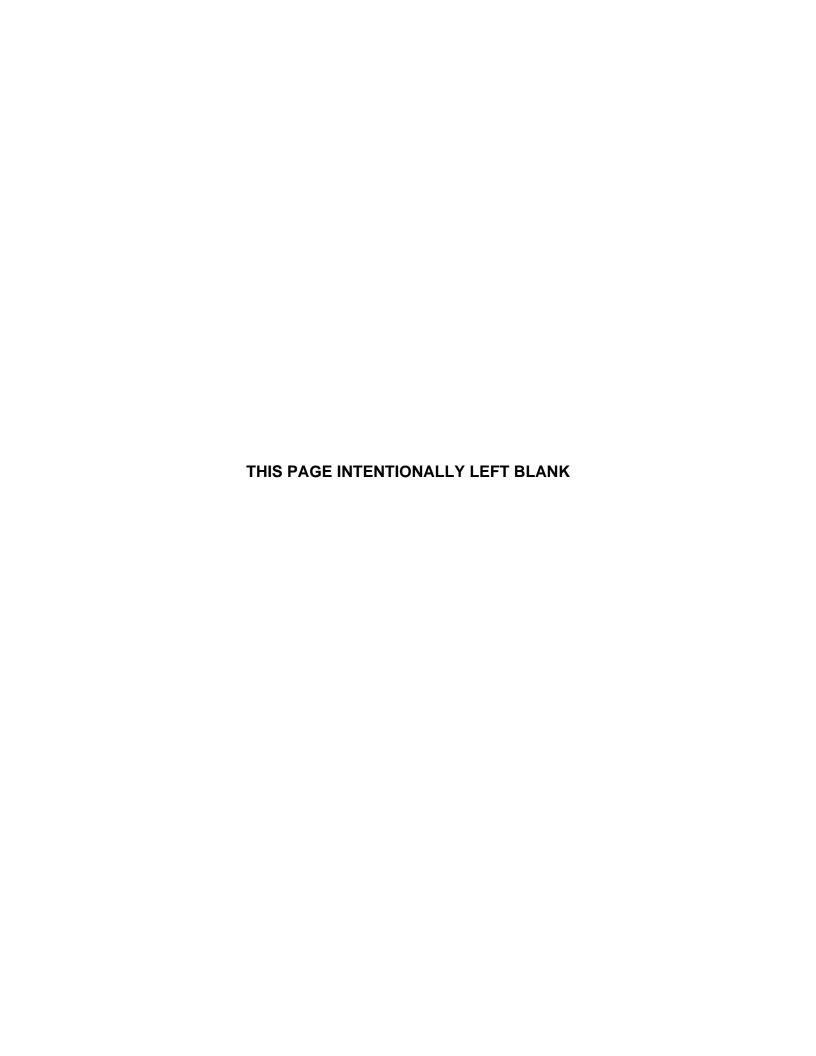


DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Commercial Point Pickaway County 10 West Scioto Street Commercial Point, Ohio 43116

To the Village Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of the Village of Commercial Point, Pickaway County, Ohio (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Village prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Village of Commercial Point Pickaway County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Village does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of the Village of Commercial Point, Pickaway County as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 6, 2018, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 6, 2018

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	G	Governmental Fund Types		Types	Totals	
	1			Special	(Mer	norandum
	Ge	neral		Revenue		Only)
Cash Receipts						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	112,140	\$	-	\$	112,140
Municipal Income Tax		555,674		-		555,674
Intergovernmental		15,178		86,568		101,746
Charges for Services		-		79,535		79,535
Fines, Licenses and Pemits		45,638		-		45,638
Earnings on Investments		49,955		661		50,616
Miscellaneous		47,018		434		47,452
Total Cash Receipts		825,603		167,198		992,801
Cash Disbursements						
Current:						
Security of Persons & Property		283,813		-		283,813
Public Health Services		7,232		-		7,232
Community Environment		6,422		63,920		70,342
Transportation		3,950		43,784		47,734
General Government		229,271		7,191		236,462
Total Cash Disbursements		530,688		114,895		645,583
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements		294,915		52,303		347,218
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)						
Transfers In		-		2,480		2,480
Transfers Out		(2,480)		<u>-</u>	-	(2,480)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		(2,480)		2,480		-
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		292,435		54,783		347,218
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	1	,515,215		340,805		1,856,020
Fund Cash Balances, December 31						
Restricted		-		395,588		395,588
Assigned	1	,151,212		-		1,151,212
Unassigned		656,438				656,438
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 1	- ,807,650	\$	395,588	\$	2,203,238

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL PROPRIETARY AND FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Type	Totals
			(Memorandum
	Enterprise	Agency	Only)
Operating Cash Receipts			
Charges for Services	\$ 1,902,898	\$ -	\$ 1,902,898
Total Operating Cash Receipts	1,902,898		1,902,898
Operating Cash Disbursements			
Personal Services	210,424	-	210,424
Fringe Benefits	59,564	-	59,564
Contractual Services	500,865	-	500,865
Supplies and Materials	174,002	-	174,002
Other	480		480
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	945,335	-	945,335
Operating Income	957,563		957,563
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)			
Bond Proceeds	227,785	-	227,785
Earnings on Investments	-	11	11
Other Non-Operating Receipts	-	30,387	30,387
Other Non-Operating Disbursements	-	(26,920)	(26,920)
Capital Outlay	(1,175,529)	-	(1,175,529)
Principal Retirement	(217,158)	-	(217,158)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	(11,694)		(11,694)
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	(1,176,596)	3,478	(1,173,118)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(219,033)	3,478	(215,555)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	5,180,487	4,421	5,184,908
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 4,961,454	\$ 7,899	\$ 4,969,353

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Commercial Point, Pickaway County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides the following services: water and sewer utilities, mayor's court, general government services, road and bridge maintenance, and police services. The Village receives fire protection services, which are provided by Scioto Township.

The Village participates in a public entity risk pool. The Ohio Plan Risk Management (OPRM), is a risk sharing pool available to Ohio small governments. Note 8 to the financial statements provides additional information for that entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

C. Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Money market mutual funds (including STAR Ohio) are recorded at share values the mutual funds report.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Fund Accounting (Continued)

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax monies for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

<u>Housing Development Fund</u> – This fund receives monies from developers for new developments within Commercial Point.

3. Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for resources used to meet the Village's debt requirements. The Village had no debt service fund activity during the year.

4. Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover water service costs.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover sewer service costs.

<u>Garbage Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the costs of providing the utility.

5. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include the Village's agency fund.

Agency funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to hold resources for individuals, organizations or other governments. The Village disburses these funds as directed by the individual, organization or other government. The Village's agency fund accounts for the activities of the Mayor's Court.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds) be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding for the year ending December 31, 2017 are \$11,260.

A summary of 2017 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Village classifies assets as **nonspendable** when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

3. Committed

Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Fund Balance (Continued)

4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

G. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

2. Equity in Pooled Deposits and Investments

The Village maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2017
Demand deposits	\$2,888,318
STAR Ohio	4,284,273
Total deposits and investments	\$7,172,591

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

Investments: Investments in STAR Ohio and mutual funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending 2017 follows:

	Budgeted	Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance	
General	\$566,182	\$825,603	\$259,421	
Special Revenue	54,183	169,678	115,495	
Enterprise	1,410,894	2,130,683	719,789	
Total	\$2,031,259	\$3,125,964	\$1,094,705	

2017 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$2,081,396	\$539,053	\$1,542,343
Special Revenue	393,855	114,989	278,866
Enterprise	6,591,381	2,354,997	4,236,384
Total	\$9,066,632	\$3,009,039	\$6,057,593

4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

5. Local Income Tax

The Village levies a municipal income tax of $\frac{3}{4}$ percent for the year 2017 on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

6. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2017 was as follows:

Principal	Interest Rate
\$84,719	6%
39,440	0%
227,785	3.65%
\$351,944	
	39,440 227,785

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

6. Debt (Continued)

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan relates to a sewer plant expansion project. The Village borrowed \$2,080,918 from OWDA for this project. The Village will repay the loan in semiannual installments of \$89,684 including interest, over 20 years. Sewer receipts collateralize the loan. In addition, the Village has a loan with Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC), which relates to the water tower. The Village borrowed \$197,201, with semi-annual payments of \$4,930. Water and sewer receipts collateralize the loan.

The Village issued \$4,000,000 Sanitary Sewer System Revenue Bonds for the purpose of paying part of the costs of sanitary sewer improvements of the Village. As of December 31, 2017, the Village has drawn down \$227,785 of the total authorized bond amount. Sewer receipts collateralize the bonds. The bonds required semi-annual principal and interest payments over 15 years.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year ending	OWDA Loan		Revenue
December 31:	(Sewer Loan)	OPWC Loan	Bonds
2018	88,108	9,860	174,344
2019	0	9,860	61,755
2020	0	9,860	0
2021	0	9,860	0
Total	\$88,108	\$39,440	\$236,099

7. Retirement Systems

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – Village of Commercial Point employees, other than full-time police, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

7. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Group A	Group B	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 57 with 25 years of service credit
or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
Formula:	Formula:	Formula:
2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of
service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 35 years and 2.5%
for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 35
Public Safety	Public Safety	Public Safety
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 48 with 25 years of service credit	Age 48 with 25 years of service credit	Age 52 with 25 years of service credit
or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit
Law Enforcement	Law Enforcement	Law Enforcement
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	Age 48 with 25 years of service credit	Age 48 with 25 years of service credit
	or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit
Public Safety and Law Enforcement	Public Safety and Law Enforcement	Public Safety and Law Enforcement
Formula:	Formula:	Formula:
2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of
service for the first 25 years and 2.1%	service for the first 25 years and 2.1%	service for the first 25 years and 2.1%
-	for service years in excess of 25	for service years in excess of 25

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

7. Retirement Systems (Continued)

	Sta	te	Public		Law	
	and L	ocal	Safety	7	Enforcen	nent
2017 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates						
Employer	14.	0 %	18.1	%	18.1	%
Employee	10.	0 %	*		**	
2017 Actual Contribution Rates						
Employer:						
Pension	13.	0 %	17.1	%	17.1	%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	1.	0	1.0		1.0	
Total Employer	14.	0 %	18.1	%	18.1	%
Employee	10.	0 %	12.0	%	13.0	%
* This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and I	has no m	aximun	n rate esta	blish	ned by ORC	<u>.</u>
** This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board,	but is lin	nited by	ORC to 1	not n	nore	
than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety ra	ite.					

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The Village's contractually required contribution was \$ 38,896 for year 2017.

Plan Description - Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund - (OP&F)

Plan Description – Village full-time police participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and received a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

7. Retirement Systems (Continued)

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	
2017 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50	%
Employee	12.25	%
2017 Actual Contribution Rates		Ė
Employer:		
Pension	19.00	%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50	
Total Employer	19.50	%
	12.25	%

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Village's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$ 17,109 for 2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

8. Risk Management

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- · Vehicles; and
- · Errors and omissions.

No significant changes in coverage from the prior year. Claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The Village belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to the Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

OPRM coverage programs are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss. Effective November 1, 2016, the OPRM retained 50% of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 30% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Effective November 1, 2017, the OPRM retained 47% of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 30% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. OPRM had 764 members as of December 31, 2017.

Plan members are responsible to notify the Plan of their intent to renew coverage by their renewal date. If a member chooses not to renew with the Plan, they have no other financial obligation to the Plan, but still need to promptly notify the Plan of any potential claims occurring during their membership period. The former member's covered claims, which occurred during their membership period, remain the responsibility of the Plan.

Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2017.

Assets	\$14,853,620
Liabilities	(9,561,108)
Members' Equity	\$5,292,512

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

9. Contingent Liabilities

The Village is a defendant in a lawsuit that was settled in 2017. The Village of Commercial Point made the first of two settlement payments in the amount of \$ 40,000 in December of 2017. The remaining payment will be made in February of 2018.

10. Jointly Governed Organization

The Village is part of a Joint Economic Development District (JEDD), formed February 1, 2014 that includes Scioto Township, Grove City, State of Ohio property and the Village. The Village has no voting authority. The Village receives a quarterly payment in the amount of 2% of the money collected from the JEDD.

11. Subsequent Event

During fiscal year 2018, the Village authorized a loan agreement with Vinton County National Bank for the construction of a raw waterline and well field in the amount of \$400,000.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Governmental Fund Types		Totals			
			S	special	(Mei	morandum
		General	R	evenue		Only)
Cash Receipts						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	100,576	\$	-	\$	100,576
Municipal Income Tax		538,003		-		538,003
Intergovernmental		14,688		88,923		103,611
Charges for Services		-		89,513		89,513
Fines, Licenses and Pemits		22,646		-		22,646
Earnings on Investments		24,397		363		24,760
Miscellaneous		11,239		400		11,639
Total Cash Receipts		711,549		179,199		890,748
Cash Disbursements						
Current:						
Security of Persons & Property		210,177		37		210,214
Public Health Services		6,851		-		6,851
Community Environment		4,754		19,564		24,318
Transportation		2,480		108,970		111,450
General Government		161,331		3,498		164,829
Total Cash Disbursements		385,593		132,069		517,662
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements		325,956		47,130		373,086
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		1,189,259		293,675		1,482,934
Fund Cash Balances, December 31						
Restricted		-		340,805		340,805
Assigned		1,515,215		-		1,515,215
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	1,515,215	\$	340,805	\$	1,856,020

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL PROPRIETARY AND FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Type	Totals
	Enterprise	Agency	(Memorandum Only)
Operating Cash Receipts Charges for Services	\$ 1,550,313	\$ -	\$ 1,550,313
Total Operating Cash Receipts	1,550,313		1,550,313
Operating Cash Disbursements			
Personal Services	191,060	-	191,060
Fringe Benefits	38,568	-	38,568
Contractual Services	356,567	-	356,567
Supplies and Materials	135,234	-	135,234
Other	5,035		5,035
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	726,464		726,464
Operating Income	823,849		823,849
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)			
Earnings on Investments	-	7	7
Other Non-Operating Receipts	-	30,082	30,082
Other Non-Operating Disbursements	-	(26,994)	(26,994)
Capital Outlay	(105,164)	-	(105,164)
Principal Retirement	(248,067)	-	(248,067)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	(14,789)		(14,789)
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	(368,020)	3,095	(364,925)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	455,829	3,095	458,924
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	4,724,658	1,326	4,725,984
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 5,180,487	\$ 4,421	\$ 5,184,908

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Commercial Point, Pickaway County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides the following services: water and sewer utilities, mayor's court, general government services, road and bridge maintenance, and police services. The Village receives fire protection services, which are provided by Scioto Township.

The Village participates in a public entity risk pool. The Ohio Plan Risk Management (OPRM), is a risk sharing pool available to Ohio small governments. Note 8 to the financial statements provides additional information for that entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

C. Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Money market mutual funds (including STAR Ohio) are recorded at share values the mutual funds report.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Fund Accounting (Continued)

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax monies for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

<u>Housing Development Fund</u> – This fund receives monies from developers for new developments within Commercial Point.

3. Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for resources used to meet the Village's debt requirements. The Village had no debt service fund activity during the year.

4. Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover water service costs.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover sewer service costs.

<u>Garbage Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the costs of providing the utility.

5. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include the Village's agency fund.

Agency funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to hold resources for individuals, organizations or other governments. The Village disburses these funds as directed by the individual, organization or other government. The Village's agency fund accounts for the activities of the Mayor's Court.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds) be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding for the year ending December 31, 2016 are \$ 0.

A summary of 2016 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Village classifies assets as **nonspendable** when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

3. Committed

Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Fund Balance (Continued)

5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

G. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

2. Equity in Pooled Deposits and Investments

The Village maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2016
Demand deposits	\$2,756,655
STAR Ohio	4,284,273_
Total deposits and investments	\$7,040,928

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

Investments: Investments in STAR Ohio and mutual funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending 2016 follows:

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$548,200	\$711,549	\$163,349
Special Revenue	106,138	179,199	73,061
Enterprise	1,369,800	1,550,313	180,513
Total	\$2,024,138	\$2,441,061	\$416,923

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	_
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$1,737,459	\$385,593	\$1,351,866
Special Revenue	398,197	132,069	266,128
Enterprise	6,094,458	1,094,484	4,999,974
Total	\$8,230,114	\$1,612,146	\$6,617,968

4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

5. Local Income Tax

The Village levies a municipal income tax of $\frac{3}{4}$ percent for the year 2016 on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

6. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Principai	Interest Rate
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan	\$42,549	6%
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan	\$249,468	6%
Ohio Public Works Commission	49,300	0%
Total	\$341,317	

Dala almaid Internal Data

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

6. Debt (Continued)

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loans relate to a water and sewer plant expansion project. The Village borrowed \$ 3,058,925 in loans from OWDA for this project. The Village will repay the loans in semiannual installments of \$ 45,268 (for the water loan) and \$ 89,684 (for the sewer loan), including interest, over 20 years. Water and sewer receipts collateralize the loan. In addition, the Village has a loan with Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC), which relates to the water tower. The Village borrowed \$ 197,201, with semi-annual payments of \$ 4,930. Water and sewer receipts collateralize the loan.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year ending	OWDA Loan	OWDA Loan	
December 31:	(Water Loan)	(Sewer Loan)	OPWC Loan
2017	44,263	174,728	9,860
2018	0	88,108	9,860
2019	0	0	9,860
2020	0	0	9,860
2021	0	0	9,860
Total	\$44,263	\$262,836	\$49,300

7. Retirement Systems

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – Village of Commercial Point employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

7. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Group A	Group B	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 57 with 25 years of service credit
or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
Formula:	Formula:	Formula:
2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of
service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 35 years and 2.5%
for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 35
Public Safety	Public Safety	Public Safety
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 48 with 25 years of service credit	Age 48 with 25 years of service credit	Age 52 with 25 years of service credit
or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit
Law Enforcement	Law Enforcement	Law Enforcement
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	Age 48 with 25 years of service credit	Age 48 with 25 years of service credit
	or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit
Public Safety and Law Enforcement	Public Safety and Law Enforcement	Public Safety and Law Enforcement
Formula:	Formula:	Formula:
2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of
		. 6 4 6 405 1040
service for the first 25 years and 2.1%	service for the first 25 years and 2.1%	service for the first 25 years and 2.1%

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

7. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

		State		Public	;	Law	
		and Loc	cal	Safety		Enforcement	
20	016 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates						
Eı	mployer	14.0	%	18.1	%	18.1	%
Eı	mployee	10.0	%	*		**	
20	016 Actual Contribution Rates						
Eı	mployer:						
	Pension	12.0	%	16.1	%	16.1	%
	Post-employment Health Care Benefits	2.0		2.0		2.0	
To	otal Employer	14.0	%	18.1	%	18.1	%
Eı	mployee	10.0	%	12.0	%	13.0	%
*	This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and h	as no max	ximum	rate esta	blish	ned by ORO	<u>.</u> С.
**	This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board, I	out is limit	ed by	ORC to 1	not n	nore	
	than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety rat	e.					

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The Village's contractually required contribution was \$72,711 for year 2016.

8. Risk Management

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- · Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions.

No significant changes in coverage from the prior year. Claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The Village belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to the Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

8. Risk Management (Continued)

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

OPRM coverage programs are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss. Until November 1, 2016, the OPRM retained 47% of the premium and losses on the first \$ 250,000 casualty treaty and 10% of the first \$ 1,000,000 property treaty. Effective November 1, 2016, the OPRM retained 50% of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 50% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. OPRM had 762 members as of December 31, 2016.

Plan members are responsible to notify the Plan of their intent to renew coverage by their renewal date. If a member chooses not to renew with the Plan, they have no other financial obligation to the Plan, but still need to promptly notify the Plan of any potential claims occurring during their membership period. The former member's covered claims, which occurred during their membership period, remain the responsibility of the Plan.

Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2016:

	2016
Assets	\$14,765,712
Liabilities	(\$9,531,506)
Members' Equity	\$5,234,206

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

9. Contingent Liabilities

The Village is a defendant in a lawsuit. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of these suits, management believes that the resolution of these matters will not materially adversely affect the Village's financial condition.

10. Jointly Governed Organization

The Village is part of a Joint Economic Development District (JEDD), formed February 1, 2014 that includes Scioto Township, Grove City, State of Ohio property and the Village. The Village has no voting authority. The Village receives a quarterly payment in the amount of 2% of the money collected from the JEDD.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

11. Subsequent Events

During fiscal year 2017, the Village reached a settlement in a lawsuit, resulting in the Village owing \$80,000. This was paid in two installments; half in fiscal year 2017 and half in fiscal year 2018.

During fiscal year 2018, the Village authorized a loan agreement with Vinton County National Bank for the construction of a raw waterline and well field in the amount of \$400,000.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Commercial Point Pickaway County 10 West Scioto Street Commercial Point, Ohio 43116

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements by fund type of the Village of Commercial Point, Pickaway County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 6, 2018 wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2017-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199 www.ohioauditor.gov Village of Commercial Point
Pickaway County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 6, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2017-001

Financial Reporting – Material Weakness

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, Terms of Engagement, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

Due to the lack of internal controls in place to ensure receipts, expenditures and fund balances are properly classified on the financial statements, the following adjustments were material and were adjusted to the December 31, 2017 financial statements:

- Adjustment to increase Debt Proceeds and Capital Outlay by \$227,785 within the Sewer Enterprise Fund to properly record Revenue Bond Proceeds paid to a contractor on-behalf of the Village.
- Reclassification of \$2,480 from Expenditures to Other Financing Uses Transfers Out within the General Fund and from Receipts to Other Financing Sources - Transfers In within Special Revenue Funds.
- Reclassification of \$1,151,212 from Unassigned to Assigned Fund Balance within the General Fund to properly report amounts assigned for subsequent year appropriations and outstanding encumbrances.

In addition to the items noted above, we also identified immaterial misstatements during 2016 and 2017 that were not adjusted to the financial statements ranging from \$10,351 to \$31,035 that we have brought to the Village's attention.

Lack or failure of controls over the posting of financial transactions and financial reporting can result in errors and irregularities that may go undetected and decreases the reliability of financial data throughout the year.

We recommend the Village's Fiscal Officer take steps to ensure the accurate posting of all transactions to the ledgers. In addition, the Village should review AOS Bulletin 2011-004 for guidance on GASB Statement No. 54 requirements. By exercising accuracy in recording financial activity, the Village can reduce posting errors and increase the reliability of the financial data throughout the year.

Officials' Response: We did not receive a response from Officials to this finding



Village of Commercial Point

P.O. Box 56 Commercial Point, Ohio 43116 (614) 877-9248

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2015-001	Financial Reporting – multiple adjustments in 2014 and 2015	Partially Corrected	Repeated as Finding 2017-001
2015-002	Segregation of Duties related to Mayor's Court	Fully Corrected	



VILLAGE OF COMMERCIAL POINT

PICKAWAY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 9, 2018