

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG
FRANKLIN COUNTY
REGULAR AUDIT
JANUARY 1, 2018 – DECEMBER 31, 2018



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



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Members of Council
City of Reynoldsburg
7232 East Main Street
Reynoldsburg, Ohio 43068

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Reynoldsburg, Franklin County, prepared by Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Reynoldsburg is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Keith Faber".

Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

July 8, 2019

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**CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG
FRANKLIN COUNTY**

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

City of Reynoldsburg
Franklin County
7232 East Main Street
Reynoldsburg, Ohio 43068

To the Elected Officials:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Reynoldsburg, Franklin County, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 17, 2019, wherein we noted the City adopted GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions" as disclosed in Note 2.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the City's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

City of Reynoldsburg
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required By *Government Auditing Standards*

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilson, Shuman & Snow, Inc.

Newark, Ohio
June 17, 2019

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

Issued by Office of Stephen M. Cicak,
City Auditor

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018



Cover photo of Pine Quarry Park Bridge provided by Jan Hills, a long time Reynoldsburg resident.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2018

Issued by:
Stephen M. Cicak
City Auditor



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FRANKLIN, FAIRFIELD AND LICKING COUNTIES, OHIO

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG

7232 East Main Street • Reynoldsburg, Ohio 43068
Stephen M. Cicak, City Auditor

phone (614) 322-6858

fax (614)-322-6857

June 17, 2019

Honorable Citizens of Reynoldsburg
and Members of City Council
Reynoldsburg, Ohio:

I am pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Reynoldsburg for the year ended December 31, 2018. This report has been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

INTRODUCTION

While there is no legal requirement for the preparation of this report, it represents a commitment by the City of Reynoldsburg (the "City") to conform to nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the enclosed data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects, is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City and includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activity.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Reynoldsburg's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the reporting entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

***Letter of Transmittal
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

Based on the foregoing, the reporting entity of the City has no component units but includes the following services as authorized by its Charter: police protection, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance and other governmental services. Additionally, the City owns the water distribution system, the wastewater collection system, and the stormwater collection system, each of which is reported as an enterprise fund. Treatment services for both water and wastewater are provided by the City of Columbus on a contractual basis. The City also reports the solid waste collection and disposal operations as an enterprise fund.

Historical Information

The origin of Reynoldsburg can be traced to 1801 when Thomas Jefferson signed an Act of Congress granting land to Lt. Colonel Bradford to be appropriated for refugees from Canada. The first settler was Thomas Palmer, who came from Massachusetts in 1803. The Village of Frenchtown was platted in 1831 on land owned by John D. French. The name was changed in 1839 to Reynoldsburg in honor of John C. Reynolds, the Postmaster and a representative in the Ohio General Assembly. The village was incorporated in 1839 and granted city status in 1960.

Reynoldsburg is noted as "the birthplace of the tomato" because of its famous resident horticulturist Alexander W. Livingston (1821-1898), internationally known for his development of the "Paragon" tomato.

Location

Reynoldsburg is located ten miles east of downtown Columbus and comprises the eastern edge of the Columbus metropolitan area. It was the first Franklin County city to expand into two other counties: Licking County to the east and Fairfield County to the south. Encompassing approximately thirteen square miles, the City lies near the geographic center of the state and is easily accessible from all areas in Ohio. The City is seven miles from Port Columbus International Airport and offers immediate access to interstate highways I-70 and I-270 via three major interchanges. Reynoldsburg is situated 833 feet above sea level and experiences mean temperatures of 71.97 degrees during the summer and 29.8 degrees during the winter.

Form of Government

The City operates under the Charter first adopted by the voters in 1979 and amended by the voters in 1982, 1987, 1992, 1995, 1997, 2007, 2012 and 2017, which provides for a Mayor-Council form of government. The laws of the State of Ohio prevail when conflicts exist between the Charter and the State Constitution and in matters where the Charter is silent. Legislative authority is vested in a seven-member Council of whom three members are elected at-large and four are elected from wards. The presiding officer is the President of Council who is elected at-large.

***Letter of Transmittal
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

All members are elected to four-year terms. The City's chief executive and administrative officer is the Mayor who is elected to that full-time office for a four-year term. The Mayor appoints all employees except those of City Council, the City Auditor's office, and the City Attorney's office. The City's chief fiscal officer is the City Auditor, who is elected to that full-time office for a four-year term. The City's legal officer is the City Attorney, who is elected to that full-time office for a four-year term.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

Reynoldsburg saw a slight increase in growth in the commercial sectors of the community. The growth came primarily from the retail and restaurant areas but other industries are interested in our area. The City attracted 61 new or expanded businesses in 2018.

The largest employer in the City is L Brands, Inc. and its subsidiaries, consisting of office, shipping, and distribution facilities on a 360-acre site. The L Brands Inc. specialty shops/facilities at the Reynoldsburg site are Mast Logistic Services Inc., Victoria's Secret Stores Inc., L Brands Services Cp. LLC, and Bath and Bodyworks Division. The national retail clothing company has contributed an average of approximately \$6,660,794 dollars a year in income tax receipts since 2003. Other large employers located in the City include Reynoldsburg City Schools, The State of Ohio, Wal-Mart, Target, and Kroger.

The City established the Department of Development in late 1997 to provide business and industry with a point of contact within local government. The department is responsible for business attraction, retention, zoning, and planning. The following businesses opened locations in Reynoldsburg during 2018:

- The Shoppes at East Broad continued to lease out their location to various retail stores and restaurants. In 2018, there were several smaller retail shops and restaurants which opened.
- The Kroger Company opened the Fuel Station at its new E. Main Street location. Construction also began on the grocery store which is expected to be over 101,000 square feet. The anticipated completion date is fall, 2019.
- United Dairy Farmers constructed a 13,500 square foot location which includes a fuel station, retail store and an ice cream parlor on East Broad Street.
- Ashley Home Furniture store took possession of a 36,000 square foot retail space located in Taylor Park.
- Big Sandy Superstore took possession of a 32,490 square foot location located in Taylor Square. This is the third location in the Columbus Metropolitan Area.
- The Inn At Summit Trail completed an expansion of its current location by adding an additional 20,000 square feet. This location provides assisted living and memory care to the senior population.

***Letter of Transmittal
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

Employment Rates

The great diversity of job opportunities in the Central Ohio area has helped the unemployment rate to remain consistently even or lower than the state and national averages. It has been estimated that 80% of Reynoldsburg residents work in Columbus and the surrounding area. Therefore, the City's rate of unemployment is influenced to a great extent by that of the metropolitan area. At the end of 2018, when the Federal experienced an average unemployment rate of 3.9% and the State experienced an average unemployment rate of 4.6%, Reynoldsburg experienced an unemployment rate estimated to average 3.8%.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City continually seeks opportunities to increase revenues to fund necessary infrastructure and operating costs. The City completed its Comprehensive Master Plan and its Capital Improvement Plan in 2018. This will guide the City in the direction we want it to go and map out infrastructure improvements to assist in the most efficient expansion.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Capital Improvements

The City is focusing its capital projects on Street Programs and on the YMCA Community Recreation Center. Sources of funds other than General Fund sources financed many of the projects. Projects begun, completed and/or in the process in 2018 include:

- **Huber Park/Recreation Center Study** – The City issued \$28,000,000 in bonds in August, 2018 to fund the construction of the YMCA Community Recreation Center. The City broke ground on the project in the fall of 2018 and it is expected to be complete by the end of 2019.
- **2018 Street Program** began in 2018. The project is expected to cost approximately \$2,450,000 and will be funded from the CIP, Permissive Tax, Street and Stormwater funds.
- **Baldwin Road** reconstruction began in 2018. The Project is expected to cost \$2,292,000 and will be funded from the CIP and Water funds.
- **Main/Lancaster Parking Lot**-The City purchased the vacant lot at Main and Lancaster Avenues in 2018. The property will be constructed into parking spaces for Old Reynoldsburg businesses and will include green space. The expected completion date is summer, 2019.
- **Palmer Rd Improvements**-This project is in the preliminary engineering phase. No construction bids or estimated costs have been determined as of 2018.

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Letter of Transmittal
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

Employee Relations

The full-time employee profile, excluding the Police Department, is as follows:

Elected Officials	3
Classified Employees	48
Non-Classified Employees	<u>13</u>
Total	<u>64</u>

The police department profile is as follows:

Sworn Officers	62
Dispatchers	8
Others	<u>8</u>
Total	<u>78</u>

City Council consists of the following:

President of Council	1
Ward Councilpersons	4
At-Large Councilpersons	<u>3</u>
Total	<u>8</u>

The City is currently in negotiations for the renewal of all of the following collective bargaining agreements. The Fraternal Order of Police, Capital City Lodge #9, which represents forty-nine sworn officers, agreement ended effective December 31, 2018. The Ohio Patrolmen's Benevolent Association, which represents the City's nine sergeants, ended effective December 31, 2018. The Fraternal Order of Police, Ohio Labor Council, which represents the eight dispatchers, ended effective December 31, 2018. All other employees are governed by the legislative action of City Council.

***Letter of Transmittal
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Control, Budgetary Control, and the Accounting System

Development of the City's accounting system included substantial consideration of the adequacy of the internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance of the following:

1. The City's assets are protected against loss and unauthorized use or disposition.
2. Reliable financial reports for preparing financial statements and providing accountability for assets are maintained.

The concept of reasonable assurance states that internal controls should be evaluated applying the following criteria:

1. The expense associated with providing the internal controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from their implementation.
2. The evaluation of the offsetting costs and benefits involves estimates and judgment by the City administration and the Auditor's office.

All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. It is the belief of the administrative and financial management personnel that the City's financial controls adequately safeguard existing assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions.

The Auditor's office is responsible for the auditing and analysis of all purchase orders of the City. Personnel of the Auditor's office carefully review purchase orders to ensure the availability of monies in the proper funds and accounts prior to the certification and subsequent payment of approved invoices. The City utilizes a fully automated accounting system as well as an automated system of controls for capital asset accounting and payroll. These systems, coupled with the review and examination performed by the City Auditor's office, ensure that the financial information generated is both accurate and reliable.

Budgetary control is maintained at the object level for each department within each fund via legislation approved by City Council. The various objects are:

- Personal services
- Contractual Services
- Other Expenditures
- Transfers
- Materials and Supplies
- Capital Outlay
- Debt Service:
Principal
Interest

***Letter of Transmittal
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

Lower levels within each object are accounted for and reported internally. Such lower levels are referred to as line items of expenditure. Estimated amounts must be encumbered prior to final approval of purchase orders or other contracts to vendors. Encumbrances in excess of the available object level appropriations are not approved unless additional appropriations are authorized. Unencumbered appropriations return (lapse) to the unappropriated balances in the individual funds at the end of each fiscal year, which coincides with the calendar year.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

The basic financial statements of the City of Reynoldsburg were audited by Wilson, Shannon and Snow Inc. Certified Public Accountants. The independent auditor's unmodified opinion has been included in this report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2017. This was the twenty-seventh consecutive year (1991-2017) that the City received this award.

The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards in state and local government financial reporting. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must prepare an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report with contents conforming to all program standards. The report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements respective to the reporting entity.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. The City of Reynoldsburg received its first Certificate of Achievement for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1991. I believe this current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and I am submitting the report to the GFOA.

The publication of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is indicative of the City's commitment to providing significantly enhanced financial information and accountability to its citizens. In addition to the citizens of Reynoldsburg, the recipients of this report include city, state and federal officials, schools, libraries, newspapers, investment banking firms, banks and rating agencies. The report is made available to any person or organization requesting it. The extensive effort to prepare and distribute this report is indicative of the City Auditor's goal of full disclosure of the City's finances.

***Letter of Transmittal
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

Acknowledgments

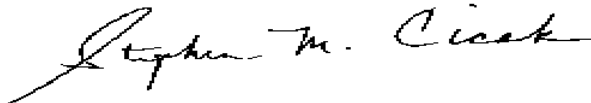
Sincere appreciation is extended to the individuals who have contributed their time and effort in gathering data for this report, particularly the staff of the City Auditor and the offices of the Auditors of Franklin, Licking and Fairfield Counties.

Special acknowledgment is extended to the staff of Donald J. Schonhardt and Associates, Inc. for their continued guidance in the preparation of this report.

Special thanks to the members of City Council and the City Administration whose support is necessary for the City of Reynoldsburg to conform to reporting requirements established for municipal governments to maintain the sound financial position that the City has enjoyed for many years.

Finally, my sincere gratitude to the people of Reynoldsburg for electing me so that I may serve as their City Auditor.

Respectfully,



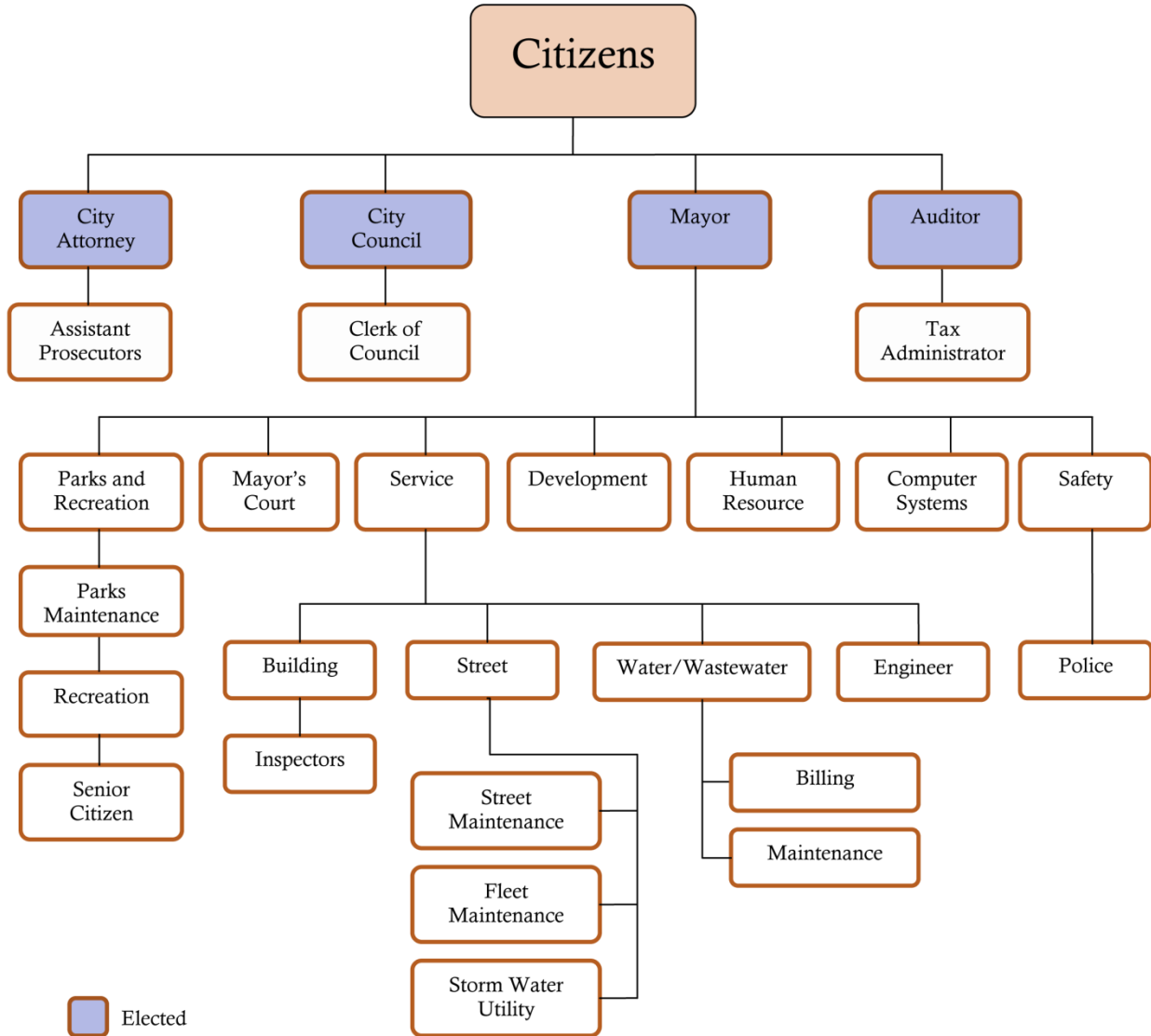
Stephen M. Cicak
City Auditor

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***List of Principal Officials
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

<u>Office</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Years in Office</u>	<u>Years with the City</u>	<u>Vocation</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Mayor	Bradley L. McCloud	11	23		12/31/2019
Auditor	Stephen M. Cicak	1	3		12/31/2021
City Attorney	Jed Hood	13	13		12/31/2019
President of Council	Doug Joseph	13	13	Consultant	12/31/2019
Members of Council	Stacie Baker	1	1	Community Liaison	12/31/2021
	Barth R. Cotner	10	10	Funeral Director	12/31/2021
	Kristen J. Bryant	1	1	Attorney	12/31/2021
	Mel Clemens	19	29	Retired	12/31/2019
	Caleb Skinner	1	1	Student	12/31/2019
	Brett Luzader	3	37	Retired	12/31/2019
	Marshall Spalding	3	3	Retired	12/31/2019

**City Organizational Chart
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**



***Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting***



Government Finance Officers Association

**Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting**

Presented to

**City of Reynoldsburg
Ohio**

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION



City of Reynoldsburg
Franklin County
7232 East Main Street
Reynoldsburg, Ohio 43068

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council and Management:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Reynoldsburg, Franklin County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Reynoldsburg, Franklin County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Permissive Tax and the Street Construction, Maintenance & Repair Funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, during 2018, the City adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 "*Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*". We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

City of Reynoldsburg
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 17, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilson, Shannon & Sons, Inc.

Newark, Ohio
June 17, 2019



***Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

Unaudited

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the City of Reynoldsburg's (the City) financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2018. The intent of the Management's Discussion and Analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2018 are as follows:

- ❑ In total, net position increased \$6,403,813. Net position of governmental activities increased \$6,167,531 which represents a 16.7% increase from 2017 (as restated). Net position of business-type activities increased \$236,282 or 0.3% from 2017 (as restated).
- ❑ General revenues accounted for \$28,893,824 in revenue or 57.6% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales and grants and contributions accounted for \$21,286,296 or 42.4% of total revenues of \$50,180,120.
- ❑ The City had \$26,873,423 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$4,147,130 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions.
- ❑ Among major funds, the General Fund had \$19,031,327 in revenues and \$18,211,264 in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance increased from \$7,142,309 to \$8,002,970.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – *management's discussion and analysis*, the *basic financial statements*, *required supplemental information*, and an optional section that presents *combining and individual statements and schedules* for non-major governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

These statements are as follows:

1. *The Government-Wide Financial Statements* – These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
2. *The Fund Financial Statements* – These statements focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position, (the difference between the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources), is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as the City's tax base and the condition of the City's capital assets.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into two categories:

- *Governmental Activities* – Most of the City's program's and services are reported here including security of persons and property, public health and welfare services, leisure time activities, community environment, transportation and general government.
- *Business-Type Activities* – These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The City's water, sewer, storm water drainage and solid waste removal services are reported as business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole.

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance programs. The City's major funds are the General Fund, Permissive Tax Fund, Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund, Taylor Square TIEF Debt Retirement Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

Unaudited

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water, Sewer, Storm Water Drainage and Solid Waste funds, all of which are considered major funds.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The following table provides a summary of the City's net position for 2018 compared to 2017:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
		Restated		Restated		Restated
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Current and other assets	\$58,373,945	\$31,021,805	\$13,414,598	\$12,542,529	\$71,788,543	\$43,564,334
Capital assets, Net	64,359,286	56,349,947	81,757,689	82,981,737	146,116,975	139,331,684
Total assets	<u>122,733,231</u>	<u>87,371,752</u>	<u>95,172,287</u>	<u>95,524,266</u>	<u>217,905,518</u>	<u>182,896,018</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	5,872,022	6,775,037	224,693	410,975	6,096,715	7,186,012
Long-term liabilities outstanding	43,345,265	15,964,702	3,196,019	3,688,881	46,541,284	19,653,583
Net Pension Liability	17,367,269	21,772,281	751,581	1,057,945	18,118,850	22,830,226
Net OPEB Liability	15,100,007	14,389,113	529,265	503,940	15,629,272	14,893,053
Other liabilities	3,022,239	2,763,205	2,677,410	2,887,348	5,699,649	5,650,553
Total liabilities	<u>78,834,780</u>	<u>54,889,301</u>	<u>7,154,275</u>	<u>8,138,114</u>	<u>85,989,055</u>	<u>63,027,415</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	6,677,229	2,331,775	215,592	6,296	6,892,821	2,338,071
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	44,334,676	41,796,522	78,651,623	80,053,331	122,986,299	121,849,853
Restricted	11,567,291	10,636,025	0	0	11,567,291	10,636,025
Unrestricted	(12,808,723)	(15,506,834)	9,375,490	7,737,500	(3,433,233)	(7,769,334)
Total net position	<u>\$43,093,244</u>	<u>\$36,925,713</u>	<u>\$88,027,113</u>	<u>\$87,790,831</u>	<u>\$131,120,357</u>	<u>\$124,716,544</u>

The net pension liability (NPL) is reported by the City pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." For fiscal year 2018, the City adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

Unaudited

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows. As a result of implementing GASB 75, the City is reporting a net OPEB liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at December 31, 2017 from \$51,253,817 to \$36,925,713 for Governmental Activities and from \$88,288,758 to \$87,790,831 for Business-type Activities.

Changes in Net Position – The following table shows the changes in net position for 2018 compared to 2017:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,546,645	\$1,781,221	\$16,971,342	\$16,529,326	\$18,517,987	\$18,310,547
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,336,076	1,930,184	0	0	2,336,076	1,930,184
Capital Grants and Contributions	264,409	131,099	167,824	56,109	432,233	187,208
Total Program Revenues	4,147,130	3,842,504	17,139,166	16,585,435	21,286,296	20,427,939
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	2,371,309	2,628,709	0	0	2,371,309	2,628,709
Income Taxes	23,799,351	18,628,466	0	0	23,799,351	18,628,466
Other Local Taxes	580,294	622,451	0	0	580,294	622,451
Intergovernmental Revenue, Unrestricted	831,777	789,996	0	0	831,777	789,996
Investment Earnings	694,709	285,584	0	0	694,709	285,584
Miscellaneous	616,384	565,553	0	0	616,384	565,553
Total General Revenues	28,893,824	23,520,759	0	0	28,893,824	23,520,759
Total Revenues	33,040,954	27,363,263	17,139,166	16,585,435	50,180,120	43,948,698
Program Expenses						
Security of Persons and Property	11,557,087	11,020,195	0	0	11,557,087	11,020,195
Public Health and Welfare Services	302,551	285,500	0	0	302,551	285,500
Leisure Time Activities	1,834,154	1,614,852	0	0	1,834,154	1,614,852
Community Environment	1,684,015	1,751,419	0	0	1,684,015	1,751,419
Transportation	4,462,061	3,439,342	0	0	4,462,061	3,439,342
General Government	5,706,903	6,237,449	0	0	5,706,903	6,237,449
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,326,652	358,220	0	0	1,326,652	358,220
Water	0	0	6,224,960	6,041,428	6,224,960	6,041,428
Sewer	0	0	6,412,549	6,352,196	6,412,549	6,352,196
Storm Water Drainage	0	0	2,315,012	2,290,746	2,315,012	2,290,746
Solid Waste	0	0	1,950,363	1,810,471	1,950,363	1,810,471
Total Expenses	26,873,423	24,706,977	16,902,884	16,494,841	43,776,307	41,201,818
Total Change in Net Position	6,167,531	2,656,286	236,282	90,594	6,403,813	2,746,880
Beginning Net Position, Restated	36,925,713	N/A	87,790,831	N/A	124,716,544	N/A
Ending Net Position	\$43,093,244	\$36,925,713	\$88,027,113	\$87,790,831	\$131,120,357	\$124,716,544

***Management’s Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

Unaudited

The information necessary to restate the 2017 beginning balances and the 2017 OPEB expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 75 is not available. Therefore, 2017 functional expenses still include OPEB expense of \$61,009 for Governmental Activities and \$6,013 for Business-type Activities computed under GASB 45. GASB 45 required recognizing OPEB expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 75, OPEB expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of OPEB expense. Under GASB 75, the 2018 statements report OPEB expense of \$952,050 for Governmental Activities and \$31,816 for Business-type Activities.

Consequently, in order to compare 2018 total program expenses to 2017, the following adjustments are needed:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Total 2018 program expenses under GASB 75	\$26,873,423	\$16,902,884
OPEB expense under GASB 75	(952,050)	(31,816)
2018 contractually required contribution	29,189	0
Adjusted 2018 program expenses	25,950,562	16,871,068
Total 2017 program expenses under GASB 45	24,706,977	16,494,841
Change in program expenses not related to OPEB	\$1,243,585	\$376,227

Governmental Activities

The net position of the City’s governmental activities increased by \$6,167,531. This amount is \$3,511,245 over the increase in 2017. Program revenues increased by \$304,626. While charges for services and sales decreased \$234,576, operating and capital grants and contributions increased \$405,892 and \$133,310 respectively. The operating grants and contributions increased due to endowments and contributions the City received in relation to Leisure Time Activities. Capital grants and contributions increase was attributable to a grant received from the Ohio Department of Natural Resources for the Pine Quarry Park improvements and an OPWC Grant for Livingston Avenue reconstruction.

General revenues increased \$5,373,065 from the previous year. The primary driver of the increase was Income Taxes. 2018 was the first full year of the 2.5% tax rate being in effect. Investment earnings was the other notable increase, which is the result of a better economy.

Expenses increased \$2,166,446 from the previous year. Security of Persons and Property and Leisure Time activities and Transportation areas accounted for the majority of the expense increase. Security of Persons and Property experienced major changes in personnel in 2018. There were eleven officers, dispatchers and clerks that retired or terminated employment during 2018. Many of these employees received significant payouts of vacation, comp-time and sick time based on the length of employment. Eighteen new employees were hired to replace and increase the workforce in the police department. In addition to the personnel cost associated with the new employees there were also additional costs for training, equipment and uniforms.

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Management’s Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

Unaudited

Leisure time activities increase related to additional program and maintenance supplies and contract services for repairs and maintenance to the parks and facilities.

Transportation increased \$1,022,719. The increases related to wage increases, operating supplies, depreciation.

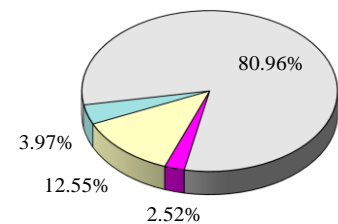
Public Health and Welfare increased \$17,051 from the prior year which is a result of an increase from the Franklin County Board of Health to provide the City with health services.

Interest and Fiscal Charges increased \$968,432 from the previous year. This is directly related to the \$28,000,000 bond the City issued in August, 2018 for the YMCA Community Recreation center. This amount included interest, closing and underwriting costs pertaining to the bond issuance.

Income taxes and property taxes made up 72.0% and 7.2% respectively of revenues for governmental activities for the City in 2018. The City’s reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the following graph indicating 80.96% of total revenues are from general tax revenues:

Revenue Sources	2018	Percent of Total
General Tax Revenues	\$26,750,954	80.96%
Intergovernmental Revenue, Unrestricted	831,777	2.52%
Program Revenues	4,147,130	12.55%
General Other	1,311,093	3.97%
Total Revenue	<u>\$33,040,954</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

2018



Business-Type Activities

The net position of the business type activities increased by \$236,282. There were no significant fluctuations in the Water, Sewer, Storm or Sanitation funds. The increases in revenue were directly related to the rate increase. Expenses increased \$408,043 as a result of increased personnel costs and additional contract services.

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

Unaudited

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$50,472,845 which is an increase from last year's balance of \$23,829,381. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance by funds as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	Fund Balance December 31, 2018	Fund Balance December 31, 2017	Increase (Decrease)
General	\$8,002,970	\$7,142,309	\$860,661
Permissive Tax	998,987	1,188,295	(189,308)
Street Construction, Maintenance, and Repair	2,572,647	3,218,235	(645,588)
Taylor Square TIEF Debt Retirement	512,695	486,026	26,669
Capital Improvement	29,273,926	4,561,244	24,712,682
Other Governmental	9,111,620	7,233,272	1,878,348
Total	<u>\$50,472,845</u>	<u>\$23,829,381</u>	<u>\$26,643,464</u>

General Fund – The City's General Fund balance increased \$860,661. Revenues were up approximately 12.4% or \$2,099,427 compared to 2017. The revenue increase is primarily related to the increase in income tax revenues. This is the first full year of tax collections with the new 2.5% income tax rate.

	2018 Revenues	2017 Revenues	Increase (Decrease)
Taxes	\$15,967,059	\$13,890,938	\$2,076,121
Intergovernmental Revenue	801,531	783,591	17,940
Charges for Services	188,350	228,582	(40,232)
Licenses and Permits	355,281	346,934	8,347
Investment Earnings	425,080	234,312	190,768
Fines and Forfeitures	355,762	371,737	(15,975)
All Other Revenue	938,264	1,075,806	(137,542)
Total	<u>\$19,031,327</u>	<u>\$16,931,900</u>	<u>\$2,099,427</u>

***Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

Unaudited

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities of the General Fund:

	2018 Expenditures	2017 Expenditures	Increase (Decrease)
Security of Persons and Property	\$10,446,696	\$9,339,048	\$1,107,648
Public Health and Welfare Services	302,551	285,500	17,051
Leisure Time Activities	1,854,622	1,357,137	497,485
Community Environment	1,434,545	1,474,591	(40,046)
General Government	4,172,850	3,434,198	738,652
Total	\$18,211,264	\$15,890,474	\$2,320,790

General Fund expenditures increased by \$2,320,790 or 14.6% compared to the prior year. Security of Person and Property increase is related to the turnover in staff and the related expenses in hiring new police officers. Leisure Time Activities increase related to the increased personnel, program and park maintenance and equipment costs. General Government increase was due to increased liability insurance costs and building repair and maintenance. There were significant costs for the City Hall roof repair.

Permissive Tax Fund – The Permissive Tax Fund balance decreased by \$189,308. There was increased street construction from this fund.

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund – The Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund balance decreased by \$645,588. 2018 Street program accounted for the majority of the decrease.

Taylor Square TIEF Debt Retirement Fund – The Taylor Square TIEF Debt Retirement Fund balance did not change significantly.

Capital Improvement Fund – The Capital Improvement Fund balance increased by \$24,712,682 to \$29,273,926. This increase is due to the unspent proceeds from the \$28,000,000 bond issue for the YMCA Community Recreation Center. The project is expected to be completed in December 2019.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Factors concerning the finances of the Water, Sewer, Storm Water Drainage and Solid Waste major enterprise funds have been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of 2018, the City amended its General Fund budget several times, none of which were significant. Final budgeted expenditures exceeded original budgeted expenditures by \$356,481. The most significant increase from the original budget was in the General Administrative. This additional appropriation was made to pay the 2019 Worker's Comp premiums prior to December 31, 2018, so that the City could take advantage of a significant discount.

With regard to expenditures, there was a positive variance with the final budget of \$2,078,537. Security of Persons and Property had a positive variance of \$660,601. Personal services positive variance was due to the budget included more new officers than were hired. Contractual services had savings from prisoner care, building maintenance and utilities. Capital outlay was under budget due to the reduction in the number of cruisers and undercover automobiles purchased. Leisure Time activities was another area that had a significant positive variance of \$447,592. The majority of the amount was from contract services. This positive variance resulted from savings in utilities, building maintenance, and miscellaneous contract services.

The General Fund final budget basis revenue of \$17,908,236 did not significantly change over the original budget estimates. The actual revenues and other financing sources of \$18,529,144 on a budgetary basis were over final budgeted amounts by \$620,908. The majority of this increase was from investment earnings and other revenues which resulted from increased rental income and school resource officer reimbursement.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2018, the City had \$146,116,975 net of accumulated depreciation invested in land, construction in progress, buildings, infrastructure, equipment and vehicles. Of this total, \$64,359,286 was related to governmental activities and \$81,757,689 to the business-type activities. The following tables show 2018 and 2017 balances:

	Governmental Activities		Change
	2018	2017	
Land	\$17,432,481	\$17,207,481	\$225,000
Buildings	11,689,146	11,665,066	24,080
Improvements Other than Buildings	2,558,160	2,319,351	238,809
Infrastructure	62,222,550	59,115,123	3,107,427
Machinery and Equipment	7,288,101	5,563,348	1,724,753
Construction In Progress	10,623,448	4,767,095	5,856,353
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(47,454,600)	(44,287,517)	(3,167,083)
Totals	<u>\$64,359,286</u>	<u>\$56,349,947</u>	<u>\$8,009,339</u>

Land increased from the City purchasing the empty lot at Lancaster Avenue and Main Street. The plan is to create a parking area and green space to serve the Old Reynoldsburg businesses. Increases to Infrastructure were for the completed Livingston Ave project and Street programs. Machinery and equipment included several cruisers, park equipment and the new 911 dispatcher system. Construction in progress primarily increased due to the construction of the YMCA Community Recreation Center.

	Business-Type Activities		Change
	2018	2017	
Land	\$3,000	\$3,000	\$0
Buildings and Improvements	162,491	162,491	0
Infrastructure	137,408,117	134,814,784	2,593,333
Machinery and Equipment	1,666,373	1,465,197	201,176
Construction in Progress	1,124,368	2,299,411	(1,175,043)
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(58,606,660)	(55,763,146)	(2,843,514)
Totals	<u>\$81,757,689</u>	<u>\$82,981,737</u>	<u>(\$1,224,048)</u>

Business-type capital assets decreased by \$1,224,048. Infrastructure increased due to the completion of the Main Street Water line replacement. Construction in Progress decreased due to the completion of Main Street waterline project and Street programs. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7.

***Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

Unaudited

Debt

At December 31, 2018, the City had \$42,535,989 in general obligation bonds outstanding, \$2,601,100 due within one year. The following table summarizes the City's long-term liabilities outstanding as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Governmental Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds	\$39,948,089	\$12,430,000
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans	1,774,965	2,073,405
Net Pension Liability	17,367,269	21,772,281
Net OPEB Liability	15,100,007	14,389,113
Compensated Absences	1,622,211	1,461,297
Total Governmental Activities	<u>75,812,541</u>	<u>52,126,096</u>
Business-Type Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds	2,587,900	2,960,500
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans	555,814	687,600
Net Pension Liability	751,581	1,057,945
Net OPEB Liability	529,265	503,940
Compensated Absences	52,305	40,781
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>4,476,865</u>	<u>5,250,766</u>
Totals	<u>\$80,289,406</u>	<u>\$57,376,862</u>

Total long-term liabilities increased \$22,912,544 from 2017 to 2018. Governmental Activities General Obligation bonds increased by \$28,000,000 which was for the YMCA Community Recreation Center Bond Issue. This increase was reduced by the changes in Net Pension and Net OPEB liability and the regular schedule debt payments. At December 31, 2018, the City's outstanding debt was below the legal limit. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 10.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. Stephen M. Cicak, City Auditor of the City of Reynoldsburg.



CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2018**

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 28,642,715	\$ 5,567,990	\$ 34,210,705
Investments	20,168,868	4,349,755	24,518,623
Receivables:			
Taxes	6,240,751	0	6,240,751
Accounts	55,886	3,189,297	3,245,183
Intergovernmental	1,263,072	0	1,263,072
Interest	86,007	0	86,007
Special Assessments	0	37,528	37,528
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost	258,909	124,637	383,546
Prepaid Items	57,619	19,928	77,547
Restricted Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	491,858	125,463	617,321
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	1,108,260	0	1,108,260
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	28,055,929	1,127,368	29,183,297
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	36,303,357	80,630,321	116,933,678
Total Assets	122,733,231	95,172,287	217,905,518
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred Charge on Refunding	525,023	0	525,023
Pension	3,916,338	185,744	4,102,082
OPEB	1,430,661	38,949	1,469,610
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,872,022	224,693	6,096,715
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	856,227	400,806	1,257,033
Accrued Wages and Benefits	643,375	41,551	684,926
Intergovernmental Payable	891,385	1,795,930	2,687,315
Claims Payable	30,928	0	30,928
Retainage Payable	491,858	0	491,858
Refundable Deposits	0	125,463	125,463
Unearned Revenue	0	308,694	308,694
Accrued Interest Payable	108,466	4,966	113,432
Long Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	3,267,310	558,118	3,825,428
Due in More Than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	17,367,269	751,581	18,118,850
Net OPEB Liability	15,100,007	529,265	15,629,272
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	40,077,955	2,637,901	42,715,856
Total Liabilities	78,834,780	7,154,275	85,989,055
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Property Tax	2,205,208	0	2,205,208
Pension	2,890,402	176,165	3,066,567
OPEB	1,581,619	39,427	1,621,046
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,677,229	215,592	6,892,821

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	44,334,676	78,651,623	122,986,299
Restricted For:			
Capital Projects	895,702	0	895,702
Debt Service	4,127,633	0	4,127,633
Security of Persons and Property	493,486	0	493,486
Streets and Highways	5,448,994	0	5,448,994
Leisure Time Activities	432,441	0	432,441
Other Purposes	169,035	0	169,035
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(12,808,723)	9,375,490	(3,433,233)
Total Net Position	\$ 43,093,244	\$ 88,027,113	\$ 131,120,357

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	Expenses	Program Revenues		
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Governmental Activities:				
Security of Persons and Property	\$ 11,557,087	\$ 378,681	\$ 2,924	\$ 0
Public Health and Welfare Services	302,551	0	0	0
Leisure Time Activities	1,834,154	162,044	432,441	0
Community Environment	1,684,015	556,063	0	0
Transportation	4,462,061	152	1,900,711	264,409
General Government	5,706,903	449,705	0	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,326,652	0	0	0
Total Governmental Activities	26,873,423	1,546,645	2,336,076	264,409
Business-Type Activities:				
Water	6,224,960	7,341,919	0	68,379
Sewer	6,412,549	6,457,926	0	99,445
Storm Water Drainage	2,315,012	1,326,282	0	0
Solid Waste	1,950,363	1,845,215	0	0
Total Business-Type Activities	16,902,884	16,971,342	0	167,824
Totals	\$ 43,776,307	\$ 18,517,987	\$ 2,336,076	\$ 432,233

General Revenues

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Special Purposes

Debt Service

Income Taxes

Other Local Taxes

Intergovernmental Revenue, Unrestricted

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year, Restated

Net Position End of Year

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

Net (Expense) Revenue
and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ (11,175,482)	\$ 0	\$ (11,175,482)
(302,551)	0	(302,551)
(1,239,669)	0	(1,239,669)
(1,127,952)	0	(1,127,952)
(2,296,789)	0	(2,296,789)
(5,257,198)	0	(5,257,198)
(1,326,652)	0	(1,326,652)
<u>(22,726,293)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(22,726,293)</u>
0	1,185,338	1,185,338
0	144,822	144,822
0	(988,730)	(988,730)
0	(105,148)	(105,148)
<u>0</u>	<u>236,282</u>	<u>236,282</u>
<u>(22,726,293)</u>	<u>236,282</u>	<u>(22,490,011)</u>
277,044	0	277,044
191,078	0	191,078
1,903,187	0	1,903,187
23,799,351	0	23,799,351
580,294	0	580,294
831,777	0	831,777
694,709	0	694,709
616,384	0	616,384
<u>28,893,824</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>28,893,824</u>
6,167,531	236,282	6,403,813
36,925,713	87,790,831	124,716,544
<u>\$ 43,093,244</u>	<u>\$ 88,027,113</u>	<u>\$ 131,120,357</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
December 31, 2018**

	General	Permissive Tax	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair	Taylor Square TIEF Debt Retirement
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,832,366	\$ 547,927	\$ 1,226,890	\$ 1,081,370
Investments	2,764,672	406,836	910,967	0
Receivables:				
Taxes	3,029,613	0	0	1,611,560
Accounts	52,990	0	2,896	0
Intergovernmental	408,081	129,066	660,126	0
Interest	78,301	2,080	5,021	0
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost	8,335	0	250,574	0
Prepaid Items	57,435	0	146	0
Restricted Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0	0	0	0
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	0	1,108,260	0	0
Total Assets	\$ 10,231,793	\$ 2,194,169	\$ 3,056,620	\$ 2,692,930
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 370,504	\$ 0	\$ 20,447	\$ 0
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	618,330	0	21,321	0
Intergovernmental Payable	57,148	0	0	568,675
Claims Payable	30,928	0	0	0
Retainage Payable	0	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	1,076,910	0	41,768	568,675
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Property Tax	279,151	0	0	1,611,560
Unavailable Revenue	872,762	1,195,182	442,205	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,151,913	1,195,182	442,205	1,611,560
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	65,770	0	250,720	0
Restricted	1,365	998,987	2,321,927	512,695
Committed	42,843	0	0	0
Assigned	2,504,975	0	0	0
Unassigned	5,388,017	0	0	0
Total Fund Balances	8,002,970	998,987	2,572,647	512,695
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 10,231,793	\$ 2,194,169	\$ 3,056,620	\$ 2,692,930

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

Capital Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 16,191,658	\$ 5,762,504	\$ 28,642,715
13,073,968	3,012,425	20,168,868
563,812	1,035,766	6,240,751
0	0	55,886
0	65,799	1,263,072
0	605	86,007
0	0	258,909
0	38	57,619
491,858	0	491,858
0	0	1,108,260
<u>\$ 30,321,296</u>	<u>\$ 9,877,137</u>	<u>\$ 58,373,945</u>
\$ 433,797	\$ 31,479	\$ 856,227
0	3,724	643,375
0	265,562	891,385
0	0	30,928
491,858	0	491,858
<u>925,655</u>	<u>300,765</u>	<u>2,913,773</u>
0	314,497	2,205,208
<u>121,715</u>	<u>150,255</u>	<u>2,782,119</u>
<u>121,715</u>	<u>464,752</u>	<u>4,987,327</u>
0	38	316,528
21,734,698	5,875,388	31,445,060
5,037,408	3,236,194	8,316,445
2,501,820	0	5,006,795
0	0	5,388,017
<u>29,273,926</u>	<u>9,111,620</u>	<u>50,472,845</u>
<u>\$ 30,321,296</u>	<u>\$ 9,877,137</u>	<u>\$ 58,373,945</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balances
To Net Position Of Governmental Activities
December 31, 2018***

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$	50,472,845
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because</i>			
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			64,359,286
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.			2,782,119
The net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:			
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	1,430,661		
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(1,581,619)		
Net OPEB Liability	<u>(15,100,007)</u>		(15,250,965)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:			
Deferred Outflows - Pension	3,916,338		
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(2,890,402)		
Net Pension Liability	<u>(17,367,269)</u>		(16,341,333)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
General Obligation Bonds Payable	(38,675,000)		
Less: Deferred charge on refunding	525,023		
Plus: Unamortized Premium on Bond Payable	(1,273,089)		
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans Payable	(1,774,965)		
Compensated Absences Payable	(1,622,211)		
Accrued Interest Payable	<u>(108,466)</u>		(42,928,708)
<i>Net Position of Governmental Activities</i>		\$	<u>43,093,244</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements



CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	General	Permissive Tax	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair	Taylor Square TIEF Debt Retirement
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 15,967,059	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,571,847
Intergovernmental Revenues	801,531	264,910	1,378,296	0
Charges for Services	188,350	0	0	0
Licenses and Permits	355,281	0	0	0
Investment Earnings	425,080	(3,630)	52,782	0
Special Assessments	0	0	0	0
Fines and Forfeitures	355,762	0	0	0
Donations	0	0	0	0
All Other Revenue	938,264	0	34,430	0
Total Revenues	19,031,327	261,280	1,465,508	1,571,847
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	10,446,696	0	0	0
Public Health and Welfare Services	302,551	0	0	0
Leisure Time Activities	1,854,622	0	0	0
Community Environment	1,434,545	0	0	0
Transportation	0	450,588	2,101,468	0
General Government	4,172,850	0	0	976,503
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	0	0	500,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0	68,675
Total Expenditures	18,211,264	450,588	2,101,468	1,545,178
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	820,063	(189,308)	(635,960)	26,669
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance Recoveries	41,592	0	0	0
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	0	0	0
Premium on General Obligation Bonds	0	0	0	0
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	41,592	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	861,655	(189,308)	(635,960)	26,669
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	7,142,309	1,188,295	3,218,235	486,026
Change in Inventory	(994)	0	(9,628)	0
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 8,002,970	\$ 998,987	\$ 2,572,647	\$ 512,695

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

Capital Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 5,350,623	\$ 3,432,487	\$ 26,322,016
264,409	135,809	2,844,955
0	174,625	362,975
0	570	355,851
186,374	23,800	684,406
0	2,446	2,446
0	62,155	417,917
0	432,441	432,441
9,022	3,396	985,112
<u>5,810,428</u>	<u>4,267,729</u>	<u>32,408,119</u>
0	170,590	10,617,286
0	0	302,551
0	0	1,854,622
0	138,203	1,572,748
0	78,012	2,630,068
0	785,427	5,934,780
8,945,569	207	8,945,776
0	1,575,265	2,075,265
0	1,088,768	1,157,443
<u>8,945,569</u>	<u>3,836,472</u>	<u>35,090,539</u>
(3,135,141)	431,257	(2,682,420)
0	0	41,592
27,825,998	174,002	28,000,000
0	1,273,089	1,273,089
21,825	0	21,825
<u>27,847,823</u>	<u>1,447,091</u>	<u>29,336,506</u>
24,712,682	1,878,348	26,654,086
4,561,244	7,233,272	23,829,381
0	0	(10,622)
<u>\$ 29,273,926</u>	<u>\$ 9,111,620</u>	<u>\$ 50,472,845</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Reconciliation Of The Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures
And Changes In Fund Balances To The Statement Of Activities
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$ 26,654,086

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.

Capital Outlay	11,555,226	
Depreciation Expense	(3,503,707)	8,051,519

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. disposals and donations) is to decrease net position.

The Statement of Activities reports losses arising from the disposal of capital assets. Conversely, the governmental funds do not report any loss on the disposal of capital assets.		(42,180)
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Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		591,243
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Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		1,677,748
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Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.		(2,252,441)
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Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net OPEB liability are reported as OPEB expense in the statement of activities.		(952,050)
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The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.

Ohio Public Works Commission Loan Payable	(21,825)	
General Obligation Bond Payable	(28,000,000)	
General Obligation Bond Premium	(1,273,089)	
General Obligation Bond Principal Payment	1,755,000	
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan Principal Payment	320,265	(27,219,649)

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		(88,457)
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Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Compensated Absences	(160,914)	
Amortization of Bond Premium	0	
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	(80,752)	(252,288)

<i>Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities</i>		<u>\$ 6,167,531</u>
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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 15,454,713	\$ 15,483,536	\$ 15,430,872	\$ (52,664)
Intergovernmental Revenue	768,100	768,100	802,911	34,811
Charges for Services	207,600	207,600	188,350	(19,250)
Licenses and Permits	324,150	325,724	355,281	29,557
Investment Earnings	150,000	150,000	428,321	278,321
Fines and Forfeitures	455,000	455,000	324,149	(130,851)
All Other Revenues	518,276	518,276	957,668	439,392
Total Revenues	<u>17,877,839</u>	<u>17,908,236</u>	<u>18,487,552</u>	<u>579,316</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	11,306,883	11,346,912	10,686,311	660,601
Public Health and Welfare Services	302,552	302,552	302,551	1
Leisure Time Activities	2,293,804	2,372,456	1,924,864	447,592
Community Environment	1,787,984	1,790,984	1,508,046	282,938
General Government	5,007,787	5,242,587	4,555,182	687,405
Total Expenditures	<u>20,699,010</u>	<u>21,055,491</u>	<u>18,976,954</u>	<u>2,078,537</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,821,171)	(3,147,255)	(489,402)	2,657,853
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance Recoveries	0	0	41,592	41,592
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>41,592</u>	<u>41,592</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,821,171)	(3,147,255)	(447,810)	2,699,445
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	5,351,126	5,351,126	5,351,126	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	651,499	651,499	651,499	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 3,181,454</u>	<u>\$ 2,855,370</u>	<u>\$ 5,554,815</u>	<u>\$ 2,699,445</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Special Revenue Fund – Permissive Tax Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 270,000	\$ 270,000	\$ 264,432	\$ (5,568)
Investment Earnings	0	0	17,031	17,031
Total Revenues	<u>270,000</u>	<u>270,000</u>	<u>281,463</u>	<u>11,463</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Transportation	191,846	642,433	539,677	102,756
Total Expenditures	<u>191,846</u>	<u>642,433</u>	<u>539,677</u>	<u>102,756</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	78,154	(372,433)	(258,214)	114,219
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	954,702	954,702	954,702	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	191,846	191,846	191,846	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 1,224,702</u>	<u>\$ 774,115</u>	<u>\$ 888,334</u>	<u>\$ 114,219</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Special Revenue Fund – Street Construction, Maintenance & Repair Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 1,325,000	\$ 1,325,000	\$ 1,381,442	\$ 56,442
Investment Earnings	25,000	25,000	40,765	15,765
All Other Revenues	15,000	15,000	31,534	16,534
Total Revenues	<u>1,365,000</u>	<u>1,365,000</u>	<u>1,453,741</u>	<u>88,741</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Transportation	1,814,682	2,514,682	2,249,483	265,199
Total Expenditures	<u>1,814,682</u>	<u>2,514,682</u>	<u>2,249,483</u>	<u>265,199</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(449,682)	(1,149,682)	(795,742)	353,940
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,721,977	2,721,977	2,721,977	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	111,316	111,316	111,316	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 2,383,611</u>	<u>\$ 1,683,611</u>	<u>\$ 2,037,551</u>	<u>\$ 353,940</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
December 31, 2018**

	Business-Type Activities		
	Enterprise Funds		
	Water	Sewer	Storm Water Drainage
Assets:			
<i>Current Assets:</i>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,312,711	\$ 1,817,999	\$ 850,371
Investments	1,910,666	1,312,772	666,389
Receivables:			
Accounts	1,654,321	1,534,976	0
Special Assessments	0	37,528	0
Inventory of Supplies at Cost	112,784	0	11,853
Prepaid Items	17,164	2,532	232
<i>Total Current Assets</i>	<u>6,007,646</u>	<u>4,705,807</u>	<u>1,528,845</u>
<i>Noncurrent Assets:</i>			
Restricted Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	125,463	0	0
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	853,553	30,076	243,739
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	22,603,400	28,146,154	29,880,767
<i>Total Noncurrent Assets</i>	<u>23,582,416</u>	<u>28,176,230</u>	<u>30,124,506</u>
Total Assets	<u>29,590,062</u>	<u>32,882,037</u>	<u>31,653,351</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pension	66,351	70,647	48,746
OPEB	13,914	14,814	10,221
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>80,265</u>	<u>85,461</u>	<u>58,967</u>
Liabilities:			
<i>Current Liabilities:</i>			
Accounts Payable	29,819	49,510	2,242
Accrued Wages and Benefits	16,365	15,036	10,150
Intergovernmental Payable	1,133,201	600,038	62,691
Accrued Interest Payable	2,967	313	1,686
Unearned Revenue	0	0	142,586
Compensated Absences Payable - Current	18,448	6,904	15,897
General Obligation Bonds - Current	244,900	36,200	100,000
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan Payable - Current	75,749	60,020	0
<i>Total Current Liabilities</i>	<u>1,521,449</u>	<u>768,021</u>	<u>335,252</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

<u>Solid Waste</u>		<u>Total</u>	
\$	586,909	\$	5,567,990
	459,928		4,349,755
	0		3,189,297
	0		37,528
	0		124,637
	0		19,928
	<u>1,046,837</u>		<u>13,289,135</u>
	0		125,463
	0		1,127,368
	0		80,630,321
	<u>0</u>		<u>81,883,152</u>
	<u>1,046,837</u>		<u>95,172,287</u>
	0		185,744
	<u>0</u>		<u>38,949</u>
	<u>0</u>		<u>224,693</u>
	319,235		400,806
	0		41,551
	0		1,795,930
	0		4,966
	166,108		308,694
	0		41,249
	0		381,100
	0		135,769
	<u>485,343</u>		<u>3,110,065</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
December 31, 2018**

	Business-Type Activities		
	Enterprise Funds		
	Water	Sewer	Storm Water Drainage
<i>Noncurrent Liabilities:</i>			
Refundable Deposits	125,463	0	0
Compensated Absences Payable	4,108	0	6,948
General Obligation Bonds Payable	1,297,600	114,200	795,000
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan Payable	326,594	93,451	0
Net Pension Liability	268,477	285,863	197,241
Net OPEB Liability	189,062	201,305	138,898
<i>Total Noncurrent Liabilities</i>	<u>2,211,304</u>	<u>694,819</u>	<u>1,138,087</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>3,732,753</u>	<u>1,462,840</u>	<u>1,473,339</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Pension	62,929	67,004	46,232
OPEB	14,084	14,996	10,347
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>77,013</u>	<u>82,000</u>	<u>56,579</u>
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	21,512,110	27,872,359	29,267,154
Unrestricted	4,348,451	3,550,299	915,246
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 25,860,561</u>	<u>\$ 31,422,658</u>	<u>\$ 30,182,400</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

<u>Solid Waste</u>	<u>Total</u>
0	125,463
0	11,056
0	2,206,800
0	420,045
0	751,581
0	529,265
<u>0</u>	<u>4,044,210</u>
<u>485,343</u>	<u>7,154,275</u>
0	176,165
0	39,427
<u>0</u>	<u>215,592</u>
0	78,651,623
<u>561,494</u>	<u>9,375,490</u>
<u>\$ 561,494</u>	<u>\$ 88,027,113</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	Business-Type Activities		
	Enterprise Funds		
	Water	Sewer	Storm Water Drainage
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 7,272,506	\$ 6,450,291	\$ 1,321,270
Other Operating Revenue	69,413	7,635	5,012
Total Operating Revenues	7,341,919	6,457,926	1,326,282
Operating Expenses:			
Personal Services	450,903	443,705	316,865
Contractual Services	4,861,949	4,824,318	871,102
Materials and Supplies	119,855	102,843	30,238
Depreciation	737,791	1,031,215	1,074,508
Total Operating Expenses	6,170,498	6,402,081	2,292,713
Operating Income (Loss)	1,171,421	55,845	(966,431)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):			
Interest Expense	(54,462)	(10,468)	(22,299)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(54,462)	(10,468)	(22,299)
Income (Loss) Before Contributions	1,116,959	45,377	(988,730)
Capital Contributions-Tap Fees	68,379	99,445	0
Change in Net Position	1,185,338	144,822	(988,730)
Net Position Beginning of Year, Restated	24,675,223	31,277,836	31,171,130
Net Position End of Year	\$ 25,860,561	\$ 31,422,658	\$ 30,182,400

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

<u>Solid Waste</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 1,845,215	\$ 16,889,282
0	82,060
<u>1,845,215</u>	<u>16,971,342</u>
0	1,211,473
1,949,274	12,506,643
1,089	254,025
0	2,843,514
<u>1,950,363</u>	<u>16,815,655</u>
(105,148)	155,687
0	(87,229)
<u>0</u>	<u>(87,229)</u>
(105,148)	68,458
0	167,824
<u>(105,148)</u>	<u>236,282</u>
666,642	87,790,831
<u>\$ 561,494</u>	<u>\$ 88,027,113</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	Business-Type Activities		
	Enterprise Funds		
	Water	Sewer	Storm Water
<u>Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</u>			
Cash Received from Customers	\$7,338,467	\$6,434,978	\$1,326,923
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(5,017,177)	(4,914,481)	(902,639)
Cash Payments to Employees	(409,862)	(392,149)	(281,648)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	1,911,428	1,128,348	142,636
<u>Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:</u>			
Cash Received from Tap-in Fees in Excess of Cost	68,379	99,445	0
Receipt of Special Assessments	0	15,799	0
Acquisition and Construction of Assets	(1,476,339)	(125,997)	(311,230)
Principal Paid on General Obligation Bonds	(237,300)	(35,300)	(100,000)
Principal Paid on Ohio Public Works Commission Loans	(73,527)	(58,259)	0
Interest Paid on All Debt	(54,929)	(10,542)	(22,487)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,773,716)	(114,854)	(433,717)
<u>Cash Flows from Investing Activities:</u>			
Sale of Investments	1,279,965	221,601	703,351
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,279,965	221,601	703,351
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,417,677	1,235,095	412,270
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	1,020,497	582,904	438,101
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$2,438,174	\$1,817,999	\$850,371
<u>Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents per the Balance Sheet:</u>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,312,711	\$1,817,999	\$850,371
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	125,463	0	0
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$2,438,174	\$1,817,999	\$850,371

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

Solid Waste	Totals
\$1,842,873	\$16,943,241
(1,927,174)	(12,761,471)
0	(1,083,659)
<u>(84,301)</u>	<u>3,098,111</u>
0	167,824
0	15,799
0	(1,913,566)
0	(372,600)
0	(131,786)
<u>0</u>	<u>(87,958)</u>
<u>0</u>	<u>(2,322,287)</u>
397,097	2,602,014
<u>397,097</u>	<u>2,602,014</u>
312,796	3,377,838
274,113	2,315,615
<u>\$586,909</u>	<u>\$5,693,453</u>
\$586,909	\$5,567,990
0	125,463
<u>\$586,909</u>	<u>\$5,693,453</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	Business-Type Activities		
	Enterprise Funds		
	Water	Sewer	Storm Water
<u>Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash</u>			
<u>Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:</u>			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$1,171,421	\$55,845	(\$966,431)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation Expense	737,791	1,031,215	1,074,508
Miscellaneous Nonoperating Revenue	0	(2,940)	0
Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Increase in Accounts Receivable	(15,877)	(22,948)	0
Increase in Inventory	(67,482)	0	(2,670)
Increase in Prepaid Items	(60)	(60)	(7)
Decrease in Deferred Outflows-Pension	83,533	77,810	57,875
Increase in Deferred Outflows-OPEB	(11,688)	(12,610)	(8,638)
Increase in Accounts Payable	4,161	8,411	195
Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits	664	379	708
Increase in Intergovernmental Payable	28,008	7,269	1,183
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue	0	0	641
Increase in Refundable Deposits	12,425	0	0
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	7,891	(1,373)	5,006
Decrease in Net Pension Liability	(123,088)	(101,974)	(81,302)
Increase in Net OPEB Liability	9,046	9,632	6,647
Increase in Deferred Inflows-Pension	60,599	64,696	44,574
Increase in Deferred Inflows-OPEB	14,084	14,996	10,347
Total Adjustments	740,007	1,072,503	1,109,067
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$1,911,428	\$1,128,348	\$142,636

Schedule of Noncash Capital and Financing Activities:

At December 31, 2018 the Water and Sewer Funds had outstanding liabilities of \$15,123 and \$9,212, respectively, for certain capital assets.

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

<u>Solid Waste</u>	<u>Totals</u>
(\$105,148)	\$155,687
0	2,843,514
0	(2,940)
0	(38,825)
0	(70,152)
0	(127)
0	219,218
0	(32,936)
23,189	35,956
0	1,751
0	36,460
(2,342)	(1,701)
0	12,425
0	11,524
0	(306,364)
0	25,325
0	169,869
0	39,427
<u>20,847</u>	<u>2,942,424</u>
<u>(\$84,301)</u>	<u>\$3,098,111</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Statement of Assets and Liabilities
Fiduciary Funds
December 31, 2018***

	<u>Agency</u>
Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 627,027
Receivables:	
Taxes	6,637
Accounts	62
Total Assets	<u>\$ 633,726</u>
Liabilities:	
Intergovernmental Payable	\$ 163,017
Due to Others	470,709
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 633,726</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio (the City) is a home-rule municipal corporation created under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City was first incorporated in 1839 and currently operates under and is governed by its own Charter. The current City Charter, which provides for a Mayor-Council form of government, was adopted in 1979 and has been amended by the voters in 1982, 1987, 1992, 1995, 1997, 2007, 2012, and 2017.

The financial statements are presented as of December 31, 2018 and for the year then ended, and have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification).

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the primary government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the organization, or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

Based on the foregoing, the City's financial reporting entity has no component units but includes all funds, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government, including the following services: police protection, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance, and other governmental services. In addition, the City owns the water distribution system and the wastewater collection system, each of which is reported as an enterprise fund. Treatment services for both water and wastewater are provided by the City of Columbus on a contractual basis. The City is also associated with a jointly governed organization, the Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission. This organization is discussed in Note 14 to the basic financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses. The following fund types are used by the City:

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in the proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is on determination of "financial flow" (sources and use and balances of financial resources). The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the limitations of the City Charter.

Permissive Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the permissive auto license taxes levied for street construction, maintenance and repair.

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund – This fund is used to account for State levied and controlled gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for street construction, maintenance and repair.

Taylor Square TIEF Debt Retirement Fund – This fund is used to account for resources that are used for payment of principal, interest and fiscal charges on the Taylor Square Debt.

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds) of the City.

Other governmental funds of the City are used to account for (a) the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; (b) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds; and (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted or committed to a particular purpose.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

All proprietary funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus provides that all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position.

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation of the City's water service.

Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation of the City's sanitary sewer service.

Storm Water Drainage Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation of the City's storm water drainage service.

Solid Waste Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation of the City's solid waste collection and disposal service.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds - These funds are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governmental units. The agency funds account for building permit fees collected on behalf of the State, mayor's court collections that are distributed to various local governments, hotel tax collections to be distributed to the Reynoldsburg Visitors and Activities Bureau, sewer capacity charges distributed to the City of Columbus, funds on deposit to insure the clean up or repair of damaged property, and miscellaneous funds to account primarily for insurance copayments. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements (Continued)

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a Balance Sheet, which generally includes only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures or expenses reported in the financial statements. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which the City considers to be 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned and is available. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and the revenue is available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. Revenues considered susceptible to accrual at year end include income taxes, property taxes, interest on investments, and state levied locally shared taxes, including motor vehicle license fees and local government assistance. Other revenues, including licenses, permits, certain charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded when received in cash, because generally these revenues are not measurable until received.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by governmental activities, the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year.

1. Tax Budget

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is by fund at the major object level (i.e., personal services, materials and supplies, contractual services) by department. Budgetary modifications may only be made by ordinance of the City Council.

By July 15, the Mayor submits an annual tax budget for the following fiscal year to City Council for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

2. Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes, and reviews estimated revenue. The Budget Commission then certifies its actions to the City by September 1 of each year. As part of the certification process, the City receives an official certificate of estimated resources stating the projected receipts by fund. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year do not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 2018.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

3. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 through March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 through December 31. The appropriation ordinance establishes spending controls at the fund and major object level (i.e. personal services, materials and supplies, contractual services) and may be modified during the year by Ordinance of City Council. Total fund appropriations may not exceed the current estimated resources certified by the County Budget Commission. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the object level. During 2018, several supplemental appropriations were necessary to budget for major capital improvement projects that were not originally appropriated. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. Funds may be moved from one line-item account to another within the same object without approval of City Council. The City Auditor maintains an accounting of the line-item expenditures to ensure that the total expenditures within a department by object do not exceed approved appropriations. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified during the year by an ordinance of City Council. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as final budget amounts in the statement of budgetary comparison represent the final appropriations amount including all amendments and modifications.

4. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balances are carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

5. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The City's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on the cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures recorded when paid. In addition, encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the budgetary basis as opposed to restricted, committed or assigned fund balance on the GAAP basis. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. On the budgetary basis investment earnings are recognized when realized, whereas on a GAAP basis unrealized gains and losses are recognized when investments are adjusted to fair value.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

5. Budgetary Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund, the Permissive Tax Fund, and the Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund:

	Net Change in Fund Balance		
	General Fund	Permissive Tax Fund	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund
GAAP Basis (as reported)	\$861,655	(\$189,308)	(\$635,960)
Increase (Decrease):			
Accrued Revenues at December 31, 2018 received during 2019	(2,477,085)	(44,224)	(225,838)
Accrued Revenues at December 31, 2017 received during 2018	1,912,811	43,763	225,970
Accrued Expenditures at December 31, 2018 paid during 2019	1,045,662	0	41,768
Accrued Expenditures at December 31, 2017 paid during 2018	(748,475)	(116)	(38,991)
2017 Prepays for 2018	80,808	0	140
2018 Prepays for 2019	(57,435)	0	(146)
Adjustment to Fair Value Perspective Difference-	21,053	20,644	(11,899)
Budgeted Special Revenue Funds reclassified as General Fund	83	0	0
Outstanding Encumbrances	(1,086,887)	(88,973)	(150,786)
Budget Basis	<u>(\$447,810)</u>	<u>(\$258,214)</u>	<u>(\$795,742)</u>

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, repurchase agreements, the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio) and certificates of deposit with original maturity dates of three months or less.

The City pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments represents the balance on hand. See Note 4, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Investments

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Ohio Revised Code. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", the City reports its investments at fair value, except for nonparticipating investment contracts (certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements) which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. The changes in the fair value of investments are netted against investment earnings in the operating statements. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices.

The City's investment in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is recognized as an external investment pool by the City. The City measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value. For 2018, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes. See Note 4, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

H. Inventory

Inventory is stated at cost (first-in, first-out) in the governmental funds, and at the lower of cost or market in the proprietary funds. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased and as expenses in the governmental activities and proprietary funds when used.

I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2018, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000. Effective January 1, 2018, the City prospectively applied a new capitalization threshold for any new assets with an individual cost of more than \$2,500.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

1. Property, Plant and Equipment - Governmental Activities (Continued)

Governmental activities capital assets are those not directly related to the business-type funds. These generally are acquired or constructed for governmental activities and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years). These assets are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position, but they are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date received. Capital assets include land, buildings, building improvements, machinery, equipment and infrastructure. Infrastructure is defined as long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significant number of years. Examples of infrastructure include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems. Estimated historical costs for governmental activities capital asset values were initially determined by identifying historical costs when such information was available. In cases where information supporting original cost was not obtainable, estimated historical costs were developed. For certain capital assets, the estimates were arrived at by indexing estimated current costs back to the estimated year of acquisition.

2. Property, Plant and Equipment – Business-Type Activities

Property, plant and equipment acquired by the proprietary funds are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost), including interest capitalized during construction and architectural and engineering fees where applicable. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date received. These assets are reported in both the Business-Type Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds in the fund financial statements.

3. Depreciation

All capital assets are depreciated, excluding land and construction in progress. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Governmental and Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives (in years)</u>
Buildings	15 - 40
Improvements other than Buildings	25
Infrastructure	10-50
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 10

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

<u>Obligation</u>	<u>Fund</u>
General Obligation Bonds	General Debt Retirement Fund, Taylor Square TIEF Debt Retirement Fund, Brice Main TIEF Debt Retirement Fund, Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Storm Water Drainage
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans	General Debt Retirement Fund, Water Fund, Sewer Fund
Compensated Absences, Pension, and OPEB Liabilities	General Fund, Income Tax Fund, Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Storm Water Drainage Fund

L. Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation leave based on length of service and position. Leave time that has been earned but is unavailable for use as paid time off or as some other form of compensation because an employee has not met the minimum service time requirement is accrued to the extent that it is considered probable that the conditions for compensation will be met in the future.

Employees earn 15 days of sick leave per year. After 10 years of service and upon retirement or resignation, full-time employees will be paid 25% of the accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 880 hours. The payment increases every 5 years of employment.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," the City records a liability for vacation time and sick leave when the obligation is attributable to services previously rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits at termination or retirement. The City uses the vesting method for determining the liability for sick leave. Compensated absences accumulated by governmental fund type and proprietary fund type employees are reported as an expense when earned in the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not recorded. For proprietary funds, the entire compensated absences amount is reported as a fund liability. See Note 1.K. for funds liquidating compensated absences.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position - net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Any unspent capital debt proceeds at December 31, 2018 do not reduce net investment in capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

N. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. In addition, interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements. Only transfers between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported on the Statement of Activities.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable – Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Restricted fund balance consists of amounts that have constraints placed on them either externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement (compelled by external parties) that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

Committed – Committed fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City’s highest level of decision making authority. For the City, these constraints consist of ordinances passed by City Council. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed previously to commit those amounts.

Assigned – Assigned fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by the City’s intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Charter authorizes the City Auditor to assign fund balance.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance consists of amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund as well as negative fund balances in all other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City’s policy to use unrestricted resources first (committed, assigned and unassigned), then restricted resources as they are needed, except for the Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds in which restricted resources are used first.

Q. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits, retainage payable, and cash with fiscal agent are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because these funds are being held for specified purposes.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

R. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for water treatment and distribution, wastewater collection and treatment, maintenance of storm water collection systems and collection of solid waste refuse. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

S. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

T. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as “interfund loans receivables/payables.” On fund financial statements, long-term interfund loans are classified as “advances to/from other funds” on the financial statements and are equally offset by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute available expendable resources. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances. The City did not have outstanding interfund loans at December 31, 2018.

U. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Council and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2018.

V. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position for deferred charges on refunding, pension and OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 8 and 9.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

V. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB, and unavailable revenue. On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds Balance Sheet, property taxes that are intended to finance future fiscal periods are reported as deferred inflows. In addition, the governmental funds Balance Sheet reports deferred inflows which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable amounts, is reported only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable amounts for property taxes, income taxes, investment earnings, special assessments, and state levied shared taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position are explained in Notes 8 and 9.

W. Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

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**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 2 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For 2018, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, “Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions,” Statement No. 85, “Omnibus 2017,” and Statement No. 86, “Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues.”

GASB Statement No. 75 addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to OPEB.

GASB Statement No. 85 addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits). These changes were incorporated in the City’s 2018 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 86 improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. These changes were incorporated in the City’s 2018 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

The implementation of GASB 75 had the following effect on net position as reported December 31, 2017:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Water Fund	Sewer Fund
Net position December 31, 2017	\$51,253,817	\$88,288,758	\$24,853,013	\$31,467,305
Adjustments:				
Net OPEB Liability	(14,389,113)	(503,940)	(180,016)	(191,673)
Deferred Outflow - Payments Subsequent to the Measurement Date	61,009	6,013	2,226	2,204
Restated Net Position December 31, 2017	<u>\$36,925,713</u>	<u>\$87,790,831</u>	<u>\$24,675,223</u>	<u>\$31,277,836</u>
	Storm Water Fund			
Net position December 31, 2017	<u>\$31,301,798</u>			
Adjustments:				
Net OPEB Liability	(132,251)			
Deferred Outflow - Payments Subsequent to the Measurement Date	1,583			
Restated Net Position December 31, 2017	<u>\$31,171,130</u>			

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the City made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available.

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 3 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General Fund	Permissive Tax Fund	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund	Taylor Square TIEF Debt Retirement Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid Items	\$57,435	\$0	\$146	\$0	\$0	\$38	\$57,619
Supplies Inventory	8,335	0	250,574	0	0	0	258,909
Total Nonspendable	65,770	0	250,720	0	0	38	316,528
Restricted:							
Transportation Projects	0	998,987	2,321,927	0	0	275,705	3,596,619
Court Projects	0	0	0	0	0	169,035	169,035
Law Enforcement	1,365	0	0	0	0	476,473	477,838
Senior Center	0	0	0	0	0	432,441	432,441
Debt Retirement	0	0	0	512,695	0	3,626,032	4,138,727
Capital Improvements	0	0	0	0	21,734,698	895,702	22,630,400
Total Restricted	1,365	998,987	2,321,927	512,695	21,734,698	5,875,388	31,445,060
Committed:							
Stabilization	0	0	0	0	0	2,836,537	2,836,537
Community Development	0	0	0	0	0	313,953	313,953
Capital Improvements	0	0	0	0	5,037,408	0	5,037,408
Other Purposes	42,843	0	0	0	0	85,704	128,547
Total Committed	42,843	0	0	0	5,037,408	3,236,194	8,316,445
Assigned:							
Projected Budgetary Deficit	1,781,772	0	0	0	0	0	1,781,772
Capital Improvements	0	0	0	0	2,501,820	0	2,501,820
Services and Supplies	723,203	0	0	0	0	0	723,203
Total Assigned	2,504,975	0	0	0	2,501,820	0	5,006,795
Unassigned:							
	5,388,017	0	0	0	0	0	5,388,017
Total Fund Balances	\$8,002,970	\$998,987	\$2,572,647	\$512,695	\$29,273,926	\$9,111,620	\$50,472,845

Stabilization Agreement - In 1994, the City established, by ordinance, a revenue stabilization reserve in the Income Tax Fund and first deposited income tax monies into that fund in 1995. Effective 2009 earnings from designated investments were the primary source of revenue. As a result of the income tax rate increase which became effective July 1, 2017, Council amended the ordinance to allocate .75% of the income tax monies to the revenue stabilization reserve. This amount is in addition to the earnings from designated investments. Amounts in the revenue stabilization reserve may only be expended to continue the basic City services due to a natural disaster or other catastrophic occurrences. The balance of the revenue stabilization reserve at December 31, 2018 is \$2,836,537.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash, cash equivalents and investments. The City Auditor, with the guidance of the City's Treasury Investment Board, has the responsibility of investing all cash. The City has adopted an Investment Policy that follows Ohio Revised Code Chapter 135 and applies the prudent person standard. The prudent person standard requires the City Auditor to exercise the care, skill and experience that a prudent person would use to manage his/her personal financial affairs. The main objectives of the Investment Policy are the preservation of capital, maintenance of liquidity, and maximization of return on the portfolio.

Statutes require the classification of funds held by the City into three categories.

Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the City. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds which are not needed for immediate use but, which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions, and
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. Protection of City cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. The City has no policy on custodial credit risk and is governed by the Ohio Revised Code. Ohio Law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the City places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate fair value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to the City and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

At year end the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$2,996,523 and the bank balance was \$3,293,040. Federal deposit insurance covered \$396,202 of the bank balance and \$2,896,838 was uninsured. Of the remaining uninsured bank balance, the City was exposed to custodial risk as follows:

	<u>Balance</u>
Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$1,219
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.	<u>2,895,619</u>
Total Balance	<u><u>\$2,896,838</u></u>

Investment earnings of \$372,651 earned by other funds were credited to the General Fund as required by state statute.

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments

The City's investments at December 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Investment Maturities (in Months)			
			less than 6	7-12	13-18	19-+
FHLMC	\$4,839,624	AA+ 1	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,839,624
FNMA	1,248,681	AA+ 1	243,599	123,694	0	881,388
FHLB-Bonds and Notes	8,933,853	AA+ 1	629,453	2,173,544	500,045	5,630,811
Negotiable CD's	8,191,086	AAA 2	1,753,136	1,576,384	736,238	4,125,328
FFCB	1,305,379	AA+ 1	94,813	0	0	1,210,566
STAR Ohio	32,458,530	AAAm 1	32,458,530	0	0	0
Total Investments	<u>\$ 56,977,153</u>		<u>\$35,179,531</u>	<u>\$3,873,622</u>	<u>\$1,236,283</u>	<u>\$16,687,717</u>

The City's investments in government agency securities are classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy which are valued using valuation techniques that incorporate market data for similar types of investments, broker quotes and inactive transaction prices. These prices are obtained by our custodian banks from various pricing sources.

1 Standard & Poor's

2 All are fully FDIC insured and therefore have an implied AAA credit rating

* United States Treasury and United States Agency securities underlie the repurchase agreements and are therefore not subject to credit risk disclosures.

Interest Rate Risk – The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of settlement date. The City's Investment Policy does not permit the City Auditor to invest in any security maturing in more than 5 years.

Investment Credit Risk – The City has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of State statute for "interim" funds described previously.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Investment Policy places no limit on the amount the Auditor may invest in one issuer. The policy limits investments with any one financial institution to 35% of the investment portfolio, with the exception of a 40% limit to investments in STAR Ohio. Of the City's total investments, 2% are FNMA, 14% are negotiable CD's, 16% are FHLB Bonds and Notes, 2% are FFCB, 9% are FHLMC, and 57% are STAR Ohio

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the City's investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities pledged by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the City. The City has no policy on custodial credit risk and is governed by the Ohio Revised Code as described under Deposits.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

C. Cash with Fiscal Agents

In addition to deposits and investments, the City has uninsured and uncollateralized cash in the amount of \$1,108,260 being held by the Franklin and Licking County Engineers. This cash is restricted in its use for various road improvement projects.

D. Reconciliation of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The classification of cash, cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements were based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. Repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less were treated as cash equivalents. The classification of cash and cash equivalents (deposits) for purposes of this note were based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 3.

A reconciliation between classifications of cash and investments on the financial statements and classifications per items A and B of this note are as follows:

	<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents *</u>	<u>Investments</u>
Per Financial Statements	\$35,455,053	\$24,518,623
Investments:		
STAR Ohio	(32,458,530)	32,458,530
Per GASB Statement No. 3	<u>\$2,996,523</u>	<u>\$56,977,153</u>

* Does not include cash with fiscal agent.

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***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 5 - TAXES

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real estate and public utility property located in the City and used in business. Real property taxes (other than public utility) collected during 2018 were levied after October 1, 2017 on assessed values as of January 1, 2016, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the county auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be reappraised every six years and equalization adjustments made in the third year following reappraisal. The last revaluations were completed in 2017 in Franklin County and Licking County, and in Fairfield County, the last revaluation was completed in 2016. Real property taxes are paid annually or semi-annually. The first payment is due January 20; the remainder payable by June 20.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at 88 percent of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as the real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurers collect property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including the City of Reynoldsburg. The County Auditors periodically remit to the City its portion of the taxes collected. The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$0.70 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed value upon which the 2018 tax receipts were based was \$739,996,660. This amount constitutes \$722,778,230 in real property assessed value and \$17,218,430 in public utility assessed value.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is .07% (0.7 mills) of assessed value.

B. Income Tax

The City levied a tax of 2.5% on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation and on net profits earned within the City as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the City. The City allows a credit of 100% of the tax paid to another municipality to a maximum of the total amount assessed.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 5 - TAXES (Continued)

C. Tax Abatements

As of December 31, 2018, the City provides tax incentives under the Ohio Enterprise Zone Agreement with four entities.

Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5709, the City established an Enterprise Zone area in 2005, which represents a Project site within the boundaries of the City. The City authorizes incentives through the passage of public ordinances, based upon each businesses investment criteria, and through a contractual application process with each business, including proof that the improvements have been made. The abatement equals an agreed upon percentage of the additional property tax resulting from the increase in assessed value as a result of the improvements. The amount of the abatement is deducted from the recipient's property tax bill. The establishment of the Enterprise Zone gave the City the ability to maintain and expand businesses located in the project site and created new jobs by abating or reducing assessed valuation of properties, resulting in abated taxes, from new or improved business real estate and include inventory and personal property. The City also contracts with the Licking Heights Local School District for payments in lieu of taxes when required by Section 5709.61-69 of the Ohio Revised Code. In conjunction with this agreement the City contracted a Revenue Sharing agreement with Licking Heights Local School District. The agreement allows for a percentage of the withholding taxes collected in the Project site be shared with the School district to compensate for the real estate tax abatement. For 2018 the City paid the School District \$1,206,777 in shared withholding tax.

The entities committed to the acquisition of new equipment, expanded inventory and extensive expansion of the current facility. In addition the entities committed to adding over 900 new permanent full time positions and over 90 permanent part-time positions with estimated annual compensation of approximately \$35,000,000.

The total amount of real property taxes abated in 2018 under the City's Enterprise Zone Agreements was \$75,827.

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2018 consisted of taxes, interest, accounts receivable, special assessments, and intergovernmental receivables arising from shared revenues. Receivables have been recorded to the extent that they are measurable at December 31, 2018, as well as intended to finance 2018 operations. All receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. The only receivable not expected to be collected within the subsequent year are the special assessments which are collected over the life of the assessment.

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities Capital Assets

Summary by category of changes in governmental activities capital assets for year ended December 31, 2018:

Historical Cost:

Class	Balance at December 31, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance at December 31, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$17,207,481	\$225,000	\$0	\$17,432,481
Construction in Progress	4,767,095	9,546,006	(3,689,653)	10,623,448
Subtotal	<u>21,974,576</u>	<u>9,771,006</u>	<u>(3,689,653)</u>	<u>28,055,929</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	11,665,066	24,080	0	11,689,146
Improvements Other than Buildings	2,319,351	238,809	0	2,558,160
Infrastructure	59,115,123	3,107,427	0	62,222,550
Machinery and Equipment	5,563,348	2,103,557	(378,804)	7,288,101
Subtotal	<u>78,662,888</u>	<u>5,473,873</u>	<u>(378,804)</u>	<u>83,757,957</u>
Total Cost	<u>\$100,637,464</u>	<u>\$15,244,879</u>	<u>(\$4,068,457)</u>	<u>\$111,813,886</u>

Accumulated Depreciation:

Class	Balance at December 31, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance at December 31, 2018
Buildings	(\$6,165,102)	(\$289,643)	\$0	(\$6,454,745)
Improvements Other than Buildings	(1,428,686)	(78,046)	0	(1,506,732)
Infrastructure	(33,152,035)	(2,531,381)	0	(35,683,416)
Machinery and Equipment	(3,541,694)	(604,637)	336,624	(3,809,707)
Total Depreciation	<u>(\$44,287,517)</u>	<u>(\$3,503,707)</u>	<u>\$336,624</u>	<u>(\$47,454,600)</u>
Net Value:	<u>\$56,349,947</u>			<u>\$64,359,286</u>

* Depreciation expenses were charged to governmental functions as follows:

Security of Persons and Property	\$486,932
Leisure Time Activities	146,804
Community Environment	4,902
Transportation	2,649,995
General Government	215,074
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$3,503,707</u>

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities Capital Assets

Summary by category of changes in business-type activities capital assets for year ended December 31, 2018:

Historical Cost:

Class	Balance at December 31, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance at December 31, 2018
<i>Capital assets not being depreciated:</i>				
Land	\$3,000	\$0	\$0	\$3,000
Construction in Progress	2,299,411	1,418,290	(2,593,333)	1,124,368
Subtotal	2,302,411	1,418,290	(2,593,333)	1,127,368
<i>Capital assets being depreciated:</i>				
Buildings and Improvements	162,491	0	0	162,491
Infrastructure	134,814,784	2,593,333	0	137,408,117
Machinery and Equipment	1,465,197	201,176	0	1,666,373
Subtotal	136,442,472	2,794,509	0	139,236,981
Total Cost	\$138,744,883	\$4,212,799	(\$2,593,333)	\$140,364,349

Accumulated Depreciation:

Class	Balance at December 31, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance at December 31, 2018
Buildings and Improvements	(\$152,682)	(\$642)	\$0	(\$153,324)
Infrastructure	(54,803,283)	(2,749,814)	0	(57,553,097)
Machinery and Equipment	(807,181)	(93,058)	0	(900,239)
Total Depreciation	(\$55,763,146)	(\$2,843,514)	\$0	(\$58,606,660)

Net Value:

\$82,981,737	\$81,757,689
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***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the City’s proportionate share of each pension plan’s collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan’s fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City’s obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees’ services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan’s board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan’s unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS’ traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS’ fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A	Group B	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013	20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013	Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

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**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member’s career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member’s career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	<u>State and Local</u>
2018 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %
2018 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension	14.0 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.0
Total Employer	<u>14.0 %</u>
Employee	<u>10.0 %</u>

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City’s contractually required contribution was \$634,535 for 2018. Of this amount, \$52,228 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OPF)

Plan Description - City full-time police participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OPF. OPF provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OPF fiduciary net position. The report may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OPF may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OPF offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OPF benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	<u>Police</u>
2018 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	19.50 %
Employee:	
January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018	12.25 %
2018 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension	19.00 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	<u>0.50</u>
Total Employer	<u>19.50 %</u>
Employee:	
January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City’s contractually required contribution to OPF was \$1,109,182 for 2018. Of this amount, \$88,200 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OPF’s total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2017, to December 31, 2017. The City’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City’s share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>OPERS</u>	<u>OP&F</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$5,011,708	\$13,107,142	\$18,118,850
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability-2018	0.031946%	0.213560%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability-2017	<u>0.032770%</u>	<u>0.242958%</u>	
Percentage Change	<u>(0.000824%)</u>	<u>(0.02940%)</u>	
Pension Expense	\$945,049	\$1,485,273	\$2,430,322

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

At December 31, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>OPERS</u>	<u>OP&F</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Changes in assumptions	\$598,933	\$571,147	\$1,170,080
Differences between expected and actual experience	5,117	198,910	204,027
Change in proportionate share	0	984,258	984,258
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	634,535	1,109,182	1,743,717
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$1,238,585</u>	<u>\$2,863,497</u>	<u>\$4,102,082</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$1,075,949	\$453,405	\$1,529,354
Differences between expected and actual experience	98,763	23,712	122,475
Change in proportionate share	0	1,414,738	1,414,738
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$1,174,712</u>	<u>\$1,891,855</u>	<u>\$3,066,567</u>

\$1,743,717 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>OPERS</u>	<u>OP&F</u>	<u>Total</u>
Year Ending December 31:			
2019	\$448,911	\$299,885	\$748,796
2020	(103,664)	180,681	77,017
2021	(473,789)	(288,942)	(762,731)
2022	(442,120)	(199,956)	(642,076)
2023	0	(99,535)	(99,535)
2024	0	(29,673)	(29,673)
Total	<u>(\$570,662)</u>	<u>(\$137,540)</u>	<u>(\$708,202)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA (Pre 1/7/13 retirees)	3 percent simple
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA (Post 1/7/13 retirees)	3 percent simple through 2018. 2.15 percent simple, thereafter
Investment Rate of Return	7.5 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table. For males, Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were used, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015. For females, Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were used, adjusted for mortality improvements back to the observation period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2010. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015 for males and 2010 for females. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2017, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 16.82% for 2017.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2017 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	23.00 %	2.20 %
Domestic Equities	19.00	6.37
Real Estate	10.00	5.26
Private Equity	10.00	8.97
International Equities	20.00	7.88
Other investments	18.00	5.26
Total	100.00 %	5.66 %

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City’s proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$8,899,517	\$5,011,708	\$1,770,447

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date In October 2018, the OPERS Board adopted a change in the investment return assumption, reducing it from 7.5 percent to 7.2 percent. This change will be effective for the 2018 valuation. The exact amount of the impact to the City’s net pension liability is not known.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – OPF

OPF’s total pension liability as of December 31, 2017 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2017, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OPF’s actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2017, are presented below:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	8.00 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent to 10.5 percent
Payroll Increases	3.25 percent
Inflation Assumptions	2.75 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.00 percent simple; 2.2 percent for increases based on the lesser of the increase in CPI and 3%.

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%. Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

	Age	Police	Fire
Healthy Mortality			
	67 or less	77%	68%
	68-77	105%	87%
	78 and up	115%	120%
Disabled Mortality			
	59 or less	35%	35%
	60-69	60%	45%
	70-79	75%	70%
	80 and up	100%	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2016.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OPF’s target asset allocation as of December 31, 2017 are summarized below:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00 %	0.00 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	5.21
Non-US Equity	16.00	5.40
Core Fixed Income *	20.00	2.37
Global Inflation Protected *	20.00	2.33
High Yield	15.00	4.48
Real Estate	12.00	5.65
Private Markets	8.00	7.99
Real Assets	5.00	6.87
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	7.36
Total	<u>120.00 %</u>	

* levered 2x

OPF’s Board of Trustees has incorporated the “risk parity” concept into OPF’s asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.00 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (7.00%)	Current Discount Rate (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$18,169,935	\$13,107,142	\$8,977,970

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability represents the City’s proportionate share of each OPEB plan’s collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City’s obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees’ services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan’s unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' CAFR referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2018, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 1.0 percent during calendar year 2017. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2018 decreased to 0 percent for both plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2018 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$0 for 2018.

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment healthcare plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. OP&F provides health care benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drug, dental, vision, and Medicare Part B Premium to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to postretirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit, or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5 percent and 24 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units and 24 percent of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. There is one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. An Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For 2018, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$29,189 for 2018. Of this amount, \$2,321 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2017, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2017, to December 31, 2017. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	<u>OPERS</u>	<u>OP&F</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$3,529,261	\$12,100,011	\$15,629,272
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability-2018	0.032500%	0.213560%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability-2017	<u>0.033270%</u>	<u>0.242958%</u>	
Percentage Change	<u>(0.000770%)</u>	<u>(0.02940%)</u>	
OPEB Expense	\$214,363	\$769,503	\$983,866

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

At December 31, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Changes in assumptions	\$256,967	\$1,180,704	\$1,437,671
Differences between expected and actual experience	2,750	0	2,750
Change in proportionate share	0	0	0
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	0	29,189	29,189
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$259,717</u>	<u>\$1,209,893</u>	<u>\$1,469,610</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$262,906	\$79,648	\$342,554
Differences between expected and actual experience	0	61,027	61,027
Change in proportionate share	0	1,217,465	1,217,465
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$262,906</u>	<u>\$1,358,140</u>	<u>\$1,621,046</u>

\$29,189 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	OPERS	OP&F	Total
2019	\$58,444	(\$34,209)	\$24,235
2020	58,444	(34,209)	24,235
2021	(54,351)	(34,209)	(88,560)
2022	(65,726)	(34,209)	(99,935)
2023	0	(14,297)	(14,297)
2024	0	(14,297)	(14,297)
2025	0	(12,006)	(12,006)
Total	<u>(\$3,189)</u>	<u>(\$177,436)</u>	<u>(\$180,625)</u>

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2017. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	3.85 percent
Prior Measurement date	4.23 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.50 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	3.31 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	7.5 percent, initial 3.25 percent, ultimate in 2028
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

During 2017, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio is 15.2 percent for 2017.

The allocation of investment assets with the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2017 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	34.00 %	1.88 %
Domestic Equities	21.00	6.37
Real Estate Investment Trust	6.00	5.91
International Equities	22.00	7.88
Other investments	17.00	5.39
Total	100.00 %	4.98 %

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 3.85 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2017. A single discount rate of 4.23 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2016. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.50 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.31 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2034. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 3.85 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (2.85 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (4.85 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.85%)	Current Discount Rate (3.85%)	1% Increase (4.85%)
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$4,688,775	\$3,529,261	\$2,591,225

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2018 is 7.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.25 percent in the most recent valuation.

	1% Decrease	Current Health Care Cost Trend Rate Assumption	1% Increase
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$3,376,750	\$3,529,261	\$3,686,800

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date In October 2018, the OPERS Board adopted a change in the investment return assumption, reducing it from 6.5 percent to 6.0 percent. This change will be effective for the 2018 valuation. The exact amount of the impact to the City's net OPEB liability is not known.

Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2017, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2017, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2017, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	8.0 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent to 10.5 percent
Payroll Growth	Inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus productivity increase rate of 0.5 percent
Single discount rate:	
Current measurement date	3.24 percent
Prior measurement date	3.79 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.00 percent simple; 2.2 percent simple for increased based on the lesser of the increase in CPI and 3 percent

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

<u>Age</u>	<u>Police</u>	<u>Fire</u>
67 or less	77 %	68 %
68-77	105	87
78 and up	115	120

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

<u>Age</u>	<u>Police</u>	<u>Fire</u>
59 or less	35 %	35 %
60-69	60	45
70-79	75	70
80 and up	100	90

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2016. The prior experience study was completed December 31, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2017, are summarized below:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	0.00 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	5.21
Non-US Equity	16.00	5.40
Core Fixed Income *	20.00	2.37
Global Inflation Protected Securities*	20.00	2.33
High Yield	15.00	4.48
Real Estate	12.00	5.65
Private Markets	8.00	7.99
Timber	5.00	6.87
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	7.36
Total	<u>120.00 %</u>	

Note: Assumptions are geometric.

* levered 2x

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 3.24 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8 percent. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 3.16 percent at December 31, 2017 and 3.71 percent at December 31, 2016, was blended with the long-term rate of 8 percent, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 3.24 percent. The municipal bond rate was determined using the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments until 2025. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through 2025, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.24 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.24 percent), or one percentage point higher (4.24 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (2.24%)	Current Discount Rate (3.24%)	1% Increase (4.24%)
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$15,125,159	\$12,100,011	\$9,772,291

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the health care cost trend rate. The trend rate is the annual rate at which the cost of covered medical services is assumed to increase from the current year to the next year. Beginning in 2017, the per-capita costs are assumed to change by the following percentages each year:

Year	Non-Medicare	Non-AARP	AARP	Rx Drug	Medicare Part B
2017	-0.47%	-2.50%	4.50%	-0.47%	5.20%
2018	7.00%	7.00%	4.50%	7.00%	5.10%
2019	6.50%	6.50%	4.50%	6.50%	5.00%
2020	6.00%	6.00%	4.50%	6.00%	5.00%
2021	5.50%	5.50%	4.50%	5.50%	5.00%
2022	5.00%	5.00%	4.50%	5.00%	5.00%
2023 and Later	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	5.00%

To illustrate the potential impact, the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the current healthcare cost trend current rates as outlined in the table above, a one percent decrease in the trend rates and a one percent increase in the trend rates.

	1% Decrease	Current Rates	1% Increase
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$9,399,506	\$12,100,011	\$15,739,377

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date

In March 2018, the OP&F Board of Trustees approved the implementation date and framework for a new health care model. Beginning January 1, 2019, the current self-insured health care plan will no longer be offered. In its place is a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses. The impact to the City’s NOL is not known.

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT LIABILITIES

Long-term debt and other long-term liabilities of the City at December 31, 2018 were as follows:

			Restated Balance December 31, 2017	Additions	(Reductions)	Balance December 31, 2018	Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities							
General Obligation Bonds:							
2.49%	Water System Improvement	2012-2021	\$424,800	\$0	(\$102,300)	\$322,500	\$104,900
2.49%	Sewer System Improvement	2012-2022	185,700	0	(35,300)	150,400	36,200
2.26%	Storm Water Projects	2017-2026	995,000	0	(100,000)	895,000	100,000
2.26%	Water System Improvement	2017-2026	1,355,000	0	(135,000)	1,220,000	140,000
Total General Obligation Bonds			2,960,500	0	(372,600)	2,587,900	381,100
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans (OPWC):							
3.00%	Cobblestone Run/ Windsor Forest Sanitary Sewers	2000-2021	211,730	0	(58,259)	153,471	60,020
3.00%	Old Reynoldsburg North Water Line	2003-2023	139,310	0	(21,525)	117,785	22,175
3.00%	Route 256 Waterline	2003-2023	336,560	0	(52,002)	284,558	53,574
Total OPWC Loans			687,600	0	(131,786)	555,814	135,769
Net Pension Liability-							
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System			1,057,945	0	(306,364)	751,581	0
Net OPEB Liability-							
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System			503,940	25,325	0	529,265	0
Compensated Absences							
			40,781	57,221	(45,697)	52,305	41,249
Total Business-Type Long-Term Debt			\$5,250,766	\$82,546	(\$856,447)	\$4,476,865	\$558,118

			Original Issue
Business-Type Activities			
General Obligation Bonds:			
2.49%	Water System Improvement	2012-2021	\$960,000
2.49%	Sewer System Improvement	2012-2022	350,000
2.26%	Storm Water System Improvement	2017-2026	1,100,000
2.26%	Water System Improvement	2017-2026	1,500,000
Total General Obligation Bonds			\$3,910,000
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans (OPWC):			
3.00%	Cobblestone Run/ Windsor Forest Sanitary Sewers	2000-2021	\$959,964
3.00%	Old Reynoldsburg North Water Line	2003-2023	382,082
3.00%	Route 256 Waterline	2003-2023	923,082
Total OPWC Loans			\$2,265,128

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT LIABILITIES (Continued)

The City issues general obligation bonds and OPWC promissory notes to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of business-type activity major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. The City expects that principal and interest will be paid entirely by user fees from Water, Sewer, and Storm Water Drainage operations.

			Restated Balance December 31, 2017	Additions	(Reductions)	Balance December 31, 2018	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt:							
General Obligation Bonds:							
1.700%	Brice Main Street Refunding	2012-2025	\$6,210,000	\$0	(\$900,000)	\$5,310,000	\$880,000
2.160%	Taylor Square TIF Refunding	2016-2023	3,175,000	0	(500,000)	2,675,000	510,000
2.160%	Police Facilities Refunding	2016-2025	3,045,000	0	(355,000)	2,690,000	360,000
3.6-5%	YMCA Facilities	2018-2048	0	28,000,000	0	28,000,000	470,000
	Unamortized Premium		0	1,273,089	0	1,273,089	0
	Total General Obligation Bonds		12,430,000	29,273,089	(1,755,000)	39,948,089	2,220,000
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans (OPWC):							
0.00%	Lancaster Avenue Reconstruction Loan	1997-2018	17,808	0	(17,808)	0	0
0.00%	Commercial Corridor Phase 1	2003-2019	174,999	0	(116,667)	58,332	58,332
0.00%	Commercial Corridor Phase 2	2005-2020	618,750	0	(123,750)	495,000	123,750
0.00%	Brice Road Corridor	2015-2036	1,004,058	0	(54,273)	949,785	54,273
0.00%	Livingston Avenue Resurfacing	2016-2036	257,790	21,825	(7,767)	271,848	15,534
	Total OPWC Loans		2,073,405	21,825	(320,265)	1,774,965	251,889
Net Pension Liability							
	Ohio Public Employees Retirement System		6,383,565	0	(2,123,438)	4,260,127	0
	Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund		15,388,716	0	(2,281,574)	13,107,142	0
	Total Net Pension Liability		21,772,281	0	(4,405,012)	17,367,269	0
Net OPEB Liability							
	Ohio Public Employees Retirement System		2,856,443	143,553	0	2,999,996	0
	Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund		11,532,670	567,341	0	12,100,011	0
	Total Net OPEB Liability		14,389,113	710,894	0	15,100,007	0
Compensated Absences							
			1,461,297	1,148,122	(987,208)	1,622,211	795,421
	Total Governmental Activities		\$52,126,096	\$31,153,930	(\$7,467,485)	\$75,812,541	\$3,267,310

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT LIABILITIES (Continued)

			<u>Original Issue</u>
Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt:			
General Obligation Bonds:			
1.700%	Brice Main Street Refunding	2012-2025	\$7,705,000
2.160%	Taylor Square TIF Refunding	2016-2023	3,735,000
2.160%	Police Facilities Refunding	2016-2025	3,450,000
3.480%	YMCA Facilities	2018-2048	<u>28,000,000</u>
Total General Obligation Bonds			<u>\$42,890,000</u>
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans (OPWC):			
0.00%	Lancaster Avenue Reconstruction Loan	1997-2018	\$1,117,589
0.00%	Commercial Corridor Phase 1	2003-2019	1,750,000
0.00%	Commercial Corridor Phase 2	2005-2020	1,980,000
0.00%	Brice Road Corridor	2015-2036	1,085,468
0.00%	Livingston Avenue Resurfacing	2016-2036	<u>257,790</u>
Total OPWC Loans			<u>\$6,190,847</u>

The City issues general obligation bonds and OPWC promissory notes to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of governmental major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. The City expects that principal and interest will be paid from revenues of the City's municipal income tax along with TIF proceeds for the Taylor Square and Brice-Main debt. These proceeds apply towards the Taylor Square TIF refunding and the Commercial Corridor Phase I issues.

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**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT LIABILITIES (Continued)

A. Principal and Interest Requirements

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term liabilities outstanding at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

Business-Type Activities:			Governmental Activities:		
Years	General Obligation Bonds		General Obligation Bonds		
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2019	\$381,100	\$59,574	\$2,220,000	\$1,301,593	
2020	394,600	50,637	2,270,000	1,244,315	
2021	403,200	41,387	2,285,000	1,185,246	
2022	299,000	31,934	2,340,000	1,125,050	
2023	270,000	25,086	2,285,000	1,062,957	
2024-2028	840,000	38,194	5,190,000	4,563,983	
2029-2033	0	0	4,145,000	3,679,039	
2034-2038	0	0	4,980,000	2,846,202	
2039-2043	0	0	5,910,000	1,916,308	
2044-2048	0	0	7,050,000	779,400	
Totals	<u>\$2,587,900</u>	<u>\$246,812</u>	<u>\$38,675,000</u>	<u>\$19,704,093</u>	
Years	Ohio Public Works Commission Loans		Ohio Public Works Commission Loans		
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2019	\$135,769	\$15,663	\$251,889	\$0	
2020	139,873	11,560	193,557	0	
2021	112,012	7,332	193,557	0	
2022	82,827	4,428	193,557	0	
2023	85,333	1,926	69,807	0	
2024-2028	0	0	349,035	0	
2029-2033	0	0	349,035	0	
2034-2036	0	0	174,528	0	
Totals	<u>\$555,814</u>	<u>\$40,909</u>	<u>\$1,774,965</u>	<u>\$0</u>	

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. During 2018, the City contracted with several different insurance providers for various insurance coverages, as follows:

Insurance Provider	Coverage	Deductible
Argonaut Insurance Company	Automobile	\$1,000 Comprehensive; 1,000 Collision
Argonaut Insurance Company	General Liability	0
Argonaut Insurance Company	Property Casualty	5,000
Argonaut Insurance Company	Electronic Data Processing	1,000
Argonaut Insurance Company	Fine Arts	1,000
Argonaut Insurance Company	Difference in Conditions	50,000
Argonaut Insurance Company	Miscellaneous Equipment	1,000
Argonaut Insurance Company	Boiler and Machinery	1,000
Argonaut Insurance Company	Law Enforcement Liability	25,000/occurrence
Argonaut Insurance Company	Public Officials Liability	25,000/occurrence
Argonaut Insurance Company	Museum	1,000
Argonaut Insurance Company	Employee Benefits Liability	1,000
Argonaut Insurance Company	Umbrella Excess Liability	0
Argonaut Insurance Company	Employment Practices Liability	25,000

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from coverages in the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three years.

Workers' compensation claims are covered through the City's participation in the State of Ohio's program. The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based upon a rate per \$100 of payroll. The rate is determined based on accident history and administrative costs.

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 12 – SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2018, the City had the following commitments with respect to contractual obligations:

<u>Contractual Commitments</u>	<u>Remaining Contractual Commitments</u>	<u>Projected Date of Completion</u>
2018 Street Program	\$144,656	2019
Palmer Road Construction	147,128	2020
Recreation Center/YMCA	8,672,527	2020

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end, the amount of encumbrances expected to honor upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

Governmental Funds:	
General Fund	\$1,087,530
Permissive Tax Fund	88,973
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund	150,786
Capital Improvement Fund	9,896,749
Other Governmental Funds	285,505
Total Governmental Funds	<u>11,509,543</u>
Enterprise Funds:	
Water Fund	1,431,043
Sewer Fund	191,441
Storm Water Drainage Fund	212,551
Solid Waste Fund	359,582
Total Enterprise Funds	<u>2,194,617</u>
Total	<u>\$13,704,160</u>

***Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES

The City may be party to legal proceedings for damages or injunctive relief. The City's legal counsel estimated that the potential uninsured claims against the City resulting from the proceedings would not materially affect the financial statements of the City.

NOTE 14 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The City is a participant in the Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission (MORPC), a jointly governed organization. MORPC is composed of 74 representatives appointed by member governments who make up the Commission, the policy-making body of MORPC, and the oversight board. MORPC is a voluntary association of local governments in central and south central Ohio and a regional planning agency whose membership includes over 60 political subdivisions in and around Franklin, Ross, Fayette, Delaware, Knox, Marion, Morrow, Union, Pickaway, Madison, Licking, Hocking, Logan, Perry, and Fairfield counties, Ohio. The purpose of the organization is to improve the quality of life for member communities by improving housing conditions, to promote and support livability/sustainability measures as a means of addressing regional growth challenges, and to administer and facilitate the availability of regional environmental infrastructure program funding to the full advantage of MORPC's members.

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City secured a \$750,000 loan bearing 2.15% interest for seven years from Franklin County Economic Development for infrastructure improvements on Main Street.

The final GMP contract was signed for the Recreation Center for and additional \$14,140,417 in building construction.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Last Five Years***

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Year	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.036135%	0.036135%	0.031197%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$3,729,354	\$3,815,534	\$5,403,714
City's covered payroll	\$3,866,246	\$3,879,333	\$3,883,208
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	96.46%	98.36%	139.16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.36%	86.45%	81.08%

Source: City Auditor's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Year	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.215485%	0.215485%	0.215860%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$10,494,776	\$11,163,001	\$13,886,440
City's covered payroll	\$4,278,029	\$4,673,384	\$4,941,726
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	245.32%	238.86%	281.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.00%	72.20%	66.77%

Source: City Auditor's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015.

Information prior to 2014 is not available.

The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability, which is prior year end.

See accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
0.032770%	0.031946%
\$7,441,510	\$5,011,708
\$4,239,475	\$4,229,723
175.53%	118.49%
77.25%	84.66%

<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
0.242958%	0.213560%
\$15,388,716	\$13,107,142
\$5,321,716	\$4,945,153
289.17%	265.05%
68.36%	70.91%

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of City Pension Contributions
Last Ten Years***

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Year	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>
Contractually required contribution	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
City's covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Source: City Auditor's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Year	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$497,873	\$500,771	\$536,208	\$550,027
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>497,873</u>	<u>500,771</u>	<u>536,208</u>	<u>550,027</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
City's covered payroll	\$3,904,886	\$3,927,616	\$4,205,553	\$4,313,937
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.75%	12.75%	12.75%	12.75%

Source: City Auditor's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015.

N/A - Information prior to 2013 is not available. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

See accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
\$502,612	\$465,520	\$465,985	\$508,737	\$549,864	\$634,535
<u>502,612</u>	<u>465,520</u>	<u>465,985</u>	<u>508,737</u>	<u>549,864</u>	<u>634,535</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$3,866,246	\$3,879,333	\$3,883,208	\$4,239,475	\$4,229,723	\$4,532,393
13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%	14.00%

<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
\$681,490	\$887,943	\$938,928	\$1,011,126	\$939,579	\$1,109,182
<u>681,490</u>	<u>887,943</u>	<u>938,928</u>	<u>1,011,126</u>	<u>939,579</u>	<u>1,109,182</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$4,278,029	\$4,673,384	\$4,941,726	\$5,321,716	\$4,945,153	\$5,837,800
15.93%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%



CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability
Last Two Years***

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Year	2017	2018
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.033270%	0.032500%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$3,360,383	\$3,529,261
City's covered payroll	\$4,239,475	\$4,229,723
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	79.26%	83.44%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	54.50%	54.14%

Source: City Auditor's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Year	2017	2018
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.242958%	0.213560%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$11,532,670	\$12,100,011
City's covered payroll	\$5,321,716	\$4,945,153
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	216.71%	244.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	15.96%	14.13%

Source: City Auditor's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018.

Information prior to 2017 is not available.

The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net OPEB Liability.

See accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of City's Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Contributions
Last Ten Years***

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Year	2009	2010	2011	2012
Contractually required contribution	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
City's covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Source: City Auditor's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Year	2009	2010	2011	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$263,580	\$265,114	\$283,875	\$291,191
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	263,580	265,114	283,875	291,191
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
City's covered payroll	\$3,904,886	\$3,927,616	\$4,205,553	\$4,313,937
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%

Source: City Auditor's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018.

N/A - Information prior to 2013 is not available. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

See accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
\$38,662	\$77,587	\$77,664	\$84,790	\$42,296	\$0
<u>38,662</u>	<u>77,587</u>	<u>77,664</u>	<u>84,790</u>	<u>42,296</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$3,866,246	\$3,879,333	\$3,883,208	\$4,239,475	\$4,229,723	\$4,532,393
1.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	1.00%	0.00%

<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
\$152,851	\$23,367	\$24,709	\$26,609	\$24,726	\$29,189
<u>152,851</u>	<u>23,367</u>	<u>24,709</u>	<u>26,609</u>	<u>24,726</u>	<u>29,189</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$4,278,029	\$4,673,384	\$4,941,726	\$5,321,716	\$4,945,153	\$5,837,800
3.57%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%

***Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NET PENSION LIABILITY

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period 2014-2018.

Changes in assumptions:

2014-2016: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2017: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date

- Reduction in actuarial assumed rate of return from 8.00% to 7.50%
- Decrease in wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25%
- Change in future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.02% to 3.25%-10.75%

2018: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period 2014-2018.

Changes in assumptions:

2014-2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2018: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date.

- Reduction in actuarial assumed rate of return from 8.25% to 8.00%
- Decrease salary increases from 3.75% to 3.25%
- Change in payroll growth from 3.75% to 3.25%
- Reduce DROP interest rate from 4.5% to 4.0%
- Reduce CPI-based COLA from 2.6% to 2.2%
- Inflation component reduced from 3.25% to 2.75%

***Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

NET OPEB LIABILITY

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms: For 2018, there were no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 4.23% to 3.85%.

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms: For 2018, there were no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 3.79% to 3.24%.

*COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND
STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES*

*THE FOLLOWING COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES INCLUDE
THE MAJOR AND NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND FIDUCIARY
FUNDS.*

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

Court Computerization Fund

To account for fees collected for the computerization needs of the Clerk of Courts.

Income Tax Fund

This fund is used to account for the portion of income taxes used for the operations of the Income Tax Department and account for the City's Rainy Day reserve.

Police Pension Fund

To account for taxes levied toward partial payment of the current and accrued liability for police disability and pension.

State Highway Fund

To account for the portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for the maintenance and repair of State highways within the City.

Endowments and Contributions Fund

To account for Endowments and contributions received for the benefit of Senior Center programs and facilities. The principal and interest of these funds can be spent with the approval of City Council.

Gang Resistance Education and Training (G.R.E.A.T) Grant Fund

To account for federal grant monies restricted for the development of programs to educate youth about the dangers associated with joining street gangs.

Law Enforcement Fund

To account for the proceeds from the confiscation of contraband.

Drug Enforcement Fund

To account for mandatory fines collected for drug offenses.

Safety Belt Program Fund

To account for monies used for safety belt education programs.

DUI Education/Enforcement Fund

To account for financial resources used to educate the public regarding laws governing the operation of motor vehicles while under the influence of alcohol.

Federal Forfeiture Fund

To account for monies from the United States Marshall allocated to the City based upon the City's participation in the confiscation of contraband.

(Continued)

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Law Enforcement Assistance Fund

To account for funds received to reimburse continuing professional training programs for peace officers and troopers as per Ohio Revised Code 109.803.

Edward Byrne Fund

The grant monies are received from the United States Department of Justice for the purpose of funding special enforcement initiatives in areas which have been identified as high crime risk.

Indigent Drivers Interlock Fund

To account for fines to be used for electronic monitoring devices where alcohol was a contributing factor.

Community Environment Fund

To account for funds used by various commissions and to pay the costs of activities intended to enrich the quality of life of the residents. Funds are primarily from gifts and donations (The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.).

Supervision and Inspection Fund

To account for fees collected from builders and developers to cover the costs of inspection services required for major capital improvements.

Plot, Grade and Utility Plans Fund

To account for fees collected from builders and developers to cover the costs of engineering reviews of plot, grade and utility plans.

Unclaimed Funds Fund

To account for funds which rightfully belong to the payor and are refunded when the payor provides proof of claim for the funds within the period specified by law. (The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.)

Employees Fund

To account for funds collected from the sale of soft drinks and coffee which help fund special events for City employees. (The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.)

Engineering Fees/Plan Review Deposits Fund

To account for fees collected from builders to cover the costs of engineering reviews of plans and specifications.

Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources and special assessment levies when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

General Debt Retirement Fund

To account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation debt other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

Brice-Main Tax Increment Equivalent (TIEF) Debt Retirement Fund

To account for resources that are used for payment of principal, interest and fiscal charges related to the Brice-Main Tax Increment Financing Agreement.

Kroger Tax Increment Equivalent (TIEF) Debt Retirement Fund

To account for resources that are used for payment of fiscal charges related to the Kroger Company Tax Increment Financing Agreement.

Summit Road Tax Increment Equivalent (TIEF) Debt Retirement Fund

To account for resources that are used in the development of public infrastructure improvements.

Taylor Road Tax Increment Equivalent (TIEF) #1 Debt Retirement Fund

To account for resources that are used for public infrastructure improvements related to the development of a housing development.

Taylor Road Tax Increment Equivalent (TIEF) #2 Debt Retirement Fund

To account for resources that are used for public infrastructure improvements related to the development of retail and commercial space.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

Sidewalk Construction Fund

To account for special assessments and fees collected from sidewalk permits used for sidewalk rehabilitation projects.

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2018**

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,211,070	\$ 2,049,259	\$ 502,175	\$ 5,762,504
Investments	1,395,803	1,223,095	393,527	3,012,425
Receivables:				
Taxes	477,071	558,695	0	1,035,766
Intergovernmental	65,799	0	0	65,799
Interest	605	0	0	605
Prepaid Items	38	0	0	38
Total Assets	\$ 5,150,386	\$ 3,831,049	\$ 895,702	\$ 9,877,137
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 31,479	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 31,479
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	3,724	0	0	3,724
Intergovernmental Payable	265,562	0	0	265,562
Total Liabilities	300,765	0	0	300,765
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Property Tax	206,852	107,645	0	314,497
Unavailable Revenue	52,883	97,372	0	150,255
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	259,735	205,017	0	464,752
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	38	0	0	38
Restricted	1,353,654	3,626,032	895,702	5,875,388
Committed	3,236,194	0	0	3,236,194
Total Fund Balances	4,589,886	3,626,032	895,702	9,111,620
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Funds Balances	\$ 5,150,386	\$ 3,831,049	\$ 895,702	\$ 9,877,137

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 980,400	\$ 2,452,087	\$ 0	\$ 3,432,487
Intergovernmental Revenues	135,809	0	0	135,809
Charges for Services	174,625	0	0	174,625
Licenses and Permits	0	0	570	570
Investment Earnings	23,800	0	0	23,800
Special Assessments	0	0	2,446	2,446
Fines and Forfeitures	62,155	0	0	62,155
Donations	432,441	0	0	432,441
All Other Revenue	3,396	0	0	3,396
Total Revenues	1,812,626	2,452,087	3,016	4,267,729
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	170,590	0	0	170,590
Community Environment	138,203	0	0	138,203
Transportation	78,012	0	0	78,012
General Government	611,064	174,363	0	785,427
Capital Outlay	0	0	207	207
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	1,575,265	0	1,575,265
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	1,088,768	0	1,088,768
Total Expenditures	997,869	2,838,396	207	3,836,472
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	814,757	(386,309)	2,809	431,257
Other Financing Sources:				
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	174,002	0	174,002
Premium on General Obligation Bonds	0	1,273,089	0	1,273,089
Total Other Financing Sources	0	1,447,091	0	1,447,091
Net Change in Fund Balances	814,757	1,060,782	2,809	1,878,348
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	3,775,129	2,565,250	892,893	7,233,272
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 4,589,886	\$ 3,626,032	\$ 895,702	\$ 9,111,620

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
December 31, 2018**

	Court Computerization Fund	Income Tax Fund	Police Pension Fund	State Highway Fund
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 169,789	\$ 1,640,440	\$ 138,200	\$ 148,522
Investments	0	1,285,525	0	110,278
Receivables:				
Taxes	0	265,260	211,811	0
Accounts	0	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	0	0	11,987	53,523
Interest	0	0	0	446
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost	0	0	0	0
Prepaid Items	0	38	0	0
Total Assets	\$ 169,789	\$ 3,191,263	\$ 361,998	\$ 312,769
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 452	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,194
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	0	3,724	0	0
Intergovernmental Payable	302	265,260	0	0
Total Liabilities	754	268,984	0	1,194
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Property Tax	0	0	206,852	0
Unavailable Revenue	0	0	16,946	35,870
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	223,798	35,870
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	0	38	0	0
Restricted	169,035	0	138,200	275,705
Committed	0	2,922,241	0	0
Total Fund Balances	169,035	2,922,279	138,200	275,705
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 169,789	\$ 3,191,263	\$ 361,998	\$ 312,769

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

Endowments and Contributions Fund	G.R.E.A.T. Grant Fund	Law Enforcement Fund	Drug Enforcement Fund	Safety Belt Program Fund	DUI Education/ Enforcement Fund
\$ 432,441	\$ 550	\$ 111,554	\$ 47,495	\$ 4,376	\$ 15,408
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	229	0	60
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>\$ 432,441</u>	<u>\$ 550</u>	<u>\$ 111,554</u>	<u>\$ 47,724</u>	<u>\$ 4,376</u>	<u>\$ 15,468</u>
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 398	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	398	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
432,441	550	111,156	47,724	4,376	15,468
0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>432,441</u>	<u>550</u>	<u>111,156</u>	<u>47,724</u>	<u>4,376</u>	<u>15,468</u>
<u>\$ 432,441</u>	<u>\$ 550</u>	<u>\$ 111,554</u>	<u>\$ 47,724</u>	<u>\$ 4,376</u>	<u>\$ 15,468</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
December 31, 2018**

	Federal Forfeiture Fund	Law Enforcement Assistance Fund	Edward Byrne Fund	Indigent Drivers Interlock Fund
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 85,705	\$ 57,122	\$ 3	\$ 16,077
Investments	0	0	0	0
Receivables:				
Taxes	0	0	0	0
Accounts	0	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	0
Interest	159	0	0	0
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost	0	0	0	0
Prepaid Items	0	0	0	0
Total Assets	\$ 85,864	\$ 57,122	\$ 3	\$ 16,077
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	0	0	0	0
Intergovernmental Payable	0	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	0	0	0	0
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Property Tax	0	0	0	0
Unavailable Revenue	67	0	0	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	67	0	0	0
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	0	0	0	0
Restricted	85,797	57,122	3	16,077
Committed	0	0	0	0
Total Fund Balances	85,797	57,122	3	16,077
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 85,864	\$ 57,122	\$ 3	\$ 16,077

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

Supervision and Inspection Fund	Plot, Grade and Utility Plans Fund	Engineering Fees/Plan Review Deposits Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ 154,918	\$ 87,867	\$ 100,603	\$ 3,211,070
0	0	0	1,395,803
0	0	0	477,071
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	65,799
0	0	0	605
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	38
<u>\$ 154,918</u>	<u>\$ 87,867</u>	<u>\$ 100,603</u>	<u>\$ 5,150,386</u>
\$ 29,435	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 31,479
0	0	0	3,724
0	0	0	265,562
<u>29,435</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>300,765</u>
0	0	0	206,852
0	0	0	52,883
0	0	0	259,735
0	0	0	38
0	0	0	1,353,654
125,483	87,867	100,603	3,236,194
<u>125,483</u>	<u>87,867</u>	<u>100,603</u>	<u>4,589,886</u>
<u>\$ 154,918</u>	<u>\$ 87,867</u>	<u>\$ 100,603</u>	<u>\$ 5,150,386</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	Court Computerization Fund	Income Tax Fund	Police Pension Fund	State Highway Fund
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 789,734	\$ 190,666	\$ 0
Intergovernmental Revenues	0	0	24,055	111,754
Charges for Services	0	0	0	0
Investment Earnings	0	19,650	0	2,857
Fines and Forfeitures	23,976	0	0	0
Donations	0	0	0	0
All Other Revenue	0	2,211	0	0
Total Revenues	<u>23,976</u>	<u>811,595</u>	<u>214,721</u>	<u>114,611</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	0	0	162,822	0
Community Environment	0	0	0	0
Transportation	0	0	0	78,012
General Government	12,634	598,430	0	0
Total Expenditures	<u>12,634</u>	<u>598,430</u>	<u>162,822</u>	<u>78,012</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	11,342	213,165	51,899	36,599
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	<u>157,693</u>	<u>2,709,114</u>	<u>86,301</u>	<u>239,106</u>
Fund Balances End of Year	<u>\$ 169,035</u>	<u>\$ 2,922,279</u>	<u>\$ 138,200</u>	<u>\$ 275,705</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

Endowments and Contributions Fund	G.R.E.A.T. Grant Fund	Law Enforcement Fund	Drug Enforcement Fund	Safety Belt Program Fund	DUI Education/ Enforcement Fund
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	9,831	1,398	0	3,135
432,441	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1,185	0	0	0
<u>432,441</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>11,016</u>	<u>1,398</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3,135</u>
0	0	7,768	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>7,768</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
432,441	0	3,248	1,398	0	3,135
0	550	107,908	46,326	4,376	12,333
<u>\$ 432,441</u>	<u>\$ 550</u>	<u>\$ 111,156</u>	<u>\$ 47,724</u>	<u>\$ 4,376</u>	<u>\$ 15,468</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	Federal Forfeiture Fund	Law Enforcement Assistance Fund	Edward Byrne Fund	Indigent Drivers Interlock Fund
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Intergovernmental Revenues	0	0	0	0
Charges for Services	0	0	0	0
Investment Earnings	1,293	0	0	0
Fines and Forfeitures	83	23,732	0	0
Donations	0	0	0	0
All Other Revenue	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues	<u>1,376</u>	<u>23,732</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	0	0	0	0
Community Environment	0	0	0	0
Transportation	0	0	0	0
General Government	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,376	23,732	0	0
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	<u>84,421</u>	<u>33,390</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>16,077</u>
Fund Balances End of Year	<u>\$ 85,797</u>	<u>\$ 57,122</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ 16,077</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

Supervision and Inspection Fund	Plot, Grade and Utility Plans Fund	Engineering Fees/Plan Review Deposits Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 980,400
0	0	0	135,809
110,750	27,003	36,872	174,625
0	0	0	23,800
0	0	0	62,155
0	0	0	432,441
0	0	0	3,396
<u>110,750</u>	<u>27,003</u>	<u>36,872</u>	<u>1,812,626</u>
0	0	0	170,590
68,932	31,438	37,833	138,203
0	0	0	78,012
0	0	0	611,064
<u>68,932</u>	<u>31,438</u>	<u>37,833</u>	<u>997,869</u>
41,818	(4,435)	(961)	814,757
83,665	92,302	101,564	3,775,129
<u>\$ 125,483</u>	<u>\$ 87,867</u>	<u>\$ 100,603</u>	<u>\$ 4,589,886</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
December 31, 2018**

	General Debt Retirement Fund	Brice-Main TIEF Debt Retirement Fund	Kroger TIEF Debt Retirement Fund	Summit Road TIEF Debt Retirement Fund
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,560,775	\$ 36,364	\$ 214,222	\$ 32,107
Investments	1,223,095	0	0	0
Receivables:				
Taxes	451,050	76,845	10,000	0
Total Assets	<u>\$ 3,234,920</u>	<u>\$ 113,209</u>	<u>\$ 224,222</u>	<u>\$ 32,107</u>
Liabilities:				
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Property Tax	0	76,845	10,000	0
Unavailable Revenue	97,372	0	0	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>97,372</u>	<u>76,845</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balances:				
Restricted	3,137,548	36,364	214,222	32,107
Total Fund Balances	<u>3,137,548</u>	<u>36,364</u>	<u>214,222</u>	<u>32,107</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 3,234,920</u>	<u>\$ 113,209</u>	<u>\$ 224,222</u>	<u>\$ 32,107</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

Taylor Road TIEF #1 Debt Retirement Fund	Taylor Road TIEF #2 Debt Retirement Fund	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
\$ 189,397	\$ 16,394	\$ 2,049,259
0	0	1,223,095
20,000	800	558,695
<u>\$ 209,397</u>	<u>\$ 17,194</u>	<u>\$ 3,831,049</u>
<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
20,000	800	107,645
0	0	97,372
<u>20,000</u>	<u>800</u>	<u>205,017</u>
<u>189,397</u>	<u>16,394</u>	<u>3,626,032</u>
<u>189,397</u>	<u>16,394</u>	<u>3,626,032</u>
<u>\$ 209,397</u>	<u>\$ 17,194</u>	<u>\$ 3,831,049</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	General Debt Retirement Fund	Brice-Main TIEF Debt Retirement Fund	Kroger TIEF Debt Retirement Fund	Summit Road TIEF Debt Retirement Fund
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 2,120,747	\$ 285,008	\$ 0	\$ 28,053
Total Revenues	<u>2,120,747</u>	<u>285,008</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>28,053</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government	0	172,964	0	1,183
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	1,490,265	85,000	0	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,080,242	8,526	0	0
Total Expenditures	<u>2,570,507</u>	<u>266,490</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,183</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(449,760)	18,518	0	26,870
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
General Obligation Bonds Issued	174,002	0	0	0
Premium on General Obligation Bonds	1,273,089	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>1,447,091</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	997,331	18,518	0	26,870
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	<u>2,140,217</u>	<u>17,846</u>	<u>214,222</u>	<u>5,237</u>
Fund Balances End of Year	<u>\$ 3,137,548</u>	<u>\$ 36,364</u>	<u>\$ 214,222</u>	<u>\$ 32,107</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

Taylor Road TIEF #1 Debt Retirement Fund	Taylor Road TIEF #2 Debt Retirement Fund	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
\$ 17,044	\$ 1,235	\$ 2,452,087
<u>17,044</u>	<u>1,235</u>	<u>2,452,087</u>
200	16	174,363
0	0	1,575,265
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,088,768</u>
<u>200</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>2,838,396</u>
16,844	1,219	(386,309)
0	0	174,002
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,273,089</u>
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,447,091</u>
16,844	1,219	1,060,782
<u>172,553</u>	<u>15,175</u>	<u>2,565,250</u>
<u>\$ 189,397</u>	<u>\$ 16,394</u>	<u>\$ 3,626,032</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Major Fund – General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 15,454,713	\$ 15,483,536	\$ 15,430,872	\$ (52,664)
Intergovernmental Revenues	768,100	768,100	802,911	34,811
Charges for Services	207,600	207,600	188,350	(19,250)
Licenses and Permits	324,150	325,724	355,281	29,557
Investment Earnings	150,000	150,000	428,321	278,321
Fines and Forfeitures	455,000	455,000	324,149	(130,851)
All Other Revenues	518,276	518,276	957,668	439,392
Total Revenues	<u>17,877,839</u>	<u>17,908,236</u>	<u>18,487,552</u>	<u>579,316</u>
Expenditures:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Police Department:				
Personal Services	9,409,040	9,186,590	8,956,602	229,988
Materials and Supplies	447,904	449,604	366,308	83,296
Contractual Services	767,420	767,420	550,737	216,683
Capital Outlay	682,519	943,298	812,664	130,634
Total Security of Persons and Property	<u>11,306,883</u>	<u>11,346,912</u>	<u>10,686,311</u>	<u>660,601</u>
Public Health and Welfare Services:				
Miscellaneous:				
Contractual Services	302,552	302,552	302,551	1
Total Public Health and Welfare Services	<u>302,552</u>	<u>302,552</u>	<u>302,551</u>	<u>1</u>
Leisure Time Activities:				
Recreation Department:				
Personal Services	983,301	984,951	897,194	87,757
Materials and Supplies	277,458	303,949	246,244	57,705
Contractual Services	665,162	723,673	463,362	260,311
Capital Outlay	367,883	359,883	318,064	41,819
Total Leisure Time Activities	<u>2,293,804</u>	<u>2,372,456</u>	<u>1,924,864</u>	<u>447,592</u>
Community Environment:				
Building Department:				
Personal Services	369,874	372,874	371,486	1,388
Materials and Supplies	17,468	17,468	5,957	11,511
Contractual Services	91,096	91,096	71,530	19,566
Capital Outlay	2,000	2,000	300	1,700
Total Building Department	<u>480,438</u>	<u>483,438</u>	<u>449,273</u>	<u>34,165</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Major Fund – General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Service Department:				
Personal Services	568,227	568,227	547,193	21,034
Materials and Supplies	23,698	23,698	17,625	6,073
Contractual Services	715,621	715,621	493,955	221,666
Total Service Department	1,307,546	1,307,546	1,058,773	248,773
Total Community Environment	1,787,984	1,790,984	1,508,046	282,938
General Government:				
Mayor:				
Personal Services	219,959	219,959	198,705	21,254
Materials and Supplies	1,000	1,000	586	414
Contractual Services	45,022	45,022	39,276	5,746
Total Mayor	265,981	265,981	238,567	27,414
City Council:				
Personal Services	192,073	192,073	183,486	8,587
Materials and Supplies	1,811	1,811	1,021	790
Contractual Services	64,187	64,187	44,170	20,017
Capital Outlay	3,000	3,000	250	2,750
Total City Council	261,071	261,071	228,927	32,144
Auditor:				
Personal Services	379,955	379,955	332,728	47,227
Materials and Supplies	8,695	8,695	2,924	5,771
Contractual Services	94,913	94,913	76,668	18,245
Total Auditor	483,563	483,563	412,320	71,243
City Attorney:				
Personal Services	516,314	517,814	517,006	808
Materials and Supplies	2,403	2,403	1,929	474
Contractual Services	89,041	89,041	41,319	47,722
Total City Attorney	607,758	609,258	560,254	49,004
Development Director:				
Personal Services	231,857	231,857	227,646	4,211
Materials and Supplies	5,105	5,105	3,343	1,762
Contractual Services	320,168	320,168	223,150	97,018
Total Development Director	557,130	557,130	454,139	102,991

(Continued)

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Major Fund – General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Clerk of Court:				
Personal Services	245,051	247,551	244,525	3,026
Materials and Supplies	5,618	5,618	3,718	1,900
Contractual Services	99,044	99,044	86,286	12,758
Total Clerk of Court	<u>349,713</u>	<u>352,213</u>	<u>334,529</u>	<u>17,684</u>
Human Resources:				
Personal Services	105,499	106,449	106,216	233
Materials and Supplies	15,163	15,163	13,543	1,620
Contractual Services	32,675	32,675	30,902	1,773
Total Human Resources	<u>153,337</u>	<u>154,287</u>	<u>150,661</u>	<u>3,626</u>
Computer Systems:				
Materials and Supplies	17,579	17,579	14,140	3,439
Contractual Services	378,131	378,131	319,318	58,813
Capital Outlay	124,000	124,000	115,378	8,622
Total Computer Systems	<u>519,710</u>	<u>519,710</u>	<u>448,836</u>	<u>70,874</u>
Vehicle Maintenance:				
Personal Services	154,279	155,129	154,652	477
Materials and Supplies	121,096	121,096	99,450	21,646
Contractual Services	61,782	61,782	45,082	16,700
Capital Outlay	54,000	54,000	52,402	1,598
Total Vehicle Maintenance	<u>391,157</u>	<u>392,007</u>	<u>351,586</u>	<u>40,421</u>
Commissions:				
Personal Services	87,206	87,206	75,159	12,047
Materials and Supplies	1,536	1,536	895	641
Contractual Services	34,528	46,028	41,823	4,205
Capital Outlay	500	500	0	500
Total Commissions	<u>123,770</u>	<u>135,270</u>	<u>117,877</u>	<u>17,393</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Major Fund – General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
General Administrative:				
Personal Services	283,155	491,655	454,358	37,297
Materials and Supplies	3,874	3,874	3,100	774
Contractual Services	715,666	715,666	501,460	214,206
Capital Outlay	291,902	300,902	298,568	2,334
Total General Administrative	<u>1,294,597</u>	<u>1,512,097</u>	<u>1,257,486</u>	<u>254,611</u>
Total General Government	<u>5,007,787</u>	<u>5,242,587</u>	<u>4,555,182</u>	<u>687,405</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>20,699,010</u>	<u>21,055,491</u>	<u>18,976,954</u>	<u>2,078,537</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,821,171)	(3,147,255)	(489,402)	2,657,853
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance Recoveries	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>41,592</u>	<u>41,592</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>41,592</u>	<u>41,592</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,821,171)	(3,147,255)	(447,810)	2,699,445
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	5,351,126	5,351,126	5,351,126	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	651,499	651,499	651,499	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 3,181,454</u>	<u>\$ 2,855,370</u>	<u>\$ 5,554,815</u>	<u>\$ 2,699,445</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Major Funds – Special Revenue Funds – Permissive Tax Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 270,000	\$ 270,000	\$ 264,432	\$ (5,568)
Investment Earnings	0	0	17,031	17,031
Total Revenues	<u>270,000</u>	<u>270,000</u>	<u>281,463</u>	<u>11,463</u>
Expenditures:				
Transportation:				
Capital Outlay	191,846	642,433	539,677	102,756
Total Expenditures	<u>191,846</u>	<u>642,433</u>	<u>539,677</u>	<u>102,756</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	78,154	(372,433)	(258,214)	114,219
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	954,702	954,702	954,702	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	191,846	191,846	191,846	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 1,224,702</u>	<u>\$ 774,115</u>	<u>\$ 888,334</u>	<u>\$ 114,219</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Major Funds – Special Revenue Funds – Street Construction, Maintenance, and Repair Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 1,325,000	\$ 1,325,000	\$ 1,381,442	\$ 56,442
Investment Earnings	25,000	25,000	40,765	15,765
All Other Revenues	15,000	15,000	31,534	16,534
Total Revenues	1,365,000	1,365,000	1,453,741	88,741
Expenditures:				
Transportation:				
Personal Services	654,636	654,636	606,476	48,160
Materials and Supplies	322,904	322,904	194,454	128,450
Contractual Services	181,739	181,739	145,731	36,008
Capital Outlay	655,403	1,355,403	1,302,822	52,581
Total Expenditures	1,814,682	2,514,682	2,249,483	265,199
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(449,682)	(1,149,682)	(795,742)	353,940
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,721,977	2,721,977	2,721,977	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	111,316	111,316	111,316	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,383,611	\$ 1,683,611	\$ 2,037,551	\$ 353,940

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Major Fund –Debt Service Fund – Taylor Square TIEF Debt Retirement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 1,571,847	\$ (428,153)
Total Revenues	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,571,847	(428,153)
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Contractual Services	45,000	45,000	20,615	24,385
Other Operating Expenditures	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,336,837	413,163
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	500,000	500,000	500,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	68,675	68,675	68,675	0
Total Expenditures	2,363,675	2,363,675	1,926,127	437,548
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(363,675)	(363,675)	(354,280)	9,395
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	570,000	570,000	0	(570,000)
Transfers Out	(568,675)	(568,675)	0	568,675
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,325	1,325	0	(1,325)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(362,350)	(362,350)	(354,280)	8,070
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,435,650	1,435,650	1,435,650	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,073,300	\$ 1,073,300	\$ 1,081,370	\$ 8,070

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Major Fund –Capital Projects Fund – Capital Improvement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 5,550,000	\$ 5,550,000	\$ 5,518,156	\$ (31,844)
Intergovernmental Revenues	0	0	264,409	264,409
Investment Earnings	0	0	186,374	186,374
All Other Revenues	0	0	9,022	9,022
Total Revenues	<u>5,550,000</u>	<u>5,550,000</u>	<u>5,977,961</u>	<u>427,961</u>
Expenditures:				
Capital Outlay	<u>1,213,344</u>	<u>32,616,007</u>	<u>18,572,729</u>	<u>14,043,278</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>1,213,344</u>	<u>32,616,007</u>	<u>18,572,729</u>	<u>14,043,278</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	4,336,656	(27,066,007)	(12,594,768)	14,471,239
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	27,450,000	27,825,998	375,998
OPWC Loans	0	0	21,825	21,825
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>0</u>	<u>27,450,000</u>	<u>27,847,823</u>	<u>397,823</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,336,656	383,993	15,253,055	14,869,062
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,394,335	3,394,335	3,394,335	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	<u>1,213,344</u>	<u>1,213,344</u>	<u>1,213,344</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 8,944,335</u>	<u>\$ 4,991,672</u>	<u>\$ 19,860,734</u>	<u>\$ 14,869,062</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 21,586	\$ (8,414)
Total Revenues	<u>30,000</u>	<u>30,000</u>	<u>21,586</u>	<u>(8,414)</u>
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Materials and Supplies	16,761	16,761	7,616	9,145
Contractual Services	29,288	29,288	11,112	18,176
Capital Outlay	<u>12,000</u>	<u>12,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>12,000</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>58,049</u>	<u>58,049</u>	<u>18,728</u>	<u>39,321</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(28,049)	(28,049)	2,858	30,907
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	152,208	152,208	152,208	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	<u>3,049</u>	<u>3,049</u>	<u>3,049</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 127,208</u>	<u>\$ 127,208</u>	<u>\$ 158,115</u>	<u>\$ 30,907</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	INCOME TAX FUND			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000	\$ 763,059	\$ 163,059
Investment Earnings	0	0	19,650	19,650
All Other Revenues	0	0	2,211	2,211
Total Revenues	600,000	600,000	784,920	184,920
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Personal Services	86,862	86,862	80,799	6,063
Materials and Supplies	600	600	558	42
Contractual Services	1,842,300	842,300	488,013	354,287
Capital Outlay	3,000	3,000	2,093	907
Total Expenditures	1,932,762	932,762	571,463	361,299
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,332,762)	(332,762)	213,457	546,219
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,712,457	2,712,457	2,712,457	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,379,695	\$ 2,379,695	\$ 2,925,914	\$ 546,219

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 201,578	\$ 224,017	\$ 190,666	\$ (33,351)
Intergovernmental Revenues	0	0	24,055	24,055
Total Revenues	<u>201,578</u>	<u>224,017</u>	<u>214,721</u>	<u>(9,296)</u>
Expenditures:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Personal Services	160,000	160,000	160,000	0
Contractual Services	3,000	3,000	2,822	178
Total Expenditures	<u>163,000</u>	<u>163,000</u>	<u>162,822</u>	<u>178</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	38,578	61,017	51,899	(9,118)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>86,301</u>	<u>86,301</u>	<u>86,301</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 124,879</u>	<u>\$ 147,318</u>	<u>\$ 138,200</u>	<u>\$ (9,118)</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 106,000	\$ 106,000	\$ 112,009	\$ 6,009
Investment Earnings	4,000	4,000	3,620	(380)
Total Revenues	<u>110,000</u>	<u>110,000</u>	<u>115,629</u>	<u>5,629</u>
Expenditures:				
Transportation:				
Materials and Supplies	104,154	104,154	74,831	29,323
Contractual Services	26,073	26,073	19,972	6,101
Total Expenditures	<u>130,227</u>	<u>130,227</u>	<u>94,803</u>	<u>35,424</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(20,227)	(20,227)	20,826	41,053
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	205,377	205,377	205,377	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	36,227	36,227	36,227	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 221,377</u>	<u>\$ 221,377</u>	<u>\$ 262,430</u>	<u>\$ 41,053</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Donations	\$ 0	\$ 432,441	\$ 432,441	\$ 0
Total Revenues	<u>0</u>	<u>432,441</u>	<u>432,441</u>	<u>0</u>
Expenditures:				
Liesure Time Activities:				
Materials and Supplies	0	10,000	0	10,000
Capital Outlay	<u>0</u>	<u>65,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>65,000</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>75,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>75,000</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	357,441	432,441	75,000
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 357,441</u>	<u>\$ 432,441</u>	<u>\$ 75,000</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	G.R.E.A.T. GRANT FUND			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
Revenues:				
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Expenditures:				
Total Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>550</u>	<u>550</u>	<u>550</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 550</u>	<u>\$ 550</u>	<u>\$ 550</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 9,831	\$ (20,169)
All Other Revenues	0	0	1,185	1,185
Total Revenues	<u>30,000</u>	<u>30,000</u>	<u>11,016</u>	<u>(18,984)</u>
Expenditures:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Materials and Supplies	<u>57,918</u>	<u>147,763</u>	<u>55,616</u>	<u>92,147</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>57,918</u>	<u>147,763</u>	<u>55,616</u>	<u>92,147</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(27,918)	(117,763)	(44,600)	73,163
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	89,845	89,845	89,845	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	<u>57,918</u>	<u>57,918</u>	<u>57,918</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 119,845</u>	<u>\$ 30,000</u>	<u>\$ 103,163</u>	<u>\$ 73,163</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,169	\$ 169
Total Revenues	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,169</u>	<u>169</u>
Expenditures:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Materials and Supplies	0	46,326	0	46,326
Total Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>46,326</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>46,326</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,000	(45,326)	1,169	46,495
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>46,326</u>	<u>46,326</u>	<u>46,326</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 47,326</u>	<u>\$ 1,000</u>	<u>\$ 47,495</u>	<u>\$ 46,495</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Expenditures:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Materials and Supplies	<u>0</u>	<u>4,376</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>4,376</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>4,376</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>4,376</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	(4,376)	0	4,376
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>4,376</u>	<u>4,376</u>	<u>4,376</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 4,376</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 4,376</u>	<u>\$ 4,376</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,500	\$ 3,294	\$ 794
Total Revenues	<u>2,500</u>	<u>2,500</u>	<u>3,294</u>	<u>794</u>
Expenditures:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Materials and Supplies	<u>0</u>	<u>12,079</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>12,079</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>12,079</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>12,079</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,500	(9,579)	3,294	12,873
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>12,079</u>	<u>12,079</u>	<u>12,079</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 14,579</u>	<u>\$ 2,500</u>	<u>\$ 15,373</u>	<u>\$ 12,873</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

FEDERAL FORFEITURE FUND				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues:				
Investment Earnings	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,289	\$ 1,289
Fines and Forfeitures	30,000	83	83	0
Total Revenues	<u>30,000</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>1,372</u>	<u>1,289</u>
Expenditures:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Materials and Supplies	0	84,333	0	84,333
Total Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>84,333</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>84,333</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	30,000	(84,250)	1,372	85,622
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>84,333</u>	<u>84,333</u>	<u>84,333</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 114,333</u>	<u>\$ 83</u>	<u>\$ 85,705</u>	<u>\$ 85,622</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE FUND				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues:				
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 1,000	\$ 23,732	\$ 23,732	\$ 0
Total Revenues	1,000	23,732	23,732	0
Expenditures:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Materials and Supplies	0	33,390	0	33,390
Total Expenditures	0	33,390	0	33,390
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,000	(9,658)	23,732	33,390
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	33,390	33,390	33,390	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 34,390	\$ 23,732	\$ 57,122	\$ 33,390

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Expenditures:				
Total Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Expenditures:				
Total Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>16,077</u>	<u>16,077</u>	<u>16,077</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 16,077</u>	<u>\$ 16,077</u>	<u>\$ 16,077</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	COMMUNITY ENVIRONMENT FUND			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
Revenues:				
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Expenditures:				
Total Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>16,555</u>	<u>16,555</u>	<u>16,555</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 16,555</u>	<u>\$ 16,555</u>	<u>\$ 16,555</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 65,000	\$ 125,000	\$ 110,750	\$ (14,250)
Total Revenues	<u>65,000</u>	<u>125,000</u>	<u>110,750</u>	<u>(14,250)</u>
Expenditures:				
Community Environment:				
Contractual Services	<u>60,921</u>	<u>189,721</u>	<u>169,170</u>	<u>20,551</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>60,921</u>	<u>189,721</u>	<u>169,170</u>	<u>20,551</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	4,079	(64,721)	(58,420)	6,301
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	26,124	26,124	26,124	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	<u>60,921</u>	<u>60,921</u>	<u>60,921</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 91,124</u>	<u>\$ 22,324</u>	<u>\$ 28,625</u>	<u>\$ 6,301</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 27,003	\$ (47,997)
Total Revenues	<u>75,000</u>	<u>75,000</u>	<u>27,003</u>	<u>(47,997)</u>
Expenditures:				
Community Environment:				
Contractual Services	<u>93,042</u>	<u>127,027</u>	<u>119,894</u>	<u>7,133</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>93,042</u>	<u>127,027</u>	<u>119,894</u>	<u>7,133</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(18,042)	(52,027)	(92,891)	(40,864)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	14,534	14,534	14,534	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	<u>93,042</u>	<u>93,042</u>	<u>93,042</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 89,534</u>	<u>\$ 55,549</u>	<u>\$ 14,685</u>	<u>\$ (40,864)</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
All Other Revenues	<u>\$ 5,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,000</u>	<u>\$ 14,081</u>	<u>\$ 9,081</u>
Total Revenues	<u>5,000</u>	<u>5,000</u>	<u>14,081</u>	<u>9,081</u>
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Other Operating Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>14,435</u>	<u>14,435</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>14,435</u>	<u>14,435</u>	<u>0</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	5,000	(9,435)	(354)	9,081
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>31,276</u>	<u>31,276</u>	<u>31,276</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 36,276</u>	<u>\$ 21,841</u>	<u>\$ 30,922</u>	<u>\$ 9,081</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	EMPLOYEES FUND			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues:				
All Other Revenues	\$ 500	\$ 554	\$ 554	\$ 0
Total Revenues	<u>500</u>	<u>554</u>	<u>554</u>	<u>0</u>
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Materials and Supplies	700	1,698	1,355	343
Total Expenditures	<u>700</u>	<u>1,698</u>	<u>1,355</u>	<u>343</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(200)	(1,144)	(801)	343
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	504	504	504	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	<u>700</u>	<u>700</u>	<u>700</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 1,004</u>	<u>\$ 60</u>	<u>\$ 403</u>	<u>\$ 343</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

ENGINEERING FEES/PLAN REVIEW DEPOSITS FUND				
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000	\$ 36,872	\$ 1,872
Total Revenues	<u>35,000</u>	<u>35,000</u>	<u>36,872</u>	<u>1,872</u>
Expenditures:				
Community Environment:				
Contractual Services	6,085	101,564	52,870	44,124
Total Expenditures	<u>6,085</u>	<u>101,564</u>	<u>52,870</u>	<u>44,124</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	28,915	(66,564)	(15,998)	45,996
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	95,479	95,479	95,479	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	<u>6,085</u>	<u>6,085</u>	<u>6,085</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 130,479</u>	<u>\$ 35,000</u>	<u>\$ 85,566</u>	<u>\$ 45,996</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

GENERAL DEBT RETIREMENT FUND				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 2,080,000	\$ 2,080,000	\$ 1,986,536	\$ (93,464)
Total Revenues	<u>2,080,000</u>	<u>2,080,000</u>	<u>1,986,536</u>	<u>(93,464)</u>
Expenditures:				
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	1,482,498	1,490,265	1,490,265	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	163,188	1,082,522	1,080,242	2,280
Total Expenditures	<u>1,645,686</u>	<u>2,572,787</u>	<u>2,570,507</u>	<u>2,280</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	434,314	(492,787)	(583,971)	(91,184)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Bonds	0	0	174,002	174,002
Premium on General Obligation Bonds	0	1,070,000	1,273,089	203,089
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>0</u>	<u>1,070,000</u>	<u>1,447,091</u>	<u>377,091</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	434,314	577,213	863,120	285,907
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>1,920,750</u>	<u>1,920,750</u>	<u>1,920,750</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 2,355,064</u>	<u>\$ 2,497,963</u>	<u>\$ 2,783,870</u>	<u>\$ 285,907</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

BRICE-MAIN TIEF DEBT RETIREMENT FUND				
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 285,000	\$ 285,000	\$ 285,008	\$ 8
Total Revenues	<u>285,000</u>	<u>285,000</u>	<u>285,008</u>	<u>8</u>
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Contractual Services	3,700	4,195	3,207	988
Other Operating Expenditures	190,000	190,000	169,757	20,243
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	85,000	85,000	85,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	8,275	8,526	8,526	0
Total Expenditures	<u>286,975</u>	<u>287,721</u>	<u>266,490</u>	<u>21,231</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,975)	(2,721)	18,518	21,239
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>17,846</u>	<u>17,846</u>	<u>17,846</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 15,871</u>	<u>\$ 15,125</u>	<u>\$ 36,364</u>	<u>\$ 21,239</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 0	\$ (50,000)
Total Revenues	<u>50,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(50,000)</u>
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Contractual Services	<u>1,500</u>	<u>1,500</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,500</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>1,500</u>	<u>1,500</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,500</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	48,500	48,500	0	(48,500)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>214,222</u>	<u>214,222</u>	<u>214,222</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 262,722</u>	<u>\$ 262,722</u>	<u>\$ 214,222</u>	<u>\$ (48,500)</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 28,053	\$ 28,053	\$ 0
Total Revenues	<u>0</u>	<u>28,053</u>	<u>28,053</u>	<u>0</u>
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Contractual Services	<u>50</u>	<u>1,185</u>	<u>1,183</u>	<u>2</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>50</u>	<u>1,185</u>	<u>1,183</u>	<u>2</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(50)	26,868	26,870	2
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>5,237</u>	<u>5,237</u>	<u>5,237</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 5,187</u>	<u>\$ 32,105</u>	<u>\$ 32,107</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 18,000	\$ 18,000	\$ 17,044	\$ (956)
Total Revenues	<u>18,000</u>	<u>18,000</u>	<u>17,044</u>	<u>(956)</u>
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Contractual Services	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>	<u>200</u>	<u>800</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>	<u>200</u>	<u>800</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	17,000	17,000	16,844	(156)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>172,553</u>	<u>172,553</u>	<u>172,553</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 189,553</u>	<u>\$ 189,553</u>	<u>\$ 189,397</u>	<u>\$ (156)</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

TAYLOR ROAD TIEF #2 DEBT RETIREMENT FUND

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 800	\$ 800	\$ 1,235	\$ 435
Total Revenues	<u>800</u>	<u>800</u>	<u>1,235</u>	<u>435</u>
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Contractual Services	<u>50</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>34</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>50</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>34</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	750	750	1,219	469
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>15,175</u>	<u>15,175</u>	<u>15,175</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 15,925</u>	<u>\$ 15,925</u>	<u>\$ 16,394</u>	<u>\$ 469</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

SIDEWALK CONSTRUCTION FUND				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues:				
Licenses and Permits	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 570	\$ 570
Special Assessments	40,000	40,000	2,446	(37,554)
Total Revenues	<u>40,000</u>	<u>40,000</u>	<u>3,016</u>	<u>(36,984)</u>
Expenditures:				
Capital Outlay	53,166	53,376	53,372	4
Total Expenditures	<u>53,166</u>	<u>53,376</u>	<u>53,372</u>	<u>4</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(13,166)	(13,376)	(50,356)	(36,980)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	839,727	839,727	839,727	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	53,166	53,166	53,166	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 879,727</u>	<u>\$ 879,517</u>	<u>\$ 842,537</u>	<u>\$ (36,980)</u>

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

Agency Funds

Mayor's Court Fund

To account for funds which are held by the Mayor's court.

Miscellaneous Fund

To account primarily for insurance copayments.

Board of Building Standards Fund

To account for funds from the three percent (3%) fees as required by Ohio Revised Code.

Reynoldsburg Visitors and Activities Bureau Fund

To account for 60%, up to a maximum of \$75,000, of the hotel tax revenues collected by the City which are to be paid to the Reynoldsburg Visitors and Activities Bureau.

Demolition Expense Fund

To account for funds on deposit to insure the clean up or repair of damaged property.

Columbus Sewer Capacity Fund

To account for one third of all sewer capacity charges which are payable by contract to the City of Columbus.

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Combining Statement Of Changes In Assets And Liabilities
Agency Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	Balance December 31, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2018
<u>Mayor's Court:</u>				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$35,539	\$151,146	(\$158,758)	\$27,927
Accounts Receivable	89	62	(89)	62
Total Assets	<u>\$35,628</u>	<u>\$151,208</u>	<u>(\$158,847)</u>	<u>\$27,989</u>
Liabilities:				
Intergovernmental Payable	\$9,406	\$99,149	(\$89,711)	\$18,844
Due to Others	26,222	52,059	(69,136)	9,145
Total Liabilities	<u>\$35,628</u>	<u>\$151,208</u>	<u>(\$158,847)</u>	<u>\$27,989</u>
<u>Miscellaneous:</u>				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$31,751	\$270,316	(\$263,625)	\$38,442
Total Assets	<u>\$31,751</u>	<u>\$270,316</u>	<u>(\$263,625)</u>	<u>\$38,442</u>
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$31,751	\$270,316	(\$263,625)	\$38,442
Total Liabilities	<u>\$31,751</u>	<u>\$270,316</u>	<u>(\$263,625)</u>	<u>\$38,442</u>
<u>Board of Building Standards:</u>				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$9,401	\$9,518	(\$3,873)	\$15,046
Total Assets	<u>\$9,401</u>	<u>\$9,518</u>	<u>(\$3,873)</u>	<u>\$15,046</u>
Liabilities:				
Intergovernmental Payable	\$9,401	\$9,518	(\$3,873)	\$15,046
Total Liabilities	<u>\$9,401</u>	<u>\$9,518</u>	<u>(\$3,873)</u>	<u>\$15,046</u>

CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO

***Combining Statement Of Changes In Assets And Liabilities
Agency Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018***

	Balance December 31, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2018
<u>Reynoldsburg Visitors and Activities Bureau:</u>				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$0	\$75,000	(\$75,000)	\$0
Taxes Receivable	13,630	6,637	(13,630)	6,637
Total Assets	<u>\$13,630</u>	<u>\$81,637</u>	<u>(\$88,630)</u>	<u>\$6,637</u>
Liabilities:				
Intergovernmental Payable	13,630	\$81,637	(\$88,630)	\$6,637
Total Liabilities	<u>\$13,630</u>	<u>\$81,637</u>	<u>(\$88,630)</u>	<u>\$6,637</u>
<u>Demolition Expense</u>				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$35,400	\$412,141	(\$24,419)	\$423,122
Total Assets	<u>\$35,400</u>	<u>\$412,141</u>	<u>(\$24,419)</u>	<u>\$423,122</u>
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$35,400	\$412,141	(\$24,419)	\$423,122
Total Liabilities	<u>\$35,400</u>	<u>\$412,141</u>	<u>(\$24,419)</u>	<u>\$423,122</u>
<u>Columbus Sewer Capacity:</u>				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$23,045	\$99,445	\$0	\$122,490
Total Assets	<u>\$23,045</u>	<u>\$99,445</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$122,490</u>
Liabilities:				
Intergovernmental Payable	\$23,045	\$99,445	\$0	\$122,490
Total Liabilities	<u>\$23,045</u>	<u>\$99,445</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$122,490</u>
<u>Totals - All Agency Funds:</u>				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$135,136	\$1,017,566	(\$525,675)	\$627,027
Taxes Receivable	13,630	6,637	(13,630)	6,637
Accounts Receivable	89	62	(89)	62
Total Assets	<u>\$148,855</u>	<u>\$1,024,265</u>	<u>(\$539,394)</u>	<u>\$633,726</u>
Liabilities:				
Intergovernmental Payable	\$55,482	\$289,749	(\$182,214)	\$163,017
Due to Others	93,373	734,516	(357,180)	470,709
Total Liabilities	<u>\$148,855</u>	<u>\$1,024,265</u>	<u>(\$539,394)</u>	<u>\$633,726</u>



STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL TABLES

This part of the City’s comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City’s overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends	S 2 – S 13
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City’s financial position has changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	S 14 – S 17
These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the City’s ability to generate its most significant local revenue source, which is income tax.	
Debt Capacity	S 18 – S 27
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City’s current levels of outstanding debt and the City’s ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Economic and Demographic Information	S 28 – S 31
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City’s financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	
Operating Information	S 32 – S 39
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City’s financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	
Sources Note:	
Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.	

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

*Net Position by Component
Last Ten Years
(accrual basis of accounting)*

	2009	2010	2011
Governmental Activities:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$28,869,219	\$32,035,039	\$33,932,566
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	3,613,279	1,134,099	981,542
Debt Service	2,409,042	1,252,775	1,172,528
Security of Persons and Property	422,079	313,336	343,295
Streets and Highways	4,728,645	4,108,056	4,278,398
Leisure Time Activities	0	0	0
Other Purposes	146,219	86,991	114,270
Unrestricted	9,136,452	9,695,540	10,907,844
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	<u>\$49,324,935</u>	<u>\$48,625,836</u>	<u>\$51,730,443</u>
Business-type Activities:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$89,118,788	\$89,474,184	\$88,791,438
Unrestricted	5,677,545	4,635,591	4,329,262
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	<u>\$94,796,333</u>	<u>\$94,109,775</u>	<u>\$93,120,700</u>
Primary Government:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$117,988,007	\$121,509,223	\$122,724,004
Restricted	11,319,264	6,895,257	6,890,033
Unrestricted	14,813,997	14,331,131	15,237,106
Total Primary Government Net Position	<u>\$144,121,268</u>	<u>\$142,735,611</u>	<u>\$144,851,143</u>

Source: City Auditor's Office

* Restated for implementation of GASB 68

* * Restated for implementation of GASB 75

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

*			**			
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$34,412,783	\$35,007,410	\$38,872,600	\$39,450,710	\$41,785,362	\$41,796,522	\$44,334,676
897,730	884,385	893,021	893,387	894,309	895,757	895,702
1,136,201	1,324,975	1,602,714	2,119,685	2,766,923	3,065,758	4,127,633
388,646	525,613	492,779	526,239	578,125	407,245	493,486
4,240,989	4,482,455	5,120,553	5,160,589	5,311,589	6,109,572	5,448,994
0	0	0	0	0	0	432,441
122,016	131,335	145,425	148,245	147,616	157,693	169,035
10,475,900	10,387,712	(2,200,397)	(1,079,318)	(2,886,393)	(15,506,834)	(12,808,723)
<u>\$51,674,265</u>	<u>\$52,743,885</u>	<u>\$44,926,695</u>	<u>\$47,219,537</u>	<u>\$48,597,531</u>	<u>\$36,925,713</u>	<u>\$43,093,244</u>
\$87,196,242	\$85,753,477	\$84,389,000	\$83,594,877	\$81,903,106	\$80,053,331	\$78,651,623
4,429,168	4,423,880	4,342,714	4,405,789	6,295,058	7,737,500	9,375,490
<u>\$91,625,410</u>	<u>\$90,177,357</u>	<u>\$88,731,714</u>	<u>\$88,000,666</u>	<u>\$88,198,164</u>	<u>\$87,790,831</u>	<u>\$88,027,113</u>
\$121,609,025	\$120,760,887	\$123,261,600	\$123,045,587	\$123,688,468	\$121,849,853	\$122,986,299
6,785,582	7,348,763	8,254,492	8,848,145	9,698,562	10,636,025	11,567,291
14,905,068	14,811,592	2,142,317	3,326,471	3,408,665	(7,769,334)	(3,433,233)
<u>\$143,299,675</u>	<u>\$142,921,242</u>	<u>\$133,658,409</u>	<u>\$135,220,203</u>	<u>\$136,795,695</u>	<u>\$124,716,544</u>	<u>\$131,120,357</u>

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
Security of Persons and Property	\$7,825,619	\$8,047,511	\$8,313,332	\$8,652,688
Public Health and Welfare Services	202,756	202,756	205,060	205,667
Leisure Time Activities	1,026,937	1,068,709	1,072,964	1,034,234
Community Environment	1,400,304	1,369,353	1,296,322	1,262,546
Transportation	2,920,784	3,154,638	3,240,861	3,181,127
General Government	4,238,424	5,330,658	3,940,560	4,812,660
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,062,833	1,024,105	973,721	1,185,952
<i>Total Governmental Activities Expenses</i>	<u>18,677,657</u>	<u>20,197,730</u>	<u>19,042,820</u>	<u>20,334,874</u>
Business-type Activities:				
Water	4,816,281	5,406,907	5,676,863	5,912,386
Sewer	5,902,500	6,001,699	5,560,004	6,425,300
Storm Water Drainage	1,329,529	1,291,400	1,403,284	1,377,501
Solid Waste	1,880,289	1,926,930	1,952,789	1,997,966
<i>Total Business-type Activities Expenses</i>	<u>13,928,599</u>	<u>14,626,936</u>	<u>14,592,940</u>	<u>15,713,153</u>
<i>Total Primary Government Expenses</i>	<u>\$32,606,256</u>	<u>\$34,824,666</u>	<u>\$33,635,760</u>	<u>\$36,048,027</u>
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services				
Security of Persons and Property	\$282,832	\$221,495	\$165,271	\$257,866
Leisure Time Activities	133,171	126,528	126,719	133,218
Community Environment	316,132	399,479	378,827	313,762
Transportation	3,192	6,379	542	0
General Government	607,597	543,378	626,789	618,522
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,343,211	1,831,555	1,990,530	1,759,520
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,669,837	1,755,091	2,071,639	44,182
<i>Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues</i>	<u>5,355,972</u>	<u>4,883,905</u>	<u>5,360,317</u>	<u>3,127,070</u>

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$8,782,065	\$9,186,177	\$9,542,503	\$10,621,105	\$11,020,195	\$11,557,087
212,964	219,428	257,940	271,288	285,500	302,551
1,013,886	1,045,792	1,016,476	1,352,885	1,614,852	1,834,154
1,312,160	1,322,012	1,321,144	1,564,651	1,751,419	1,684,015
2,910,599	3,478,312	3,345,017	3,378,528	3,439,342	4,462,061
4,684,492	4,304,486	5,047,592	5,387,345	6,237,449	5,706,903
699,578	633,862	577,360	376,341	358,220	1,326,652
<u>19,615,744</u>	<u>20,190,069</u>	<u>21,108,032</u>	<u>22,952,143</u>	<u>24,706,977</u>	<u>26,873,423</u>
5,945,395	5,964,630	5,870,265	5,953,712	6,041,428	6,224,960
6,506,679	6,530,808	6,508,626	6,165,127	6,352,196	6,412,549
1,393,983	1,441,474	1,404,871	2,077,419	2,290,746	2,315,012
1,995,821	2,025,137	1,693,932	1,964,252	1,810,471	1,950,363
<u>15,841,878</u>	<u>15,962,049</u>	<u>15,477,694</u>	<u>16,160,510</u>	<u>16,494,841</u>	<u>16,902,884</u>
<u>\$35,457,622</u>	<u>\$36,152,118</u>	<u>\$36,585,726</u>	<u>\$39,112,653</u>	<u>\$41,201,818</u>	<u>\$43,776,307</u>
\$417,868	\$410,431	\$460,927	\$489,901	\$578,108	\$378,681
112,363	165,244	144,580	170,203	151,525	162,044
363,138	359,311	470,050	578,369	518,814	556,063
10,481	8,811	592	1,371	1,543	152
617,184	667,806	518,626	359,598	531,231	449,705
1,837,908	1,846,136	1,841,917	1,890,365	1,930,184	2,336,076
895	3,839,701	816,035	1,401,570	131,099	264,409
<u>3,359,837</u>	<u>7,297,440</u>	<u>4,252,727</u>	<u>4,891,377</u>	<u>3,842,504</u>	<u>4,147,130</u>

(continued)

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

*Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Years
(accrual basis of accounting)*

	2009	2010	2011
Business-type Activities:			
Charges for Services			
Water	4,253,418	4,654,152	5,203,135
Sewer	4,946,876	4,943,361	5,045,760
Storm Water Drainage	626,389	630,923	689,566
Solid Waste	1,763,223	1,855,450	1,824,653
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,636,672	1,856,492	840,751
<i>Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues</i>	<u>14,226,578</u>	<u>13,940,378</u>	<u>13,603,865</u>
<i>Total Primary Government Program Revenues</i>	<u>19,582,550</u>	<u>18,824,283</u>	<u>18,964,182</u>
Net (Expense)/Revenue			
Governmental Activities	(13,321,685)	(15,313,825)	(13,682,503)
Business-type Activities	297,979	(686,558)	(989,075)
<i>Total Primary Government Net (Expense)/Revenue</i>	<u>(\$13,023,706)</u>	<u>(\$16,000,383)</u>	<u>(\$14,671,578)</u>
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position			
Governmental Activities:			
Property Taxes Levied for:			
General Purposes	\$292,624	\$293,689	\$281,971
Special Purposes	202,776	202,616	199,361
Debt Service	2,108,557	1,818,217	1,688,532
Income Taxes	9,965,514	9,577,833	11,747,263
Other Local Taxes	362,324	424,645	471,836
Intergovernmental Revenue, Unrestricted	1,582,537	1,805,443	1,722,990
Investment Earnings	282,276	197,157	236,803
Miscellaneous	313,148	295,126	438,354
Transfers	(3,186)	0	0
<i>Total Governmental Activities</i>	<u>15,106,570</u>	<u>14,614,726</u>	<u>16,787,110</u>
Business-type Activities:			
Transfers	3,186	0	0
<i>Total Business-type Activities</i>	<u>3,186</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Total Primary Government</i>	<u>\$15,109,756</u>	<u>\$14,614,726</u>	<u>\$16,787,110</u>
Change in Net Position			
Governmental Activities	\$1,784,885	(\$699,099)	\$3,104,607
Business-type Activities	301,165	(686,558)	(989,075)
<i>Total Primary Government Change in Net Position</i>	<u>\$2,086,050</u>	<u>(\$1,385,657)</u>	<u>\$2,115,532</u>

Source: City Auditor's Office

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
5,519,628	5,884,315	6,368,630	6,206,417	7,042,818	6,966,937	7,341,919
5,501,957	5,449,838	5,677,410	5,652,119	6,068,364	6,227,459	6,457,926
644,511	643,083	647,439	654,028	1,238,108	1,357,542	1,326,282
1,962,981	2,028,479	2,109,384	2,047,248	1,971,796	1,977,388	1,845,215
588,786	388,110	205,603	186,834	36,922	56,109	167,824
<u>14,217,863</u>	<u>14,393,825</u>	<u>15,008,466</u>	<u>14,746,646</u>	<u>16,358,008</u>	<u>16,585,435</u>	<u>17,139,166</u>
<u>17,344,933</u>	<u>17,753,662</u>	<u>22,305,906</u>	<u>18,999,373</u>	<u>21,249,385</u>	<u>20,427,939</u>	<u>21,286,296</u>
(17,207,804)	(16,255,907)	(12,892,629)	(16,855,305)	(18,060,766)	(20,864,473)	(22,726,293)
<u>(1,495,290)</u>	<u>(1,448,053)</u>	<u>(953,583)</u>	<u>(731,048)</u>	<u>197,498</u>	<u>90,594</u>	<u>236,282</u>
<u>(\$18,703,094)</u>	<u>(\$17,703,960)</u>	<u>(\$13,846,212)</u>	<u>(\$17,586,353)</u>	<u>(\$17,863,268)</u>	<u>(\$20,773,879)</u>	<u>(\$22,490,011)</u>
\$246,452	\$244,627	\$245,981	\$235,032	\$245,644	\$246,479	\$277,044
173,098	169,057	172,600	162,245	168,537	168,912	191,078
2,274,642	2,279,801	1,535,533	2,257,142	2,307,527	2,213,318	1,903,187
12,509,144	12,467,622	13,454,497	14,579,880	14,899,503	18,628,466	23,799,351
525,544	541,185	558,430	577,477	611,642	622,451	580,294
1,105,401	1,212,876	806,589	748,384	768,037	789,996	831,777
191,617	33,871	173,020	187,726	131,403	285,584	694,709
125,728	376,488	507,396	400,261	306,467	565,553	616,384
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>17,151,626</u>	<u>17,325,527</u>	<u>17,454,046</u>	<u>19,148,147</u>	<u>19,438,760</u>	<u>23,520,759</u>	<u>28,893,824</u>
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>\$17,151,626</u>	<u>\$17,325,527</u>	<u>\$17,454,046</u>	<u>\$19,148,147</u>	<u>\$19,438,760</u>	<u>\$23,520,759</u>	<u>\$28,893,824</u>
(\$56,178)	\$1,069,620	\$4,561,417	\$2,292,842	\$1,377,994	\$2,656,286	\$6,167,531
<u>(1,495,290)</u>	<u>(1,448,053)</u>	<u>(953,583)</u>	<u>(731,048)</u>	<u>197,498</u>	<u>90,594</u>	<u>236,282</u>
<u>(\$1,551,468)</u>	<u>(\$378,433)</u>	<u>\$3,607,834</u>	<u>\$1,561,794</u>	<u>\$1,575,492</u>	<u>\$2,746,880</u>	<u>\$6,403,813</u>

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

*Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)*

	2009	2010	2011	2012
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$0	\$0	\$37,126	\$29,187
Restricted	0	0	11,265	9,423
Committed	0	0	23,567	23,567
Assigned	0	0	893,738	1,752,083
Unassigned	0	0	3,639,068	3,167,880
Reserved	212,824	224,177	0	0
Unreserved	5,466,472	3,227,092	0	0
<i>Total General Fund</i>	<u>5,679,296</u>	<u>3,451,269</u>	<u>4,604,764</u>	<u>4,982,140</u>
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	0	0	228,208	201,477
Restricted	0	0	4,701,499	5,603,982
Committed	0	0	3,470,235	3,238,036
Assigned	0	0	2,798,077	2,832,263
Reserved	3,619,369	2,261,041	0	0
Unreserved, Reported in:				
Special Revenue Funds	5,735,411	5,000,970	0	0
Capital Projects Funds	3,052,753	3,539,361	0	0
<i>Total All Other Governmental Funds</i>	<u>12,407,533</u>	<u>10,801,372</u>	<u>11,198,019</u>	<u>11,875,758</u>
<i>Total Governmental Funds</i>	<u>\$18,086,829</u>	<u>\$14,252,641</u>	<u>\$15,802,783</u>	<u>\$16,857,898</u>

Source: City Auditor's Office

Note: The City implemented GASB 54 in 2011 which established new fund balance classifications for governmental funds.

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$53,079	\$56,706	\$53,331	\$66,405	\$90,137	\$65,770
214	634	1,385	1,385	1,365	1,365
23,567	23,567	22,652	43,305	42,485	42,843
328,182	946,237	2,177,787	1,662,806	2,625,916	2,504,975
4,635,045	4,244,269	4,114,523	4,311,309	4,382,406	5,388,017
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>5,040,087</u>	<u>5,271,413</u>	<u>6,369,678</u>	<u>6,085,210</u>	<u>7,142,309</u>	<u>8,002,970</u>
179,986	228,867	326,064	290,958	262,705	250,758
6,012,851	6,869,530	7,301,989	8,041,214	8,876,586	31,443,695
2,787,851	2,873,150	2,913,459	2,935,611	5,149,392	8,273,602
3,054,836	1,871,445	3,040,004	2,487,894	2,398,389	2,501,820
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>12,035,524</u>	<u>11,842,992</u>	<u>13,581,516</u>	<u>13,755,677</u>	<u>16,687,072</u>	<u>42,469,875</u>
<u>\$17,075,611</u>	<u>\$17,114,405</u>	<u>\$19,951,194</u>	<u>\$19,840,887</u>	<u>\$23,829,381</u>	<u>\$50,472,845</u>

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$12,950,279	\$12,326,889	\$14,546,665	\$15,800,045
Intergovernmental Revenues	5,511,551	5,255,750	5,796,606	4,106,209
Charges for Services	246,190	257,288	254,885	257,823
Licenses and Permits	209,763	280,988	272,031	229,833
Investment Earnings	376,009	209,303	245,175	200,992
Special Assessments	42,361	49,065	44,446	39,737
Fines and Forfeitures	796,690	639,141	680,878	584,850
Donations				
All Other Revenue	402,156	409,957	529,550	378,803
Total Revenue	<u>20,534,999</u>	<u>19,428,381</u>	<u>22,370,236</u>	<u>21,598,292</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	7,550,268	7,722,369	8,015,723	8,440,986
Public Health and Welfare Services	202,756	202,756	205,060	205,667
Leisure Time Activities	924,048	994,898	970,662	956,195
Community Environment	1,398,091	1,367,087	1,296,538	1,255,097
Transportation	1,424,750	2,242,205	1,407,506	1,697,216
General Government	4,118,690	5,587,780	4,103,538	4,680,351
Capital Outlay	2,073,902	2,674,842	2,011,384	277,912
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	1,434,906	1,830,983	1,944,652	1,906,909
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,030,649	992,110	939,579	958,308
Advance Refunding Escrow	0	0	0	295,000
Total Expenditures	<u>20,158,060</u>	<u>23,615,030</u>	<u>20,894,642</u>	<u>20,673,641</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	376,939	(4,186,649)	1,475,594	924,651

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$15,698,348	\$15,827,003	\$18,013,799	\$18,128,551	\$21,823,440	\$26,322,016
2,740,861	5,817,230	4,062,463	3,936,517	2,647,665	2,844,955
270,523	300,789	375,068	440,678	352,865	362,975
262,037	278,188	298,038	344,709	347,957	355,851
35,291	168,910	178,979	136,254	282,891	684,406
41,037	37,845	37,584	34,562	29,944	2,446
778,974	719,483	578,985	409,030	488,891	417,917
					432,441
583,905	821,019	747,871	710,060	1,143,240	985,112
<u>20,410,976</u>	<u>23,970,467</u>	<u>24,292,787</u>	<u>24,140,361</u>	<u>27,116,893</u>	<u>32,408,119</u>
8,506,178	9,034,101	9,162,851	9,536,047	9,790,404	10,617,286
212,964	219,428	257,940	271,288	285,500	302,551
955,065	1,112,254	1,281,626	1,543,411	1,357,137	1,854,622
1,300,919	1,316,623	1,320,360	1,562,831	1,604,436	1,572,748
1,475,617	1,120,517	1,922,056	1,710,564	1,181,782	2,630,068
4,547,022	4,179,397	4,925,668	5,236,961	5,655,128	5,934,780
575,386	4,514,838	660,566	3,564,033	1,014,900	8,945,776
2,040,325	1,903,440	1,697,628	1,126,434	1,952,498	2,075,265
638,536	581,836	523,764	315,947	283,608	1,157,443
0	0	0	759,900	0	0
<u>20,252,012</u>	<u>23,982,434</u>	<u>21,752,459</u>	<u>25,627,416</u>	<u>23,125,393</u>	<u>35,090,539</u>
158,964	(11,967)	2,540,328	(1,487,055)	3,991,500	(2,682,420)

(Continued)

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

*Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)*

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	0	176,955	0	72,803
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	275,500	0	0
Premium on General Obligation Bonds	0	0	0	0
Refunding General Obligation Bonds	0	0	0	7,705,000
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	0	0	0	(7,622,276)
Insurance Recoveries	0	0	0	0
Transfers In	819,551	1,300,000	150,000	150,000
Transfers Out	(822,737)	(1,300,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(3,186)</u>	<u>452,455</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>155,527</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$373,753</u>	<u>(\$3,734,194)</u>	<u>\$1,475,594</u>	<u>\$1,080,178</u>
 Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	 14.08%	 14.58%	 15.71%	 14.67%

Source: City Auditor's Office

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
81,809	0	0	1,331,869	11,389	21,825
0	0	0	0	0	28,000,000
0	0	0	0	0	1,273,089
0	0	0	7,185,000	0	0
0	0	0	(7,108,065)	0	0
0	0	201,295	2,154	13,301	41,592
276,329	0	38,735	0	0	0
(276,329)	0	(38,735)	0	0	0
<u>81,809</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>201,295</u>	<u>1,410,958</u>	<u>24,690</u>	<u>29,336,506</u>
<u>\$240,773</u>	<u>(\$11,967)</u>	<u>\$2,741,623</u>	<u>(\$76,097)</u>	<u>\$4,016,190</u>	<u>\$26,654,086</u>
14.25%	12.99%	11.17%	6.99%	10.51%	13.74%

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

Income Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

Tax year	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>
Income Tax Rate	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
Estimated Personal Income (in thousands)	\$1,342,638	\$1,372,975	\$1,426,067	\$1,546,953
Total Tax Collected	\$9,935,053	\$9,663,360	\$11,622,722	\$12,389,479
Income Tax Receipts				
Withholding	8,290,320	7,480,371	8,017,488	9,431,349
Percentage	83.45%	77.41%	68.98%	76.12%
Net Profits	508,177	1,181,588	2,454,396	1,766,638
Percentage	5.11%	12.23%	21.12%	14.26%
Individuals	1,136,556	1,001,401	1,150,838	1,191,492
Percentage	11.44%	10.36%	9.90%	9.62%
Income Tax by Business Type				
Retail/Grocery	64.79%	67.10%	69.34%	69.13%
Education/Government	17.10%	14.66%	13.65%	12.28%
Service	7.00%	8.60%	8.25%	9.84%
Industrial	3.40%	2.65%	2.41%	2.50%
Construction/Real Estate	1.18%	0.86%	0.74%	0.70%
Medical	2.62%	2.19%	2.12%	1.87%
Financial	0.98%	1.05%	1.01%	1.26%
Restaurants	1.96%	2.32%	1.83%	1.90%
Miscellaneous	0.97%	0.57%	0.65%	0.52%
Total Tax	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

Source: City Income Tax Department

The City's Income Tax rate increased to 2.5% effective July 1, 2017

Note: Amounts are presented on a cash basis.

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	2.50%	2.50%
\$1,581,313	\$1,649,441	\$1,723,545	\$1,789,158	\$1,871,458	\$1,871,458
\$12,295,534	\$13,136,111	\$15,205,327	\$14,555,872	\$18,101,778	\$22,835,683
9,398,752	9,415,885	10,883,182	10,872,042	13,379,508	18,085,782
76.44%	71.68%	71.57%	74.69%	73.91%	79.20%
1,426,984	2,583,527	3,114,095	2,206,896	3,303,057	2,504,293
11.61%	19.67%	20.48%	15.16%	18.25%	10.97%
1,469,798	1,136,699	1,208,050	1,476,934	1,419,213	2,245,608
11.95%	8.65%	7.94%	10.15%	7.84%	9.83%
65.94%	67.06%	71.96%	67.97%	67.38%	62.17%
13.50%	12.42%	10.71%	12.27%	13.21%	14.95%
10.86%	10.62%	8.68%	9.90%	10.14%	11.00%
2.42%	3.47%	2.78%	2.57%	3.03%	3.52%
1.17%	0.78%	0.76%	1.32%	0.71%	1.76%
2.43%	1.87%	1.71%	1.84%	1.88%	2.58%
1.13%	1.35%	1.56%	1.71%	1.58%	1.65%
1.97%	1.98%	1.42%	1.87%	1.48%	1.84%
0.58%	0.45%	0.42%	0.55%	0.59%	0.53%
<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>



City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

Income Tax Collections Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Income Tax Year 2017				
Income Level	Number of Filers	Percent of Total	Local Taxable Income	Percent of Income
\$0 - \$24,999	3,253	30.36%	\$38,523,943	6.30%
25,000 - 49,999	2,740	25.57%	100,967,191	16.53%
50,000 - 74,999	1,774	16.55%	108,854,069	17.82%
75,000 - 99,999	1,213	11.32%	104,875,158	17.17%
Over 100,000	1,736	16.20%	257,702,190	42.18%
Total	10,716	100.00%	\$610,922,551	100.00%

Local Taxes Paid by Residents	Tax Dollars
Taxes Paid to Reynoldsburg	\$3,176,015
Taxes Credited to Other Municipalities	9,030,387
	\$12,206,402

Income Tax Year 2008				
Income Level	Number of Filers	Percent of Total	Local Taxable Income	Percent of Income
\$0 - \$24,999	3,854	34.15%	\$40,678,143	6.94%
25,000 - 49,999	2,701	23.94%	98,732,286	16.85%
50,000 - 74,999	1,852	16.41%	114,697,902	19.58%
75,000 - 99,999	1,364	12.09%	117,781,246	20.10%
Over 100,000	1,513	13.41%	214,012,691	36.53%
Total	11,284	100.00%	\$585,902,268	100.00%

Local Taxes Paid by Residents	Tax Dollars
Taxes Paid to Reynoldsburg	\$2,236,009
Taxes Credited to Other Municipalities	8,405,834
	\$10,641,843

Source: City Income Tax Department

Note: 2017 is most current data because Income Tax collections for 2018 are not finalized until 2019

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities ⁽¹⁾				
General Obligation Bonds ⁽¹⁾	\$15,794,867	\$15,232,905	\$14,331,448	\$13,799,426
General Obligation Bonds (TIF supported) ⁽¹⁾	7,589,245	7,087,514	6,565,783	6,175,483
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	3,292,005	3,024,515	2,551,264	2,327,771
State Infrastructure Bank Loan	185,884	157,163	127,574	97,091
Business-type Activities ⁽¹⁾				
General Obligation Bonds	\$2,970,195	\$2,550,553	\$1,904,970	\$2,692,900
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans	1,662,600	1,507,971	1,400,980	1,290,755
Total Primary Government	<u>\$31,494,796</u>	<u>\$29,560,621</u>	<u>\$26,882,019</u>	<u>\$26,383,426</u>
Population ⁽²⁾				
City of Reynoldsburg	35,818	35,970	35,970	36,293
Outstanding Debt Per Capita	\$879	\$822	\$747	\$727
Income ^{(3) (a)}				
Personal (in thousands)	1,342,638	1,372,975	1,426,067	1,546,953
Percentage of Personal Income	2.35%	2.15%	1.89%	1.71%

Sources:

(1) City Auditor's Office

(2) US Bureau of Census, Population Division

(3) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

(a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$12,570,499	\$11,618,068	\$10,732,814	\$9,842,514	\$8,770,000	\$35,600,000
5,682,302	5,205,072	4,712,842	4,230,000	3,660,000	3,075,000
2,113,284	1,662,375	1,366,079	2,374,514	2,073,405	1,774,965
65,686	33,332	0	0	0	0
\$2,092,424	\$1,612,700	\$1,165,900	\$804,800	\$2,960,500	\$2,587,900
1,177,200	1,060,211	939,686	815,520	687,600	555,814
<u>\$23,701,395</u>	<u>\$21,191,758</u>	<u>\$18,917,321</u>	<u>\$18,067,348</u>	<u>\$18,151,505</u>	<u>\$43,593,679</u>
36,347	36,526	36,711	37,158	37,847	37,847
\$652	\$580	\$515	\$486	\$480	\$1,152
1,581,313	1,649,441	1,723,545	1,789,158	1,871,458	1,871,458
1.50%	1.28%	1.10%	1.01%	0.97%	2.33%

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

Year	2009	2010	2011	2012
Population ⁽¹⁾	35,818	35,970	35,970	36,293
Income ⁽²⁾				
Personal (in thousands)	\$1,342,638	\$1,372,975	\$1,426,067	\$1,546,953
General Bonded Debt				
General Obligation Bonds	\$26,354,307	\$24,870,972	\$22,802,201	\$22,667,809
Resources Available to Pay Principal ⁽³⁾	\$604,314	\$304,634	\$354,691	\$381,203
Net General Bonded Debt	\$25,749,993	\$24,566,338	\$22,447,510	\$22,286,606
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Personal Income	1.92%	1.79%	1.57%	1.44%
Net Bonded Debt per Capita	\$718.91	\$682.97	\$624.06	\$614.07

Sources:

(1) US Bureau of Census, Population Division

(2) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

(3) Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
36,347	36,526	36,711	37,158	37,847	37,847
\$1,581,313	\$1,649,441	\$1,723,545	\$1,789,158	\$1,871,458	\$1,871,458
\$20,345,225	\$18,435,840	\$16,611,556	\$14,877,314	\$15,390,500	\$41,262,900
\$522,268	\$722,048	\$1,232,200	\$1,772,880	\$2,140,217	\$3,137,548
\$19,822,957	\$17,713,792	\$15,379,356	\$13,104,434	\$13,250,283	\$38,125,352
1.25%	1.07%	0.89%	0.73%	0.71%	2.04%
\$545.38	\$484.96	\$418.93	\$352.67	\$350.10	\$1,007.35



City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

*Computation of Direct and Overlapping
Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities
December 31, 2018*

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Net Debt Outstanding</u>	<u>Percentage Applicable to the City of Reynoldsburg (1)</u>	<u>Amount Applicable to the City of Reynoldsburg</u>
Direct:			
City of Reynoldsburg	\$40,449,963	100.00%	\$40,449,963
Overlapping:			
Reynoldsburg City School District	79,944,987	91.29%	72,981,779
Etna Township	2,000,000	41.11%	822,200
Franklin County	195,735,000	1.73%	3,386,216
Gahann-Jefferson City School District	45,463,467	0.01%	4,546
Jefferson Township	376,500	9.83%	37,010
Licking County	26,608,190	4.67%	1,242,602
Licking Heights School District	91,589,978	9.01%	8,252,257
Licking Count Joint Vocational	14,795,000	1.22%	180,499
Eastland JVS	1,050,000	8.38%	87,990
Fairfield County	35,413,175	0.71%	251,434
Pickerington Local School District	100,899,373	1.96%	1,977,628
SWACO	48,140,000	2.39%	1,150,546
Southwest Licking School District	81,465,000	0.01%	8,147
Violet Township	9,875,000	2.47%	243,913
West Licking Fire District Misc	1,750,000	18.06%	316,050
		Subtotal	<u>90,942,817</u>
		Total	<u><u>\$131,392,780</u></u>

Source: Fairfield County Auditor, Franklin County Auditor, Licking County Auditor

(1) Percentages determined by dividing each overlapping subdivisions' assessed valuation within the City by the subdivisions' total assessed valuation.

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account.

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

Debt Limitations Last Ten Years

Tax Year	2009	2010	2011	2012
Total Debt				
Net Assessed Valuation	\$775,259,416	\$775,730,720	\$685,603,900	\$687,943,990
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	81,402,239	81,451,726	71,988,410	72,234,119
City Debt Outstanding (2)	15,794,867	15,232,905	14,331,448	13,063,447
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts	(604,314)	(304,634)	(354,691)	(381,203)
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	<u>15,190,553</u>	<u>14,928,271</u>	<u>13,976,757</u>	<u>12,682,244</u>
Overall Legal Debt Margin	<u>\$66,211,686</u>	<u>\$66,523,455</u>	<u>\$58,011,653</u>	<u>\$59,551,875</u>
Unvoted Debt				
Net Assessed Valuation	\$775,259,416	\$775,730,720	\$685,603,900	\$687,943,990
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	42,639,268	42,665,190	37,708,215	37,836,919
City Debt Outstanding (2)	15,794,867	15,232,905	14,331,448	13,063,447
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts	(604,314)	(304,634)	(354,691)	(381,203)
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	<u>15,190,553</u>	<u>14,928,271</u>	<u>13,976,757</u>	<u>12,682,244</u>
Overall Legal Debt Margin	<u>\$27,448,715</u>	<u>\$27,736,919</u>	<u>\$23,731,458</u>	<u>\$25,154,675</u>

(1) Direct Debt Limitation based upon Section 133, The Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code.

(2) City Debt Outstanding includes Non Self-Supporting General Obligation Bonds and Notes only, net of Deferred Charge on Refunding.

Enterprise Debt is not considered in the computation of the Legal Debt Margin.

Taylor Square and Brice Main Tax Increment Equivalent Bonds are not considered in the computation of the Legal Debt Margin.

Source: City Auditor's Office

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$697,629,000	\$662,673,500	\$658,015,460	\$661,787,775	\$739,996,660	\$761,462,560
10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
73,251,045	69,580,718	69,091,623	69,487,716	77,699,649	79,953,569
11,891,364	10,995,779	10,167,370	9,286,309	8,275,929	35,168,063
(522,268)	(722,048)	(1,232,200)	(1,772,880)	(2,140,217)	(3,137,548)
11,369,096	10,273,731	8,935,170	7,513,429	6,135,712	32,030,515
<u>\$61,881,949</u>	<u>\$59,306,987</u>	<u>\$60,156,453</u>	<u>\$61,974,287</u>	<u>\$71,563,937</u>	<u>\$47,923,054</u>
\$697,629,000	\$662,673,500	\$658,015,460	\$661,787,775	\$739,996,660	\$761,462,560
5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
38,369,595	36,447,043	36,190,850	36,398,328	40,699,816	41,880,441
11,891,364	10,995,779	10,167,370	9,286,309	8,275,929	35,168,063
(522,268)	(722,048)	(1,232,200)	(1,772,880)	(2,140,217)	(3,137,548)
11,369,096	10,273,731	8,935,170	7,513,429	6,135,712	32,030,515
<u>\$27,000,499</u>	<u>\$26,173,312</u>	<u>\$27,255,680</u>	<u>\$28,884,899</u>	<u>\$34,564,104</u>	<u>\$9,849,926</u>

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

*Pledged Revenue Coverage
Last Ten Years*

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Tax Increment Financing Bonds					
Property Tax Collections	\$2,108,557	\$1,818,217	\$1,688,532	\$2,274,642	\$2,279,801
Debt Service					
Principal	522,878	538,721	559,589	555,483	480,000
Interest	349,114	328,882	306,963	283,632	237,763
Coverage	2.42	2.10	1.95	2.71	3.18

In 1999 the City issued \$7,920,000 of Tax Increment Financing Bonds.

In 2003 the City issued \$4,300,000 of Tax Increment Financing Bonds.

In 2006 the City defeased \$4,755,000 of Tax Increment Financing Bonds through the issue of \$4,960,000 Bonds.

In 2012 the City defeased \$885,000 of Tax Increment Financing Bonds through the issue of \$895,950 Bonds.

Source: City Auditor's Office

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
\$1,535,533	\$2,257,142	\$2,307,527	\$2,213,318	\$1,903,187
475,000	490,000	588,800	570,000	585,000
219,692	198,418	142,376	89,295	77,200
2.21	3.28	3.16	3.36	2.87

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Population ⁽¹⁾					
City of Reynoldsburg	35,818	35,970	35,970	36,293	36,347
Franklin County	1,117,702	1,163,414	1,163,414	1,195,537	1,212,263
Income ^{(2) (a)}					
Total Personal (in thousands)	1,342,638	1,372,975	1,426,067	1,546,953	1,581,313
Per Capita	37,485	38,170	39,646	42,624	43,506
Unemployment Rate ⁽³⁾					
Federal	9.3%	9.6%	8.9%	8.1%	7.4%
State	10.2%	10.1%	8.6%	7.2%	7.4%
Franklin County	8.3%	8.5%	7.4%	6.1%	6.2%
Civilian Work Force Estimates ⁽³⁾					
State	5,970,200	5,897,600	5,806,000	5,747,900	5,766,000
Franklin County	629,800	627,100	616,700	625,800	639,300
City of Reynoldsburg	19,000	19,000	19,100	19,400	19,600

Sources:

- (1) US Bureau of Census, Population Division for 2009-2017
- (2) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis information is only available through 2017 for presentation of 2018 statistics, the City is using the latest information available.
- (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation, 2018 is an estimate
- (3) State Department of Labor Statistics

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
36,526	36,711	37,158	37,847	37,847
1,231,393	1,231,393	1,251,722	1,264,518	1,291,981
1,649,441	1,723,545	1,789,158	1,871,458	1,871,458
45,158	46,949	48,150	49,448	49,448
5.6%	5.0%	4.7%	4.4%	3.9%
4.7%	4.8%	5.0%	5.0%	4.6%
3.6%	3.9%	3.9%	4.0%	3.8%
5,719,000	5,700,000	5,713,000	5,780,000	5,755,000
646,000	654,100	663,600	680,600	685,900
20,300	20,300	20,500	21,000	20,900



City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Employer	Nature of Business	2018		
		Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
Mast Logistics Services Inc.	Distribution	3,736	1	18.93%
Reynoldsburg City Schools	Public Education	1,011	2	5.12%
State of Ohio	Government	685	3	3.47%
Walmart Associates	Retail	601	4	3.05%
Kroger	Retail	372	5	1.89%
Victoria's Secret Stores Brand Mgmt	Management	321	6	1.63%
L Brands Service Co LLC	Management/Support	294	7	1.49%
Bath and Body Works Brand Mgmt	Management	291	8	1.47%
Target Corp	Retail	278	9	1.41%
Home Depot USA	Retail	269	10	1.36%
Total		<u>7,858</u>		
Total Employment within the City		<u>19,733</u>		

Employer	Nature of Business	2009		
		Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
Limited Logistic Services	Retail Sales	2,355	1	12.31%
Reynoldsburg City Schools	Public Education	775	2	4.05%
State of Ohio	Government	589	3	3.08%
Walmart	Retail Sales	396	4	2.07%
Dynalab	Manufacturing	258	5	1.35%
Limited Service Corporation	Retail Sales	235	6	1.23%
Victoria's Secret Stores	Retail Sales	212	7	1.11%
Bath & Body Works LLC	Retail Sales	211	8	1.10%
Victoria's Secret Stores LLC	Retail Sales	198	9	1.04%
Lowes	Retail Sales	190	10	0.99%
Total		<u>5,419</u>		<u>28.33%</u>
Total Employment within the City		<u>19,125</u>		

Source: City Income Tax Department

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

Full Time Equivalent Employees by Function Last Ten Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental Activities					
General Government					
Finance	5.00	4.00	4.50	4.50	4.50
City Council	6.50	6.00	5.50	5.50	5.00
Computer Systems	1.00	0.00	1.00	2.00	2.00
Development	3.00	3.00	2.00	1.00	2.00
Civil Service	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.00	1.00
Human Resources	1.00	1.00	0.50	0.50	0.50
Clerk of Courts	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.50
City Attorney	4.50	4.50	5.00	5.00	5.00
Mayor	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Vehicle Maintenance	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Engineer	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Security of Persons and Property					
Police	68.00	69.00	69.00	69.00	72.00
Transportation					
Street	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Leisure Time Activities					
Parks and Recreation	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Senior Citizen Center	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Community Environment					
Building	5.00	4.00	2.00	4.00	4.00
Service	8.00	8.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Business-Type Activities					
Utilities					
Water	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50
Sewer	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
Storm Water	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
<i>Total Employees</i>	<u>144.00</u>	<u>141.50</u>	<u>138.50</u>	<u>140.00</u>	<u>143.00</u>

Method: 1.00 for each full-time, 0.50 for each part-time and seasonal employees are calculated based on hours paid.

Source: City Auditor's Office

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
1.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
0.50	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.00
3.00	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
4.50	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
1.50	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
72.00	71.00	68.00	71.50	79.00
8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
3.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
142.00	145.50	141.50	145.00	152.00
142.00	145.50	141.50	145.00	152.00

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental Activities					
General Government					
Court					
Number of Traffic Cases	4,898	3,960	4,001	3,169	5,607
Number of Criminal Cases	667	619	636	606	646
Number of Parking Cases	486	378	592	466	343
Licenses and Permits					
Number of Building Permits	450	434	426	436	611
Number of Other Permits	608	559	901	552	681
Number of Licenses	444	482	433	625	597
Number of Inspections	5,874	4,430	2,098	1,525	2,229
Security of Persons and Property					
Police					
Number of Offense Reports	3,879	3,809	3,845	4,225	4,114
Number of Traffic Accident Reports	830	850	791	1,276	798
Alarm Calls	1,814	1,814	2,088	2,039	2,149
Prisoners through our jails	751	707	1,022	773	461
Speeding citations	2,403	2,033	2,125	1,511	2,919
OMVI arrests	361	335	453	298	191
Narcotic and Weapon Warrants	24	23	24	22	16
Transportation					
Street					
Number of times streets needed snow removed	20	29	20	18	27
Tons of salt used	1,359	2,264	1,973	1,118	2,676
Number of locations marked for OUPS	1,859	2,168	2,524	2,498	4,043
Number of new signs installed	123	257	450	258	123
Number of repairs to city owned street lights	828	1,037	890	882	528
Number of hours mowing grass	555	528	685	493	640
Leisure Time Activities					
Recreation/Seniors					
Number of Program Participants	3,668	2,839	2,496	2,029	2,899
Community Environment					
Number of Plot Grade Utility reviews	6	3	7	5	10
Number of Project Inspections	2	5	7	5	5
Number of Capital Improvement Projects	4	7	3	3	4

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
4,401	2,756	2,459	3,143	2,808
797	571	657	602	512
277	250	256	327	227
519	542	434	460	430
753	895	671	677	858
475	595	676	511	687
2,323	2,852	2,062	2,033	1,897
4,178	4,234	4,457	4,042	4,022
737	774	890	940	891
2,238	2,301	2,315	2,080	2,044
478	321	514	379	742
3,572	2,931	2,898	3,363	2,416
218	172	265	232	221
12	24	10	15	6
22	19	19	14	16
3,086	1,668	1,597	822	1,521
5,148	1,361	1,147	931	1,216
229	145	104	119	390
448	861	710	679	562
525	541	447	558	529
3,517	3,633	3,277	3,396	5,645
4	5	9	9	7
3	2	6	2	0
3	4	3	5	5

(Continued)

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Business-Type Activities					
Water / Sewer					
Number of Water accounts	10,976	10,968	10,968	10,968	10,817
Number of Sewer accounts	10,873	10,859	10,859	10,859	10,704
Water Main Breaks	51	42	28	60	40
Daily Average Consumption (1,000 of gallons)	3,246	3,509	3,468	3,430	3,430
Number of work orders	3,103	2,895	3,029	2,607	2,671
Number of fire hydrants painted	600	600	600	600	600
Storm Water Drainage					
Number of work orders	833	672	747	728	807
Solid Waste					
Number of Customers Served	9,835	9,824	9,824	9,868	9,800

Source: Mayor's Annual Reports

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
10,961	11,476	11,322	11,226	11,219
10,853	11,338	10,965	10,965	11,001
35	22	24	36	40
3,252	3,068	2,791	2,868	2,955
3,252	3,022	1,079	2,834	3,118
200	200	200	200	0
997	761	743	4,301	4,749
10,198	10,247	10,203	10,203	10,276

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental Activities					
General Government					
Public Buildings	1	1	1	1	1
Security of Persons and Property					
Police					
Stations	1	1	1	1	2
Patrol Cruisers	16	16	16	16	19
Transportation					
Street					
Streets (linear miles)	112	112	112	112	112
Street Lights	2,030	2,048	2,056	2,082	2,090
Leisure Time Activities					
Recreation/Seniors					
Land (acres)	285	285	285	285	285
Buildings	1	1	1	1	1
Parks	6	6	6	6	6
Business-Type Activities					
Utilities					
Water					
Waterlines (Miles)	143	144	144	145	145
Number of Hydrants	1,658	1,659	1,668	1,668	1,668
Average Daily Consumption	3,246,000	3,509,500	3,468,000	3,430,180	3,430,180
Sewer					
Sewerlines (Miles)	143	143	143	144	144
Manholes	3,556	3,556	3,583	3,583	3,583
Storm Water Drainage					
Storm Drains (Miles)	114	115	115	115	115

Source: City Auditor's Office

City of Reynoldsburg, Ohio

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	3	4
17	17	20	20	39
112	112	112	112	112
2,090	2,090	2,144	2,144	2,144
285	285	298	298	298
1	1	1	1	1
6	6	6	6	6
145	145	145	145	145
1,668	1,668	1,682	1,682	1,682
3,252,012	3,068,316	2,791,468	2,867,739	2,955,436
144	144	144	144	144
3,583	3,583	3,583	3,583	3,583
115	115	115	115	115



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



CITY OF REYNOLDSBURG

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

**CERTIFIED
JULY 18, 2019**