### EARLY COLLEGE ACADEMY FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

### **AUDIT REPORT**

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants



Board of Education Early College Academy 40 Hill Road South Pickerington, Ohio 43147

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Early College Academy, Franklin County, prepared by James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Early College Academy is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 14, 2019



### EARLY COLLEGE ACADEMY FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO AUDIT REPORT

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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### JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

Certified Public Accountants 5240 East 98<sup>th</sup> Street Garfield Hts., Ohio 44125

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Board Early College Academy Columbus, Ohio The Honorable Dave Yost Auditor of State State of Ohio

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Early College Academy, Franklin County, Ohio, (the Academy) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Academy's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Early College Academy as of June 30, 2018, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 3 to the basic financial statements, during 2018, the Academy adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedules of Net Pension and Postemployment Benefit Liabilities and Pension and Postemployment Benefit Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2018, on our consideration of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

December 18, 2018

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The management's discussion and analysis of the Early College Academy's (the "Academy") financial performance provides an overall review of the Academy's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Academy's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Academy's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2018 are as follows:

- In total, the net position increased \$401,795 from June 30, 2017.
- The Academy had operating revenues of \$1,130,820 and operating expenses of \$988,250 during fiscal year 2018. The Academy also received \$258,074 in federal, state and local grants and \$1,151 in interest during fiscal year 2018.

### **Using these Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Academy's financial activities. The *statement of net position* and *statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position* provide information about the activities of the Academy, including all short-term and long-term financial resources and obligations. The *statement of cash flows* provides information about how the Academy finances and meets the cash flow needs of its operations.

### **Reporting the Academy Financial Activities**

### Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position and the Statement of Cash Flows

These documents look at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially during 2018?" The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Academy's *net position* and changes in that net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Academy as a whole, the *financial position* of the Academy has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. These statements can be found on pages 11 and 12 of this report. The statement of cash flows can be found on page 13.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 43 of this report. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Academy's net pension liability and net OPEB liability. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 44-53 of this report.

The table below provides a summary of the Academy's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

	2018	2017 *
ASSETS		
Current Assets	\$ 800,837	\$ 875,626
Capital Assets, Net	189,464	194,067
<b>Total Assets</b>	990,301	1,069,693
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES		
Pension	1,273,740	1,485,321
OPEB	22,680	1,015
Total Deferred Outflows		
of Resources	1,296,420	1,486,336
I IA DII ITIEC		
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities	131,748	114,197
Long-term liabilities:	131,746	114,197
Net Pension Liability	1,733,935	2,508,445
Net OPEB Liability	309,814	420,411
Total Liabilities	2,175,497	3,043,053
Total Liabilities	2,173,497	3,043,033
DEFERRED INFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES		
Pension	144,487	-
OPEB	51,966	
<b>Total Deferred Outflows</b>		
of Resources	196,453	
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets	189,464	194,067
Restricted	60,280	5,919
Unrestricted	(334,973)	(687,010)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ (85,229)	\$ (487,024)
* D 1		

<sup>\*</sup> Restated

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the Academy at June 30, 2018 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." For fiscal year 2018, the Academy adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the Academy's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OBEP liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the Academy's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Academy is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the Academy's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

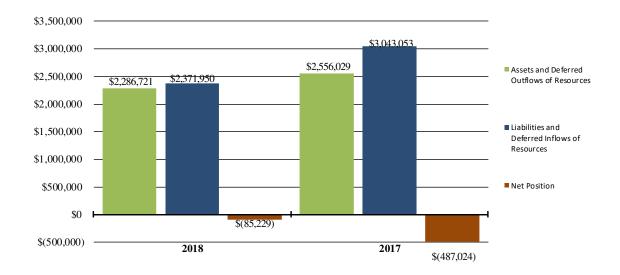
As a result of implementing GASB 75, the Academy is reporting a net OPEB liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at June 30, 2017, from a deficit of \$67,628 to a deficit of \$487,024. See Note 3 for further information regarding the restatement of net position.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2018, the Academy's assets and deferred outflows of resources were less than liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by a deficit of \$85,229. Of this total, a deficit of \$334,973 is unrestricted. Liabilities decreased \$867,556 primarily due to the decrease in the net pension and OPEB liability.

At year-end, capital assets represented 19.13% of total assets. Capital assets consisted of construction in progress, buildings and improvements and equipment. There is no debt related to these capital assets. Capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending.

The chart below illustrates the Academy's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

### Governmental Activities

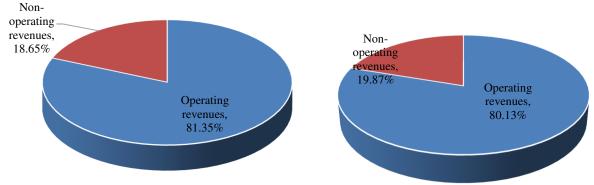


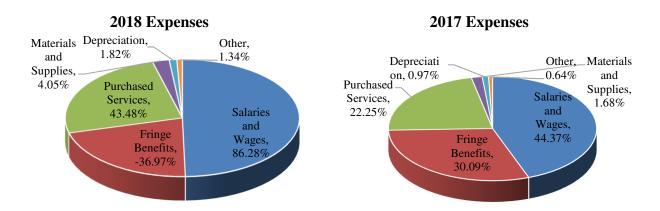
The table below shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year 2018 and fiscal year 2017.

	2018		2017	
OPERATING REVENUES				
State Foundation	\$	1,117,405	\$	1,138,617
Other Operating Revenues		13,415		8,040
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>		1,130,820		1,146,657
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and Wages		852,574		811,315
Fringe Benefits		(365,327)		550,205
Purchased Services		429,682		406,912
Materials and Supplies		40,044		30,737
Depreciation		18,013		17,659
Other		13,264		11,785
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>		988,250		1,828,613
Operating Income (Loss)		142,570		(681,956)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES				
Federal, State, and Local Grants		258,074		283,446
Interest Income		1,151		874
<b>Total Non-operating Revenues</b>		259,225		284,320
Change in Net Position		401,795		(397,636)
Net Position - Beginning of Year, Restated		(487,024)		N/A
Net Position - End of Year	\$	(85,229)	\$	(487,024)

Operating revenues decreased \$15,837 or 1.38 percent mainly due to a slight decrease in state foundation revenue. Federal, state and local grants revenue decreased slightly by \$25,372. The charts below illustrate the revenues and expenses for the Academy for fiscal year 2018 and 2017.







The decrease in fringe benefits was mainly due to a decrease in the pension expense. The negative fringe benefit expense of \$365,327 is attributed to the pension expense adjustments related to GASB 68 and 75. Below is a comparison of fringe benefits expense without the pension and OPEB expenses related to GASB 68 and GASB 75.

See Note 13 and 14 for further information regarding GASB 68 and GASB 75.

### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2018, the Academy had \$189,464 invested in construction in progress, buildings and improvements and equipment. See Note 6 in the notes to the basic financial statements for more detail on capital assets.

### **Current Financial Related Activities**

The Academy (formerly called the Academic Acceleration Academy) is sponsored by the Educational Service Central Of Central Ohio. The Academy relies primarily on the State Foundation funds and federal and state operating grants. In order to continually provide learning opportunities to the Academy's students, the Academy will apply resources to best meet the needs of its students. It is the intent of the Academy to apply for State and Federal funds that are made available to finance its operations.

### **Contacting the Academy's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Academy's finances and to show the Academy's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Dan Lamb, Treasurer of Early College Academy, Charter School Specialists, 40 Hill Road South, Pickerington, OH 43147 or by phone at 614-837-8945.

### EARLY COLLEGE ACADEMY FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 664,263           Investments         102,402           Receivables:         30,044           Prepaid Items         4,128           Total Current Assets         800,837           Noncurrent Assets           Noncurrent Assets:         4,500           Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation         184,964           Total Noncurrent Assets         189,464           Total Assets         990,301           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         1,273,740           OPEB         22,680           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,296,420           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:         21,791           Accrued Wages and Benefits         80,386           Compensated Absences Payable         11,255           Intergovernmental Payable         11,255           Intergovernmental Payable         1,166           Total Current Liabilities:         131,748           Noncurrent Liabilities         309,814           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,175,497           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension	ASSETS Current Assets:		
Receivables:   1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	664,263
Intergovernmental Prepaid Items   4,128     Total Current Assets   800,837     Noncurrent Assets	Investments		102,402
Prepaid Items         4,128           Total Current Assets         800,837           Noncurrent Assets:         4,500           Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation         184,964           Total Noncurrent Assets         189,464           Total Assets         990,301           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         1,273,740           OPEB         22,680           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,296,420           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accounts Payable         21,791           Accrued Wages and Benefits         80,386           Compensated Absences Payable         17,150           Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable         11,255           Intergovernmental Payable         1,166           Total Current Liabilities:         309,814           Noncurrent Liabilities:         309,814           Net Pension Liability         309,814           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,175,497           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         144,487	Receivables:		
Noncurrent Assets           Noncurrent Assets:         4,500           Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation         184,964           Total Noncurrent Assets         189,464           Total Assets         990,301           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         1,273,740           OPEB         22,680           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,296,420           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accounts Payable         21,791           Accrued Wages and Benefits         80,386           Compensated Absences Payable         17,150           Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable         11,255           Intergovernmental Payable         1,166           Total Current Liabilities         131,748           Noncurrent Liabilities           Net Pension Liability         1,733,935           Net OPEB Liability         309,814           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,175,497           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Res	-		
Noncurrent Assets:         4,500           Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation         184,964           Total Noncurrent Assets         189,464           Total Assets         990,301           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         1,273,740           OPEB         22,680           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,296,420           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accounts Payable         21,791           Accrued Wages and Benefits         80,386           Compensated Absences Payable         17,150           Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable         11,255           Intergovernmental Payable         1,166           Total Current Liabilities:         131,748           Noncurrent Liabilities:         131,748           Not OPEB Liability         1,733,935           Net Pension Liability         2,043,749           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         189,464           Restricted for: <t< th=""><th>•</th><th></th><th></th></t<>	•		
Nondepreciable Capital Assets         4,500           Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation         184,964           Total Noncurrent Assets         189,464           Total Assets         990,301           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         1,273,740           OPEB         22,680           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,296,420           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accounts Payable         21,791           Accrued Wages and Benefits         80,386           Compensated Absences Payable         17,150           Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable         11,255           Intergovernmental Payable         1,166           Total Current Liabilities         131,748           Nocurrent Liabilities           Net Pension Liability         309,814           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,175,497           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,453           NET POSITION           Investmen	Total Current Assets		800,837
Nondepreciable Capital Assets         4,500           Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation         184,964           Total Noncurrent Assets         189,464           Total Assets         990,301           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         1,273,740           OPEB         22,680           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,296,420           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accounts Payable         21,791           Accrued Wages and Benefits         80,386           Compensated Absences Payable         17,150           Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable         11,255           Intergovernmental Payable         1,166           Total Current Liabilities         131,748           Nocurrent Liabilities           Net Pension Liability         309,814           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,175,497           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,453           NET POSITION           Investmen	Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation         184,964           Total Noncurrent Assets         189,464           Total Assets         990,301           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         1,273,740           OPEB         22,680           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,296,420           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accounts Payable         21,791           Accrued Wages and Benefits         80,386           Compensated Absences Payable         17,150           Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable         11,255           Intergovernmental Payable         1,166           Total Current Liabilities         1,1733,935           Net Pension Liability         1,733,935           Net OPEB Liability         309,814           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,453           NET POSITION           Investment in Capital Assets         189,464           Restricted for:         Federally Funded Programs <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>4,500</th></t<>			4,500
Total Noncurrent Assets         189,464           Total Assets         990,301           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         1,273,740           OPEB         22,680           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accrued Wages and Benefits           Compensated Absences Payable         17,150           Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable         11,255           Intergovernmental Payable         1,166           Total Current Liabilities         131,748           Noncurrent Liabilities         1,733,935           Net Pension Liability         1,733,935           Net OPEB Liability         309,814           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,175,497           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,453           NET POSITION           Investment in Capital Assets         189,464           Restricted for:         Federally Funded Programs         13,025			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         1,273,740           OPEB         22,680           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,296,420           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:         21,791           Accounts Payable         21,791           Accrued Wages and Benefits         80,386           Compensated Absences Payable         17,150           Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable         11,255           Intergovernmental Payable         1,166           Total Current Liabilities         131,748           Noncurrent Liabilities         131,748           Net Pension Liability         1,733,935           Net OPEB Liability         309,814           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,175,497           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,453           NET POSITION           Investment in Capital Assets         189,464           Restricted for:         Federally Funded Programs <td< th=""><th>*</th><th></th><th>189,464</th></td<>	*		189,464
Pension         1,273,740           OPEB         22,680           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,296,420           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accounts Payable         21,791           Accrued Wages and Benefits         80,386           Compensated Absences Payable         17,150           Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable         11,255           Intergovernmental Payable         1,166           Total Current Liabilities         131,748           Noncurrent Liabilities           Net Pension Liability         309,814           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,175,497           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,453           NET POSITION           Investment in Capital Assets         189,464           Restricted for:         Federally Funded Programs         13,025           Other Purposes         47,255           Unrestricted (Deficit)         (334,973)	Total Assets		990,301
Pension         1,273,740           OPEB         22,680           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,296,420           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accounts Payable         21,791           Accrued Wages and Benefits         80,386           Compensated Absences Payable         17,150           Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable         11,255           Intergovernmental Payable         1,166           Total Current Liabilities         131,748           Noncurrent Liabilities           Net Pension Liability         309,814           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,175,497           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,453           NET POSITION           Investment in Capital Assets         189,464           Restricted for:         Federally Funded Programs         13,025           Other Purposes         47,255           Unrestricted (Deficit)         (334,973)			
OPEB         22,680           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,296,420           LIABILITIES			1 072 740
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,296,420           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accounts Payable         21,791           Accrued Wages and Benefits         80,386           Compensated Absences Payable         17,150           Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable         11,255           Intergovernmental Payable         1,166           Total Current Liabilities         131,748           Noncurrent Liabilities         1           Net Pension Liability         1,733,935           Net OPEB Liability         309,814           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,175,497           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension           Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,453           NET POSITION         Investment in Capital Assets         189,464           Restricted for:         Federally Funded Programs         13,025           Other Purposes         47,255           Unrestricted (Deficit)         (334,973)			
LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:         Accounts Payable       21,791         Accrued Wages and Benefits       80,386         Compensated Absences Payable       17,150         Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable       11,255         Intergovernmental Payable       1,166         Total Current Liabilities       131,748         Noncurrent Liabilities:       1,733,935         Net OPEB Liability       309,814         Total Noncurrent Liabilities       2,043,749         Total Liabilities       2,175,497         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension       144,487         OPEB       51,966         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       196,453         NET POSITION         Investment in Capital Assets       189,464         Restricted for:       Federally Funded Programs       13,025         Other Purposes       47,255         Unrestricted (Deficit)       (334,973)	~		
Current Liabilities:         Accounts Payable       21,791         Accrued Wages and Benefits       80,386         Compensated Absences Payable       17,150         Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable       11,255         Intergovernmental Payable       1,166         Total Current Liabilities       131,748         Noncurrent Liabilities:         Net Pension Liability       1,733,935         Net OPEB Liability       309,814         Total Noncurrent Liabilities       2,043,749         Total Liabilities       2,175,497         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension       144,487         OPEB       51,966         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       196,453         NET POSITION         Investment in Capital Assets       189,464         Restricted for:       Federally Funded Programs       13,025         Other Purposes       47,255         Unrestricted (Deficit)       (334,973)	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	1,290,420
Accounts Payable       21,791         Accrued Wages and Benefits       80,386         Compensated Absences Payable       17,150         Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable       11,255         Intergovernmental Payable       1,166         Total Current Liabilities       131,748         Noncurrent Liabilities:       309,814         Net Pension Liability       309,814         Total Noncurrent Liabilities       2,043,749         Total Liabilities       2,175,497         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       Pension         Pension       144,487         OPEB       51,966         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       196,453         NET POSITION         Investment in Capital Assets       189,464         Restricted for:       Federally Funded Programs       13,025         Other Purposes       47,255         Unrestricted (Deficit)       (334,973)	LIABILITIES		
Accrued Wages and Benefits       80,386         Compensated Absences Payable       17,150         Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable       11,255         Intergovernmental Payable       1,166         Total Current Liabilities       131,748         Noncurrent Liabilities:	Current Liabilities:		
Compensated Absences Payable       17,150         Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable       11,255         Intergovernmental Payable       1,166         Total Current Liabilities       131,748         Noncurrent Liabilities:         Net Pension Liability       1,733,935         Net OPEB Liability       309,814         Total Noncurrent Liabilities       2,043,749         Total Liabilities       2,175,497         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension       144,487         OPEB       51,966         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       196,453         NET POSITION         Investment in Capital Assets       189,464         Restricted for:       13,025         Other Purposes       47,255         Unrestricted (Deficit)       (334,973)	Accounts Payable		21,791
Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable       11,255         Intergovernmental Payable       1,166         Total Current Liabilities       131,748         Noncurrent Liabilities:	Accrued Wages and Benefits		80,386
Intergovernmental Payable         1,166           Total Current Liabilities         131,748           Noncurrent Liabilities:			17,150
Noncurrent Liabilities:         131,748           Net Pension Liability         1,733,935           Net OPEB Liability         309,814           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,175,497           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,453           NET POSITION           Investment in Capital Assets         189,464           Restricted for:         13,025           Federally Funded Programs         13,025           Other Purposes         47,255           Unrestricted (Deficit)         (334,973)	Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable		11,255
Noncurrent Liabilities:         Net Pension Liability       1,733,935         Net OPEB Liability       309,814         Total Noncurrent Liabilities       2,043,749         Total Liabilities       2,175,497         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension       144,487         OPEB       51,966         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       196,453         NET POSITION         Investment in Capital Assets       189,464         Restricted for:       13,025         Other Purposes       47,255         Unrestricted (Deficit)       (334,973)	The state of the s		1,166
Net Pension Liability       1,733,935         Net OPEB Liability       309,814         Total Noncurrent Liabilities       2,043,749         Total Liabilities       2,175,497         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension       144,487         OPEB       51,966         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       196,453         NET POSITION         Investment in Capital Assets       189,464         Restricted for:       Federally Funded Programs       13,025         Other Purposes       47,255         Unrestricted (Deficit)       (334,973)	Total Current Liabilities		131,748
Net Pension Liability       1,733,935         Net OPEB Liability       309,814         Total Noncurrent Liabilities       2,043,749         Total Liabilities       2,175,497         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension       144,487         OPEB       51,966         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       196,453         NET POSITION         Investment in Capital Assets       189,464         Restricted for:       Federally Funded Programs       13,025         Other Purposes       47,255         Unrestricted (Deficit)       (334,973)	Noncurrent I inhilities		
Net OPEB Liability         309,814           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,175,497           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,453           NET POSITION           Investment in Capital Assets         189,464           Restricted for:         Federally Funded Programs         13,025           Other Purposes         47,255           Unrestricted (Deficit)         (334,973)			1 733 935
Total Noncurrent Liabilities         2,043,749           Total Liabilities         2,175,497           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,453           NET POSITION           Investment in Capital Assets         189,464           Restricted for:         Federally Funded Programs         13,025           Other Purposes         47,255           Unrestricted (Deficit)         (334,973)			
Total Liabilities         2,175,497           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,453           NET POSITION           Investment in Capital Assets         189,464           Restricted for:         Federally Funded Programs         13,025           Other Purposes         47,255           Unrestricted (Deficit)         (334,973)	•		
Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,453           NET POSITION           Investment in Capital Assets         189,464           Restricted for:         Federally Funded Programs         13,025           Other Purposes         47,255           Unrestricted (Deficit)         (334,973)	Total Liabilities		_
Pension         144,487           OPEB         51,966           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,453           NET POSITION           Investment in Capital Assets         189,464           Restricted for:         Federally Funded Programs         13,025           Other Purposes         47,255           Unrestricted (Deficit)         (334,973)			_
OPEB 51,966 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 196,453  NET POSITION Investment in Capital Assets 189,464 Restricted for: Federally Funded Programs 13,025 Other Purposes 47,255 Unrestricted (Deficit) (334,973)			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources  196,453  NET POSITION Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Federally Funded Programs Other Purposes Unrestricted (Deficit)  196,453  189,464  189,464  13,025  47,255  (334,973)			
NET POSITION Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Federally Funded Programs Other Purposes Unrestricted (Deficit)  189,464 189,464 13,025 47,255 (334,973)			_
Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Federally Funded Programs Other Purposes Unrestricted (Deficit)  189,464 13,025 47,255 (334,973)	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		196,453
Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Federally Funded Programs Other Purposes Unrestricted (Deficit)  189,464 13,025 47,255 (334,973)	NET POSITION		
Restricted for: Federally Funded Programs Other Purposes Unrestricted (Deficit)  13,025 47,255 (334,973)			189,464
Other Purposes 47,255 Unrestricted (Deficit) (334,973)	÷		, -
Other Purposes 47,255 Unrestricted (Deficit) (334,973)	Federally Funded Programs		13,025
Total Net Position \$\\ (85,229)	Unrestricted (Deficit)		(334,973)
	Total Net Position	\$	(85,229)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

# EARLY COLLEGE ACADEMY FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN THE NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

OPERATING REVENUES	
State Foundation	\$ 1,117,405
Other Operating Revenues	13,415
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	1,130,820
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries and Wages	852,574
Fringe Benefits	(365,327)
Purchased Services	429,682
Materials and Supplies	40,044
Depreciation	18,013
Other	13,264
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	988,250
Operating Income	 142,570
NON-OPERATING REVENUES	
Interest Income	1,151
Federal, State and Local Grants	 258,074
<b>Total Nonoperating Revenues</b>	259,225
Change in Net Position	401,795
Net Position - Beginning of Year, Restated	(487,024)
Net Position - End of Year	\$ (85,229)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

### EARLY COLLEGE ACADEMY FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	
Cash Received from State of Ohio	\$	1,117,079
Cash Received from Other Operations		13,415
Cash Payments for Salaries and Wages		(847,273)
Cash Payments for Fringe Benefits		(132,213)
Cash Payments for Purchased Services Cash Payments for Materials and Supplies		(419,292) (38,504)
Cash Payments for Other Expenses		(13,264)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(320,052)
Net Cash Osed in Operating Activities		(320,032)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Federal and State Grants		293,540
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		293,540
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND		
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash payments for Capital Acquisitions		(8,910)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities		(8,910)
The Cash esea in Capital and related I making Florities		(0,710)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on Investments		1,151
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		1,151
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(34,271)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		800,936
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	766,665
		700,000
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO		
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
	\$	142,570
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income	\$	142,570
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income Adjustments:	\$	·
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation	\$	142,570 18,013
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows:	\$	18,013
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation	\$	·
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable	\$	18,013 (460)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items	\$	18,013 (460) 5,512
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pensions	\$	18,013 (460) 5,512 211,581
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB	\$	18,013 (460) 5,512 211,581
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:	\$	18,013 (460) 5,512 211,581 (21,665)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Compensated Absences Payable	\$	18,013 (460) 5,512 211,581 (21,665) 11,315
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits	\$	18,013 (460) 5,512 211,581 (21,665) 11,315 5,301
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Compensated Absences Payable Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable Intergovernmental Payable	\$	18,013 (460) 5,512 211,581 (21,665) 11,315 5,301 (4,386)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Compensated Absences Payable Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable Intergovernmental Payable Net Pension Liability	\$	18,013 (460) 5,512 211,581 (21,665) 11,315 5,301 (4,386) 743 78 (774,510)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Compensated Absences Payable Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable Intergovernmental Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	\$	18,013 (460) 5,512 211,581 (21,665) 11,315 5,301 (4,386) 743 78 (774,510) (110,597)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Compensated Absences Payable Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable Intergovernmental Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflow of Resources - Pensions	\$	18,013 (460) 5,512 211,581 (21,665) 11,315 5,301 (4,386) 743 78 (774,510) (110,597) 144,487
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Compensated Absences Payable Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable Intergovernmental Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Inflow of Resources - OPEB		18,013 (460) 5,512 211,581 (21,665) 11,315 5,301 (4,386) 743 78 (774,510) (110,597) 144,487 51,966
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Compensated Absences Payable Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable Intergovernmental Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflow of Resources - Pensions	\$	18,013 (460) 5,512 211,581 (21,665) 11,315 5,301 (4,386) 743 78 (774,510) (110,597) 144,487
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Compensated Absences Payable Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable Intergovernmental Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Inflow of Resources - OPEB Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		18,013 (460) 5,512 211,581 (21,665) 11,315 5,301 (4,386) 743 78 (774,510) (110,597) 144,487 51,966
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Operating Income  Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows: Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Compensated Absences Payable Pension and Postemployment Benefits Payable Intergovernmental Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflow of Resources - Pensions Deferred Inflow of Resources - OPEB		18,013 (460) 5,512 211,581 (21,665) 11,315 5,301 (4,386) 743 78 (774,510) (110,597) 144,487 51,966

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

### NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF THE ACADEMY AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Early College Academy (the "Academy") is a nonprofit corporation established by Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 3314.03 to establish a new conversion school in Columbus City Schools. The Academy is designed to serve high school students who are over-aged for their grade placement for participation in an intensive program to accelerate graduation from high school and transition to an appropriate post- secondary placement. The Academy, which is part of the State's education program, is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices and all other operations. The Academy is an approved tax-exempt organization under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and management is not aware of any course of action or series of events that have occurred that might adversely affect their tax exempt status. The Academy may sue or be sued, acquire facilities as needed, and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the Academy.

The Academy was certified by the State of Ohio Secretary of State as a non-profit organization on March 7, 2006 and was formerly called Academic Acceleration Academy. The Academy was approved for operation under a contract with the Columbus City Schools as the sponsor for five years commencing July 1, 2006 and continuing through June 30, 2011. On June 17, 2011, the Academy approved an agreement to change sponsors to the Education Service Center of Central Ohio (the "Sponsor"). The agreement is for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2013. On August 18, 2013, the Academy extended its sponsorship agreement through August 29, 2016. The Academy renewed a contract with the Sponsor through June 30, 2019. The Sponsor is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Academy and has the authority to deny renewal of the contract at its expiration. Charter School Specialists, LLC ("CSS") serves as the fiscal agent for the Academy (See Note 9). The Academy served 166 students during fiscal year 2018.

The Academy operates under the direction of a seven-member Board of Directors which consists of individuals who represent the interests of the parents served by the Academy.

The Sponsor, under a purchased services basis with the Academy, provides planning, instructional, administrative and technical services. Certified personnel providing services to the Academy on behalf of the Sponsor under the purchased services basis are considered employees of the Sponsor (See Note 9). Beginning in fiscal year 2016, the Academy began to perform some of the hiring procedures of the Academy.

During fiscal year 2018, the Academy had a personnel agreement with the Charter School Specialists, LLC ("CSS"). Under this agreement, non-certificated personnel providing services to the Academy on behalf of CSS under the purchased service basis are considered employees of CSS, and CSS is solely responsible for all payroll functions (See Note 9).

### **Reporting Entity**

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the Academy consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the Academy. For the Early College Academy, this includes instructional activities of the Academy.

### NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF THE ACADEMY AND REPORTING ENTITY (Continued)

### **Reporting Entity** (Continued)

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Academy is financially accountable. The Academy is financially accountable for an organization if the Academy appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the Academy is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Academy is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Academy is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Academy is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Academy in that the Academy approves the budget and issuance of debt. The Academy has no component units.

### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the Academy have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Academy's significant accounting policies are described below.

### A. Basis of Presentation

Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources are included on the statement of net position. Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### C. <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Academy, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 13 and 14.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the Academy, deferred inflows of resources include pension and OPEB. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. See Note 13 and 14 for deferred inflows of resources related to the pension and OPEB plans.

### D. Budgetary Process

Community schools are statutorily required to adopt a budget by Ohio Revised Code 3314.032(C). However, unlike traditional public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow the specific budgetary process and limits set forth in the Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided in the contract between the School and its Sponsor. The contract between the School and its Sponsor does not require the School to follow the provisions Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705; therefore, no budgetary information is presented in the basic financial statements.

### E. Cash and Investments

Cash received by the Academy is maintained in demand deposit accounts.

During fiscal year 2018, investments were limited to investments in non-negotiable certificates of deposit. Non-participating investment contracts, such as non-negotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Academy are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### F. Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value on the date donated. During fiscal year 2018, the Academy maintained a capital asset threshold of \$2,000. The Academy does not have any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets (except construction in progress) are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Buildings and improvements are depreciated from 10-25 years. Equipment consists of computers and equipment is depreciated from 3-10 years.

### G. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net position component "investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Academy applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

### H. Intergovernmental Revenue

The Academy currently participates in the State Foundation Program, IDEA Part-B grant, Title I grant, Title II-A grant, and the Title IV-A grant. Revenue from the State Foundation Program is recognized as operating revenue in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Amounts awarded under State Foundation Program for fiscal year 2018 school year, excluding all other State and Federal grants, totaled \$1.117.405.

Revenues received from the remaining programs are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accompanying financial statements. Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. State, Federal and Local grants revenue for fiscal year 2018 was \$258,074.

### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the Statement of Net Position. The Academy has recognized certain expenses due, but unpaid as of June 30, 2018. These expenses are reported as accrued liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

### J. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the Statement of Net Position. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

### K. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Academy. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the Academy. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating.

### L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### M. Economic Dependency

The Academy receives approximately 98.81 percent of its operating revenue from the Ohio Department of Education. Due to the significance of this revenue source, the Academy is considered to be economically dependent on the State of Ohio Department of Education.

### N. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

### NOTE 3: CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For fiscal year 2018, the Academy implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB)

Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017, Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, and related guidance from (GASB) Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting).

GASB 85 addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB)). These changes were incorporated in the Academy's fiscal year 2018 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

GASB 75 established standards for measuring and recognizing Postemployment benefit liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditure. The implementation of this pronouncement had the following effect on net position as reported June 30, 2017:

Net Position June 30, 2017	\$ (67,628)
Adjustments:	
Net OPEB liability	(420,411)
Deferred Outflow - Payments Subsequent to Measurement Date	1,015
Restated Net Position June 30, 2017	\$(487,024)

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the Academy made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available.

### NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

### **Deposits with Financial Institutions**

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of all Academy deposits, including \$102,402 of nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, was \$766,665. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, the entire bank balance of \$765,021 (which includes \$102,402 of nonnegotiable certificates of deposit) at June 30, 2018 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

### NOTE 5: **RECEIVABLES**

At June 30, 2018, receivables consisted of intergovernmental receivables. The receivables are expected to be collected in full within one year. A summary of the receivables follows:

	<i>P</i>	Amount
Intergovernmental receivables:		
IDEA Part-B	\$	9,244
Title I		11,600
Food Service		1,812
State Foundation		5,441
Bureau of Workers Comp		1,947
Total Receivables	\$	30,044

### NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

		Balance	Δ.	14:4:	D:-	1	Balance		
	6/30/2017		A	Additions		Disposals		6/30/2018	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated									
Construction in progress	\$		\$	4,500	\$		\$	4,500	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated									
Buildings and improvements		217,915		-				217,915	
Equipment		65,811		8,910				74,721	
Total capital assets being depreciated	283,726			8,910				292,636	
Less Accumulated Depreciation									
Buildings and improvement		(47,620)		(10,524)				(58,144)	
Equipment		(42,039)		(7,489)		-		(49,528)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(89,659)		(18,013)				(107,672)	
Total Capital assets being									
depreciated, net		194,067		(9,103)				184,964	
Capital Assets									
Net of Accum. Depreciation	\$	194,067	\$	(4,603)	\$	-	\$	189,464	

### NOTE 7: **LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Changes in the Academy's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2018 were as follows:

		Restated					
	Ba	lance as of				Ba	alance as of
		5/30/2017	Additions		Reductions	uctions 6/30	
Net Pension Liability:				_			
STRS	\$	2,406,856	\$	-	\$(775,693)	\$	1,631,163
SERS		101,589		1,183			102,772
Total Net Pension Liability		2,508,445		1,183	(775,693)		1,733,935
Net OPEB Liability:							
STRS		384,547		-	\$(116,640)		267,907
SERS		35,864		6,043			41,907
Total Net OPEB Liability		420,411		6,043	(116,640)		309,814
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	2,928,856	\$	7,226	\$(892,333)	\$	2,043,749

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the General Fund. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 13 and 14.

### NOTE 8: PURCHASED SERVICES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, purchased services expenses were as follows:

Professional and Technical Services	\$ 136,345
Property Services	200,607
Communications	42,308
Utilities	30,031
Tuition	2,816
Other	17,575
Total	\$ 429,682

### NOTE 9: SERVICE AGREEMENTS

### A. Charter School Specialists, LLC

The Academy entered into a service contract with Charter School Specialists, LLC (CSS), for a period of twelve months commencing July 1, 2017, to provide fiscal/payroll services. The Academy paid CSS \$39,084 in service fees for fiscal year 2018.

### **B.** Educational Service Center of Central Ohio

The Community School Sponsorship Contract between the Academy and Educational Service Center of Central Ohio (the "Sponsor") outlined the specific payments to be made by the Academy to the Sponsor during fiscal year 2018.

### NOTE 9: **SERVICE AGREEMENTS** (Continued)

### B. Educational Service Center of Central Ohio (Continued)

Under the Community School Sponsorship Contract, the Academy agrees to pay the following:

- 1. The Academy shall annually pay to Sponsor, from the funding provided to the Academy by the Ohio Department of Education pursuant to Section 3314.08 of the Ohio Revised Code, a portion of such funds. Per student payments shall be calculated against the state foundation formula, with the per student calculation set at three percent (3%) of the state foundation payment per pupil, as provided for by the State of Ohio.
- 2. In the event that the Sponsor, as permitted herein, provides special education and related services required by a student's IEP, the Academy shall pay to the Sponsor the funds received by the Academy from the Department of Education on account of such student, except that the Academy may retain sufficient funds to cover its actual costs related to such student, if any.
- 3. The Academy shall pay to Sponsor such other amounts as are mutually agreed, including fees for any services provided to the Academy by the sponsor.
- 4. Upon dissolution, the Academy, as a "Public Benefit Corporation" under Section 1702.01 (P) of the Ohio Revised Code, shall distribute any remaining assets to another community school, public benefit corporation, or other entity that is recognized as except under section 501 c (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Academy made payments of \$25,462 to the Sponsor, which includes the 3 percent fee.

### NOTE 10: OPERATING LEASES

The Academy entered into a lease for fiscal year 2013 with OMNI Management Group to lease a building located 345 East Fifth Avenue, Columbus, Ohio, 43201. The initial terms of the lease were five years commencing July 1, 2012 and ending June 30, 2017. This lease was extended through June 30, 2022. Lease payments, including utilities, for fiscal year 2018 total \$181,935.

### NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to contracted personnel; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2018, the Academy had general liability insurance through Wells Fargo Insurance Services of Ohio, LLC.

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in the past year. There was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior fiscal year.

### NOTE 12: **CONTINGENCIES**

### A. Grants

The Academy received financial assistance from state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Academy at June 30, 2018.

### **B.** Foundation Funding

School foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. However, there is an important nexus between attendance and enrollment for Foundation funding purposes. Community schools must provide documentation that clearly demonstrates students have participated in learning opportunities. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end.

Under Ohio Rev. Code Section 3314.08, ODE may also perform a FTE Review subsequent to the fiscal year end that may result in an additional adjustment to the enrollment information as well as claw backs of Foundation funding due to a lack of evidence to support student participation and other matters of noncompliance. As of the date of this report, ODE has not performed an FTE Review on the Academy for fiscal year 2018.

As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2018 are not finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2018 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the Academy.

In addition, the Academy's contract with their Sponsor requires payment based on revenues received from the State. As discussed above, additional FTE adjustments for fiscal year 2018 are not finalized. Until such adjustments are finalized by ODE, the impact on the fiscal year 2018 financial statements, related to additional reconciliation necessary with these contracts, is not determinable. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or liability of, the Academy.

### C. Litigation

The Academy is not involved in any litigation that, in the opinion of management, would have a material effect on the financial statements.

### NOTE 13: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

### A. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the Statement of Net Position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the Academy's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Academy's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Academy cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Academy does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net* pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable.

### NOTE 13: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

### B. Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description –Academy non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, standalone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit Age 65 with 5 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a 2.5 percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Academy is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.50 percent. The remaining 0.5 percent of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The Academy's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$8,072 for fiscal year 2018.

### NOTE 13: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

### C. Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description –Academy licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017 the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12.0 of the 14.0 percent member rates goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2.0 percent goes to the DB plan. Member contributions to the DC plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

### NOTE 13: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

### C. Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) (Continued)

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options in the GASB 68 schedules of employer allocation and pension amounts by employer.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

**Funding Policy** – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The Academy was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2018 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The Academy's contractually required contributions to STRS was \$110,990 for fiscal year 2018.

### D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related</u> to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Academy's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Academy's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

### NOTE 13: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

### D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related</u> to Pensions (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability				
Prior Measurement Date	0	.0013880%	0.00719044%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability				
Current Measurement Date	0	.0017201%	0.00686655%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0	.0003321%	-0.0003239%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension				
Liability	\$	102,772	\$ 1,631,163	\$ 1,733,935
Pension Expense	\$	16,144	\$ (315,524)	\$ (299,380)

At June 30, 2018, the Academy reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	4,423	\$	62,988	\$	67,411
Changes of assumptions		5,314		356,754		362,068
Changes in proportion and differences						
between Academy contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		31,253		693,946		725,199
Academy contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		8,072		110,990		119,062
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	49,062	\$	1,224,678	\$	1,273,740
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	-	\$	13,146	\$	13,146
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on pension plan investments		487		53,828		54,315
Changes in proportion and differences						
between Academy contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions				77,026		77,026
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	487	\$	144,000	\$	144,487

\$119,062 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Academy contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019.

### NOTE 13: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

### D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related</u> to Pensions (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS	STRS	Total
Year Ending June 30:			
2019	\$ 23,967	\$ 387,717	\$ 411,684
2020	13,364	460,946	474,310
2021	5,567	111,782	117,349
2022	 (2,395)	9,243	6,848
Total	\$ 40,503	\$ 969,688	\$1,010,191

### E. Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

### NOTE 13: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

### E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – SERS</u> (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3.00 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 2.5 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Prior to 2017, as assumption of 3 percent was used for COA or Ad Hoc COLA

The mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates is used to evaluate allowances to be paid. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
International Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Stratagies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

### NOTE 13: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

### E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – SERS</u> (Continued)

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
Academy's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$142,621	\$102,772	\$69,391

#### F. Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2016 are presented below:

	July 1, 2017
Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	2.50 percent at age 65 to 12.50 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017
	July 1, 2016
Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

### NOTE 13: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

### F. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – STRS</u> (Continued)

For July 1, 2017, actuarial valuations, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016. Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board.

The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\* 10-</sup>Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

### NOTE 13: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

### F. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – STRS</u> (Continued)

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included.

Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2017. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the School Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)
Academy's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$2,338,218	\$1,631,163	\$1,035,577

### NOTE 14: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS**

### A. Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

### NOTE 14: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

### A. Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

The net OPEB liability represents the Academy's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Academy's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Academy cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the Academy does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable*.

### B. Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The Academy contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute.

### NOTE 14: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

### B. Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS) (Continued)

The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2018, .5 percent of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2018, this amount was \$23,700. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2018, the Academy's surcharge obligation was \$573.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The Academy's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$869 for fiscal year 2018. Of this amount \$573 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

### C. Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <a href="www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

### NOTE 14: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

### C. Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) (Continued)

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

### D. <u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Academy's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Academy's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.00125823%	0.00719044%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability			
Current Measurement Date	0.00156150%	0.00686655%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00030327%	-0.00032389%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
OPEB Liability	\$41,907	\$267,907	\$309,814
OPEB Expense	\$4,799	(\$84,226)	(\$79,427)

### NOTE 14: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

### D. <u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and</u> Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2018, the Academy reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ -	\$ 15,465	\$ 15,465
Changes in proportionate Share and			
difference between Academy contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	6,346	-	6,346
Academy contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	869		869
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$7,215	\$15,465	\$22,680
		·	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Changes of assumptions	\$ 3,977	\$ 21,581	\$ 25,558
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	110	11,451	11,561
Changes in Proportionate Share and			
Difference between Academy contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions		14,847	14,847
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$4,087	\$47,879	\$51,966

\$869 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Academy contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2019	\$830	(\$6,357)	(\$5,527)
2020	830	(6,357)	(5,527)
2021	625	(6,357)	(5,732)
2022	(26)	(6,356)	(6,382)
2023	0	(3,494)	(3,494)
Thereafter	0	(3,493)	(3,493)
Total	\$2,259	(\$32,414)	(\$30,155)

### NOTE 14: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

### **E. Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.56 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	3.63 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.98 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.50 to 5.00 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.50 to 5.00 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

### NOTE 14: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

### E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions - SERS</u> (Continued)

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
C		
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2017 was 2.98 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

### NOTE 14: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

### E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions - SERS</u> (Continued)

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.56 percent, as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.63%) and higher (4.63%) than the current discount rate (3.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.5% decreasing to 4.0%) and higher (8.5% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (2.63%)	Current Discount Rate (3.63%)	1% Increase (4.63%)
Academy's proportionate share	(2.0370)	(3.03%)	(4.03 %)
of the net OPEB liability	\$50,608	\$41,907	\$35,013
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
	(6.5 % decreasing to 4.0 %)	(7.5 % decreasing to 5.0 %)	(8.5 % decreasing to 6.0 %)
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$34,004	\$41,907	\$52,366

### NOTE 14: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

### F. Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Projected salary increases 12.50 percent at age 20 to

2.50 percent at age 65

Investment Rate of Return 7.45 percent, net of investment

expenses, including inflation

Payroll Increases 3 percent

Cost-of-Living Adjustments 0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

(COLA)

Blended Discount Rate of Return 4.13 percent

Health Care Cost Trends 6 to 11 percent initial, 4.5 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

### NOTE 14: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

### F. Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Also since the prior measurement date, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. Subsequent to the current measurement date, the date for discontinuing remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements was extended to January 2020.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\* 10</sup> year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2037.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2036 and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate.

### NOTE 14: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

### F. Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

The blended discount rate of 4.13 percent, which represents the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent for the unfunded benefit payments, was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017. A blended discount rate of 3.26 percent which represents the long term expected rate of return of 7.75 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 2.85 percent for the unfunded benefit payments was used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 4.13 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.13 percent) or one percentage point higher (5.13 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB liability as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(3.13%)	(4.13%)	(5.13%)
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$359,661	\$267,907	\$195,392
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$186,131	\$267,907	\$375,535

### NOTE 15: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Academy employees earn 10 personal days per year and the amounts cannot be carried over to the next fiscal year. Unused at fiscal year-end are paid out at a rate of \$200 per day in the next fiscal year. The liability for the payment of unused personal days at June 30, 2018 has been reported as "compensated absences payable" on the financial statements.

The Academy Superintendent is the only employee who accrues vacation days. The Superintendent is given the option to accrue unused vacation days up to three years or to be paid out annually for unused vacation days at fiscal year-end. The liability for the payment of unused vacation days at June 30, 2018 has been reported as "compensated absences payable" on the financial statements.

## SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

## SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (1)

		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
Academy's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0	0172010%	0.0	0138800%	0.0	013830%	0.0	003490%	0.0	003490%	
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	102,772	\$	101,589	\$	78,915	\$	17,663	\$	20,754	
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$	54,164	\$	47,336	\$	41,639	\$	10,144	\$	39,299	
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		189.74%		214.61%		189.52%		174.12%		52.81%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		69.50%		62.98%		69.16%		71.70%		65.52%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior fiscal period end.

## SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

## STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Academy's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00686655%	0.00719044%	0.00671720%	0.00135304%	0.00135304%
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,631,163	\$ 2,406,856	\$ 1,856,556	\$ 329,106	\$ 392,029
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$ 751,914	\$ 719,221	\$ 700,871	\$ 138,254	\$ 109,562
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	216.93%	334.65%	264.89%	238.04%	357.82%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior fiscal period end.

## SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 8,072	\$ 7,583	\$ 6,627	\$ 5,488	\$ 1,406	\$ 5,439	\$ 5,301	\$ 586
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(8,072)	(7,583)	(6,627)	(5,488)	(1,406)	(5,439)	(5,301)	(586)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	_							
Academy Covered Payroll	\$57,657	\$54,164	\$47,336	\$41,639	\$10,144	\$39,299	\$39,413	\$4,662
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%	12.57%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2011 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually Required Contribution	\$110,990	\$105,268	\$100,691	\$ 98,122	\$ 17,973	\$ 14,243	\$ 10,783	\$ 14,791
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(110,990)	(105,268)	(100,691)	(98,122)	(17,973)	(14,243)	(10,783)	(14,791)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Academy Covered Payroll	\$792,786	\$751,914	\$719,221	\$ 700,871	\$ 138,254	\$ 109,562	\$ 82,946	\$ 113,777
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2011 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

## SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

### SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS (1)

Academy's Proportion of the Net OPEB	2018			2017
Liability	0.	0015615%	0.	0012582%
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	41,907	\$	35,864
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$	54,164	\$	47,336
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		77.37%		75.77%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		12.46%		11.49%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior fiscal period end.

## SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

## STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2018			2017
Academy's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.	.00686655%	0.	.00719044%
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	267,907	\$	384,547
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$	751,914	\$	719,221
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		35.63%		53.47%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		47.10%		37.30%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior fiscal period end.

## SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually Required Contribution (2)	\$ 869	\$ 1,015	\$ 573	\$ 341	\$ 85	\$ 159	\$ 217	\$ 67
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(869)	(1,015)	(573)	(341)	(85)	(159)	(217)	(67)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)								
Academy Covered Payroll	\$57,657	\$54,164	\$47,336	\$41,639	\$10,144	\$39,299	\$39,413	\$4,662
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (2)	1.51%	1.87%	1.21%	0.82%	0.84%	0.40%	0.55%	1.44%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2011 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes Surcharge

## SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,383	\$ 1,096	\$ 829	\$ 1,138
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution					(1,383)	(1,096)	(829)	(1,138)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Academy Covered Payroll	\$792,786	\$751,914	\$719,221	\$ 700,871	\$ 138,254	\$ 109,562	\$82,946	\$ 113,777
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2011 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

## EARLY COLLEGE ACADEMY FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

### Net Pension Liability

### Changes of benefit terms - SERS

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017.

The following changes were made to the benefit terms in 2018 as identified: The COLA was changed from a fixed 3.00% to a COLA that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.5% with a floor of 0% beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

### Changes in assumptions- SERS

There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016 and 2018. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates and (g) mortality among disable member was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement (h) change in discount rate from 7.75% to 7.5%.

### Changes in benefit terms- STRS

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2018.

### Changes in assumptions – STRS

There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) inflation assumption lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (b) investment return assumption lowered from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) total salary increases rates lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, as well as by 0.25% due to lower inflation, (d) payroll growth assumption lowered to 3.00%, (e) updated the healthy and disable mortality assumption to the "RP-2014" mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016, (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

## EARLY COLLEGE ACADEMY FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

### Net OPEB Liability

### Changes in Assumptions - SERS

Amounts reported for fiscal year 2018 incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

### Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Fiscal year 2018 3.56 percent Fiscal year 2017 2.92 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,

including price inflation

Fiscal year 2018 3.63 percent Fiscal year 2017 2.98 percent

### Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Also, for fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.

### JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

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### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Board Early College Academy Columbus, Ohio The Honorable Dave Yost Auditor of State State of Ohio

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Early College Academy, Franklin County, Ohio, (the Academy) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 18, 2018, wherein we noted the Academy adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Academy's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Academy's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

James L. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

December 18, 2018

## EARLY COLLEGE ACADEMY FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS JUNE 30, 2018

The prior audit report, as of June 30, 2017, included no citations or instances of noncompliance. Management letter recommendations have been corrected, repeated, or procedures instituted to prevent occurrences in this audit period.



### **EARLY COLLEGE ACADEMY**

### **FRANKLIN COUNTY**

### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

**CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 26, 2019**