes, or loans, shall be paid into this fund.

<u>Permanent improvement fund</u> - A capital projects fund provided to account for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of such permanent improvements as are authorized by Chapter 5705, Revised Code.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2011, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2012 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2011 are recorded as deferred revenue in the governmental funds.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2011 is as follows:

1. On or before February 1, the fiscal officer of the District must submit the alternative tax budget for the subsequent fiscal year to the Portage County Auditor. The alternative tax budget includes all proposed expenditures and the means of financing these expenditures for all funds. The expressed purpose of the alternative tax budget is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates, as determined by the Portage County Budget Commission.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 2. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final amended certificates issued for fiscal year 2011.
- 3. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Although the legal level of budgetary control has been established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 4. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 6. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2011, however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 7. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in several bank accounts. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2011, investments were limited to negotiable certificates of deposit (CD's), a money market mutual fund and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments in STAR Ohio are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2011. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2011.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2011 amounted to \$5,274, which includes \$2,381 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund financial statements.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. During fiscal year 2011, the District maintained a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfunds receivable/payable". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2011, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service or any age with twenty years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in the future. No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2011, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Unamortized Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Unamortized issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and accreted over the term of the bonds. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For bond refunds resulting in the defeasance of the debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 9.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and notes are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2011.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2011, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "<u>Fund Balance Reporting</u> and <u>Governmental Fund Type Definitions</u>", and GASB Statement No. 59, "<u>Financial Instruments</u> <u>Omnibus</u>".

GASB Statement No. 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. GASB Statement No. 54 also clarifies the definitions of governmental fund types.

GASB Statement No. 59 updates and improves guidance for financial reporting and disclosure requirements of certain financial instruments and external investment pools. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 59 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Fund Reclassifications

Fund reclassifications are required in order to report funds in accordance with GASB Statement No 54. These fund reclassifications had the following effect on the District's governmental fund balances as previously reported:

	 General	R	Bond etirement	-	ermanent provement	onmajor vernmental	Go	Total overnmental
Fund balance as previously reported	\$ 734,666	\$	709,580	\$	884,980	\$ 825,228	\$	3,154,454
Fund reclassifications:								
Public school support fund	12,856		-		-	(12,856)		-
Underground storage tank fund	 11,000		-			 (11,000)		-
Total fund reclassifications	 23,856					 (23,856)		
Restated fund balance at July 1, 2010	\$ 758,522	\$	709,580	\$	884,980	\$ 801,372	\$	3,154,454

The fund reclassifications did not have an effect on net assets as previously reported.

C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2011 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit
IDEA Part-B	\$ 11,538
Title I	9,681

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) investment pool;
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$2,150 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included in "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" in the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Cash in Segregated Accounts

At fiscal year end, the District had \$5,925 of cash in segregated accounts, which is not included in "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" in the financial statements of the District. This cash in segregated accounts represents matured interest payable to investors who previously held bond coupons of the District.

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2011, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$555,935. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2011, \$250,000 of the District's bank balance of \$619,794 was covered by the FDIC, while \$369,794 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

D. Investments

As of June 30, 2011, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			-	nvestment Maturity
			6	months or
Investment type	H	Fair Value		less
STAR Ohio	\$	1,033,969	\$	1,033,969
Negotiable CD's		996,022		996,022
Money market mutual fund		753,172	<u> </u>	753,172
Total	\$	2,783,163	\$	2,783,163

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.06.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The money market mutual fund carries a rating of Aaa from Moody's. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by the State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the present value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2011:

Investment type	Fair Value	<u>% of Total</u>
STAR Ohio	\$ 1,033,969	37.15
Negotiable CD's	996,022	35.79
Money market mutual fund	753,172	27.06
Total	\$ 2,783,163	100.00

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note disclosure above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2011:

Cash and investments per note disclosure	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 555,935
Investments	2,783,163
Cash in segregated accounts	5,925
Cash on hand	 2,150
Total	\$ 3,347,173
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 3,319,167
-	\$ 3,319,167 28,006

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

At June 30, 2011, interfund balances consisted of the following interfund loans receivable and payable, as reported in the fund financial statements:

Interfund loans receivable reported in the general fund:	A	Amount
Major governmental funds	\$	254
Nonmajor governmental funds		26,346

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2011 are reported on the statement of net assets.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and certain tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2011 represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2011 were levied after April 1, 2010, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2010, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2011 represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2011 texes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property taxes.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 (other than public utility property) generally represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2010 were levied after October 1, 2009 on the value as of December 31, 2009. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers were due September 20, 2010. Single county taxpayers could pay annually or semiannually. If paid semiannually, the first payment was due April 30, 2010, with the remainder payable by September 20, 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Portage County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2011, are available to finance fiscal year 2011 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2011 was \$275,845 in the general fund, \$66,342 in the bond retirement debt service fund and \$5,356 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2010 was \$606,738 in the general fund, \$147,543 in the bond retirement debt service fund and \$11,810 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2011 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2011 taxes were collected are:

		2011 First Half Collections <u>Amount</u> Percen			
\$ 154,098,720 4,301,640 155,605	97.19 2.71 0.10	\$ 154,779,180 4,495,130	97.18 2.82		
<u>\$ 158,555,965</u>	100.00	\$ 159,274,310	100.00		
\$49.10 5.03		\$49.10			
	Half Collect <u>Amount</u> \$ 154,098,720 4,301,640 155,605 \$ 158,555,965	\$ 154,098,720 97.19 4,301,640 2.71 155,605 0.10 \$ 158,555,965 100.00 \$49.10	Half Collections Half Collect Amount Percent Amount \$ 154,098,720 97.19 \$ 154,779,180 $4,301,640$ 2.71 $4,495,130$ 155,605 0.10 - \$ 158,555,965 100.00 \$ 159,274,310 \$49.10 \$49.10		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2011 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:	Amount
Taxes	\$ 3,939,629
Accounts	1,260
Intergovernmental	106,758
Accrued interest	645
Total	\$ 4,048,292

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance		
Governmental activities:	06/30/10	Additions	Deletions	06/30/11		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 299,298	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 299,298		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	299,298			299,298		
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Land improvements	1,059,305	-	-	1,059,305		
Buildings and improvements	20,446,855	-	-	20,446,855		
Equipment and furniture	1,563,980	-	-	1,563,980		
Vehicles	1,262,235	82,404		1,344,639		
Total capital assets, being depreciated	24,332,375	82,404		24,414,779		
Less: accumulated depreciation:						
Land improvements	(415,411)	(59,474)	-	(474,885)		
Buildings and improvements	(5,383,398)	(473,067)	-	(5,856,465)		
Equipment and furniture	(1,157,487)	(82,856)	-	(1,240,343)		
Vehicles	(912,256)	(73,733)		(985,989)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,868,552)	(689,130)		(8,557,682)		
Total capital assets, net	\$ 16,763,121	\$ (606,726)	\$	\$ 16,156,395		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction: Regular Special	\$ 310,686 15,604
Support services:	
Pupil	10,065
Instructional staff	35,111
Administration	35,362
Fiscal	4,202
Business	12,833
Operations and maintenance	79,176
Pupil transportation	75,590
Extracurricular activities	58,506
Food service operations	 51,995
Total depreciation expense	\$ 689,130

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2011, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations. Compensated absences will be paid out of the fund from which the employee is paid, primarily the general fund.

		Balance						Balance		Amount Due in
	Ju	ine 30, 2010	A	Additions	1	Reductions	Ju	ne 30, 2011	(Due Year
General obligation bonds:	<u></u>									
Series 2001 construction: Current interest	\$	780,000	\$	-	\$	(380,000)	\$	400,000	\$	400,000
Series 2006 refunding: Current interest Capital appreciation Accreted interest		7,040,000 164,999 374,005		- - 169,396		(100,000)		6,940,000 164,999 543,401		105,000
Other long-term obligations:										
Energy conservation note		1,307,000		-		(74,000)		1,233,000		67,000
Compensated absences		614,453		96,729		(115,875)		595,307		71,166
Total	\$	10,280,457	\$	266,125	\$	(669,875)		9,876,707	\$	643,166
Less: Unamortized deferred cl	harge	e on refunding						(454,596)		
Add: Unamortized premium o	n ref	unding						553,552		
Less: Unamortized discount o	n not	e						(17,645)		
Total on statement of net asset	s						\$	9,958,018		

B. General Obligation Bonds - Series 2001 Construction

On May 3, 2001, the District issued general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction and renovation of the high school to house grades K-12 and the abandonment and demolition of the current elementary and middle schools (hereinafter called "Construction Project"). These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as expenditures in the bond retirement debt service fund. The source of payment is derived from a current 7.45 mills bonded debt tax levy.

These bonds represent the amount of the Construction Project that the District itself was required to finance, in accordance with the terms of a facilities grant from the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC). As of the completion of the Construction Project, the total cost of the project was \$25,522,356, of which the OSFC paid \$15,087,193.

In conjunction with the 7.45 mils which support the bond issue, the District also passed in fiscal year 2001 a 0.5 mil levy to ultimately fund the maintenance costs of the new facilities. Tax revenue from this levy has been reported in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

This issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value 10,345,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value 695,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 5.328% to 5.10%. The capital appreciation bonds matured on December 1, 2006 (effective interest 4.55%) and December 1, 2007 (effective interest 4.65%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

During fiscal year 2006, the District refunded the callable portion (\$7,645,000) of the current interest bonds. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2011.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 2001 series general obligation bonds:

Fiscal Year	_	Current Interest Bonds						
Ending June 30,	P	Principal		Interest	Total			
2012	\$	400,000	\$	415,732	\$	815,732		

C. General Obligation Bonds - Series 2006 Refunding

On March 1, 2006, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2006 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund a portion of the Series 2001 Current Interest General Obligation Bonds. The issuance proceeds of \$7,644,999 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$7,480,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$164,999. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2012 and December 1, 2013 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The present value (as of issue date) reported in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2011 was \$164,999. Total accreted interest of \$543,401 has been included in the statement of net assets.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$635,305. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 2006 series refunding bonds:

Fiscal Year		Cu	urrent Interest Bonds				Capital Appreciation Bonds					
Ending June 30,	_	Principal		Interest		Total		Principal	-	Interest		Total
2012	\$	105,000	\$	275,238	\$	380,238	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2013		-		273,400		273,400		94,046		500,954		595,000
2014		-		273,400		273,400		70,953		519,047		590,000
2015		520,000		263,000		783,000		-		-		-
2016		540,000		241,800		781,800		-		-		-
2017 - 2021		2,985,000		864,900		3,849,900		-		-		-
2022 - 2025		2,790,000		228,000		3,018,000		-		-		-
Total	\$	6,940,000	\$	2,419,738	\$	9,359,738	\$	164,999	\$	1,020,001	\$	1,185,000

D. OASBO Energy Conservation Note

On August 20, 2009, the District issued a \$1,307,000 note through the OASBO Expanded Asset Pooled Financing Program. The energy conservation project was primarily for various building maintenance and repairs, which have not been capitalized by the District. The District has capitalized \$289,077 in land improvements and building improvements from the note proceeds, of which \$215,077 is included in net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt at June 30, 2011. The remaining expenditures from the note proceeds were expensed as repair and maintenance costs. The note is scheduled to mature on December 1, 2024 and has an interest rate of 3.85%. The loan will be repaid from the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the energy conservation note:

Fiscal Year		Energy Conservation Note					
Ending June 30,	<u>80, Principal</u>			Interest	Total		
2012	\$	67,000	\$	50,379	\$	117,379	
2013		70,000		47,502		117,502	
2014		72,000		44,520		116,520	
2015		76,000		41,412		117,412	
2016		79,000		38,157		117,157	
2017 - 2021		444,000		137,340		581,340	
2022 - 2025		425,000		36,603		461,603	
Total	\$	1,233,000	\$	395,913	\$	1,628,913	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

E. Legal Debt Margins

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District.

The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margins has been modified by House Bill 530, which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculations excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations.

The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2011 are a legal voted debt margin of \$7,449,518 (including available funds of \$619,829), a legal unvoted debt margin of \$159,274, and a legal energy conservation debt margin of \$200,469.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents, vehicles and employee bonds. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. Workers' Compensation

The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium for employee injury coverage. The premium is calculated by multiplying the monthly total gross payroll by a factor that is calculated by the State. The firm of Sheakley UniService, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the program.

C. Employee Medical Benefits

The District is a member of the Portage Area School Consortium (the Consortium), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 2.A), through which a cooperative Health Benefit Program was created for the benefit of its members. The Consortium acts as a fiscal agent for the cash funds paid into the program by the participating school districts. These funds are pooled together for the purposes of paying health benefit claims of employees and their covered dependents, administrative expenses of the program, and premiums for stop-loss insurance coverage. A reserve exists which is to cover any unpaid claims if the school district were to withdraw from the pool. If the reserve would not cover such claims, the school district would be liable for any costs above the reserve.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Media/Financial Reports".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2011, 11.77 percent and 0.04 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$161,817, \$181,896 and \$130,466, respectively; 62.53 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "*Publications*".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2011, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$649,909, \$661,810 and \$663,750, respectively; 83.73 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2011 were \$15,658 made by the District and \$11,184 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2011, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Chapter 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2011 was \$96.40 and SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Media/Financial Reports".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2011, 1.43 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2011, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$47,790, \$34,250 and \$87,318, respectively; 62.53 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2011, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$10,413, \$10,817 and \$10,765, respectively; 62.53 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "*Publications*" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2011, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$49,993, \$50,908 and \$51,058, respectively; 83.73 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	eneral fund
Budget basis	\$	(767,742)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		(221,976)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		37,555
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(157,332)
Funds budgeted elsewhere *		9,591
Adjustment for encumbrances		576,202
GAAP basis	\$	(523,702)

* Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the underground storage tank fund and the public school support fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

				Capital
	Te	extbooks	Imp	provements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2010	\$	-	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		183,051		183,051
Current year qualifying expenditures		(129,246)		(18,047)
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		(55,324)		-
Current year offsets				(887,940)
Total	\$	(1,519)	\$	(722,936)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2012	\$	_	\$	_
Set-aside balance June 30, 2011	\$	-	\$	_

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

The District had qualifying disbursements and prior year excess qualified expenditures during the fiscal year that reduced the textbook set-aside amount to below zero. Effective July 1, 2011, the textbook set-aside is no longer required and has been removed from existing law. This negative balance is therefore not being presented as being carried forward to the future fiscal year. Although the District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital improvements set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years. The negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future fiscal years.

NOTE 16 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	umbrances
General fund	\$	534,784
Permanent improvements		28,214
Other governmental		10,047
Total	\$	573,045

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

WATERLOO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
(C)(D) School Breakfast Program	10.553	2011	\$ 19,876	\$ 19,876
(D)(E) National School Lunch Program - Food Donation (C)(D) National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	2011 2011	20,082 145,486	20,082 145,486
Total National School Lunch Program			165,568	165,568
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture and Child Nutrition Cluster			185,444	185,444
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Title I, Part A Cluster:				
(F)(I) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2010	28,691	23,784
(F)(I) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2011	143,179	152,339
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			171,870	176,123
(F) ARRA-Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act	84,389	2010	1,594	
(F) ARRA-Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act	84.389	2010	66,690	66,690
Total ARRA Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			68,284	66,696
Total Title I, Part A Cluster			240,154	242,819
Special Education Cluster:				
(G)(I) Special Education Grants to States	84.027	2010	38,199	36,636
(G)(I) Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2011	195,709	204,270
Total Special Education _Grants to States			233,908	240,906
(G) ARRA-Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act	84.391	2010	67,706	82,404
(G) ARRA-Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act	84.391	2011	139,010	147,628
Total ARRA Special Education _Grants to States			206,716	230,032
(G) Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173	2011	2,308	2,308
(G)(H) ARRA-Special Education_Preschool Grants, Recovery Act	84.392	2011	1,137	1,137
Total Special Education Cluster			444,069	474,383
(I) Education Technology State Grants	84.318	2010	(313)	
(I) Education Technology State Grants	84.318	2011	371	-
Total Education Technology State Grants			58	-
(I) Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2010	(1,747)	-
(I) Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2010	59,720	59,193
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			57,973	59,193
ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery Act	84,394	2010	-	96.982
ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery Act	84.394	2010	481,765	481,765
Total State Fiscal Stabilization Fund			481,765	578,747
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,224,019	1,355,142
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1.409.463	\$ 1,540,586
i otai reuerai financiai Assistance			\$ 1,409,463	<u> </u>

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS:

(A) (B) (C) (D) (E) (F) (G) (H) (I)

OAKS did not assign pass through numbers for fiscal year 2011 This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis Included as part of "Child Nutrition Cluster" in determining major programs The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at entitlement value Included as part of "Shild Education Cluster" in determining major programs. Passed through the Portage County Educational Service Center The District generally must spend Federal assistance within 15 months of receipt (funds must be obligated by June 30th and spent by September 30th). However, with Ohio Department of Education ("ODE")'s approval, a District must ransfer unspent Federal assistance to the succeeding year, thus allowing the District a total of 27 months to spend the assistance. Schools can document this by using special cost centers for each year's activity, and transferring the amounts ODE approves between the cost centers. During fiscal year 2011, the ODE authorized the following transfer:

Program Title	CFDA	Grant Year	Transfers Out		Transfers In	
Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Grants to States	84.027 84.027	2010 2011	s	461	\$	461
Education Technology - State Grants Education Technology - State Grants	84.318 84.318	2010 2011	\$	313	\$	313
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010 84.010	2010 2011	s	1,666	\$	1,666
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367 84.367	2010 2011	\$	1,747	\$	1,747
			s	4.187	S	4,187



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Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Waterloo Local School District 1464 Industry Road Atwater, Ohio 44201

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Waterloo Local School District, Portage County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise Waterloo Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 4, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Waterloo Local School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the Waterloo Local School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Waterloo Local School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Waterloo Local School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Board of Education Waterloo Local School District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Waterloo Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Waterloo Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the Waterloo Local School District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Julian & Sube the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 4, 2011



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Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With *OMB Circular A-133*

Waterloo Local School District 1464 Industry Road Atwater, Ohio 44201

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Waterloo Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Waterloo Local School District's major federal programs. The Waterloo Local School District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Waterloo Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Waterloo Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Waterloo Local School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Waterloo Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The Waterloo Local School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Waterloo Local School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of Waterloo Local School District's internal control over compliance.

Board of Education Waterloo Local School District

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Waterloo Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the Waterloo Local School District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Julian & Sube the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 4, 2011

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2011

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS						
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified				
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No				
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No				
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No				
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No				
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No				
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unqualified				
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)?	No				
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (listed):	Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States, CFDA #84.027, Special Education - Preschool Grants, CFDA #84.173, ARRA - Special Education_Grants to States, Recovery Act, CFDA #84.391, ARRA - Special Education_Preschool Grants, Recovery Act, CFDA #84.392, ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery Act, CFDA #84.394				
(<i>d</i>)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others				
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes				

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2011

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



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Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedure

Waterloo Local School District Portage County 1464 Industry Road Atwater, Ohio 44201

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Waterloo Local School District (the "District") has updated its antiharassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on October 14, 2010 to include violence within a dating relationship within its definition of harassment, intimidation or bullying.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

ulian & Sube Enc.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 4, 2011



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

WATERLOO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

PORTAGE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JANUARY 3, 2012

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