MASSILLON PUBLIC LIBRARY

STARK COUNTY, OHIO

AUDIT REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017





Board of Trustees Massillon Public Library 208 Lincoln Way East Massillon, Ohio 44646

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Massillon Public Library, Stark County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Massillon Public Library is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

May 18, 2018



MASSILLON PUBLIC LIBRARY

STARK COUNTY, OHIO

Audit Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>TITLE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-8
Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis	9
Statement of Activities – Cash Basis	10
Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	11
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Cash Basis Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	12
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis General Fund	13
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis McClymonds Library Fund	14
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	15-30
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	31-32



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Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Massillon Public Library Stark County 208 Lincoln Way East Massillon, Ohio 44646

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Massillon Public Library, Stark County, Ohio (the Library) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Library's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Massillon Public Library
Stark County
Independent Auditor's Report
Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Massillon Public Library, Stark County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and McClymond's Library Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

Accounting Basis

We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the accounting basis. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which differs from generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-8, which is the responsibility of management, is presented for purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 17, 2018, on our consideration of the Library's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Library's internal control and compliance.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. April 17, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of the Massillon Public Library's (the Library) financial performance provides an overall review of the Library's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2017, within the limitations of the Library's cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Library's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2017 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities increased \$305,846, or 22 percent, from the prior year.
- The Library's general receipts are primarily property taxes and public library funding (PLF).
 These receipts represent respectively 41 percent and 50 percent of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year. Property tax receipts increased approximately 54 percent and PLF decreased approximately 1 percent.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Library's cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the cash activities of the Library as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Library as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The Library adopts an annual appropriated budget. A budgetary comparison report demonstrates compliance with this budget.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Library has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Library's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 Unaudited

Reporting the Library as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities reflect how the Library did financially during 2017, within the limitations of cash basis accounting. The Statement of Net Position presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the Library at year end. The Statement of Activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program activity. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the Library's general receipts.

These statements report the Library's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Library's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Library's cash position is one indicator of whether the Library's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Library's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the Library's property tax base, the condition of the Library's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Library's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations, and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes and the "PLF".

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Library reports all financial activity as governmental activities. This activity includes all the Library's basic activities, including library services and capital outlay. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid by the people receiving them.

Reporting the Library's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Library's major funds – not the Library as a whole. The Library establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Library are categorized as governmental funds.

The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Library's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Library's programs. The Library's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Library's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the McClymonds Library Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 Unaudited

The Library as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Library's net position for 2017 compared to 2016 on a cash basis.

(Table 1) Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2017	2016	
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,685,302	\$1,379,456	
Total Assets	\$1,685,302 \$1,379,		
Net Position			
Restricted for:			
Permanent Fund Purpose:			
Nonexpendable	\$20,000	\$20,000	
Unrestricted	1,665,302	1,359,456	
Total Net Position	\$1,685,302	\$1,379,456	

The 2016 Statement of Net Position was restated after an analysis of the Net Position categories. As mentioned previously, net position of governmental activities increased \$305,846 or 22 percent during 2017. The primary reasons contributing to the change in cash balances are as follows:

- In 2017, the Library began collecting property taxes levied at our new millage rate of \$2.90 per \$1,000 of assessed property values, up from our previous levy millage rate of \$1.90 per \$1,000. This increase in funding allowed us to appropriate less than total anticipated revenues for the year, resulting in a carryover rather than a deficit for the current year.
- While we did expend all that was appropriated from our General Fund for the year, we were in a
 position to be able to perform year-end transfers of unappropriated funds of \$212,869 from the
 General Fund to the Building and Repair Fund and the Bookmobile Repair and Replacement
 Fund for future capital expenditures. These transferred funds represent 70 percent of the
 increase in net position for the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 Unaudited

Table 2 reflects the changes in net position on a cash basis in 2017 and 2016 for governmental activities.

(Table 2) Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	2017	2016
Receipts:		
Program Receipts:		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$37,684	\$50,861
Operating Grants and Contributions	653	2,079
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,656	46,699
Total Program Receipts:	44,993	99,639
General Receipts:		
Property Taxes	1,126,735	733,136
Grants and Entitlement not Restricted to Specific Programs	1,502,164	1,495,184
Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions Grants	41,543	28,759
Interest	16,090	5,365
Miscellaneous	25,057	46,794
Total General Receipts	2,711,589	2,309,238
Total Receipts	2,756,582	2,408,877
Cash Disbursements:		
Library Services	2,325,730	2,216,506
Capital Outlay	125,006	108,701
Total Disbursements	2,450,736	2,325,207
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	305,846	83,670
Net Position January 1	1,379,456	1,295,786
Net Position December 31	\$1,685,302	\$1,379,456

Program receipts represent only 2 percent of total receipts and are primarily comprised of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions.

General receipts represent 98 percent of the Library's total receipts, and of this amount, 97 percent are unrestricted state entitlements ("PLF") and property taxes. Other receipts are very insignificant and somewhat unpredictable revenue sources.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

If you look at the Statement of Activities on page 10, you will see that the first column listed on the statement of activities shows the major services provided by the Library. The next column identifies the cost of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for library services which account for 95 percent of all governmental disbursements. The next three columns of the Statement entitled Program Cash Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Library that must be used to provide a specific service. The Net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement.

A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

(Table 3) Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2017	Net Cost of Services 2017	Total Cost of Services 2016	Net Cost of Services 2016
Library Services	\$2,325,730	\$2,287,393	\$2,216,506	\$2,163,566
Capital Outlay	125,006	118,350	108,701	62,002
Total	\$2,450,736	\$2,405,743	\$2,325,207	\$2,225,568

The dependence upon "PLF" and property and other tax receipts is apparent as approximately 98 percent of governmental activities are supported through these general receipts.

The Library's Funds

Total General Fund receipts were \$2,747,510 and disbursements were \$2,382,385. The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$152,256. The primary reasons contributing to the change in cash balance were discussed following Table 1 above.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Library's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2017, the Library amended its General Fund budget several times to reflect changing circumstances. Actual receipts were \$67,965 less than budgeted receipts. Actual disbursements were \$6,429 less than budgeted. The Library transferred all \$212,869 of its final budgeted transferable funds from the General Fund to the Building and Repair Fund and the Bookmobile Repair and Replacement Fund at year-end.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 Unaudited

Current Issues

The challenge for all Libraries is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking, funding. The Library relies heavily on the "PLF" and its operating levy to provide quality service to its patrons, while planning for future needs.

Contacting the Library's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Massillon Public Library's finances and to reflect the Library's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Fiscal Officer, Massillon Public Library, 208 Lincoln Way East, Massillon, Ohio 44646.

Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis December 31, 2017

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,685,302
Net Position Restricted for: Permanent Fund Purpose: Nonexpendable Unrestricted	\$20,000 1,665,302
Total Net Position	\$1,685,302

Massillon Public Library Stark County Statement of Activities - Cash Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Pro	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position		
	Cash Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Library Services	\$2,325,730	\$37,684	\$653		(\$2,287,393)
Capital Outlay	125,006			\$6,656	(118,350)
Total Governmental Activities	\$2,450,736	\$37,684	\$653	\$6,656	(\$2,405,743)
		General Receipts:			
		Property and Other	Local Taxes		1,126,735
		Unrestricted Gifts a			41,543
		Grants/Entitlements		Specific Programs	1,502,164
		Earnings on Investr	nents		16,090
		Miscellaneous			25,057
		Total General Receipt	ts		2,711,589
		Change in Net Positio	n		305,846
		Net Position Beginnin	g of Year		1,379,456
		Net Position End of Y	ear		\$1,685,302

Statement of Assets and Fund Balances- Cash Basis Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

	General Fund	McClymonds Library Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,003,905	\$407,738	\$273,659	\$1,685,302
Fund Balances Nonspendable Committed Unassigned	\$1,003,905	\$407,738	\$20,000 253,659	\$20,000 661,397 1,003,905
Total Fund Balances	\$1,003,905	\$407,738	\$273,659	\$1,685,302

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	General	McClymonds Library Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts	Φ1 10 C 5 0 5			#1.106.505
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$1,126,735			\$1,126,735
Public Library	1,371,640			1,371,640
Intergovernmental	130,524			130,524
Patron Fines and Fees	26,684			26,684
Services Provided to Other Entities	11,000		** • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	11,000
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	45,196		\$3,656	48,852
Earnings on Investments	10,674	\$4,537	879	16,090
Miscellaneous	25,057			25,057
Total Receipts	2,747,510	4,537	4,535	2,756,582
Disbursements				
Library Services	2,325,730			2,325,730
Capital Outlay	56,655		68,351	125,006
Total Disbursements	2,382,385	0	68,351	2,450,736
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	365,125	4,537	(63,816)	305,846
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In			212,869	212,869
Transfers Out	(212,869)			(212,869)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(212,869)	0	212,869	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	152,256	4,537	149,053	305,846
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	851,649	403,201	124,606	1,379,456
Fund Balances End of Year	\$1,003,905	\$407,738	\$273,659	\$1,685,302

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$1,211,801	\$1,155,593	\$1,126,735	(\$28,858)
Public Library	1,430,282	1,430,282	1,371,640	(58,642)
Intergovernmental	110,000	130,000	130,524	524
Patron Fines and Fees	32,000	27,000	26,684	(316)
Services Provided to Other Entities	11,000	11,000	11,000	0
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	25,000	25,000	45,196	20,196
Earnings on Investments	2,900	7,900	10,674	2,774
Miscellaneous	28,700	28,700	25,057	(3,643)
Total Receipts	2,851,683	2,815,475	2,747,510	(67,965)
Disbursements				
Library Services	2,456,998	2,332,159	2,325,730	6,429
Capital Outlay	33,285	56,655	56,655	0
Total Disbursements	2,490,283	2,388,814	2,382,385	6,429
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	361,400	426,661	365,125	(61,536)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers Out	(111,400)	(212,869)	(212,869)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(111,400)	(212,869)	(212,869)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	250,000	213,792	152,256	(61,536)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	851,649	851,649	851,649	0
Unencumbered Fund Balance End of Year	\$1,101,649	\$1,065,441	\$1,003,905	(\$61,536)

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis McClymonds Library Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Receipts				
Earnings on Investments	\$3,240	\$3,240	\$4,537	\$1,297
Total Receipts	3,240	3,240	4,537	1,297
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,240	3,240	4,537	1,297
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	403,201	403,201	403,201	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$406,441	\$406,441	\$407,738	\$1,297

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Note 1 - Description of the Library and Reporting Entity

Massillon Public Library, Stark County, Ohio, (the Library) was organized as a school district public library in 1922 under the laws of the State of Ohio. The Library has its own Board of Trustees of seven members who are appointed by the Massillon City School's Board of Education. Appointments are for seven-year terms and members serve without compensation. Under Ohio statutes, the Library is a body politic and corporate capable of suing and being sued, contracting, acquiring, holding, possessing, and disposing of real property, and of exercising such other powers and privileges conferred upon it by law. The Library also determines and operates under its own budget. Control and management of the Library is governed by sections 3375.33 to 3375.39 of the Ohio Revised Code with the administration of the day-to-day operations of the Library being the responsibility of the Director and financial accountability being solely that of the Fiscal Officer.

The Library is fiscally independent of the Massillon City School's Board of Education, although the Board of Education serves in a ministerial capacity as the taxing authority for the Library. The determination to request approval of a tax levy, the role and purpose(s) of the levy, are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Library Trustees. Once those decisions are made, the Board of Education must put the levy on the ballot. There is no potential for the Library to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the Board of Education.

Under the provisions of Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, "The Financial Reporting Entity," the Library is considered to be a related organization of the Massillon City School's Board of Education.

Joint Ventures

The Library participated in a joint venture for the Barry Askren Memorial Branch. This organization is described in Note 10 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The Library participates in one public entity risk pool, the Stark County Schools' Council of Governments (the "Council"). The Council has a health benefits program which is a shared risk pool comprised of 108 entities as of December 31, 2017, most of which are school districts. The Library provides health insurance coverage through the Council. The Council is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district or other entity (usually the superintendent, director, or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Council. All Council revenues are generated from charges for services. This organization is further described in Note 6 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The Friends of Massillon Public Library is a not-for-profit organization with a self-appointing board. The Library is not financially accountable for the organization, nor does the Library approve the budget or the issuance of debt of the organization. The funds maintained by the organization are not significant in amount to the Library's total resources. Therefore, this organization has been excluded from the reporting entity of the Library.

The Library's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Library is financially accountable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in Note 2.C, the financial statements of the Library have been prepared on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Library's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Library as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts, and other non-exchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Library at year's end. The Statement of Activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Library's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Library is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Library's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Library segregates transactions related to certain Library functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Library at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. The Library's major funds are presented in separate columns. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

B. Fund Accounting

The Library uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The Library's funds are all classified as governmental.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other non-exchange transactions. Monies are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. The following are the Library's major governmental funds:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Fund Accounting (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Library for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>McClymonds Library Fund</u> – The McClymonds Library Fund accounts for expendable monies received for the benefit of the citizens of the Massillon Public Library. Per the original bequest, the monies can be spent for the purchase, repair, and re-binding of library materials.

The other governmental funds of the Library account for and report grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Library's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Library's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and the related expenses) are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

The Library's funds are legally required to be appropriated. The appropriations resolution is the Trustees' authorization to spend resources and sets limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Trustees. The legal level of control has been established at the fund level for all funds. Budgetary modifications at the legal level of control may only be made by resolution of the Board of Library Trustees.

For control purposes, the Library estimates cash receipts for the year. These estimated receipts, together with the unencumbered carry-over balances from the prior year, set a limit on the amount the Trustees may appropriate. The estimated receipts may be revised during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of estimated resources at the time final appropriations were enacted by the Trustees.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Budgetary Process (continued)

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations should not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Trustees during the year.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the Library is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Library's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

Investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts, respectively.

During 2017, the Library's investments were held in STAR Ohio.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The Library measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2017, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Interest earnings are allocated to Library funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2017 was \$10,674.

F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Library reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Library's cash basis of accounting.

I. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Library recognizes the disbursement for their employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for post-retirement health care benefits.

J. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes the revenue sources that are restricted for the Library's own programs.

The Library's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

K. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Library is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

K. Fund Balance (continued)

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of Library Trustees. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Library Trustees remove or change the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Library for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Library Trustees or a Library official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute. State Statute authorizes the Fiscal Officer to assign fund balance for purchases on order, provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The Library may also assign fund balance as a result when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Library applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

L. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. The Library had the following interfund transfers:

From	<u>To</u>	Amount
General Fund	Capital Projects - Building and Repair Fund	\$162,869
General Fund	Capital Projects - Bookmobile Repair & Replacement Fund	50,000
	_	\$212,869

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 3 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the General Fund and the McClymonds Library Fund are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is that outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (cash basis). There were no outstanding encumbrances at year end.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Library are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Library treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Library treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Library can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1)
 or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in
 securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 4. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

- 5. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Commercial paper notes, limited to 40% (5% for a single issuer) in total of the interim monies available for investment at any one time and for a period not to exceed two hundred and seventy days, and;
- 8. Bankers acceptances, limited to 40% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time and for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Library, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Fiscal Officer or, if the securities are not presented by certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At year end, the Library had \$1,800 in undeposited, petty cash on hand which is included as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Library will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, the carrying amount of the Library's deposits was \$166,052 and the bank balances were \$249,840. Of the Library's bank balance, \$249,840 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

The Library has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by:

- 1. Eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Library or qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- 2. Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or at a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

A. Deposits (continued)

The Library's deposits are held by Huntington National Bank. While Huntington has elected to join OPCS, their specific collateral rate had not yet been set by year-end. As such, the Library's deposits were subject to collateralization at a rate of 102 percent as of December 31, 2017.

B. Investments

The Library reports their investments at cost or net asset value per share. The fair value of these investments is not materially different from cost. As of December 31, 2017, the Library had the following investment:

	Net Asset Value Per Share	<u>Maturity</u>
STAR Ohio	\$1,517,450	Average 52.1 days

Interest rate risk arises because the fair value of investment changes as interest rates change. The Library's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring that the Library's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term investments.

STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Library has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

Note 5 - Grants in Aid, Property Taxes, and Tax Abatements

Grants in Aid

The primary source of revenue for Ohio public libraries is the Public Library Fund (PLF). The State allocates PLF to each county based on the total tax revenue credited to the State's general revenue fund during the preceding month using the statutory allocation method. Estimated entitlement figures were issued to County Auditors. The actual current year entitlements were computed in December of the current year. The difference between the estimate and actual will be adjusted evenly in the PLF distributions made from January-June of the subsequent year.

The Stark County Budget Commission allocates these funds to the Library based on formula which incorporates square footage, full-time equivalent employees, circulation, service area population, number of cardholders, door count, website visits, expenditures for library materials and expenditures on technology. The Budget Commission cannot reduce its allocation of these funds to the Library based on any additional revenues the Library receives.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 5 - Grants in Aid, Property Taxes, and Tax Abatements (continued)

Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the Massillon City School District and the Villages of Navarre and Brewster.

Property tax receipts received in 2017 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2016 taxes. 2017 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2017 on the assessed values as of January 1, 2017, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2017 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2018. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2017 public utility property taxes which became a lien on December 31, 2016, are levied after October 1, 2017, and are collected in 2018 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all Library operations for the year ended December 31, 2017, was \$2.90 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and public utility tangible property upon which 2017 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	\$427,568,610
Public Utility Property	29,151,000
Total Assessed Values	\$456,719,610

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the Library. The County Auditor periodically remits to the Library its portion of the taxes collected.

Tax Abatements

Tax abatement agreements made by the City of Massillon and the Villages of Brewster and Navarre reduce the Library's property tax revenues. In 2017, total forgone property taxes for all impacted entities resulting from these agreements was \$398,265, of which \$16,295 reduced the Library's property tax receipts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 6 - Risk Management

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2017, the Library contracted with several companies for various types of insurance coverage as follows:

Company	Type of Coverage	Amount of Coverage
Westfield Insurance	Commercial Property	\$9,700,026
	General Liability	3,000,000
	Vehicle	1,000,000
	Cyber & Privacy Liability	1,000,000 aggregate
Chubb Group	Errors and Omissions	5,000,000 aggregate

Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years and there was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The Library pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The System administers and pays all claims.

The Library has contracted with the Stark County Schools' Council of Governments to provide employee medical benefits. The Stark County Schools' Council of Governments' health benefits program is a shared risk pool comprised of 108 entities as of December 31, 2017, most of which are school districts. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The Library pays a monthly contribution which is paid into a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participants, regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has the right to return monies to an existing entity subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims. Financial information can be obtained from the Stark County Schools' Council of Governments, 2100 38th Street NW, Canton, OH 44709.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The employees of the Library participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) which administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan and the Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members may elect the Member-Directed Plan and the Combined Plan, substantially all members are in the OPERS' Traditional Plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the Traditional Pension Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the Traditional Plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting http://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (800) 222-7377.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the Traditional Plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for the additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group A	Group B	Group C	
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups	
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after	
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013	
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local	
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	
Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 57 with 25 years of service credit	
or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit	
Formula:	Formula:	Formula:	
2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	
service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 35 years and 2.5%	
for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 35	

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

		State	
	and Local		al
2017 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates			
Employer		14.0	%
Employee		10.0	%
2017 Actual Contribution Rates			
Employer:			
Pension		13.0	%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits		1.0	
Total Employer		14.0	%
Employee		10.0	%

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Library's contributions to OPERS for the year ended December 2017 was \$169,589. All required contributions were made prior to the end of the year.

Note 8 - Post-employment Benefits

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan—a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

In March 2016, OPERS received two favorable rulings from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) allowing OPERS to consolidate all health care assets into the OPERS 115 Health Care Trust. Transition to the new health care trust structure was completed July 1, 2016. As of December 31, 2017, OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including OPERS sponsored health care coverage. OPERS funds a Retiree Medical Account (RMA) for participants in the Member-Directed Plan. At retirement or refund, participants can be reimbursed for qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 8 - Post-employment Benefits (continued)

In order to qualify for health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2016 CAFR for details.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the OPERS Board of Trustees (OPERS Board) in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml#CAFR, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-employment health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2017, State and Local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of earnable salary. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 1.0% during calendar year 2017. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2017 decreased from 2.0% to 1.0% for both plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2017 was 4.0%.

Substantially all of the Library's contribution allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits relates to the cost-sharing, multiple employer trusts. The Library's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$10,646, \$20,214, and \$19,984, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for 2017, 2016 and 2015.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 9 - Leases

The Library leases buildings and other equipment. The Library disbursed \$5,570 to pay lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2017. Future lease payments are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Amoun
2018	\$5,570
2019	5,570
2020	1,348
2021	100
2022	100
2023-2027	500
2028-2032	500
2033-2037	500
2038-2042	500
2043-2047	500
2048-2052	500
2053-2055	<u>300</u>
Total	\$ 15,988

Note 10 – Joint Ventures

The Barry Askren Memorial Branch is a joint venture with the Towpath-YMCA. According to the lease agreement, the Library leases the building at a cost of \$100 per year. The Library is responsible for staffing the building while open to the public. The Library is also responsible for general maintenance and repair of the facility, including but not limited to proportionate share of utilities and 10% of common area maintenance charges, invoiced by the Towpath-YMCA.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Note 11 - Fund Balances

Fund Balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Library is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

For A Dalance	0	McClymonds Library	Other Governmental	Takal
Fund Balances	General	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	Total
Nonspendable				
McClymonds Endowment			\$20,000	\$20,000
Total Nonspendable	0	0	20,000	20,000
Committed to				
Purchase of Materials		\$407,738		407,738
Capital Improvements			120,820	120,820
Replacement Bookmobile			94,181	94,181
Dome Restoration			38,658	38,658
Total Committed	0	407,738	253,659	661,397
Unassigned (Deficit)	\$1,003,905			1,003,905
Total Fund Balances	\$1,003,905	\$407,738	\$273,659	\$1,685,302

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Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Massillon Public Library Stark County 208 Lincoln Way East Massillon, Ohio 44646

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Massillon Public Library, Stark County, Ohio (the Library) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 17, 2018, wherein we noted the Library uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Library's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Massillon Public Library
Stark County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Report and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Library's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Library's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Assaciation

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. April 17, 2018



MASSILLON PUBLIC LIBRARY

STARK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MAY 31, 2018