REGULAR AUDIT FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021



GUEYE & ASSOCIATES, CPA, INC.

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Board of Trustees Pleasant Township PO Box 39 Catawba, OH 43010

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Pleasant Township, Clark County, prepared by Gueye & Associates, CPA, for the audit period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Pleasant Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

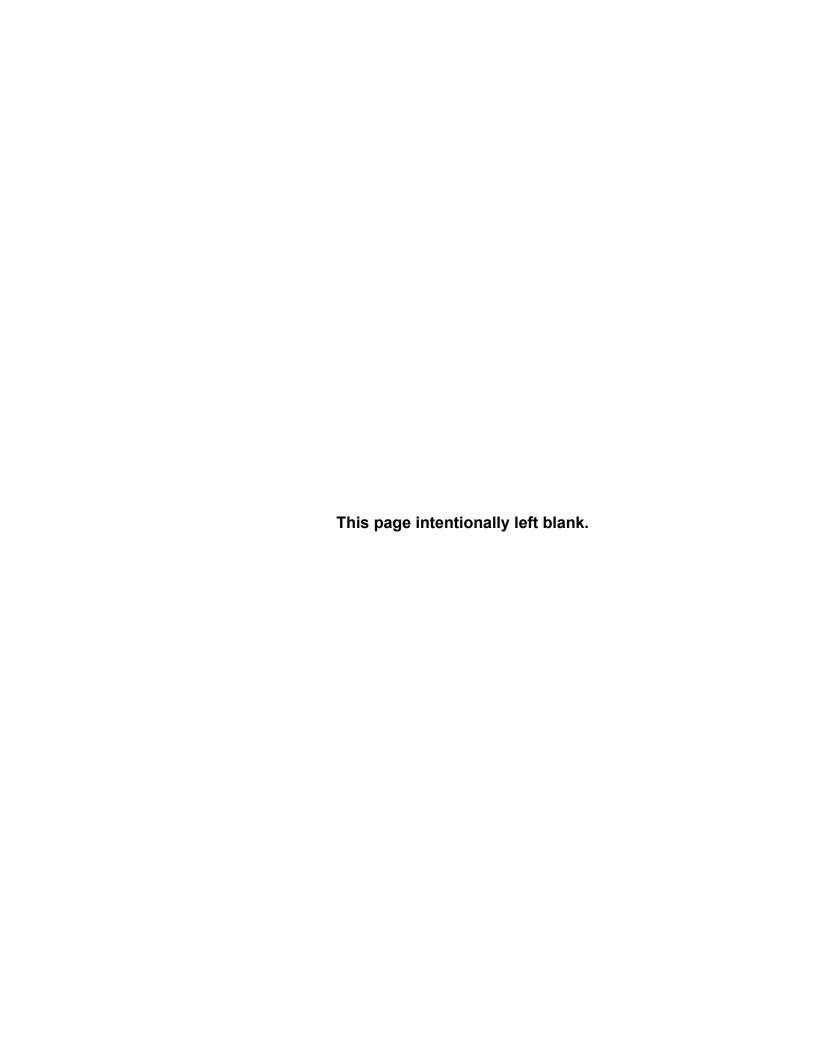
December 19, 2023



PLEASANT TOWNSHIP CLARK COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Pleasant Township Clark County P.O. Box 39 Catawba, Ohio 43010

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the Pleasant Township, Clark County, Ohio (the Township), which comprises the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions which Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit, described in Note 2.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township, as of December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021, or the changes in financial position for the years then ended.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Township, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Pleasant Township Clark County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by Township on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 2 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Township's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Pleasant Township Clark County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Township's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2023, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Columbus, Ohio

November 30, 2023

wye of Associates CPA

Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	ď	Seneral		Special Revenue	Pei	rmanent	(Me	ı otais morandum Only)
Cash Receipts								, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	26,552	\$	365,717	\$	-	\$	392,269
Charges for Services	•	-	·	65,881	·	_	•	65,881
Licenses, Permits and Fees		17,057		41,447		_		58,504
Intergovernmental		21,802		384,536		_		406,338
Earnings on Investments		1,954		765		11,226		13,945
Miscellaneous		15,635		12,716		-		28,351
		83,000		871,062		11,226		965,288
Total Cash Receipts								,
Cash Disbursements								
Current:								
General Government		157,609		49,789		-		207,398
Public Safety		-		361,388		_		361,388
Public Works				231,839		-		231,839
Health				41,888		4,388		46,276
Conservation-Recreation		_		87		´-		87
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		_		82,366		_		82,366
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_		5,219		_		5,219
Total Cash Disbursements		157,609		772,576		4,388		934,573
		,		,				,
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		(74,609)		98,486		6,838		30,715
3		, -,		, -		,		, -
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		123,477		1,023,185		86,454		1,233,116
•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·				
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	48,868	\$ ^	1,121,671	\$	93,292	\$	1,263,831

See the notes to the Financial Statements

Clark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Pleasant Township, Clark County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services.

Joint Ventures, Jointly Governed Organizations, Public Entity Risk Pools and Related Organizations

The Township participates in jointly governed organizations, joint ventures, and the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types and a combined statement of additions, deductions and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all fiduciary fund types which are all organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

General Fund - The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Fire District Fund - This fund received tax money and donations for the Fire department.

Gasoline Tax Fund - The gas tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

American Rescue Fund – This fund received ARPA monies related to COVID funds provided by the County to the Township.

Permanent Funds – These funds account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs (for the benefit of the government or its citizenry). The Township had the following significant fiduciary fund:

McClenen Cemetery Fund – This fund accounts for and reports interest earned on the non-expendable corpus from a trust agreement restricted for the general maintenance and upkeep of Asbury cemetery.

Clark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain custodial funds) be budgeted annually.

Appropriations - Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources - Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances - The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over and need not be reappropriated. Management has included audit adjustments in the accompanying budgetary presentations for material items that should have been encumbered.

A summary of 2022 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively. The Township values U.S. Treasury Notes and common stock at cost. Money market mutual funds are recorded at share values the mutual funds report.

Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Clark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes, nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Township and the nonspendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

Restricted - Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned - Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3 - Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending 2022 follows:

2022 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$71,963	\$83,000	\$11,037
Special Revenue	763,777	871,062	107,285
Permanent	8,000	11,226	3,226
Total	\$843,740	\$965,288	\$121,548

Clark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

2022 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$180,207	\$157,609	\$22,598
Special Revenue	1,500,119	772,576	727,543
Permanent	8,500	4,388	4,112
Total	\$1,688,826	\$934,573	\$754,253

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Township's deposit and investment accounts are as follows:

	2022
Cash Management Pool:	
Demand deposits	\$813,831
Certificates of deposit	450,000
Total deposits	\$1,263,831

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Note 5 - Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

Note 6 - Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the Township's policy.

The Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability

Clark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31 (latest information available):

	<u>2022</u>
Cash and investments	\$32,288,098
Actuarial liabilities	\$9,146,434

Workers' Compensation

Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Some Township employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

Social Security

Some Township employees contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Township contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2021. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2022.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS discontinued the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

Clark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 9 - Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
EMS Veh Bond Series 2020	\$164,158	2.42%
Ohio Public Works (Roads)	139,200	0.0%
Total	\$303,358	

OPWC – The Township obtained a loan from the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) in 2009 for a township road project for \$348,000 at a 0% interest. The note matures January 2030. The Township makes semi-annual payments of \$8,700.

The Township issued a vehicle Bonds, Series 2020 to finance the purchase of a Squad for the Fire Department. The bond was issued at 2.42% Interest and is payable on a semi-annual installment of \$17,529 maturing in July 2027.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31,		EMS Vehicle
2022:	OPWC	Bond
2023	\$17,400	\$35,059
2024	17,400	35,059
2025	17,400	35,059
2026	17,400	35,059
2027	17,400	35,059
2028-2030	52,200	0
Total	\$139,200	\$175,295

Note 10 - Related Party Transactions

A Township Trustee works for his father's company (Wiseman & Sons, Inc.) which provides emergency services to dig graves. Wiseman & Sons were paid \$3,750 in 2022.

A Township Trustee owns Nu Lawn Service, which provides weed control applications for both cemeteries in the Township. Nu Lawn was paid \$2,343 in 2022.

Note 11 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a State of Emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021, while the national state of emergency continues. During 2022, the Township received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Township. The impact on the Township's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General	Special Revenue	Per	manent	(Me	Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 25,480	\$ 350,613	\$	-	\$	376,093
Charges for Services	-	70,550		-		70,550
Licenses, Permits and Fees	14,294	46,303		-		60,597
Intergovernmental	20,097	385,991		-		406,088
Earnings on Investments	2,108	1,267		3,019		6,394
Miscellaneous	12,963	14,565		-		27,528
	74,942	869,289		3,019		947,250
Total Cash Receipts Cash Disbursements Current:	400.040	40.000				227 000
General Government	189,019	48,880		-		237,899
Public Safety Public Works	-	225,968		-		225,968
	-	189,829		- 1 050		189,829
Health	-	39,372		1,950		41,322
Human Services Debt Service:	-	-		2,359		2,359
Principal Retirement	-	80,732		-		80,732
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	6,853		-		6,853
Total Cash Disbursements	189,019	591,634		4,309		784,962
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(114,077)	277,655		(1,290)		162,288
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	\$ 237,554	\$ 745,530	\$	87,744		1,070,828
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 123,477	\$1,023,185	\$	86,454	\$	1,233,116

See the notes to the Financial Statements

Clark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Pleasant Township, Clark County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services.

Joint Ventures, Jointly Governed Organizations, Public Entity Risk Pools and Related Organizations

The Township participates in jointly governed organizations, joint ventures, and the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types and a combined statement of additions, deductions and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) all fiduciary fund types which are all organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

General Fund - The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Fire District Fund - This fund received tax money and donations for the Fire department.

Gasoline Tax Fund - The gas tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

Permanent Funds – These funds account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs (for the benefit of the government or its citizenry). The Township had the following significant fiduciary fund:

McClenen Cemetery Fund – This fund accounts for and reports interest earned on the non-expendable corpus from a trust agreement restricted for the general maintenance and upkeep of Asbury cemetery.

Clark County

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain custodial funds) be budgeted annually.

Appropriations - Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources - Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances - The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over and need not be reappropriated. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are cancelled and reappropriated in the subsequent year. Management has included audit adjustments in the accompanying budgetary presentations for material items that should have been encumbered.

A summary of 2021 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively. The Township values U.S. Treasury Notes and common stock at cost. Money market mutual funds are recorded at share values the mutual funds report.

Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Clark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes, nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Township and the nonspendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

Restricted - Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned - Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3 - Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending 2021 follows:

2021 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

Budgeted	Actual	
Receipts	Receipts	Variance
\$76,781	\$74,942	(\$1,839)
715,900	869,289	153,389
5,200	3,019	(2,181)
\$797,881	\$947,250	\$149,369
	Receipts \$76,781 715,900 5,200	Receipts Receipts \$76,781 \$74,942 715,900 869,289 5,200 3,019

Clark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

2021 Budgeted v	s. Actual Budgetar	v Basis Ex	penditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$302,111	\$189,019	\$113,092
Special Revenue	1,222,040	591,634	630,406
Permanent	50,000	4,309	45,691
Total	\$1,574,151	\$784,962	\$789,189

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Township's deposit and investment accounts are as follows:

	2021
Cash Management Pool:	
Demand deposits	\$783,116
Certificates of deposit	450,000
Total deposits	\$1,233,116

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Note 5 - Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

Note 6 - Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the Township's policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability

Clark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31 (latest information available):

Cash and investments \$32,288,098
Actuarial liabilities \$9,146,434

Workers' Compensation

Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Some Township employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2021.

Social Security

Some Township employees contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Township contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2021.

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2021. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2021.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS discontinued the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

Clark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 9 - Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate	
EMS Veh Bond Series 2020	\$149,682	2.42%	
Fire Eqpmt Bond Series 2015	34,441	2.59%	
Ohio Public Works (Roads)	156,600	0.0%	
Total	\$385,724		

OPWC – The Township obtained a loan from the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) in 2009 for a township road project for \$348,000 at 0% interest. The note matures January 2030. The Township makes semi-annual payments of \$8,700.

The Township issued a Fire Equipment Bonds, Series 2015 to finance the purchase of a Tanker truck for the Fire Department at 2.59% interest. The bond will be paid in full within 7 years (2022). This bond is paid on an annual installment basis of \$35,293.

The Township issued a vehicle Bonds, Series 2020 to finance the purchase of a Squad for the Fire Department at 2.42% interest. The bond will be paid in full within 7 years (2027). The bond is paid on a semi-annual installment basis of \$17,529 maturing in July 2027.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending		Fire	
December 31,		Equipment	EMS Vehicle
2021:	OPWC	Bond	Bond
2022	\$17,400	\$35,293	\$35,059
2023	17,400		35,059
2024	17,400		35,059
2025	17,400		35,059
2026	17,400		35,059
2027-2031	69,600		35,059
Total	\$156,600	\$35,293	\$210,354
i			

Note 10 – Related Party Transactions

A Township Trustee works for his father's company (Wiseman & Sons, Inc.) which provides emergency services to dig graves. Wiseman & Sons were paid \$4,500 in 2021.

A Township Trustee owns Nu Lawn Service, which provides weed control applications for both cemeteries in the Township. Nu Lawn was paid \$2,231 in 2021.

Note 21 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a State of Emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021, while the national state of emergency continues. During 2021, the Township received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Township. The impact on the Township's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

2246 S. Hamilton Rd Suite 102 Columbus, Ohio 43232 Tel: 614-342-0297 Fax: 614-423-6615 www.gueyecpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Pleasant Township Clark County P.O. Box 39 Catawba, Ohio 43010

To the Township Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements of the Pleasant Township, Clark County (the Township) and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2023, wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code 117-2-03(C) permit.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item No. 2022-001 and No 2022-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Pleasant Township
Clark County
Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters
Required By Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item No. 2022-002.

Purpose of this Report

wye or Associates, CHA,

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Columbus, Ohio

November 30, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2022-001

Material Weakness/Non-Compliance: Financial Reporting

Ohio Rev. Code § 733.28 provides, in part, that the Township fiscal officer shall keep the books of the Township and exhibit accurate statements of all moneys received and expended, of all the property owned by the Township, and of all taxes and assessments. Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-02(A), states, in part, that all local public offices shall maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record, and report its transactions, maintain accountability for the related assets (and liabilities, if generally accepted accounting principles apply), document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements.

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, Terms of Engagement, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs. A14 & A16.

The following errors were noted:

In 2021

- Interest payments of \$6,183 were erroneously posted as principal in the Fire District Fund.
- A total of \$40,008 in principal and \$192 in interest payments were posted as capital outlay, other financing uses, and public safety expenditures.
- Homestead and rollback revenues received from the State of Ohio were incorrectly recorded as property taxes. A total of \$3,854, \$8,503, \$29,457, and \$14,584 were posted as property taxes in the General, Road and Bridge, Fire District, and Road District Funds, respectively.
- Permissive tax received of \$7,590, \$33,604, and \$312 received from the County were incorrectly classified as property taxes in the Motor Vehicle License Tax, Permissive MVL Tax, and the General funds, respectively.
- Intergovernmental revenues from the State in the amounts of \$149,689, and \$3,693 was incorrectly posted as Other financing sources and miscellaneous revenues in the General, and Fire Rescue Ambulance & EMS funds, respectively.
- EMS revenues of \$15,397 were incorrectly posted as miscellaneous revenues in the Fire Rescue Ambulance & EMS fund.
- Miscellaneous revenues of \$322 were incorrectly posted as Other Financing Sources in the General Fund.
- General government expenditures in the General Fund in the amount of \$35,819 were posted as Other Financing Uses.

In 2022:

- Interest payments of \$5,219 were erroneously posted as principal in the Fire District Fund.
- Homestead and rollback revenues received from the State of Ohio were incorrectly recorded as property taxes. A total of \$3,821, \$8,422, \$29,188, and \$14,452 were posted as property taxes in the General, Road and Bridge, Fire District, and Road District Funds, respectively.
- Permissive tax received of \$10,310, \$30,321, and \$249 received from the County were incorrectly classified as property taxes in the Motor Vehicle License Tax, Permissive MVL Tax, and the General funds, respectively.
- Intergovernmental revenues from the State in the amounts of \$2,078, and \$4,122 were incorrectly posted as Other financing sources and miscellaneous revenues in the General, and Fire Rescue Ambulance & EMS funds, respectively.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2022-001 (Continued)

Material Weakness/Non-Compliance: Financial Reporting (Continued)

- General government expenditures in the General Fund in the amount of \$30,251 were posted as Other Financing Uses

Audit adjustments, which were agreed by management, are reflected in the financial statements and in the accounting records, where applicable, correcting the misstatement.

The lack of controls over the posting of financial transactions decreases the reliability of financial data at year-end and can result in undetected errors and irregularities. The Township should implement controls to help ensure all transactions are reviewed to help ensure posting to the proper funds.

Officials' Response:

We did not receive a response to this finding.

FINDING NUMBER 2022-002

Non-compliance: Certification of Expenditures

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D)(1) provides that no orders or contracts involving the expenditure of money are to be made unless there is attached thereto a certificate of the fiscal officer certifying that the amount required for the order or contract has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances. Every such contract made without such a certificate shall be void and no warrant shall be issued in payment of any amount due thereon.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that treasurer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Rev. Code.

- A. "Then and Now" Certificate If the chief fiscal officer can certify that both at the time the contract or order was made ("then") and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution. Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.
- B. Blanket Certificate Fiscal Officer may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not to excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line-item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line-item appropriations.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2022-002 (Continued)

Non-compliance: Certification of Expenditures (Continued)

C. Super Blanket Certificate - The Township may also make expenditures and contract for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, roadway materials, utilities, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense.

This certificate may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. This certificate is noted to extend beyond the current fiscal year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any one line item appropriation.

The Township did not properly certify the availability of funds prior to the purchase commitment for 22 out of 33 purchases, and 1 out of 37 transactions tested in 2021 and 2022, respectively, and there was no evidence the Township followed the aforementioned exceptions. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to help ensure purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, the Fiscal Officer should certify the funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used. The Township should also implement procedures to ensure expenditure does not exceed available resources, thus avoiding negative fund balance situations and enabling the Township to properly certify the availability of funds for purchases.

Officials' Response:

We did not receive a response to this finding.

FINDING NUMBER 2022-003

Material Weakness – Bank Reconciliations, Timely Posting of Transactions & Segregation of Duties

Sound accounting practices require that when designing the public office's system of internal control and the specific control activities, management should ensure adequate security of assets and records, and verify the existence and valuation of assets and liabilities and periodically reconcile them to the accounting records.

The reconciliation of cash (bank) balances to accounting system records (book) to the accounting system is the most basic and primary control process performed. Lack of completing an accurate and timely reconciliation may allow for accounting errors, theft and fraud to occur without timely detection. The Fiscal Officer is responsible for reconciling the book (fund) balance to the total bank balance on a monthly basis, and the Trustees are responsible for reviewing the reconciliations and related support.

Cash is the asset most susceptible to theft and misappropriation. Monthly reconciliations between the bank and books provide reasonable assurance all receipts and disbursements have been correctly and timely posted in the Township's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) system and its bank accounts. Additionally, reconciliations provide an accurate accounting of the Township's financial position at month-end.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2022-003 (Continued)

Material Weakness – Bank Reconciliations, Timely Posting of Transactions & Segregation of Duties (Continued)

The small size of the Township's fiscal operations does not allow for an adequate segregation of duties as the Fiscal Officer performed most accounting functions for the Township, including collection and deposit of receipts and reconciliation of the bank account. It is essential for the Township Trustees to monitor financial activity closely to provide oversight and to compensate for the lack of segregation of duties.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, bank reconciliations were not completed until significantly after the month being reconciled and therefore could not be monitored, reviewed and/or approved by the Trustees.

For the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021, bank reconciliations contained adjusting factors that were kept from month to month without investigation, and there were no evidence of the Trustees monitoring, reviewing and approving the monthly bank reconciliations.

Furthermore, the Township failed to make timely deposits and/or post expenditures in a timely manner. This resulted in a total of \$3,962, and \$1,042 in fund balance adjustments made in 2021 for 2022 revenues and expenditures, respectively.

The monthly bank reconciliation is a basic control to verify the accuracy and completeness of the Township's recording of current receipts and disbursements in UAN and helps to compensate for the lack of segregation of duties. Failure to timely complete accurate monthly bank reconciliations and lack of the Trustees' review of the bank reconciliations increases the possibility the Township would not promptly detect errors or funds being altered, lost, or stolen.

The Fiscal Officer should record all transactions and prepare monthly bank to book cash reconciliations, which include all bank accounts and all fund balances. Variances should be investigated, documented and corrected. In addition, the Trustees should review the monthly cash reconciliations including the related support (such as reconciling items) and document the reviews.

The Township should implement control procedures to verify the monthly bank reconciliations are promptly performed and the financial transactions, which are reflected on the bank statements, are posted to UAN. Additionally, monthly bank reconciliations should be reviewed by the Trustees to verify proper procedures were followed and the accounts are reconciled. The Trustees' review should be documented by their signatures/initials on the bank reconciliations and their approval of the bank reconciliations should be noted in the meeting minutes. In addition, the Township should implement procedures to verify timely deposits and accounting transactions are completed.

Officials' Response:

We did not receive a response to this finding.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2020-001	Noncompliance and Material Weakness –	Not	Reissued as Finding
	Financial Reporting	Corrected	# 2022-001
2020-002	Noncompliance and Material Weakness –		
	Budgetary	Corrected	N/A
2020-003	Material Weakness – Bank Reconciliations,	Not	Reissued as Finding
	Timely Posting of Transactions & Segregation	Corrected	# 2022-003
	of Duties		
2020-004	Noncompliance and Significant Deficiency – Record of Employee Leave Balances	Corrected	N/A



PLEASANT TOWNSHIP

CLARK COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 1/2/2024

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370